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# **ABSTRACT**

This document, the 10th in a series of annual publications, provides an abstract of statistical information covering American education from kindergarten through graduate school. Subjects on which statistics are provided include the number of schools and colleges and information on enrollments, teachers graduates, educational attainment, finances, Federal funds for education, libraries, international education, and research and development. The digest is divided into five chapters: (1) all levels of education, (2) elementary and secondary education, (3) higher education, (4) Federal programs for education and related activities, and (5) selected statistics related to education in the United States. Innovations include summary data on trends in associate degrees conferred and enrollment for advanced degrees; expanded coverage of bachelor's, master's, and doctor's degrees, by field of study: and a new table on first professional degrees conferred; statistics from the National Catholic Educational Association on Catholic elementary and secondary schools, enrollment, and instructional staff; census data on the percent of dropouts in the teenage population; statistics on the percent of public secondary schools offering and the percent of students enrolled in selected subjects; a table on health service libraries; and data on Office of Education funds obligated for instructional materials and equipment. (A related document is ED 046 129.) (Author)



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# Digest of Educational Statistics 1971 Edition

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U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH, EDUCATION, AND WELFARE

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# **Foreword**

The 1971 edition of the *Digest of Educational Statistics* is the 10th in a series of annual publications initiated by the Office of Education in 1962. Its primary purpose is to provide an abstract of statistical information covering the broad field of American education from kindergarten through the graduate school. In order to perform this function, it utilizes materials from numerous sources, including the statistical surveys and estimates of the Office of Education and other appropriate agencies, both governmental and nongovernmental. The publication contains information on a variety of subjects within the field of educational statistics, including the number of schools and colleges, enrollments, teachers, graduates, educational attainment, finances, Federal funds for education, libraries, international education, and research and development.

The *Digest* is divided into five chapters: (1) All levels of education; (2) elementary and secondary education; (3) higher education; (4) Federal programs for education and related activities; and (5) selected statistics related to education in the United States. To qualify for inclusion in this publication, material must be nationwide in scope and of current interest and value. Series of data extending as far back as 1870 have been employed in many instances in order to give some historical perspective. The introduction supplements the tabular materials in chapters I through V by providing a brief description and analysis of current trends in American education.

In addition to updating many of the statistics which appeared in previous years, this edition of the *Digest* contains a number of innovations. These include summary data on trends in associate degrees conferred and enrollment for advanced degrees; expanded coverage of bachelor's, master's, and doctor's degrees, by field of study, and a new table on first-professional degrees conferred; statistics from the National Catholic Educational Association on Catholic elementary and secondary schools, enrollment, and instructional staff; census data on the percent of dropouts in the teenage population; statistics on the percent of public secondary schools offering, and the percent of students enrolled in, selected subjects; a table on health service libraries; and data on Office of Education funds obligated for instructional materials and equipment.

In the past the *Digest of Educational Statistics* has proved useful to persons interested in the nature and scope of education in the United States and in particular to those individuals concerned with the formulation and conduct of educational policy. We trust that the readers of the 10th edition will find it even more valuable than its predecessors.

DOROTHY M. GILFORD

Assistant Commissioner for Educational Statistics



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# Introduction

# A Statistical Look at American Education: Fall 1971

The school year which began in September 1971 promises to be an eventful one in which numerous records will be broken. There will be more students, more teachers, more high school and college graduates, and more dollars expended for education in the United States than ever before. After a quarter of a century of steady growth, Americans have come to expect our educational system to get bigger and, it is hoped, better each year. No exception to this familiar pattern is anticipated in 1971-72. What makes the current school year particularly interesting is that demographic trends are at work which will make educational growth more selective than usual. We shall explore some of these trends in the discussion which follows.

Education is the primary occupation of approximately 63.5 million Americans in the fall of 1971. Included in this total are 60.2 million students, 3.0 million teachers, and more than 200,000 principals, supervisors, and other instructional staff members. Thus, in a Nation with a population of approximately 207 million, more than three out of every 10 persons are direct participants in the educational process. It is not surprising, therefore, that a great deal of attention is being focused upon our schools and colleges and that support for educational activities requires a substantial portion of our resources.

Total enrollment in educational institutions increased in fall 1971 for the 27th consecutive year and reached another all-time high. The following percentages of persons of school age are estimated to be enrolled in school: 5-year-olds (the usual kindergarten age), 78 percent; 6- to 13-year-olds (grades 1 to 8), 99 percent; 14- to 17-year-olds (grades 9 to 12), 94 percent; and 18- to 24-year-olds (college age), 32 percent. These percentages are derived from data obtained in the annual fall surveys of the U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, and reported in *Current Population Reports*, Series P-20.

Approximately 8.4 million students are enrolled in degree-credit programs in institutions of higher education in fall 1971. This represents an increase of about 6 percent over the 7.9 million students enrolled in the fall of 1970. The figures for both years exclude nearly 700,000 undergraduates enrolled in occupational or general studies programs which are not creditable toward a bachelor's degree. The college-age population will continue to rise throughout the 1970's, and Office of Education projections indicate that there will be a substantial increase in college enrollment each year through 1980.

Enrollment in public and nonpublic schools at the secondary level (grades 9 through 12) is estimated at 15.1 million students in fall 1971. This is a rise of 300,000, or about 2 percent, over the 14.8 million enrolled a year ago. Enrollment in nonpublic schools held steady at about 1.4 million, while the number of public school students rose from 13.4 million last fall to an estimated 13.7 million in 1971. The number of 14- to 17-year-olds in the population will continue to increase for another 5 years, and the Office of Education expects enrollment in grades 9 through 12 to rise each year through 1976. Moderate decreases in secondary school enrollment are anticipated in the late 1970's and early 1980's.

Enrollment at the elementary school level (kindergarten through grade 8) apparently declined by less than 1 percent between fall 1970 and fall 1971. In fall 1970, nearly 37 million pupils were enrolled, and the estimate for fall 1971 is 36.7 million. Nonpublic school enrollment is estimated at 4.2 million for both years, while public school enrollment decreased from more than 32.7 million to about 32.5 million pupils.

The trend in elementary school enrollment deserves further comment. Enrollment in the early elementary grades is closely related, of course, to the number of births a few years earlier. Data from the National Center for Health Statistics, U.S. Public



Health Service, show that the number of live births in this country attained an all-time high of 4.3 million in 1961. They then declined each year until they reached 3.5 million in 1968. The children born in the mid 1960's, when birth rates were relatively low, are now entering elementary school. In the years just ahead, there will be fewer children aged 5 to 13, and consequently there are expected to be small annual reductions in elementary school enrollment for the next 5 or 6 years. That this is only a temporary phenomenon is underscored by the fact that the annual number of births has started to rise again. There were 3.6 million live births in 1969 and 3.7 million in 1970. On the basis of data for the first 5 months of this year, it appears that more than 3.7 million children will be born in the United States in 1971.

About 2,360,000 persons are employed as class-room teachers in public and nonpublic elementary and secondary schools this fall. This is an increase of less than 1 percent over the 2,340,000 teachers employed a year ago. All of the increase apparently occurred at the secondary school level. In fact, preliminary data suggest that there may have been a small reduction in the number of public elementary school teachers. About 2.1 million persons are teaching in public schools in fall 1971, and an estimated 260,000 are in nonpublic schools. Approximately 1,310,000 are teaching at the elementary level, and 1,050,000 are secondary school teachers.

Overall, the number of public school teachers is growing at a somewhat faster rate than the number of pupils. The result is a continuing improvement in the pupil-teacher ratio. In fall 1971 there are approximately 22 pupils per teacher, as compared with 25.6 pupils for each teacher 10 years ago.

The average annual salary of instructional staff members (including principals, supervisors, and teachers) in public elementary and secondary schools has been rising at a rate of about 7 percent a year for the past several years, and this trend is expected to continue in 1971-72. Salaries averaged approximately \$9,570 last year and are expected to approach \$10,240 in 1971-72. The average salary of classroom teachers alone is somewhat smaller: The estimates for 1970-71 and 1971-72 are \$9,210 and \$9,850, respectively.

The number of instructional staff members in colleges and universities has risen by nearly 30,000 in the past year. Currently about 620,000 persons are

teaching at the higher education level. Faculties have expanded at a rapid rate in an attempt to keep pace with the large numbers of young people who are seeking a college education. Even so, the trend in recent years has been toward larger classes and greater utilization of graduate assistants in the classroom. The National Education Association has reported that the typical full-time faculty member in a degree-granting institution earned \$11,745 during the academic year 1969-70. With salaries rising at a rate of approximately 7 percent annually, the average salary of instructional staff in colleges and universities is expected to reach \$13,400 in 1971-72.

Three million persons graduated from high school in 1971. The class of 1972 is expected to approach 3.1 million, which will make it the largest graduating class in history. The size of these graduating classes reflects the high birth rate in the 1950's and also the increasing tendency of most persons to remain in school at least until high school graduation. Approximately 78 percent of the young people currently finish high school, and about 48 percent of them (or more than 60 percent of the high school graduates) can be expected to enter a degree-credit program in a college or university. If present trends continue, about one-fourth of the persons in their late teens today can be expected to earn a bachelor's degree; 8 percent, a master's degree; and 1.5 percent, a doctorate

During the school year 1970-71 the number of earned degrees conferred by colleges and universities is estimated as follows: Bachelor's and first-professional degrees, 865,000; master's degrees, 224,000; and doctorates, 32,000. During 1971-72 the comparable figures are expected to be 903,000, 238,000, and 34,600, respectively. In each case the awards in 1971-72 will set new records for degrees in a single year. In the past decade the number of bachelor's degrees conferred annually has doubled, while the number of master's and doctor's degrees awarded each year has tripled.

Expenditures for public and private education from kindergarten through the graduate school are estimated at \$77.6 billion for the 1970-71 school year, and they are expected to reach \$85.1 billion in 1971-72. Expenditures for public and nonpublic elementary and secondary schools are estimated at \$54.1 billion during the current year, and institutions of higher education are expected to spend \$31.0 billion. Public elementary and secondary schools

XII

alone will spend an estimated \$48.8 billion this year.

The total expenditures for education amounted to 8.0 percent of the gross national product (GNP) last year. The percentage of GNP spent for education has been in a rising trend for more than a quarter of a century. The low point in modern times was reached in 1943-44, in the middle of World War II, when educational expenditures dropped to 1.8 percent of the gross national product.

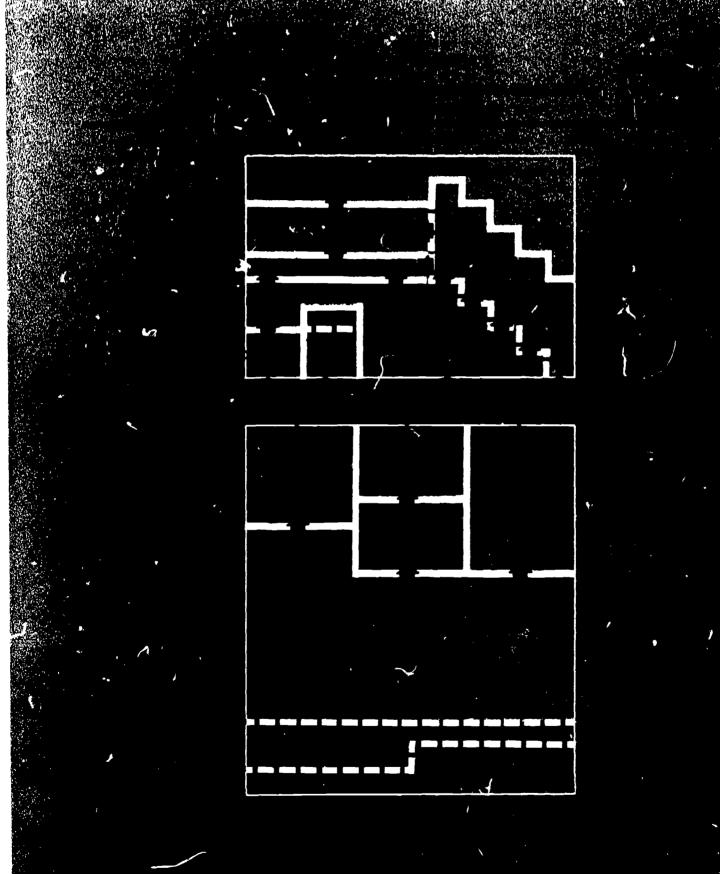
The current expenditure per pupil in average daily attendance in public elementary and secondary schools has more than doubled in the past decade, rising from \$419 in 1961-62 to an estimated \$900 in 1971-72. The largest item in the school budget is teachers' salaries, and expenditure increases in recent years reflect the efforts of local school systems to provide more adequate compensation for their instructional staff members. The rise in expenditures would be much smaller, of course, if allowance were made for changes in the purchasing power of the dollar.

The role of the Federal Government in providing support to education at all levels continues to grow. Federal grants have risen from \$3.4 billion in 1965 to \$10.1 billion in 1971. They are expected to reach \$11.4 billion in the fiscal year which ends June 30, 1972. Included in the 1972 total are \$4.1 billion for elementary and secondary education, \$4.8 billion for

higher education, and \$2.5 billion for vocational-technical and continuing education.

This has been primarily a quantitative description of the current American educational scene. Quality in education is more difficult to assess. We can take some satisfaction, however, in the fact that more people are involved in the educational process than ever before. Young people today spend more years in school than their parents and grandparents did. Most of them graduate from high school, and many go on to some form of higher education. There are fewer pupils per teacher in public schools than in earlier years. Teachers today tend to be better trained and better paid than their predecessors. Our efforts to support education (both in terms of actual dollars and as a percentage of the gross national product) are at an all-time high. It would appear that some progress is being made.

Most of the statistics cited above are derived from the tabular materials which comprise the major portion of this *Digest of Educational Statistics*. The discussion of future enrollment trends is based upon data which will appear in *Projections of Educational Statistics to 1980-81*, a forthcoming publication of the National Center for Educational Statistics, Office of Education. The figures in this introduction are subject to minor revision when final data for the school year 1971-72 become available.



ERIC

# Chapter I

# All Levels of Education

The purpose of this chapter is to provide a broad overview of education in the United States from kindergarten through the graduate school. It brings together materials from elementary, secondary, and higher education to present a composite picture of the American educational system. It contains tables which show the total number of persons enrolled in school, the number of teachers, the number of schools, and total receipts and expenditures for education at all levels. Statistics on educational attainment, on illiteracy and school retention rates, and on annual and lifetime income by years of school completed are also included.

Figure 1 provides a graphic presentation of the structure of education in the United States. At the right side of the chart, the three levels of education (elementary, secondary, and higher) are indicated, and the approximate age of persons at each level is given on the left. As the chart indicates, pupils ordinarily spend from 6 to 8 years in the elementary grades, and this is followed by 4 to 6 years of high school. The entire 12-year program is normally completed at the age of 17 or 18 years.

High school graduates may enter a junior college, a technical institution, a 4-year college or university, or a professional school. A junior college normally offers the first 2 years of a standard 4-year college program and a broad selection of terminal-vocational courses. Academic courses completed at a junior college are transferable for credit to 4-year colleges and universities. A technical institute offers postsecondary

technical training not leading to bachelor's or higher degrees.

An associate degree requires at least 2 years of college-level work, and a bachelor's degree normally can be earned in 4 years. At least 1 year beyond the bachelor's is necessary for a master's degree, while a doctor's degree usually requires 3 or 4 years beyond the baccalaureate.

Professional schools differ widely in their requirements for admission and the length of their programs. Medical students, for example, must complete at least 3 years of premedical studies at a college or university before they can enter the 4-year program at a medical school. Engineering students, on the other hand, can enter an engineering school immediately upon completion of a secondary school program.

Many of the statistics in this chapter are derived from the annual and biennial surveys of the Office of Education. When necessary, these survey data have been supplemented by estimates prepared especially for this volume in order to make the tables as useful as possible. In addition, substantial contributions have been made by statistics received from other agencies, both governmental and nongovernmental, as indicated in the source at the end of the appropriate tables. The data obtained from the Bureau of the Census surveys of educational attainment, governmental finances, and school enrollment by age, race, and sex are worthy of special mention for the valuable information they provide.

Table 1.—Estimated enrollment in educational institutions, by level of instruction and by type of control:

United States, fall 1970 and fall 19/11

#### (In thousands)

Level of instruction and type of control	Fell 1970	Fall 1971
Case of management the or control		
1	2	3
Total elementary, secondary, and higher education	59,730	60,240
Public	51,940 7,790	52,410 7,830
Kindergarten-grade 12 (regular and other schools) <sup>3</sup>	51,810	51,8 <u>50</u>
Regular public schools Regular nonpublic schools Other public schools Other nonpublic schools	45,900 5,600 240 70	45,940 5,600 240 70
Kindergarten-grade 8 <sup>1</sup>	36,970	36,700
Regular public schools Regular nonpublic schools Other public schools Other nonpublic schools	32,570 4,200 170 30	32,300 4,200 170 30
Grades 9-12 (regular and other schools)3	14,840	15,150
Regular public schools Regular nonpublic schools Other public schools Other nonpublic schools	13,330 1,400 70 40	13,640 1,400 70 40
Higher education (total degree-credit enrollment in universities, colleges, professional schools, teachers colleges, and junior colleges) <sup>3</sup>	7,920	8,390
Public	5,800 2,120	6,230 2,160
Undergraduate Graduate Graduat	7,020 900	7,430 960

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The 1970 figures for regular nonpublic and other elementary and secondary schools, and all 1971 figures, are estimates. Surveys of nonpublic elementary and secondary schools have been conducted at less frequent intervals than those of public schools and of institutions of higher education. Consequently, the estimates for nonpublic schools are less reliable than those for other types of institutions. The estimates for 1971 are derived from the increases expected from population changes combined with the ldng-range trend in school enrollment rates of the population.

NOTE.—Fall enrollment is usually smaller than school-year enrollment, since the latter is a cumulative figure which includes students who annull at any time during the year.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Health, Education, and Welfare, Office of Education, Fell 1970 Statistics of Public Schnols; Opening Fell Enrollment in Higher Education, 1970; and estimates of the National Center for Educational Statistics, Office of Education.

Table 2.—Enrollment in educational institutions, by level of instruction and by type of control: United States, fall 1969

Level of instruction, by type of school	All schools	Publicly controlled schools	Privately controlled schools
1	2	3	4
All levels (elementary, secondary, higher) ,	58,765,766	50,980,528	7,785,238
Elementary and secondary	51,629,691	45,868,691	5,761,000
Kindergartan-grade 8	37,111,390 14,518,301	32,784,390 13,084,301	4,327,000 1,434,000
Higher education,	7,136,075	5,111,837	2,024,238
Kindergartan	2,821.213	2,619,213	202,000
Reguler <sup>1</sup>	2,801,242	2,601,242	200,000
stitutions of higher education <sup>3</sup> Residential schools for excep-	6,000	5,000	1,000
tional childran <sup>3</sup>	7,000	6,000	1.000
Federal schools for Indians <sup>3</sup>	4,871	4,871	1.000
Federal schools on Federal installations <sup>3</sup>	2,100	2,100	
Grades 1-8, inclusive	34,290,177	30,165,177	4,125,000
Regular <sup>1</sup>	34,095,626	29,995,626	\$4,100,000
stitutions of higher education <sup>3</sup> Residential schools for excep-	41,000	33,000	8,000
tional children3	87,000	70,000	17,000
Federal schools for Indians <sup>3</sup> Federal schools on Federal	33,851	33,851	0
installations <sup>3</sup>	32,700	32,700	
Grades 9-12 and postgreduate	14,518,301	13,084,301	1,434,000
Regular <sup>1</sup>	14,421,710	13,021,710	<sup>1</sup> 1,400,000
stitutions of higher education <sup>3</sup> Residential schools for excep-	44,000	19.000	25,000
tional children	37,000	28,000	9,000
Federal schools for Indians <sup>1</sup>	12,191	12,191	0
Federal schools on Federal	]		l -
installations <sup>3</sup>	3,400	3,400	0
Higher education:	İ	]	}
Resident degree-credit enroll-	(	(	1
ment	7,136,075	5,111,837	2,024,238
Undergraduate and first-			
professional	5,991,152	4,367,531	1,633,621
Graduate	328,046	548,025 206,281	280,021
Unclassified	316,877	200,281	110,596

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Includes enrollments in local public school systems and in nonpublic schools (church-affiliated and nonsectarian). Excludes subcollegists departments of institutions of higher education, residential schools for exceptional children, and Faderal schools.

SOURCES: U.S. Department of Health, Education, and Welfara, Office of Education, Fall 1959 Statistics of Public Schools; Opening Fall Enrollment in Higher Education, 1969; and unpublished data. U.S. Department of the Interior, Bureau of Indian Affairs, Statistics Concerning Indian Education, fiscal year 1970.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> "Regular" schools include schools which are a part of State and local school systems and also most non-profitmaking nonpublic elementary and secondary schools, both church-affiliated and nonsectarian. "Other" schools include subcollegiate departments of institutions of higher education, residential schools for exceptional children, Federal schools for Indians, and Federal schools on military posts and other Federal installations.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> Excludes undergraduate students in occupational programs which are not ordinarily creditable toward a bachelor's degree. There were approximately 666,000 of these non-degree-credit students in fall 1970.

Includes students working toward first-professional degrees, such as M.D., D.D.S., LL.B., and B.D. Approximately 169,000 students were in this category in fall 1970.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Estimated.

Includes pupils enrolled at any time during the school year 1969-70.

Table 3.—Enrollment in educational institutions, by level of instruction and by type of school: United States, 1899-1900 to fall 1969

Level of instruction, by type of school	1899-1900	1909-10	1919-20	1929-30	1939-40	1949-50	1959-60	Fell 1965	Fall 1969
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Att levels (elementary, secondary, higher)	17,198,841	19,999,148	24,061,778	29,652,377	29,751,203	31,319,271	45,227,620	54,306,301	58,765,76
Elementary and secondary	16,961,249	19,643,933	23,463,898	28,551,840	28,257.000	28,660.250	42,012,076	48,779,976	51,629,69
Kindergerten-grede 8	16,261,846 699,403	18,528,535 1,115,398	20,963,722 2,500,176	23,739,840 4,811,800	21,127,021 7,129,979	22,207,241 6,453,009	32,412,266 9,599,810	35,759,153 13,020,823	37,111,39 14,518,30
Higher educrtion	237,592	355,215	597,880	1,100,737	1,494,203	2,659,021	13,215,544	5,526,325	7,136,07
Kindergerten	225,394	346,189	510,949	786,463	660,909	1,175,312	2,293,492	2,493,296	2,821,21
Public <sup>2</sup>	131,657 93,737	<sup>3</sup> 293,970 <sup>3</sup> 52,219	481,266 29,683	723,443 54,456	594,647 57,341	1,034,203 1133,000	1,922,712 1354,000	2,261,592 212,340	2,601,24 200,00
tutions of higher education	(6)	(6)	( <sup>6</sup> )	( <sup>6</sup> )	(6)	( <sup>6</sup> )	<sup>7</sup> 5,851	* 5,524	<sup>4</sup> 6,00
children	( <sup>6</sup> )	( <sup>6</sup> )	( <sup>6</sup> )	<sup>9</sup> 5,164 3,400	5,777 3,144	1°4,459 3,650	<sup>1</sup> 4,800 3,987	<sup>5</sup> 7,000 4,440	\$7,00 4,87
Installations	( <sup>6</sup> )	( <sup>6</sup> )	( <sup>6</sup> )	(6)	( <sup>6</sup> )	( <sup>6</sup> )	2,142	12,400	1 2,10
Grades 1-8, inclusive	16,036,452	18,182,346	20,452,773	22,953,377	20,466,112	21,031,929	30,118,774	33,265,857	34,290,17
Public <sup>3</sup>	14,852,202 1,147,188	16,604,821 1,506,218	18,897,661 1,455,878	20,555,150 2,255,430	18,237,451 2,0 <del>9</del> 5,938	18,352,603 12,574,777	25,679,190 4,285,696	28,315,427 4,763,417	29,995,62 4,100,00
Subcollegiate departments of institu- tions of higher education	( <sup>6</sup> )	( <sup>6</sup> )	( <sup>6</sup> )	( <sup>6</sup> )	59,547	35,682	<sup>7</sup> 50,903	41,247	³ 41,00
children	37,062 ( <sup>6</sup> )	71, <b>30</b> 7 ( <sup>6</sup> )	<sup>11</sup> 99,234 ( <sup>6</sup> )	* 124,153 18,644	55,954 17,222	1°48,894 19,973	<sup>1</sup> 59,400 24,522	<sup>1</sup> 85,000 31,766	187,00 33,85
Federal schools on Federal installations	( <sup>6</sup> )	( <sup>6</sup> )	( <sup>6</sup> )	( <sup>6</sup> )	( <sup>6</sup> )	( <sup>6</sup> )	19,063	129,000	³ 32,700
Grades 9-12 and postgraduate	699,403	1,115,398	2,500,176	4,811,800	7,129,979	6,453,009	9,599,810	13,020,823	14,518,30
Public <sup>3</sup>	519,251 110,797	915,061 117,400	2,200,389 213,920	4,399,422 341,158	6,601,444 457,768	5,724,621 \$672,362	8,484,869 1,035,247	11,596,745 1,329,015	13,021,710 31,400,000
Subcollegiate departments of insti- tutions of higher aducation	65,855	78,932	81,367	59,287	54,070	38,162	<sup>7</sup> 43,209	43,875	<sup>8</sup> 44,000
children	3,500 ( <sup>6</sup> )	4,005 ( <sup>6</sup> )	<sup>11</sup> 4,500 ( <sup>6</sup> )	*4,388 7,545	9,727 6,970	¹ º 9,784 8,080	<sup>3</sup> 23,800 11,685	³ 35,000 13,588	137,00 12,19
Federal schools on Federal Installations	( <sup>6</sup> )	( <sup>6</sup> )	( <sup>6</sup> )	( <sup>6</sup> )	( <sup>6</sup> )	( <sup>6</sup> )	1,000	12,600	¹ 3,40
digher education	237,592	355,215	597,880	1,100,737	1,494,203	2,659,021	13,215,544	1 2 5,526,325	7,136,07
Publicly controlled	90,689 146,903	166,560 188,655	315,382 282,498	532,647 568,090	796,531 697,672	1,354,902 1,304,119	¹ 1,831,782 ¹ 1,383,762	<sup>1 2</sup> 3,624,442 <sup>1 2</sup> 1,901,883	5,111,837 2,024,238

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Data for first term of the academic year.

SDURCES: U.S. Department of Health, Education, and Welfare, Diffice of Education, Biemnial Survey of Education in the United States; Statistics of State School Systems; Fall Statistics of Public Schools, Statistics of Nonpublic Elementary and Secondary Schools, 1965-66; comprehensive and fall reports on enrollment in institutions of higher education; and unpublished data. U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, Current Population Reports, Series P-20. U.S. Department of the Interior, Bureau of Indian Affairs, Statistics Concerning Indian Education.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Excludes subcollegiate departments of institutions of higher education, residential schools for exceptional children, and Federal schools.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Data for 1911-12.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Data from Bureau of the Census.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Estimated.

<sup>\*</sup> Data not available.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> Data for 1957-58.

Includes estimate for nonpublic institutions.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> Data for 1926-27.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1 0</sup> Data for 1945-46.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>11</sup> Data for 1917-18.

 $<sup>^{1.2}</sup>$  (notices resident and extension degree-credit students. Data for other years exclude extension students.

Table 4.-Percent of the population 3 to 34 years old enrolled in school, by race, sex, and age: United States, October 1970

Sex and age		White	-	n and races	Sex end age	Total	White		pro and or races	
Sex and age	Total	- venite	Total	Negro	Sex and age	TOTAL	Anne	Total	Negro	
1	2	3	4	3	1	2	3	4	5	
BOTH SEXES			T -		14 end 15 years	98.2	98.3	97.9	98.0	
	}	1	1	}	16 and 17 years	91.3	92.2	86.0	85.4	
Total, 3 to 34 years	56.4	56.2	57.7	57,4	18 and 19 years	54.4	56.0	43.9	41.3	
					20 and 21 years	42.7	45.0	28.0	27.8	
3 and 4 years	20.5	19.9	23.1	22.7	22 to 24 years	21.2	22.6	11.3	9.6	
6 and 6 years	89.5	90.3	85.4	84.9	25 to 29 years	11.0	11.2	9.7	6.1	
7 to 9 years	99.3	99.3	99.4	99.3	30 to 34 years	5.3	5.4	4.4	3.6	
10 to 13 years	99.2	99.1	99.4	99.3		Ì	ì	1	1	
14 and 15 years	98.1	98.2	97.6	97.6	FEMALE	1	i	ļ	1	
16 and 17 years	90.0	90.6	86.2	85.7		1	)	1	1	
18 and 19 years	47.7	48.7	41.9	40.1	Total, 3 to 34 years	53.2	52.9	55.4	55.5	
20 and 21 years	31.9	33.1	23.8	22.8						
22 to 24 years	14.9	15.7	9.0	8.0	3 and 4 years	19.8	19.1	22.8	23.2	
25 to 29 years	7.5	7.7	6.3	4.8	5 and 6 years	90.2	90.9	86.3	85.7	
30 to 34 years	4.2	4.2	3.8	3.4	7 to 9 years	99.3	99.3	99.5	99.5	
	}	}	}	1	10 to 13 years	99.5	99.5	99.5	99.5	
MALE	i	i			14 and 15 years	98.0	98.1	97.4	97.2	
	}	}	l .		16 and 17 years	88.6	89.0	86.4	85.9	
Total, 3 to 34 years	59.7	59.6	60.2	59.5	18 and 19 years	41.6	41.8	40.1	38.9	
		1	Τ -		20 and 21 years	23.6	24.1	20.7	18.9	
3 end 4 years	21.2	20.7	23.3	22.3	22 to 24 years	9.4	9.7	7.1	6.7	
5 and 6 years	88.9	89.7	84.5	84.2	25 to 29 years	4.3	4.4	3.4	3.6	
7 to 9 years	99.3	99.3	99.3	99.2	30 to 34 years	3.1	3.1	3.2	3.3	
10 to 13 years	98.8	98.8	99.2	99.1		1	ì	1	ì	

Includes enrollment in any type of graded public, parochial, or other private school in the regular school system. Includes nursary schools, kindergartens, elementary schools, high schools, colleges, universities, and professional schools. Attendance may be on either a full-time or pert-time basis and during the day or night. Enrollments in "special" schools, such as trade schools or business colleges, are not included.

NOTE-Data are based upon a semple survey of the civilien noninstitutional population.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Commerce. Sureau of the Census. Current Population Reports, Series P-20, No. 222.

Table 5.—Percent of the population 5 to 34 years old enrolled in school, by age: United States, October 1947 to October 1970

Year	Total, 5 to 34 years	5 yeers <sup>t</sup>	6 years t	7 to 9 years	10 to 13 years	14 and 15 years	16 and 17 years	18 and 19 years	20 to 24 years	25 to 29 years	30 to 34 years
1	2	3	4	5	6	7		9	10	11	12
1947	42.3	53.4	96.2	98.4	98.6	91.6	67.6	24.3	10.2	3.0	1.0
1948	43.1	55.0	96.2	98.3	98.0	92.7	71.2	20.9	9.7	2.6	.9
1949	43.9	55.1	96.2	98.5	98.7	93.5	69.5	25.3	9.2	3.6	1.1
1960	44.2	51.8	97.0	98.9	98.6	94.7	71.3	29.4	9.0	3.0	9.
1961	45.4	53.8	96.0	99.0	99.2	94.8	75.1	26.3	8.3	2.5	.9 .7
1952	46.8	57.8	96.8	98.7	98.9	96.2	73.4	28.7	9.5	2.6	1.2
1953	48.8	58.4	97.7	99.4	99.4	96.5	74.7	31.2	11.1	2.9	1.7
1954	60.0	57.7	96.8	99.2	99.5	95.8	78.0	32.4	11.2	4,1	1.5
1955	60.8	58.1	98.2	99.2	99.2	95.9	77.4	31.5	11.1	4.2	1.6
1956	52.3	58.9	97.0	99.4	99.2	96.9	78.4	35.4	12.8	5.1	1.9
1967	53.6	60.2	97.4	99.5	99.5	97.1	80.5	34.9	14.0	5.5	1.8
1958	54.8	63.8	97.3	99.5	99.5	96.9	80.6	37.6	13.4	5.7	2.2
1959	55.5	62.9	97.5	99.4	99.4	97.5	82.9	36.8	12.7	5.1	2.2
1960	56.4	63.7	98.0	99.6	99.5	97.8	82.6	38.4	13.1	4.9	2.4
1961	56.8	66.3	97.4	99.4	99.3	97.6	83.6	38.0	13.7	4.4	2.0
1962	57.8	66.8	97.9	99.2	99.3	98.0	84.3	41.8	15.6	5.0	2.6
1963	68.5	67.8	97.4	99.4	99.3	98.4	87.1	40.9	17.3	4.9	2.5
1964	58.7	68.5	98.2	99.0	99.0	96.6	87.7	41.6	16.8	5.2	26
1965	59.7	70.1	98.7	99.3	99.4	98.9	87.4	46.3	19.0	6.1	3.2
1966	60.0	72.8	97.6	99.3	99.3	98.6	88.5	47.2	19.9	6.5	2.7
1967	60.2	75.0	98.4	99.4	99.1	98.2	8.88	47.6	22.0	6.6	4.0
1968	60.0	74.9	98.3	99.1	99.1	96.0	90.2	50.4	21.4	7.0	3.9
1989	60.0	76.2	98.2	99.3	99.1	98.1	89.7	50.2	23.0	7.9	4.3
1970	58.9	77.7	98.5	99.3	99.2	98.1	90.0	47.7	21,5	7.5	4.2

 $<sup>^{\</sup>mbox{t}}$  includes children enrolled in kindergarten, but axcludes those enrolled in nursery schools.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, Current Population Reports, Series P-20\ end unpublished date.



NOTE: Data are based upon sample surveys of the civilien noninstitutional population.

Tabla 6.—Participants in adult education, by sex, raca, age, and source of instruction: United States, May 1969

Source of instruction	Totel		Sex		Race			Age
	10181	Men	Women	men White	Negro	Other	Under 35	35 and over
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Total (in thousands)	<sup>1</sup> 13,150	6,696	6,263	12,036	961	7,7	0.862	8,298
		_		Percent <sup>2</sup> of c	olumn totels	<u> </u>		_
Public or private school	27.7	22.6	33.3	27.1	33.8	36.8	27.2	28.2
College or university, pert-time	25.2	26.9	23.3	25.5	21.9	<sup>3</sup> 21.8	30.4	19.5
Job training	27.5	37.1	16.9	27.4	28.7	<sup>3</sup> 21.6	28.3	26.6
Correspondence courses	8.0	10.7	5.0	8.3	<sup>3</sup> 4.6	<sup>3</sup> 4.5	9.3	6.6
Community organizations	13.4	8.3	19.1	13.6	11,4	<sup>3</sup> 15.8	9.4	17.8
Tutor or privata instructor	5.8	3.9	7.9	5.9	³3.3	<sup>3</sup> 10.5	4.6	7.1
Other	10.3	10.2	10.4	10.3	9.4	312.8	9.5	11.1

 $<sup>^{-1}</sup>$ Because of rounding, detail may not add to total.

SOURCE: U.S. De; artment of Health, Education, and Walfers. Office of Education, Participation in Adult Education, Initial Report, May 1969.

Table 7.—Number of teachers<sup>1</sup> in elementary and secondary schools, and instructional staff members<sup>2</sup> in institutions of higher education: United States, 1929-30 to 1985-86

hand of tradential burns of artists	192	9-30	193	9-40	194	9-50	194	59-60	196	5-66
Level of institution, by type of school	Men	Women	Men	Women	Man	Women	Men	Wornen	Men	Women
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
All levels	216,275	818,758	290,331	799,752	367,406	868,082	967,706	1,173,550	968,906	1,449,565
Elementary and secondary schools	154,983	795,178	212,084	769,182	221,635	823,590	430,436	1,119,314	608,906	1,364,169
Elementary schools (including kindergertens) <sup>3</sup>	68,705 67,239	633,819 57 3,718	70,187 67,140	569,860 508,060	58,407 52,925	607,258 536,653	124,566 117,616	828,965 716,156	164,776 148,473	967,035 825,625
Nonpublic	<sup>4</sup> 1,466	60,101	3,047	61,800	35,482	370,606	<sup>5</sup> 6,950	<sup>5</sup> 112.709	16,303	141,410
senior, and regular high schools) <sup>3</sup>	82,689 74,532	152,405 138,774	138,384 126,837	192,023 173,440	158,536 142,043	207,741 182,060	299,239 275.064	277,921 246,132	436,231 395,295	383,034 341,495
Nonpublic	48,157	13,631	11,547	18,583	316,493	325,691	<sup>5</sup> 24,185	<sup>5</sup> 31,789	40,936	41,539
Subcollegiete departments of colleges	1,564 339	1,251 246	1,968 524	1,753 3 <b>89</b>	3,031 1,447	2,785 1.651	3,973 2.222	5,739 3,935	5 3,200 5 1,800	<sup>5</sup> 4,100 <sup>5</sup> 2,800
Privately controlled	1,225 61,578	1,006 6,571	1,444 71,107	1,384 74,599	1,584 6 <sub>1,148</sub>	1,134 84,771	1.751 51,900	1,804 5,600	<sup>5</sup> 1,400 <sup>5</sup> 4,000	<sup>5</sup> 1,300 <sup>5</sup> 8,900
Federal schools for Indians	447	1,132	438	947	<sup>7</sup> 513	<sup>7</sup> 1.035	<sup>7</sup> 758	<sup>7</sup> 1,189	<sup>7</sup> 699	<sup>7</sup> 1,500
Higher education 9	61.292	23,580	86.247	30,570	145,861	44,492	227,270	54,236	<sup>5</sup> 350,000	<sup>5</sup> 85,000
Publicly controlled	25,401 35,891	12,904 10,676	35,702 50,545	14,311 16,259	66,462 79,389	21,245 23,247	116,836 110,434	27,705 26,531	<sup>5</sup> 204,000 <sup>5</sup> 1 46,000	<sup>5</sup> 50,000 <sup>5</sup> 35,000

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Number of teaching positions: includes librarians and guidance and psychological personnel when not separately raported; axcludes supervisors and principals.



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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Since some edults received instruction from more than one source, percentages total more than 100.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>Requires caution in interpretation because of the limited sample.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Includes faculty for resident instruction in degree-credit courses: excludes faculty engaged in edministration, research, extension work, etc.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>Excludes subcollegiste departments of institutions of higher education, residential schools for exceptional children, and Federal schools.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>Date for 1927-28.

SEstimated.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup>Data for 1926-27.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup>Distribution by sex estimated.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> Data for 1945-46.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup>Beginning in 1959-60, date are for the first term of the academic year.

NOTE: Beginning in 1959-60, includes Alaska and Hawaii.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Health, Education, and Walfare, Office of Education, Benniel Survey of Education in the United States; Statistics of State School Systems; Faculty and Other Professional Staff in Institutions of Higher Education; and unpublished date.

Table 8.—Estimated number of classroom teachers in elementary and secondary schools, and total instructional staff for resident degree-credit courses in institutions of higher education:

United States, fall 1970 and fall 1971

(Full-time and part-time teachers and staff)

Level of instruction and type of control	Fell 1970	Fell 1971
1	2	3
Total elamentary, secondary, and higher education	2,930,000	2,901,000
Public Nonpublic	2,481,000 469,000	2,506,000 475,000
Elamentary and secondary classroom teachers in regular and other schools <sup>2</sup>	2,340,000	2,359,000
Public	2,077,000 263,000	2,096,000 263,000
Elementary classroom teachers in regular and other schools <sup>2</sup>	1,316,000	1,308,000
Public	1,144,000 172,000	1,136,000 172,000
Secondary classroom teachers in regular and other schools <sup>2</sup>	1,024,000	1,051,000
Public	933,000 91,000	960,000 91,000
Higher education instructional staff for resident degrae-credit courses (first term) <sup>8</sup>	590,000	617,000
Public	384,000 206,000	407,000 210,000

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The 1970 figures for nonpublic and other elementary and secondary schools and for institutions of higher education, and all 1971 figures, are estimates. Data for nonpublic elementary and secondary schools are not as complete as those for public schools; consequently, the estimates for nonpublic schools are not as reliable as those for public schools or for higher aducation. The estimates for 1971 are derived from expected enrollment increases combined with the long-term trend in pupil-teacher retios.

SOURCE: Surveys and estimates of the National Center for Educational Statistics, Office of Education, U.S. Department of Health, Education, and Welfare.





<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>The figures include elementary and secondary classroom teachers in regular public and nonpublic schools and other schools, such as Federal schools for Indians, federally operated schools on posts, subcollegiate departments of cotteges, and residential schools for exceptional children. For 1970, the number of such teachers is attimated as 12,000 in public and 2,000 in nonpublic elementary schools, 4,000 in public and 3,000 in nonpublic secondary schools.

<sup>5</sup> Includes full-time and pert-time staff with rank of instructor or above, and junior instructional staff, such as graduate assistants, for resident instruction in degree-cradit courses.

Table 9.—Number of local basic administrativa units (school districts), and number of schools by level and control, by State: Fall 1970

		Public 4	chool systems	•	Nonpubli	c schools!		utions of ducation <sup>3</sup>
State	School districts	Schools with elementary grades only	Schools with secondary grades only?	Combined elementary - secondary schools	Elementary	Secondary <sup>3</sup>	Public	Private
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
United States	17,996	64,539	23,972	2,310	15,340	4,606	1,089	1,487
Alabama ,	124	570	244	700	136	39	29	20
Alaska	29	255	60		21	11	1	2
Arizona	295	558	167	8	116	30	14	4
Arkansas	389	803	532	• • • • •	72	22	10	11
Celifornia	1,070	5,520	1,390	••••	1,275	389	112	87
olorado	181	785	399	3	162	58	20	8
Connecticut	169	891	230		258	129	18	28
Delaware	26	137	58 46	••••	43	15	3	4
loride	67	138 1,314	434	18 81	54 304	35 101	3 34	17 29
Seorgia	190	1,296 145	435 47	150 15	87 67	42 28	28	34 6
daho	115	372	192	9	55	9	6	4
llinois	1,175	3,643	1,193	142	1,052	195	44	88
ndiana	31,	1,277	495	408	412	72	5	39
owa	457	1,283	703		359	89	15	36
Cansas	211	1,450	581		200	43	27	26
Centucky	192	1,256	354		257	74	7	28
ouisiana	€6	882	309	241	317	120	12	11
Maine	290	694	200	2	68	53	2	14
Aaryland	24	979	291	36	268	120	23	24
Massachusetts	431	1,880	531		501	267	29	89
Aichigen	628	2,471	1,348	43	763	253	42	48
Ainnesota	617 150	1,458 663	701 391		485 89	93 40	25 24	32 18
A.con.uci	668	1574	307		405			
Aissouri	741	1,574 721	767 198		495 74	115 13	9	47
lebraska	1,665	1,580	425		243	63	11	16
levada	17	170	67		19	3	3	1
lew Hampshire	168	374	98		87	50	4	15
lew Jersey	599	2,022	431	(4)	601	177	22	34
lew Mexico	89	417	210		94	32	8	3
lew York	760	3,159	1,123	131	1,679	517	74	145
forth Carolina	152 411	1,430 578	490 275	107	125 67	49 24	52 9	45 3
TOTAL DAROGA		3/8	2/5		"	24	9	
)hio	631	3,239	1,018	2	703	172	22	68
klahoma	665	1,169	842	•	86	29	24	12
Pregon	350 597	961 3,267	326 1,130	( <sup>\$</sup> )	141	40 330	20 29	19 111
Rhode Island	40	313	66	` 2	122	57	3	10
outh Carolina	93		252	_	l	20		24
outh Dakota	286	833 1,139	352 216	1	71 88	30 29	21 7	10
ennessee	147	1,329	360	126	125	59	16	40
'exas	1,187	3,258	1,980		559	137	71	52
Itah	40	385	170		22	10	9	4
'ermont	277	354	66	3	29	26	5	12
'irginia	134	1,320	445	29	178	93	28	33
lashington	321	1,143	498	52	225	81	27	12
lest Virginia	55 454	1,027 1,754	345 627		55 814	20 114	11 33	11 30
lyoming	131	303	116	1	20	5	8	
.S. Service Schools							7	
utlying erees:		Į			(			
American Samoa	1	(4)	(*)	(4)	5	2	]	
Canal Zone	!	20	5		<u> </u>		1	
Guam	1	23	8	200		8	!!	
FUERIU MILU	1	1,570	232	208	111	70	1 1	4

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Data for 1965-66.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Health, Education, and Welfere, Office of Education, Statistics of Public Schools, Fall 1970; Statistics of Nonpublic Elementary and Secondary Schools, 1965-66; and Opening Fall Enrollment in Higher Education, 1970.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Includes universities, liberal arts colleges, teachers colleges and other independent professional schools, and junior colleges.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Includes regular 4-year high schools, junior high schools, senior high schools, and junior-senior high schools.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Data not available.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Included in column 4.

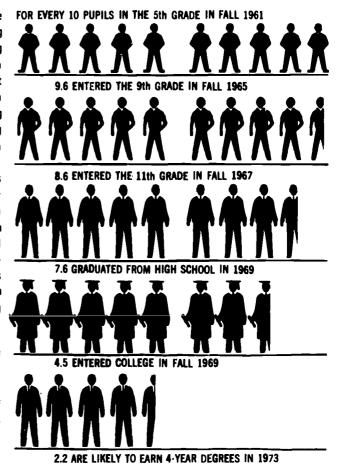
# **School Retention Rates**

A new computation of school retention rates by the Office of Education shows that young people are staying in school longer than ever before. As the accompanying chart indicates, about 96 percent of the fifth-graders in the fall of 1961 reached the ninth grade, 86 percent got as far as the 11th grade, and 76 percent received a high school diploma in 1969. The proportion of young people who graduate from high school has risen during the oast decade from less than two-thirds to more than three-fourths.

The increase in college attendance in recent years is even more striking. In 1969 about 45 percent of our young adults (or close to 60 percent of the recent high school graduates) entered a degree-credit program in a college or university. A decade ago only about one-third of the appropriate age group entered college. Approximately 22 percent of the persons in their late teens in 1969 can be expected to graduate from college with a 4-year degree. Ten years ago only about one young person in six went on to earn a bachelor's degree.

The Office of Education bases its school retention rates on fifth-grade enrollment because the high rate of retardation in the early elementary grades tends to inflate the enrollment figures for these grades. Fifth-grade enrollment is regarded as a better measure of the number of persons entering the first grade for the first time 4 years earlier than is total first-grade enrollment for that year. Compulsory attendance laws keep virtually all children in school at least until the fifth grade. Retention rates are based on enrollments in public elementary and secondary schools and are adjusted to include estimates for nonpublic schools. The computations include all college students, full-time and parttime, who are enrolled in degree-credit programs.

For trends in school retention rates over the past 40 years, the reader may wish to consult table 10 of this report.



π 1

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Health, Education, and Welfare, Office of Education, *Digest of Educational Statistics*.

Figure 2.—Estimated retention rates, fifth grade through college graduation: United States, 1961 to 1973



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Table 10.—Estimated retention rates, 1 5th grade through college entrance, in public and nonpublic schools: United States, 1924-32 to 1962-70

		Retent	ion per 1,		High	Year of	First				
School year pupils antered 5th grade	5th grada	6th grede	7th grede	8th grede	9th grade	10th grade	11th grede	12th grade	school graduates	high school graduation	time college students
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
924-25	1,000	911	798	741	612	470	384	344	302	1932	118
926-27	1,000	919	824	754	677	552	453	400	333	1934	129
928-29	1,000	939	847	805	736	624	498	432	378	1936	137
930-31	1,000	943	872	824	770	652	529	463	417	1938	148
932-33	1,000	935	889	831	786	664	570	510	455	1940	160
934-35	1,000	953	892	842	803	711	610	512	467	1942	129
936-37	1,000	954	895	849	839	704	554	425	393	1944	121
938-39	1,000	955	908	853	796	655	532	444	419	1946	(2)
940-41	1,000	968	910	836	781	697	566	507	481	1948	(2)
942-43	1,000	954	909	847	807	713	604	539	506	1950	205
944-45	1,000	952	929	858	848	748	650	549	522	1952	234
946-47	1,000	954	945	919	872	775	841	583	553	1954	283
948-49	1,000	984	956	929	863	795	706	619	581	1956	301
950-51	1,000	981	968	921	886	809	709	632	582	1958	306
952-53	1,000	974	965	936	904	835	746	667	621	1960	328
954-55	1,000	980	979	948	915	855	759	684	542	1962	343
956-57	1,000	985	984	948	930	871	790	728	676	1964	362
all 1958	1,000	983	979	961	946	908	842	761	732	1966	384
all 1960	1,000	980	973	967	952	913	858	787	749	1968	452
all 1962	1,000	990	983	976	963	931	863	793	1752	1970	1465

Rates for the 5th grade through high school graduation are based on enrollments in successive grades in successive years in public elementary and secondary schools and are adjusted to include estimates for nonpublic schools. Rates for first-time college annollment include full-time and part-time students enrolled in programs creditable toward a bachalor's degree.

NOTE: Beginning with the class in the 5th grade in 1958, data are based on fall enrollment and exclude ungraded pupils. The net affect of these changes is to increase high school graduation and college entrance rates slightly.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Haelth, Education, and Welfare, Office of Education, Biennial Survey of Education in the United States, chapters on "Statistical Summery of Education"; and unpublished data evailable in the Office of Education.

Table 11.—Level of school completed by persons 25 years old and over and 25 to 29 years old, by color: United States, 1910 to 1970

		ent, by level ool complet		Median			ent, by level ool complat		Medien
Color, age, and date	Less than 5 years of elemen- tary school	4 years of high school or more	4 or more years of college	school years com- pleted	Color, age, and date	Less than 5 years of elemen- tary school	4 years of high school or more	4 or more years of college	school years com- plated
1	2	3	4	5	1	2	3	4	5
WHITE AND NONWHITE		-							
25 years old and over:	·				25 to 29 years old:	ĺ			
1910	23.8	13.5	2.7	8.1	1920¹	12.9	22.0	4.5	8.5
1920,	22.0	16.4	3.3	8.2	April 1940	3.4	41.3	6.4	10.7
1930¹	17.5	19.1	3.9	8.4	April 1950	3.2	55.2	8.1	12.2
April 1940	13.5	24.1	4.6	8.6	April 1960	2.2	63.7	11,8	12.3
April 1950	10.8	33.4	6.0	9.3	March 1964	1.6	72.1	13.6	12.5
April 1960	8.3	41.1	7.7	10.5	March 1966	1.4	73.8	14.7	12.5
March 1964	7.1	48.0	9.1	11.7	March 1970	.9	77.8	17.3	12.6
March 1966	6.5	49.9	9.8	12.0		1		!	
March 1970	5.3	55.2	11.0	12.2	NONWHITE	i		i	
25 to 29 years olu:				İ	1	i		i	
April 1940	5.9	37.8	5.8	10.4	25 years old and over:			i	
April 1950	4.6	51.7	7.7	12.1	April 1940	41.8	7.7	1.3	5.7
April 1960	2.8	60.7	11.1	12.3	April 1950	31.4	13.4	2.2	6.9
March 1964	2.1	69.2	12.8	12.4	April 1960	23.5	21.7	3.5	8.2
March 1966	1.6	71.0	14.0	12.5	March 1964	18.6	27.5	4.7	8.9
March 1970	1.1	75.4	16.4	12.6	March 1966	18.0	29.5	4.7	9.2
	ľ				March 1970	14.7	36.1	6.1	10.1
WHITE	ł				25 to 29 years old:			!	
					1920 <sup>1</sup>	44.6	6.3	1.2	5.4
25 years old and over:					April 1940	26.7	12.1	1.6	7.1
April 1940	10.9	26.1	4.9	8.7	April 1950	15.4	23.4	2.8	8.7
April 1950	8.7	35.5	6.4	9.7	April 1960	7.2	38.6	5.4	10.8
April 1960	6.7	43.2	8.1	10.8	March 1964	5.3	48.0	7.0	11.8
March 1964	5.8	50.3	9.6	12.0	March 1966	3.3	50.4	8.3	12.0
March 1966	5.2	52.2	10.4	12,1 12.2	March 1970	2.2	58.4	10.0	12.2
Merch 1970	4.2	57.A	11.6	17.2	1	1	i	1	i

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Estimates based on ratrojection of 1940 census data on aducation by age.

NOTE: Prior to 1950, deta exclude Alaska and Haweii.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, 1960 Census of Population, Vol. 1, Part 1; Current Population Reports, Series P-20, Nos. 138, 158, and 207; Series P-19, No. 4; and 1960 Census Monograph, "Education of the American Population," by John K. Folger and Charles B. Nam.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Data not evailable.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>Subject to revision when final data become evailable.

Table 12.—Median school years completed by persons 26 years old and over, by State: 1960

			hool year	s compl	eted
State	<u> </u>	Tota	<del> </del>		Non-
	801 56×		Famala	White	white
1	2	3	4	5	6
United States	10	6 10.3	10.9	10.9	8.2
Alabama			9.3	10.2	6.5
Alaska			12.2	12.4	6.6
Arkanses			11.6 9.1	11.7 9.5	7.0 6.5
California		- )	12.1	12.1	10.5
Colorado	12.	1 11.9	12.1	12.1	11.2
Connecticut		0 10.8	11.3	11.1	9.1
Delawere			11.3	11.6	8.4
District of Columbia			11.9	12.4	9.8
Floride	10.	9 10.6	11.1	11.6	7.0
Georgia Hawaii			9.3 11.6	10.3 12.4	6.1
Ideho			12.1	11.8	9.9 9.6
Illinois			10.6	10.7	9.0
Indiane			11.0	10.9	9.0
lowe			12.0	11.3	9.5
Kenses			12.0	11.8	9.6
Kentucky			8.8	8.7	8.2
Louisiana			9.0 11.5	10.5 11.0	6.0 10.7
Maryland , , , ,	10.	4 10.2	10.6	11.0	8,1
Massachusetts			11.8	11.6	10.3
Michigan	10.		11.1	11.0	9.1
Minnesote	10.	8 9.9	11.6	10.8	9.1
Mississippi	8.	8.6	9.3	11.0	6.0
Missouri			9.9	9.8	8.7
Montana			12.1	11.7	8.7 9.6
Nevada		,	12.0	12.2	9.0 8.9
New Hempshire			11.3	10.9	11.7
New Jersey	10.0	10.6	10.7	10.8	8.8
New Maxico		1 1	11.5	11.5	7.1
New York			10.7	10.8	9.4
North Carolina			9.5	9.8 9.3	7.0 8.4
Ohio	- 1	1 1	11.1	11.0	9.1
Oklahoma			10.7	10.7	8.6
Oregon	- 1		12.1	12.8	9.9
Pennsylvania			10.4	10.3	8.9
Rhode Island	10.0	10.0	10.0	10.0	9.5
South Carolina		1	9.1	10.3	5.9
South Dekote			11.8	10.5	8.8
Faxas	8.8		9.0	9.0 10.8	7.5 8.1
Jtah	12.2		12.2	12.2	10.1
Vermont	. 10.9	10.0	11.6	10.9	10.5
Virginia	. 9.9	9.2	10.5	10.8	7.2
Nashington			12.1	12.1	10.5
Vest Virginia			8.9	8.8	8.4
Nisconsin		1 1	10.9	10.4	9.0
Wyoming	. 12.1	11.6	12.2	12.1	9.3

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, U.S. Census of Population: 1960, PC(1)1C.

Table 13.—Percent of population 26 years old and over with at least 4 years of high school and with at least 4 years of college, by State: 1960

State	4 years of high school or more	4 years of college or more
1	2	3
United States ,	41.1	7.7
Alabama	30.4	5.7
Alaska	54.7	9.5
Arizona	45.7	9.1
Arkanses	28.9	4.8
California	51.5	9.8
Colorado	52.0	10.7
Connecticut	43.9	9.5
Delaware	43.4	10.1
District of Columbia	47.8	14 3
Florida	42.6	7.8
Georgia	31.9	6.2
Hawaii , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	46.1	9.0
Idaho	48.6	7.2
Illinois	40.4	7.3
Indiana	41.8	6.3
lowa	46.3	6.4
Kansas	48.2	8.2
Kentucky	27.6	4.9
Louisiana	32.3	6.7
Maine	43.3	5.5
Maryland	40.0	9.3
Massachusetts	47.0	8.8
Michigan	40.9	6.8
Minnesota	43.9	7.5
Mississippi	29.8	5.6
Missouri	36.6	6.2
Montana	47.8	7.5
Nebraska	47.7	6.8
Nevada	53.3	8.3
New Hampshire	42.9	7.1
New Jersey	40.7	8.4
New Maxico	45.4	9.8
New York	40.8	8.9
North Ceroline	32.3	6.3
North Dakota	38.9	5.6
Ohio	42.0	7.0
Oktahoma	40.5	7.9
Oregon	48.4	8.5
Pennsylvania	38.1 35.0	6.4 6.6
South Caroline	30.4	6.9
South Dakota	42.1	5.7
Tennessee	30.4	5.7 5.5
Texas	39.6	5.5 8.0
Utah	55.8	10.2
Vermont	42.8	7.3
/irgini#	37.9	8.4
Nashington	51.5	9.3
Ness Virginia	30.5	5.2
Wisconsin	41.6	8.7
Nyoming	52.1	8.7

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Commerce, 8urasu of the Census, U.S. Census of Population: 1960, PC(1)C Series.



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Table 14.—Number of persons 25 years old and over with less then 5 years of school completed, by State end by color: 1960

[Numbers in thousands]

	Į		Res	ident popula	stion 25 yaer	old and ov	er <sup>1</sup>		
	Wh	ita and nonw	hita		White			Nonwhite	
State	Total	Persons v then 5 y school co	0071 OF	Total	Persons of them 5 yearhool co	lo eree	Total	then 5 t	with less years of empleted
		Number	Percent		Number	Percent		Number	Percen
1	2	3	4	5	6	7			10
United States	99,439	8,302.8	8.3	88,542	8,900.7	8.7	8,867	2,313.8	23.6
Alebems	1,670 105	273.0 8.6	16.3 8.2	1,232 86	115.4 1.1	9.4 1.3	43 <b>8</b> 19	157.6 7.5	36.0 39.5
Arizana	661	66.3	10.0	609	46.7	7.7	52	19.6	37.7
Arkenses	964	148.2	15.4	786	83.6	10.6	178	64.6	36.3
California	8,869	505.0	5.7	8,221	427.3	5.2	648	77.8	12.0
Caloredo	941	44.1	4.7	914	41.9	4.6	27	2.2	8.1
Connecticut	1,482	93.4	6.3	1,427	87.1	6.1	55	6.4	11.6
Delawere	246	16.3	6.6	215	9.8	4.6	31	6.5	21.0
District of Columbia	461	33.2	7.2	239	8.3	3.5	222	24.8	11.2
Florida	2,845	261.4	9.2	2,427	128.8	5.3	418	132.6	31.7
Georgia	2,01€	355.3	17.6	1,511	155.2	10.3	504	200.1	39.7
Haweii	309	46.4	15.0	96	5.0	5.2	213	41.4	19 4
Idaha	340	11.2	3.3	336	10.5	3.1	4	.7	17,5
filinois	5,808	365.4	6.3	5,267	290.7	5.5	541	74.6	13.0
Indiana	2,550	123.8	4.9	2,413	105.6	4.4	137	18.2	13.3
Owe	1,541	46.2	3.0	1,527	44.5	2.9	14	1.7	12.1
Kansas	1,216	44.7	3.7	1,156	38.8	3.3	50	5.8	11.6
Kentucky	1,610	222.6	13.8	1,494	195.0	13.1	116	27.6	23.8
Louisiene	1,639	348.8	21.3	1,175	159.0	13.5	464	189.8	40.9
Maine	534	25.0	4.7	532	24.8	4.7	2	.2	10.0
Maryland	1,693	129.8	7.7	1,436	79.2	5.5	257	50.6	19.7
Messachusetts	3,011	180.1	6.0	2,946	173.8	5.9	66	6.3	9.7
Michigan	4,217	244.3	5.8	3,845	195.6	5.1	372	48.7	13.1
Minnesota	1,846	74.3	4.0	1,825	72.6	4.0	20	1.7	8.5
Mississippi,	1,065	200.7	18.8	662	48.7	7.1	383	151.9	39.7
Missouri	2,493	176.8	7.1	2,289	140.8	6.2	204	35.1	17.2
Montena	356	14.6	6.1	347	13.3	3.8	9	1.4	15.6
Nebraska	791	28.6	3.6	773	26.8	3.5	18	1.8	10.0
Nevada	160	6.2	3.9	150	4.4	2.9	10	1.8	18.0
New Hampshire	345	15.1	4.4	344	15.0	4.4	1 1	.1	10.0
New Jersey	3,600	250.8	7.0	3,327	210.7	6.3	273	40.1	14.7
Naw Mexico	445	54.0	12.2	417	42.9	10.3	28	11.1	39.6
New York	10,124	785.0	7.8	9,300	687.4	7.4	824	97.6	11.8
North Carolina	2,307 324	380.1 19.4	16.5 6.0	1,811 319	221.5 18.7	12.2 5.9	496	158.5 .7	32.0 14.0
		1 !	5.0		10./	<b>0.9</b>		.,	14.0
Dhio	5,378	292.4	5.4	4,969	233.1	4.7	409	59.2	14.5
Dkiehome	1,300	111.6	8.6	1,196	90.8	7.6	104	20.8	20.0
Oregon	996	33.0	3.3	978	30.7	3.1	18	2.3	12.8
Pennsylvania	6,606	453.2	6.9	6,148	386.8	6.3	458	66.4	14.5
Rhoda island	498	37.0	7.4	489	36.0	7.4	9	1.0	11.1
South Carolina	1,136	230.8	20.3	802	93.1	11.6	334	137.7	41.2
South Dekote	360	14.7	4.1	349	13.6	3.9	_11	1.1	10.0
Tennessee	1,912	282.1	14.8	1,626	202.6	12.5	286	79.5	27.8
Texes	5,031 419	672.2	13.4	4,443	533.5	12.0	589	138.8	23.6
Juni	419	11.7	2.8	412	10.3	2.5	7	1.5	21.4
Vermont	213	8.1	3.8	212	8.0	3.8	(2)	(2)	(2)
Virginia	2,083	273.5	13.1	1,687	156.9	9.3	396	116.6	29.4
Veshington	1,577	53.8	3.4	1,528	48.1	3.1	40	5.8	11.8
West Virginia	1,000	109.8	11.0	954	99.0	10.4	46	10.8	23.5
Nisconsin	2,175	115.0	6.3	2,135	110.1	6.2	40	4.9	12.2
TYDITHIU .	174	6.3	3.6	171 L	6.0	3.5	l 3	.3	10.0

 $<sup>^1</sup>$  Includes institutional population but excludes Armed Forces oversees.  $^2$  Fewer than 500 persons, Percentage not computed.

NOTE: Because of rounding, detail may not add to totals.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, U.S. Census of Population: 1960, PC(1)C Series.



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# Illiteracy in the United States

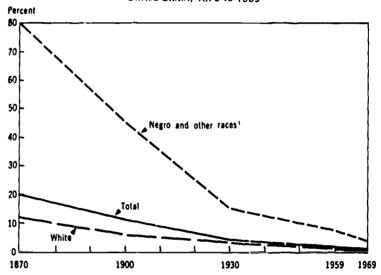
The illiteracy rate in the United States was cut in half during the 1960's, according to a recent sample survey conducted by the Bureau of the Census. The new data indicate that in November 1969 only 1.0 percent of the population 14 years of age and over were unable to read and write a simple message in English or in some other language. A similar survey conducted in March 1959 found that 2.2 percent of the persons in the same age group were illiterate.

The Bureau of the Census has coltected statistics on illiteracy since 1840, but the figures for 1840, 1850, and 1860 are not regarded as comparable with those for subsequent years. Reasonable comparability has been maintained since the Census of 1870. The data show that 100 years ago illiterates constituted 20 percent of the population. In other words, the proportion of illiterates was 20 times as great in 1870 as it is today (see the accompanying chart). Each generation tends to spend more years in school than the generation that preceded it, and illiteracy declines as the older people in the population are replaced by younger ones.

Traditionally, the illiteracy rate has been higher for men than for women, but in 1969 the difference was negligible: 1.1 percent of the men and 1.0 percent of the women were classified as illiterate. This may be attributed in part to the fact that women live longer than men, and illiterates are more likely to be found in the older age groups.

The Census surveys have consistently found that the inability to read and write is more prevalent among Negroes than

Figure 3. "Percent of illiteracy in the population, by race: United States, 1870 to 1969



1 Data for 1969 are for Negroes only.

NOTE.—Data for 1870 to 1930 are for the population 10 years old and over; data for 1959 and 1969 are for the population 14 years old and over.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, "Current Population Reports," Series P-20, No. 217.

among the white population. In 1870, for example, 79.9 percent of the non-white population were illiterate as compared with 11.5 percent of the white. In 1900 the comparable percentages were 44.5 and 6.2, respectively. In recent years, however, dramatic strides have been made toward the eradication of illiteracy among all Americans. The illiteracy rates in 1969 were 0.7 percent for whites and 3.6 percent for Negroes.

For additional information the reader may wish to consult the Bureau of the Census publication, Illiteracy in the United States: November 1969 (Current Population Reports, Series P-20, No. 217). The report may be obtained for 15 cents from the Superintendent of Documents, U.S. Government Printing Office. Washington, D.C. 20402.



Table 15.—Illiteracy of the population, by State: 1900 to 1960

0	Number	Perc	ent Illite	ate	
State	illiterate 1960 <sup>1</sup>	1960 <sup>1</sup>	1930	1900	
1	2	3	4	5	
Unite 3 stes	3,055.000	2.4	4.8	11.3	
Alabama	93,000	4.2	14.0	35.1	
	5,000	3.0	20.5	40 B	
Arizona	33,000	3.8	11.0	30.0	
	45,000	3.8	7.6	21.3	
	203,000	1.8	2.8	5.3	
Colorado	15,(700	1.3	71	4.5	
	41,600	2.2	1. 1	6.5	
	6,000	1.9	4.4	13.2	
	11,000	1.9	1.7	9.4	
Georgia	92,000	2.6 4.5	7.7	23.4 32.1	
Hawaii	21,000	5.0	17.5	35.2	
Idaho	4,000	.8	1.2	5.1	
Illinois	128,000	1.8	2.7	4.8	
Indiana	40,000	1.2	1.8	5.2	
lowa . Kansas Kentucky	14,000 14,000 70,000 137,000 9,000	.7 .9 3.3 6.3 1.3	.9 1.4 7.3 15.1 3.0	2.7 3.3 18.1 39.6 5.5	
Maryland Massachusetts Merigen In nesota Miss.ssippi	41,000	1.9	4.2	12.1	
	83.000	2.2	4.0	6.5	
	84,000	1.6	2.2	4.8	
	23,000	1.0	1.4	4.6	
	71,000	4.9	14.8	34.1	
Missouri Montana Nebraska Newada Newada	52,000	1.7	2.5	7.0	
	5,000	1.0	1.9	6.6	
	9,000	.9	1.3	2.6	
	2,000	1.1	4.8	13.8	
	6,000	1.4	3.0	6.7	
New Jersey New Mexico New York North Carolina North Dakota	99,000	2.2	4.3	6.5	
	24,000	4.0	14.9	35.7	
	355,000	2.9	4.1	6.1	
	125,000	4.0	11.5	30.1	
	6,000	1.4	1.7	6.1	
Ohio Okirioma Oregon Pennsylvania Rhode Island	99,000	1.5	2.5	4.5	
	32,000	1.9	3.1	11.7	
	10,000	.3	1.1	3.7	
	166,000	2.0	3.5	6.9	
	15,000	2.4	5.5	9.2	
South Carolina South Dakota Tennessee Texas Utah	87,000 4,000 88,000 272,000 5,000	5.5 .9 3.5 4.1	16.7 1.4 8.0 7.3 1.4	37.4 5.8 21.9 15.6 3.6	
Vermont	3,000	1.1	2.4	6.4	
Virginia	94,000	2.4	9.7	24.3	
Washington	18,000	.9	1.1	3.4	
West Virginia	35,000	2.7	5.5	12.6	
Wisconsin	35,000	1.2	2.1	5.4	
Wyoming	2,000	.9	1.8	4.4	

<sup>1</sup> Estimated.

NOTE: Data refer to the population 15 years old and over in 1900 and 1930, and to the population 14 years old and over in 1960.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, Current Population Reports. Series P-23, No. 8.

Table 16.—Percent of draftess who failed to meet the mental requirements for induction into the armed services, by State: 1970

t	y State:	1970			
		l	Failed mer		Mentally and made
State	Total	Total	Failed inental*	Trein- ability limited	cally dis- qualified
11	2	3	4	5	6
United States	7.1	5.7	4.8	0.9	1.4
Alabama Alaska Arizona Arkansas California	16.0	11.0	8.8	2.2	5.0
	5.5	2.4	2.3	0.1	3.1
	4.6	3.4	2.8	0.6	1.2
	10.4	8.1	7.2	0.9	2.3
	4.8	4.2	3.5	0.7	0.6
Colorado	2.7	2.1	1.6	0.5	0.6
	5.0	4.5	4.5	0.0	0.5
	6.6	5.5	4.5	1.0	1.1
	10.5	8.5	5.2	3.3	2.0
	8.0	6.7	5.9	0.8	1.3
Georgia	16.4	14.3	13.7	0.6	2.1
Hawaii	7.2	5.8	5.4	0.4	1,4
Idaho	1.7	1.3	1.3	0.0	0,4
Ibinois	7.1	6.0	4.9	1.1	1.1
Indiana	4.7	3.8	3.0	0.8	0.9
lowa	1,1	0,8	0.7	0.1	0.3
Kansas	2,1	1,3	1.0	0.3	0.8
Kentucky	8,1	5.3	4.6	0.7	2.8
Louisiana	13,5	11.8	9.7	2.1	1.7
Maine	2,8	1.5	1.0	0.5	1.3
Maryland Massachusetts Michigan Minnesota Mississippi	6.1	4.8	3.1	1.7	1.3
	5.0	3.7	3.3	0.4	1.3
	4.6	4.2	3.1	1.1	0.4
	0.7	0.4	0.4	0.0	0.3
	21.9	19.2	17.1	2.1	2.7
Missouri Montana Nebraska Nevada New Hempshire	4.5 1.4 1,1 4.2 0.8	3.0 1.2 0.9 3.0 0.4	2.6 1.2 0.7 2.6 0.3	0.4 0.2 0.4 0.1	1.5 0.2 0.2 1.2 0.4
New Jersey New Mexico New York North Carolina North Dakota	8.9	8.3	7.6	0.7	0.6
	9.1	6.7	6.7	0.0	2.4
	8.3	6.6	5.6	1.0	1.7
	16.5	12.7	10.9	1.8	3.8
	1.8	1.1	1.0	0.1	0.7
Ohio	3.4	2.6	2.0	0.6	0.8
	3.6	2.7	2.2	0.5	0.9
	1.5	1.2	1.2		0.3
	4.4	3.1	2.7	0.4	1.3
	4.2	3.3	2.9	0.4	0.9
South Carolina South Dakota Tennessee Texas Utah	24.6	22.3	17.9	4.4	2.3
	1.9	1.5	1.4	0.1	0.4
	8.3	6.0	4.8	1.2	2.3
	7.6	5.3	4.2	1.1	2.3
	2.6	1.5	1.5	0.0	1.1
Vermont Virginia Washington West Virginia Wisconsin Wyoming	1.2	0.8	0.5	0.3	0.4
	11.1	9.1	8.1	1.0	2.0
	0.9	0.5	0.5	0.0	0.4
	8.4	5.9	5.0	0.9	2.5
	2.2	1.8	1.4	0.4	0.4
	1.9	1.5	1.2	0.3	0.4
Outlying areas:					
Puerto Rico (includes Virgin Islands) Guam and Mariana Islands	59.2	51.7	47.3	4.4	7.5
	33.8	21.9	17.8	4.1	11.9

SOURCE: U.S. Department of the Army, Office of the Surgeon General, **Summary** of Registrant Examinations for Induction.



Table 17.- Occupation of employed persons 18 years old and over, by sex, color, and years of school completed: United States, March 1970

	Total	<u></u>	Percentag	e distribut	ion by year	s of school	completed		Median
Sex, color, and occupation	employed	, 	Elementary		High s	chool	Co	liege	school
	(in thousands)	Total	Less then 8 years t	8 years	1 to 3 years	4 years	1 to 3 years	4 years or more	completed
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
MEN	1								
White					}		1		1
All occupation groups	42,434	100.0	8.0	10.2	16.4	36.0	14.0	15.4	12.4
Professional, technical, and kindred workers	6,446	100.0	.5	.8	2.2	17.0	18.5	61.0	16.5
Managers, officials, and proprietors, except farm	6,718	100.0	3.2	5.8	11.3	37.0	20.6	22.1	12.8
Clerical and kindred workers	J,119	100.0	2.0	5.9	13.7	46.7	23.0	8.7	12.6
Sales workers	2,531	100.0	2.6	3.9	12.0	37.2	26.2	18.2	12.8
Craftsmen, foraman, and kindred workers	8,910	100.0	8.5	13.4	23.2	44.2	8.8	1.8	12.1
Operatives and kindred workers	8,012	100.0	13.4	14.7	24.8	39.1	6.9	1.1	11.6
Service workers, including private household	2,370	100.0	12.7	14.5	19.6	37.3	13.8	2.1	12.1
Farmers, farm managers, laborers, and foreman	2,132	100.0	23.6	24.3	14.9	27.9	6.9	2.4	9.4
Laborers, excapt farmand mine	2,176	100.0	18 4	16.3	22.9	32.8	8.8	.7	11.0
Negro≱nd other races									
All occupation groups	4,629	100.0	23.1	9.8	23.9	28.1	8.0	7.0	11.1
Professional, technical, and kindred workers	336	100.0	1.5	.9	4.2	14.3	16.4	62.8	16.6
Managers, officials, and proprietors, except farm	251	100.0	13.5	10.8	12.4	33.9	12.4	17.1	12.4
Clerical and sale: workers	486	100.0	3.9	3.3	16.9	45.2	24.3	6.4	12.6
Craftsmen, foren en, and kindred workers	666	100.U	23.3	13.7	26.2	28.0	7.4	1.5	10.5
Operatives and kindred workers	1,35€	100.0	23.3	10.6	29.7	31.4	4.4	.7	10.6
Service workers, including private household	517	100.0	22.3	13.0	29.1	26.6	6.4	2.7	10.5
Farmers, farm managers, laborers, and foremen	212	100.0	60.8	6.6	19.3	8.5	3.8	.9	6.6
Laborers, except farm and mine	805	100.0	36.9	11.2	26.1	22.8	2.4	.6	9.2
WOMEN									
White	1								
Afl occupation groups	25,040	100.0	4.7	7.5	15.4	47.3	13.7	11.4	12.5
Professional, technical, and kindred workers	4,017	100.0	.4	.7	2.1	20.2	19.2	57.4	16.4
Managers, officials, and proprietors, except farm	1,229	100.0	2.5	5.8	13.8	48.5	19.7	9.7	12.6
Clerical workers	9,193	100.0	.6	2.2	9.8	66.7	17.4	3.3	12.6
Sales workers	1,762	100.0	2.8	7.7	19.5	52.1	14.5	3.5	12.4
Craftsmen, operatives, and laborers, except farm	1	}		i	1		-	1	İ
and mine	4,089	100.0	13.4	16.7	30.2	36.3	2.8	.6	11.0
Private household workers	692	100.0	21.8	22.1	20.4	26.4	8.2	1.0	9.9
Service workers, except private household	3,693	100.0	7.5	13.9	24.7	43.1	9.9	.9	12.1
Farmers, farm managers, abovers, and foremen	365	100.0	13.7	26.8	19.5	31.8	6.8	1.4	10.4
Negro and other races									
Aff Occupation groups	3,551	100.0	14.4	8.2	24.1	. 1.4	10.4	8.6	12.1
Professional and managerial, and kindred workers <sup>2</sup> .	465	100.0	1.5	1.7	4.9	17.4	17.8	56.6	16.3
Clerical and sales workers	780	100.0	1.2	1.8	14.0	54.7	24.6	3.8	12.6
Craftsmen, operatives, and laborers, except farm	655	100,0	13.7	7.9	32.7	41.7	3.4	.6	11.6
Private household workers	639	100.0	36.2	19.4	28.5	15.2	.8		8.7
Service workers, except private household	988	100.0	16.8	9.1	32.2	34.6	6.7	.7	11.2
Farmers, farm managers, laborers, and foremen	24	(2)							(

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Includes persons reporting no school years completed.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, Special Labor Force Report 125. Educational Attainment of Workers, March 1969 and 1970.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Includes professional and technical worker., and managers, officials, and proprietors, except farm.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>Percent and median not shown where base is less than 75,000.

Table 18.—Total annual money income of persons 25 years old and over, by years of school completed, sex, and age: United States, 1969

		·				Years of s	chool com	pleted					Media
Sex, income, and age	Total	Elei	nentary sc	hool		High schoo	l			College			sch0d year
Sex, mcome, gnd age	) rotal	T-101	Less	_	Tabel		4	Total			4 or more		complet
		Total	than 8	8	Total	1 to 3	•	TOTAL	1 to 3	Total	4	5 or more	1
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
			l	4. <u></u>	·	N	ımber in ti	housands		•		•	
MEN													
										7 000		2000	
otal	50,836 50,383	14,352 14,120	7,575 7,412	6,776 6,708	23,632 23,478	8,171 8,096	15,461 15,380	12,851 12,785	5,548 5,523	7,303 7,263	4,039 4,021	3,265 3,242	12.2 12.2
					Pe	rcentage d	stribution	of men wit	h income				
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	
1 to \$499 or loss	1.2	2.0	2.4	1.6	1.0	1.1	1.0	0.8	0.7	0.9	0.8	0.9	9.9
500 to \$999	2.1	5.5	7.5	3.3	0.9	1.5	0.7	0.5	0.4	0.6	0.6	0.6	8.0
1,000 to \$1,499	3.3	8.0	10.7	5.0	1.7	2.6	1.3	1.1	1.4	0.8	8.0	0.8	8.1
1,500 to \$1,999	3.3	7.4	9.0	5.6	1.9	2.6	1.5	1.4	1.3	1.4	1.8	0.9	8.4
2,000 to \$2,499	3.4	7.0	7.8	6.0	2.2	2.9	1.8	1.5	1.8	1.3	1.5	1.2	8.7
2,500 to \$2,999	3.1	6.3	7.5	5.0	2.2	3.4	1.5	1.3	1.5	1.1	1.0	1.3	8.7
3,000 to \$3,999	6.2	11.1	11.7	10.4	4.8	6.9	3.7	3.3	3.9	2.8	3.0	2.6	9.0
4,000 to \$4,999 · · · ·	6.3	9.6	9.3	9.8	6.1	7.8	5.2	3.0	4.0	2.3	1.9	2.6	10.1
5,000 to \$5,999	7.3	9.0	8.6	9.5	8.1	9.3	7.5	4.1	5.1	3.4	3.5	3.3	11.3
6,000 to \$6,999	8.3	8.0	7.1	9.1	10.2	10.9	9.7	5.3	7.4	3.6	3.7	3.5	12.1
7,000 to \$7,999	9.4	7.5	5.8	9.3	11.8	12.2	11.6	7.2	8.9	5.8	5.9	5.8	12.3
B,000 to \$9,999	15.9	9.9	7.2	12.9	19.9	17.5	21.2	15.3	19.3	12.3	13.9	1C.4	12.4
10,000 to \$14,999	20.1	7.1	4.2	10.3	22.7	17.2	25.6	29.5	28.7	30.1	30.7	29.5	12.7
15,000 to \$24,999	7.7	1.4	1.0	1.8	5.5	3.6	6.5	18.7	12.2	23.7	23.4	24.1	15.0
25,000 and over	2.3	0.3	0.2	0.3	1.0	0.5	1.3	7.0	3.4	9.8	7.6	12.5	16.4
		L		<u></u>	<u></u>	<u> </u>	Median ii	ncome	<u></u>		L	<u> </u>	
Total, all ages	\$7,576	\$4,285	\$3,429	\$5,345	\$7,925	\$7,079	\$8,434	\$10,881	\$9,394	\$12,255	\$11,893	\$12,723	·
-	1	1		}	1	}	1	1		·			}
5 to 34 years	7,974	5,310	4,416	6,328	7,660	6,693	8.008	9,334	8,553	10,228	10,083	10,423	
5 to 44 years	9,045	6,037	5,440	6,784	8,754	7,869	9,146	12,704	10,916	14,041	13,730	14,461	
5 to 54 years	8,619	6,087	5,218	6,920	8,648	7,806	9,159	12,770	10,857	14,600	14,107	15,521	
5 to 64 Years	7,279	5,272	4,285	6,385	7,890	7,306	8,402	11,543	9,645	13,340	12,888	13,737	
5 years and over	2,828	2,382	2,086	2,848	3,473	3,294	3,673	5,913	4,623	6,997	5,740	7,881	L_:::
WOMEN					<del></del>	N	umber in t	housends					_
otal	56,701 38,153	14,615 10,338	7,674 5,357	7,241 4,981	31,619 20,506	10,22 <b>8</b> 6,683	21,392 13,823	10,267 7,309	5,559 3,716	4,70 <del>8</del> 3,593	3,321 2,367	1,387 1,226	12.2 12.1
					Per	entage dis	tribution o	f women w	ith income				
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	
1 to \$499 or loss	10.8	10.7	11.4	9.9	11.0	9.7	11.6	10.6	12.3	8.8	9.9	6.8	12.3
500 to \$999	13.1	23.8	26.7	20.6	10.0	12.3	8.8	6.9	8.5	5.3	6.2	3.7	9.3
1,000 to \$1,499	11.7	19.0	21.3	16.5	10.0	12.6	8.7	6.5	8.1	4,8	5.4	3.7	10.0
	7.9	11.2	12.0	10.2	7.2	9.0	6.4	5.3	5.1	5.4	5.5	5.3	10.8
1,500 to \$1,999			7.5	9.5	7.3	9.5	6.2	4.8	6.0	3.6	3.7	3.5	11.3
	7.1	8.4	7.0				5.1	4.1	5.1	3.1	3.6	2.0	12.0
2,000 to \$2,499	7.1 5.2	5.3	4.6	6.1	5.6	6.5	9.1	7				4.9	12.
2,000 to \$2,499 2,500 to \$2,999				6.1 11.4	5.6 13.7	6.5 14.6	13.2	7.9	9.8	6.0	6.5		
2,000 to \$2,499 2,500 to \$2,999 3,000 to \$3,999	5.2	5.3	4.6							6.0 6.3	6.5 7.2	4.5	
2,000 to \$2,499	5.2 11.4	5.3 9.3	4.6 7.3	11.4 7.1 4.2	13.7	14.6	13.2	7.9	9.8			4.5 5.6	12.4
2,000 to \$2,499 2,500 to \$2,999 3,000 to \$3,999 6,000 to \$4,999 6,000 to \$5,999 5,000 to \$6,999	5.2 11.4 9.3	5.3 9.3 5.8	4.6 7.3 4.6	11.4 7.1	13.7 11.4	14.6 10.3	13.2 11.9	7.9 8.1	9.8 9.9	6.3	7.2	4.5 5.6 8.6	12.4
2,000 to \$2,499 2,500 to \$2,999 3,000 to \$3,999 1,000 to \$4,999 5,000 to \$5,999 5,000 to \$6,999	5.2 11.4 9.3 7.5	5.3 9.3 5.8 3.0	4.6 7.3 4.6 1.9	11.4 7.1 4.2	13.7 11.4 9.2	14.6 10.3 7.4	13.2 11.9 10.1	7.9 8.1 8.7	9.8 9.9 9.4	6.3 8.1	7.2 9.4	4.5 5.6	12.4 12.6
2,000 to \$2,499	5.2 11.4 9.3 7.5 5.5	5.3 9.3 5.8 3.0 1.5	4.6 7.3 4.6 1.9 1.0	11.4 7.1 4.2 2.0	13.7 11.4 9.2 6.3	14.6 10.3 7.4 3.9	13.2 11.9 10.1 7.4	7.9 8.1 8.7 9.1	9.8 9.9 9.4 8.2	6.3 8.1 10.0 8.7 13.1	7.2 9.4 10.7	4.5 5.6 8.6 9.1 13.9	12.4 12.6 12.7 13.2
2,000 to \$2,499 2,500 to \$2,999 3,000 to \$3,999 4,000 to \$4,999 5,000 to \$6,999 7,000 to \$7,999 3,000 to \$7,999 10,000 to \$14,999	5.2 11.4 9.3 7.5 5.5 3.7	5.3 9.3 5.8 3.0 1.5 1.0	4.6 7.3 4.6 1.9 1.0 0.9	11.4 7.1 4.2 2.0 1.1	13.7 11.4 9.2 6.3 3.8	14.6 10.3 7.4 3.9 1.8	13.2 11.9 10.1 7.4 4.8	7.9 8.1 8.7 9.1 7.4	9.8 9.9 9.4 8.2 6.2	6.3 8.1 10.0 8.7	7.2 9.4 10.7 8.5	4.5 5.6 8.6 9.1	12.4 12.6 12.7 13.2
2,000 to \$2,499 2,500 to \$2,999 3,000 to \$3,999 4,000 to \$4,999 5,000 to \$6,999 7,000 to \$7,999 8,000 to \$7,999 10,000 to \$14,999	5.2 11.4 9.3 7.5 5.5 3.7 3.6 2.5	5.3 9.3 5.8 3.0 1.5 1.0 0.6	4.6 7.3 4.6 1.9 1.0 0.9 0.3	11.4 7.1 4.2 2.0 1.1 1.0	13.7 11.4 9.2 6.3 3.8 2.9	14.6 10.3 7.4 3.9 1.8 1.7 0.5	13.2 11.9 10.1 7.4 4.8 3.5 1.8	7.9 8.1 8.7 9.1 7.4 9.5	9.8 9.9 9.4 8.2 6.2 6.1	6.3 8.1 10.0 8.7 13.1	7.2 9.4 10.7 8.5 12.7	4.5 5.6 8.6 9.1 13.9	12.4 12.6 12.7 13.2 16.1
2,000 to \$2,499 2,500 to \$2,999 3,000 to \$3,999 4,000 to \$4,999 5,000 to \$5,999 6,000 to \$6,999 7,000 to \$7,999 8,000 to \$9,999 10,000 to \$14,999 15,000 to \$24,999	5.2 11.4 9.3 7.5 5.5 3.7 3.6	5.3 9.3 5.8 3.0 1.5 1.0 0.6 0.3	4.6 7.3 4.6 1.9 1.0 0.9 0.3	11.4 7.1 4.2 2.0 1.1 1.0 0.4	13.7 11.4 9.2 6.3 3.8 2.9 1.3	14.6 10.3 7.4 3.9 1.8 1.7	13.2 11.9 10.1 7.4 4.8 3.5	7.9 8.1 8.7 9.1 7.4 9.5 8.8	9.8 9.9 9.4 8.2 6.2 6.1 4.2	6.3 8.1 10.0 8.7 13.1 13.5	7.2 9.4 10.7 8.5 12.7 8.5	4.5 5.6 8.6 9.1 13.9 23.2	12.3 12.4 12.6 12.7 13.2 16.1 15.7 (²)
2,000 to \$2,499 2,500 to \$2,999 3,000 to \$3,999 4,000 to \$4,999	5.2 11.4 9.3 7.5 5.5 3.7 3.6 2.5 0.5	5.3 9.3 5.8 3.0 1.5 1.0 0.6 0.3	4.6 7.3 4.6 1.9 1.0 0.9 0.3 0.2 0.1	11.4 7.1 4.2 2.0 1.1 1.0 0.4 0.1	13.7 11.4 9.2 6.3 3.8 2.9 1.3 0.2	14.6 10.3 7.4 3.9 1.8 1.7 0.5	13.2 11.9 10.1 7.4 4.8 3.5 1.8 0.3	7.9 8.1 8.7 9.1 7.4 9.5 8.8 1.7 0.5	9.8 9.9 9.4 8.2 6.2 6.1 4.2 1.0	6.3 8.1 10.0 8.7 13.1 13.5 2.5	7.2 9.4 10.7 8.5 12.7 8.5 1.6	4.5 5.6 8.6 9.1 13.9 23.2 4.1	12.4 12.6 12.7 13.2 16.1
2,000 to \$2,499 2,500 to \$2,999 3,000 to \$3,999 4,000 to \$4,999 5,000 to \$5,999 6,000 to \$6,999 7,000 to \$7,999 8,000 to \$9,999 10,000 to \$14,999 15,000 to \$24,999	5.2 11.4 9.3 7.5 5.5 3.7 3.6 2.5 0.5	5.3 9.3 5.8 3.0 1.5 1.0 0.6 0.3	4.6 7.3 4.6 1.9 1.0 0.9 0.3 0.2 0.1	11.4 7.1 4.2 2.0 1.1 1.0 0.4 0.1	13.7 11.4 9.2 6.3 3.8 2.9 1.3 0.2	14.6 10.3 7.4 3.9 1.8 1.7 0.5	13.2 11.9 10.1 7.4 4.8 3.5 1.8 0.3	7.9 8.1 8.7 9.1 7.4 9.5 8.8 1.7 0.5	9.8 9.9 9.4 8.2 6.2 6.1 4.2 1.0	6.3 8.1 10.0 8.7 13.1 13.5 2.5	7.2 9.4 10.7 8.5 12.7 8.5 1.6	4.5 5.6 8.6 9.1 13.9 23.2 4.1	12.6 12.7 13.2 16.1 15.7 (²)
2,000 to \$2,499 2,500 to \$2,999 3,000 to \$3,999 4,000 to \$4,999 5,000 to \$6,999 6,000 to \$6,999 7,000 to \$7,999 8,000 to \$9,999 10,000 to \$14,999 15,000 and over	5.2 11.4 9.3 7.5 5.5 3.7 3.6 2.5 0.5 0.2	5.3 9.3 5.8 3.0 1.5 1.0 0.6 0.3 0.1 (¹)	4.6 7.3 4.6 1.9 1.0 0.9 0.3 0.2 0.1 ( <sup>1</sup> )	11.4 7.1 4.2 2.0 1.1 1.0 0.4 0.1 ( <sup>2</sup> )	13.7 11.4 9.2 6.3 3.8 2.9 1.3 0.2 0.1	14.6 10.3 7.4 3.9 1.8 1.7 0.5 0.1 0.1	13.2 11.9 10.1 7.4 4.8 3.5 1.8 0.3 0.1 Median in	7.9 8.1 8.7 9.1 7.4 9.5 8.8 1.7 0.5	9.8 9.9 9.4 8.2 6.2 6.1 4.2 1.0 0.3	6.3 8.1 10.0 8.7 13.1 13.5 2.5 0.7	7.2 9.4 10.7 8.5 12.7 8.5 1.6 0.5	4.5 5.6 8.6 9.1 13.9 23.2 4.1 1.2	12.6 12.6 12.7 13.2 16.1 15.7 (²)
2,000 to \$2,499 2,500 to \$2,999 3,000 to \$3,999 4,000 to \$4,999 5,000 to \$5,999 6,000 to \$6,999 7,000 to \$7,999 8,000 to \$9,999 10,000 to \$14,999 25,000 and over  Total, all ages	5.2 11.4 9.3 7.5 5.5 3.7 3.6 2.5 0.5	5.3 9.3 5.8 3.0 1.5 1.0 0.6 0.3 0.1 (1)	4.6 7.3 4.6 1.9 1.0 0.9 0.3 0.2 0.1 (1)	11,4 7.1 4.2 2.0 1.1 1.0 0.4 0.1 (1)	13.7 11.4 9.2 6.3 3.8 2.9 1.3 0.2 0.1	14.6 10.3 7.4 3.9 1.8 1.7 0.5 0.1	13.2 11.9 10.1 7.4 4.8 3.5 1.8 0.3 0.1	7.9 8.1 8.7 9.1 7.4 9.5 8.8 1.7 0.5	9.8 9.9 9.4 8.2 6.2 6.1 4.2 1.0 0.3	6.3 8.1 10.0 8.7 13.1 13.5 2.5 0.7	7.2 9.4 10.7 8.5 12.7 8.5 1.6 0.5	4.5 5.6 8.6 9.1 13.9 23.2 4.1 1.2	12.4 12.6 12.7 13.2 16.1
2,000 to \$2,499 2,500 to \$2,999 3,000 to \$3,999 4,000 to \$4,999 5,000 to \$6,999 6,000 to \$6,999 7,000 to \$7,999 10,000 to \$14,999 15,000 to \$14,999 Total, all ages 5 to 34 years	5.2 11.4 9.3 7.5 5.5 3.7 3.6 2.5 0.5 0.2	5.3 9.3 5.8 3.0 1.5 1.0 0.6 0.3 0.1 (¹)	4.6 7.3 4.6 1.9 1.0 0.9 0.3 0.2 0.1 (¹)	11.4 7.1 4.2 2.0 1.1 1.0 0.4 0.1 ( <sup>1</sup> ) \$1,645	13.7 11.4 9.2 6.3 3.8 2.9 1.3 0.2 0.1 \$2,912	14.6 10.3 7.4 3.9 1.8 1.7 0.5 0.1 0.1	13.2 11.9 10.1 7.4 4.8 3.5 1.8 0.3 0.1 Median ii	7.9 8.1 8.7 9.1 7.4 9.5 8.8 1.7 0.5	9.8 9.9 9.4 8.2 6.2 6.1 4.2 1.0 0.3 \$3,509	6.3 8.1 10.0 8.7 13.1 13.5 2.5 0.7	7.2 9.4 10.7 8.5 12.7 8.5 1.6 0.5	4.5 5.6 8.6 9.1 13.9 23.2 4.1 1.2 \$7,156 5,604	12.6 12.6 12.7 13.2 16.1 15.7 (²)
2,000 to \$2,499 2,500 to \$2,999 3,000 to \$3,999 4,000 to \$4,999 5,000 to \$5,999 7,000 to \$7,999 8,000 to \$9,999 10,000 to \$14,999 5,000 to \$24,999 Total, all ages	\$2,448 3,000 3,237	\$1,407 \$1,407 \$2,128 2,463	4.6 7.3 4.6 1.9 1.0 0.9 0.3 0.2 0.1 (') \$1,277	11.4 7.1 4.2 2.0 1.1 1.0 0.4 0.1 (¹) \$1,645	13.7 11.4 9.2 6.3 3.8 2.9 1.3 0.2 0.1 \$2,912	14.6 10.3 7.4 3.9 1.8 1.7 0.5 0.1 0.1 \$2,338 2,295 2,873	13.2 11.9 10.1 7.4 4.8 3.5 1.8 0.3 0.1 Median in \$3,240	7.9 8.1 8.7 9.1 7.4 9.5 8.8 1.7 0.5 ncome \$4,482 4,296 4,577	9.8 9.9 9.4 8.2 6.2 6.1 4.2 1.0 0.3 \$3,509	6.3 8.1 10.0 8.7 13.1 13.5 2.5 0.7 <b>\$5,617</b> 5,393 5,795	7.2 9.4 10.7 8.5 12.7 8.5 1.6 0.5 \$5,208	4.5 5.6 8.6 9.1 13.9 23.2 4.1 1.2 \$7,156 5,604 6,903	12.6 12.6 12.7 13.2 16.1 15.7 (²)

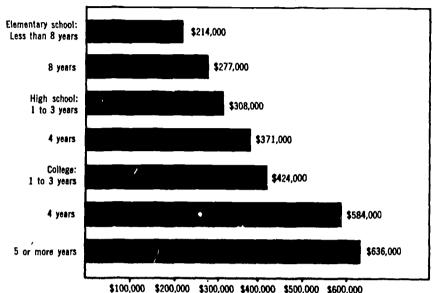
Less than 0.05 percent.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, *Current Population Reports*, Series P-60, No. 75.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Base less than 75,000.

Figure 4. Lifetime income of men, by years of school completed: United States, 1968



Lifetime and Annual Income of Men by Years of School Completed

The Bureau of the Census has recently released new estimates of the average lifetime income of men by years of school completed. These data indicate that in the years from age 18 to death an average elementary school graduate in 1968 could expect an income of approximately \$277,000; a high school graduate, \$584,000; and a person with one or more years of graduate study, \$636,000.

According to the income data presented in the accompanying chart, an average college graduate can look forward to more than half again as much income as a high school graduate who fails to enter college. The holder of a bachelor's degree can expect more than twice as much income as a person who leaves school after completing the eighth grade. And a man who has completed 5 or more years of college can anticipate an income that is three times as great as that of an elementary school dropout. While not all of these variations in income should be attributed to differences in educational attainment, it would appear that the number of years spent in school does have an important effect upon future earning power.

Recent trends in annual income by years of school completed have also been made available by the Census Bureau. The income of all segments of the population has grown in the past decade, but the greatest increases have occurred at the higher educational levels. Between 1958 and 1968, for example, the income of an average male elementary school graduate 25 years of age or over rose from approximately \$3,700 to \$5,-500; a high school graduate, from \$5,300 to \$8,100; and a college graduate, from \$7,600 to \$12,400. The increase during the 10-year period was thus about \$4,800 for a college graduate, \$2,800 for a high school

graduate, and \$1,800 for an elementary school graduate. These trend figures are in current dollars; that is, they make no allowance for changes in the purchasing power of the dollar.

These data are derived from sample surveys of the population. They are subject to sampling variability as well as to errors of response and nohreporting. For more detailed information, the reader may wish to consult the Bureau of the Census report, Annual Mean Income, Lifetime Income, and Educational Attainment of Men in the United States, for Selected Years, 1956 to 1968.

-W. VANCE GRANT, specialist in educational statistics



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Table 19.—Annual income of men, by age and years of school completed: United States, 1956 to 1968

#### (In current dollars)

Age, and years of school completed	1956	1958	1961	1964	1968
1	2	3	4	5	6
18 to 24 years old					
Elementary:	Ì	]	1		Í
Less than 8 years	\$1,568	\$1,468	\$1,596	\$1,931	\$2,892
8 vears		1,970	2,239		3,264
High school:	_,	.,	_,		-,
1 to 3 years	2,201	2.088	2.204	2,288	2,600
4 years		2.655	2.768		3,674
College:	-,		'	_,	-,
1 to 3 years	1.924	1.967	2.038	2.257	2,700
4 years or more		2,9,6	3,310	3,520	4,273
4 years		(1)	3,381	3.736	4,306
5 years or more		(1)	(1)	(1)	4,186
25 years old end over					
Elementary:					
Less than 8 years	2,574	2,530	2,998	3,298	3,981
8 years	3,631	3,677	4,206	4,520	5,467
High school:		i '			
1 to 3 years	4,367	4,452	5,161	5,653	6,769
4 years		5,257	5,946	6,738	8,148
College:			·		İ
1 to 3 years	5,997	6,272	7,348	7,907	9,397
4 years or more	7.877	8,643	9,817	10,284	12,938
4 years	(1)	7,565	9,342	9,757	12,418
5 years or more		9,178	9.987	11,004	13,555

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Oata not available.

NOTE: These arithmetic means are estimated from sample surveys of households. They are subject to sampling variability as well as to errors of response and nonreporting.

SOURCE: U.S. Oepartment of Commerce. Bureau of the Census, Current Population Reports, Series P-60, No. 74.

# Table 20.—Lifetime income of men, by years of school completed: United States, 1956 to 1968

#### [In current dollars]

Years of school completed	1956	1956 1958		1984	1968
1	2	3	4	5	6
		Income fr	om age 18 t	o death	
Elementary: Less then 8 years 8 years High school: 1 to 3 years 4 years College: 1 to 3 years 4 years or more 4 years 5 years or more	\$131,432 178,749 201,825 244,158 278,227 372,644 (1) (1)	\$128.861 178,010 203,901 242,480 287,305 401,819 363,986 440,404	\$151,881 205,237 235,865 273,814 335,100 454,732 432,617 475,116	\$170,145 223,946 255,701 311,462 355,249 478,696 459,482 500,641	\$213,506 276,755 308,305 271,094 421,230 607,921 584,062 636,119
Elementary: Less than B years B years High school: I to 3 years 4 years College: I to 3 years 4 years 4 years or more 4 years or more 5 years or more	\$107,132 146,059 166,212 199,463 232,317 310,597 (1)	\$105,709 146,054 169,554 201,750 244,166 338,900 303,570 377,635	\$125,044 168,967 193,265 224,628 273,309 360,951 350,699 379,908	\$138,777 181,702 211,342 252,447 297,543 392,006 372,767 418,027	\$174,240 226,708 258,455 306,786 356,297 504,760 486,643 525,997

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Oata not available.

NOTE: These arithmetic means are estimated from sample surveys of households. They are subject to sampling variability as well as to errors of response and nonreporting.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, Current Population Reports, Series P-60. No. 74.

Table 21.—Receipts of educational institutions, by level of instruction, type of control, and source: United States, 1967-68

## [In thousands of dollars]

Control of institution and		Elementary and secondary education <sup>1</sup>			Higher education <sup>2</sup>			
source of funds	All levels	Total	Revenue	Non- revenue	Total <sup>3</sup>	Educational and general	Auxiliary enterprises	Student #id
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Total	\$61,778,424	\$40,050,424	\$36,303,068	\$3,747,366	\$21,728,000	\$13,845,598	\$2,481,670	\$497,930
Publicly controlled	49,243,224	35,850,424	32,103,068	3,747,356	13,392,800	8,645,117	1,438,255	258,697
Government	43,611,690	35,720,668	31,973,312	3,747,356	7,891,022	6,437,504	(4)	203,948
Federal	5,369 943	3,006,469	3,006,469		2,363,474	1,839,690	(4)	161,084
State	17,209,411	12,275,536	12,275,536		4,933,875	4,115,238	(4)	41,967
Local (including ∾unty)	21,032,336	20,438,663	16,691,307	3,747,356	593,673	482,576	(4)	897
Student fees	1,381,431	<sup>5</sup> 69,423	<sup>5</sup> 69,423		1,312,008	1,205,008	(4)	(4)
Private gifts and grants		60,333	60,333		224,480	58,083	(4)	40,197
All other sources	3,965,290			[	3,965,290	944,522	1,438,255	14,552
Privately controlled	12,535,200	64,200,000	<sup>6</sup> 4,200,000	(7)	8,335,200	5,200,481	1,043,415	239,233
Government	1,971,570	4,200,000	4,200,000		1,971,570	1,595,468	(4)	120,102
Federal	1,852,617				1,852,617	1,508,551	(4)	108,966
State	96,627				96.627	65,832	(4)	10,895
Local (including county)			•••		22,326	21,085	(4)	241
Student fees	2,196,886				2,196,886	2,175,286	(4)	(4)
Private gifts and grants	1,278,165				1,278,165	493,950	(4)	62,815
All other sources	7,088,579	4,200,000	4,200,000	(7)	2,888,579	935,777	1,043,415	56,316

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Includes estimated income for "other" schools, such as residentiel schools for exceptional children, Federal schools for Indians, and Federal schools on Federal installations. Subcollegiate departments of institutions of higher education are included under higher education.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Includes subcollegiate departments of institutions of higher education. Excludes achools of nursing not affiliated with colleges and universities.

Includes estimates of revenue for plant expansion and nonexpendable funds. Excludes interfund transfers.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>Data not available.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup>Tuition and transportation fees from patrons.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup>Estimated on the basis of expenditure per teacher in public elementary and secondary schools.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup>Included in column 4.

SOURCES: U.S. Department of Health, Education, and Welfare, Office of Education, Statistics of State School Systems, 1967-68, and Financial Statistics of Institutions of Higher Education, 1967-68; U.S. Department of the Interior, Bureau of Indian Affairs; and unpublished data available in the Office of Education.

Table 22.—Estimated expenditures for education, by level of instruction and by type of control: United States, 1970-71 and 1971-721

## [In billions of dollars]

		1970-71		1971-72			
Level of instruction end type of control	Total	Current expenditures and interest <sup>2</sup>	Capital outlay	Total	Current expenditures and interest <sup>3</sup>	Capital outlay	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	
Total elementary, secondary, and higher education	\$77.6	\$67.4	\$10.2	\$85.1	\$74.3	\$10.8	
Public	62.7 14.9	54.3 13.1	8.4 1.8	68.9 16.2	60.0 14.3	8.9 1.9	
Elementery and secondary regular and other schools 3	49.6	43.9	5.7	54.1	48.0	6.1	
Public	44.6 5.0	39.5 4.4	5.1 .6	48.8 5.3	43.3 4.7	5.5 .6	
digher education <sup>4</sup>	28.0	23.5	4.5	31.0	26.3	4,7	
Public	18.1 9.9	14.8 8.7	3.3 1.2	20.1 10.9	16.7 9.6	3.4 1.3	

#### Expenditures for higher education only, by type of fund

	1970-71			1971-72			
Type of control and purpose of expenditures	Total	From current funds	From plent funds	Total	From current funds	From plant funds	
Higher education total	28.0	24.2	3.8	31.0	27.0	4.0	
Public	18.1	15.3	2.8	20.1	17.2	2.9	
Educational and general		11.9			13.5	•	
major public service programs	*****	3.4			3.7		
Nonpublic	9.9	8.9	1.0	10.9	9.8	1.1	
Educational and general ,		6.2			6.8		
Auxiliary enterprises, student eid, end major public service programs		2.7			3.0		

These estimates are based on data shown in the Office of Education publications, Statistics of State School Systems, Statistics of Higher Education, end Band Sales for Public School Purposes. Expenditures of public elementary end secondary schools for 1971-72 end ell institutions of higher education for 1970-71 and 1971-72 are derived from the increases expected from enrollment changes combined with the trend in current expenditures per student. Expenditures of public elementary and secondary schools for 1970-71 are based on estimates provided by State departments of education and the 1971-72 figures are projections of a 10-year trend. Capital outlay for all institutions of higher education is derived from the 1967-68 capital outlay per additional student applied to expected enrollment changes for 1970-71 and 1971-72 adjusted by application of a moving average. All estimates of expenditures for nonpublic and other elementary and secondary schools are based on the assumption that expenditures per teacher (including donated services) are the same as for the public schools. Some previous estimates of the cost of education in nonpublic schools were based on the assumption that per pupil costs in nonpublic schools were the same as for the public schools. Since the pupil-teacher ratio is higher in nonpublic than in public schools, the previous estimetes were higher than those shown here.

<sup>2</sup> includes estimates for interest as follows:

(In billions of dollars)

	Elementa	ary-secondary	Higher	education
	Public	Nonpublic	Public	Nonpublic
1970-71	\$1.3	\$0.1	\$0.2	\$0.1
1971-72	1.5	.1	.2	

Includes other elementary and secondary schools, such as residential schools for exceptional children, Federal schools for Indians, federally operated elementary and secondary schools on posts, and subcollegiate departments of colleges. Expenditures for these schools were estimated as follows:

[In billions of dollars]

	Total	Public	Nonpublic
1970-71	\$0.3	\$0.2	\$0.1
1071.72	3	2	1

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>Excludes an estimated expenditure of \$60 million by public and \$28 million by nonpublic subcollegiate departments of institutions of higher education. These emounts were included with other elementary and secondary school expenditures.

SOURCE: Estimated by the Office of Education.



Table 23.—Estimated expenditures of educational institutions, by source of funds: United States, 1965-66 to 1971-72

(Amounts in billions of dollars)

Source of funds, by level of institution	196	5 66	196	7-68	1969	9.70	1970	D-71	1971-72	
and type of control	Amount	Percent	Amount	Percent	Amount	Percent	Amount	Percent	Amount	Percen
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
Atl levels:										
Total public and nonpublic	\$45.5	100.0	\$57.5	100.0	\$70.2	100.0	\$77.6	100.0	\$85.1	100.0
Federal	5.1	11.2	6.8	11.8	7.4	10.5	8.6	11.1	9.5	11.2
State	13.1 15.0	28.8 33.0	16.8	29.2 32.4	20.9	29.8	23.2	29.9	25.3	29.7
All other	12.3	27.0	18.6 15.3	26.6	23.4 18.5	33.3 26.4	25.2 20.6	32.5 26.5	27.6 22.7	32.4 26.7
Total public	35.3	100.0	45.5	100.0	56.6	100.0	62.7	100.0	68.9	100.0
Federal	3.7	10.5	5.1	11.2	5.7	10.1	6.7	10.7	7.4	10.7
State	13.0	36.8	16.7	36.7	20.8	36.7	23.1	36.8	25.2	36.6
Local	15.0 3.6	42.5 10.2	18.6	40.9 11.2	23.3	41.2	25.1	40.0	27.5	39.9
Total nonpublic	10.2	100.0	5.1 12.0	100.0	6.8 13.6	100.0	7.8 14.9	100.0	8.8 16.2	100.0
Federal	1.4	13.7	1.7	14.2	1.7	12.5	1.9	12.7	2.1	·
State	.1	1.0	.1	.8	.1	12.5	.1	12.7	.1	13.0
Local	(1)	(2)	(')	(2)	1	.7	.1	.7	.1	.6
All other	8.7	85.3	10.2	85.0	11.7	86.1	12.8	85.9	13.9	85.8
Elementary and secondary schools; 3									•	
Total public and nonpublic	\$30.3	100.0	\$37.6	100.0	\$45.5	100.0	\$49.6	100.0	\$54.1	100.0
Federal	2.2 9.6	7.2 31.7	3.0 12.1	8.0 32.2	3.3 14.9	7.3 32.7	3.9 16.4	7.8 33.1	4.3	7.9 33.1
Local	14.6	48.2	18.0	47.9	22.5	49.5	24.2	48.8	17.9 26.5	49.0
All other	3.9	12.9	4.5	11.9	4.8	10.5	5.1	10.3	5.4	10.0
Total public	26.5	100.0	33.2	100.0	40.8	100.0	44.6	100.0	48.8	100.0
Federal	2.2	8.0	3.0	9.0	3.3	8.0	3.9	8.7	4.3	8.8
State	9.6	36.3	12.1	36.5	14.9	36.6	16.4	36.7	17.9	36.7
Local	14.6 .1	55.2 .5	18.0 .1	54.2 .3	22.5 .1	55.2 .2	24.2 .1	54.4 .2	26.5 .1	54.3 .2
Total nonpublic	3.8	100.0	4.4	100.0	4.7	100.0	5.0	100.0	5.3	100.0
Federal										
State										
Local	3.8	100.0	4.4	100.0	4.7	100.0	5.0	100.0	5.3	100.0
institutions of higher education:								,,,,,,		700.0
Total public and nonpublic	15.2	100.0	19.9	100.0	24.7	100.0	28.0	100.0	31.0	100.0
Federal	2.9	19.1	3.8	19.1	4.1				5.2	
State	3.5	23.0	4.7	23.6	4.1 6.0	16.6 24.3	4.7 6.8	16.8 24.3	5.2 7.4	16.8 23.9
Local	.4	2.6	.6	3.0	.9	3.6	1.0	3.6	1.1	3.5
All other	8.4	55.3	10.8	54.3	13.7	55.5	15.5	55.3	17.3	55.8
Total public	8.8	100.0	12.3	100.0	15.8	100.0	18.1	100.0	20.1	100.0
Federal	1.5	17.6	2.1	17.1	2.4	15.4	2.8	15.6	3.1	15.7
State	3.4 .4	38.4 4.1	4.6 .6	37.6 4.5	5.9 .8	37.4 4.8	6.7	36.8 4.8	7.3 1.0	36.2
All other	3.5	39.9	5.0	40.8	6.7	42.4	.9 7.7	42.8	8.7	4.9 43.2
Total nonpublic	6.4	100.0	7.6	100.0	8.9	100.0	9.9	100.0	10.9	100.0
Federal	1.4	22.1	1.7	22.6	1.7	19.4	1.9	19.6	2.1	19.7
State	.1	1.5	.1	1.2	.1	1.4	.1	1.4	-:i	1.3
Local	(¹) 4.9	.1	(')	.3	.1	.4	.1	.5	.1	.5
All other	4.9	76.3	5.8	75.9	7.0	78.8	7.8	78.5	8.6	78.5

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Less than \$50 million.

NOTE.—Explenations of deta are as follows:

# Data sources

Data are based on statistics shown in U.S. Department of Health, Education, and Welfare, Office of Education publications: Statistics of State School Systems, 1959-60, 1961-62, 1963-64, 1965-66, and 1967-68; Statistics of Public Schools, Fall 1964, 1965, 1966, 1967, 1968, 1969, 1970; Financial Statistics of Higher-Education, 1959-60, 1965-66, 1966-67, 1967-68, and 1968-69; Higher Education Finances: Selected Trend and Summary Data; and unpublished data in the Office of Education.

## Definitions

Total expenditures are defined as the expenditure of all money from both loans and grants and exclude only the funds used for reducing debt. Expenditures from Federal, State, and local sources are defined as institutional expenditures of all grants (but not loans) of funds received from those sources. Expenditures from all other sources include all funds received by the institutions that were not received as a grant from Federal, State, and local governments. Loans from envisource are included in this category. (It was estimated that in 1972 about \$80

million in Federal loans to institutions of higher education were included in the all other category shown here.)

Since the foregoing definitions are aimed at showing sources of funds through the eyes of educational institutions, the Federal figures shown in this table are different from the ones shown in the chapter on Federal funds for education. The three main reasons are as follows:

- (1) Different items are included. For example, the tables on Federal funds show grants and loans to individuals, which would show up in institutional accounts as a receipt from tuition or auxiliary services; or they may be spent for board and room outside the institution and not be a receipt of the institution from eny source.
- (2) The same items may be handled differently. For example, the tables on Federal funds show only basic research for institutions of higher education, while the institutions include some applied research grants from the Federal Government.
- (3) The tables on Federal funds frequently show obligated funds, while the institutional figures show expenditures.

## Method

The total expenditures shown here were estimated according to the method shown in footnote 1 of the preceding table. The breakdown by source of funds was estimated by first adjusting receipts to equate them with expenditures, and then assuming a continuation of the trend in the amount of receipts from each source. Equating receipts to expenditures was accomplished mainly by including loans and excluding the receipts that were used for reduction of debt.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Less than 0.05 percent.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> In addition to regular schools, these figures include other elementary and secondary schools, such as residential schools for exceptional children, Federal schools for Indians, federally operated elementary and secondary schools on posts, and subcollegiate departments of colleges. See footnote 3 of preceding table.

# Educational Expenditures Compared with GNP

Expenditures for public and nonpublic schools at all levels of education from kindergarten through the graduate school totaled approximately \$70 billion during the 1969-70 school year. Educational expenditures have risen rapidly in recent years, reflecting the growth of the school-age population as well as the increased efforts of the Nation to provide quality education for its young people. The annual expenditure is now eight times its 1949-50 total and nearly three times the outlay only 10 years ago. These comparisons do not allow for changes in the purchasing power of the dollar through the years.

The accompanying chart measures our efforts to support education since 1929-30 by comparing expenditures with the gross national product (GNP). The GNP, which is calculated by the Office of Business Economics, U.S. Department of Commerce, "represents the total national output of goods and services at market prices. It measures this output in terms of the expenditures by which the goods and services are acquired. The expendi-

tures comprise purchases of goods and services by consumers and government, gross private domestic investment, and net exports of goods and services." It thus constitutes a convenient yardstick by which to appraise the level of educational expenditures.

The percentage of the gross national product which went for education has varied widely over the past 40 years. Educational expenditures were relatively high in the mid-1930's, exceeding 4 percent of the GNP in 1933-34. They then declined to a low point of 1,8 percent during the war year of 1943-44. Except for a brief period during the Korean conflict when the annual investment in education tended to stabilize, there has been a steady increase in the proportion of the GNP spent for education ever since the end of World War II. Expenditures in 1969-70 were at an all-time high both in terms of actual dollars and as a percentage of the gross national product (7.6 percent).

-W. VANCE GRANT, Specialist in educational statistics

Figure 5.—Total expenditures for education as a percentage of gross national product: United States, 1929-30 to 1969-70

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Health, Education, and Welfare, Office of Education, Digest of Educational Statistics, table 25.



## Table 24.—Expenditures for education, including capital outlay, by level of instruction and by type of control: United States, 1967-68

# [in thousands of dollars]

Expenditures, by level of instruction	Total	Publicly controlled	Privately controlled
1	2	3	4
All levals (elementary, secondary, higher) 1,,	<b>\$</b> 67,477,243	\$45,454,599	\$12,022,844
Current expenditures (including interest)	49,161,350	38,903,821	10,257,529
expansion	8,315,893	6,550,778	1,765,115
Etemenus y and secondary schools <sup>2</sup>	37,271,608	32,963,724	<sup>3</sup> 4,287,684
Current expenditures (including interest)	32,462,564 4,809,044	28,727,933 <sup>4</sup> 4,255,791	<sup>3</sup> 3,734,631 <sup>3</sup> 553,253
Kindergarten through grade $8^5$ Grades 9-12 and postgraduate $^5$	23,578,691 13,692,917	20,866,098 12,117,626	2,712,593 1,575,291
Other elementary and secondary schools <sup>1</sup>	300,000	200,000	100,000
Higher education (excluding subcollegiate departments) <sup>6</sup>	19,905,635	12,270,875	7,634,760
Current expenditures	16,398,786 13,108,420 2,577,941	9,975,888 8,137,659 1,511,314	6,422,898 4,970,761 1,066,627
Student-aid expenditures Expenditures from plant funds 7	712,425 3,506,849	326,915 2,294,987	385,510 1,211,862

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Includes an estimate for "other" elementary and secondary schools such as residential schools for exceptional children, Federal schools for Indians, fedarally operated elementary and secondary schools on posts, and subcollegiata departments of institutions of higher education.

Excludes expenditures for the "other" schools described in footnote 1.

SOURCES: U.S. Department of Health, Education, and Welfare, Office of Education, Statistics of State School Systems, 1967-68; Financial Statistics of Institutions of Higher Education, 1967-68; unpublished data evailable in the Office of Education; and U.S. Department of the Interior, Bureau of Indian Affairs.

#### Table 25.—Gross national product ralated to total expenditures for education: United States, 1929-30 to 1970-71

	Gross		Expenditures	for education
Calendar year	national product (in millions)	School '	Total (in thousands)	As a percent of gross national product
1	2	3	4	5
1929	\$103,095	1929-30	\$3,233,601	3.1
1931	75,820	1931-32	2,966,464	3.9
1933	55,601	1933-34	2,294,896	4.1
1935	72,247	1935-36	2,649,914	3.7
1937	90,446	1937-38	3,014,074	3.3
1939	90,494	1939-40	3,199,593	3.5
1941	124,540	1941-42	3,203,548	2.6
1943	191,592	1943-44	3,522,007	1.8
1945	212,010	1945-46	4,167,597	2.0
1947	231,323	1947-48	6,574,379	2.8
1949	256,484	1949-50	8,795,635	3.4
1951	328,404	1951-52	11,312,446	3.4
1953	364,593	1953-54	13,949,876	3.8
1955	397,960	1955-56	16,811,651	4.2
1957	441,134	1957-58	21,119,565	4.8
1959	483,650	1959-60	24,722,464	5.1
1961	520,109	1961-62	29,366,305	5.6
1963	590,503	1963-64	38,010,210	6.1
1965	684,884	1965-66	45,397,713	6.6
1967	793,927	1967-68	57,477,243	7.2
1969	929,095	1969-70	<sup>2</sup> 70,200,000	7.6
1970	974,126	1970-71	<sup>3</sup> 77,600,000	8.0

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Includes expenditures of public and nonpublic schools at all lavels of education (elementary, secondary, and higher education).

NOTE: Beginning with 1959-60 school year, includes Alaska and Haweii.

SOURCES: U.S. Department of Health, Education, and Welfare, Office of Education, Bianniel Survey of Education in the United States: Statistics of State School Systems; Financial Statistics of Institutions of Higher Education; and unpublished data. U.S. Oepartment of Commerce, Office of Business Economics, Survey of Current Business, August 1965, July 1970, and July 1971.





1.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>Estimated on the basis of expenditure per teacher in public elementary and secondary schools,

Includes capital outlay of \$169,146,168 by State and local schoolhousing

authorities.

Solistribution between grade-groups (kindergarten-grade 8, grades 9-12 and postgraduate) estimated on the assumption that the cost per pupil in grades 9-12 is 50 percent higher than in grades K-8.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup>Excludes schools of nursing not affiliated with colleges and universities.

Excludes an estimated \$668 million expended for plant expansion directly from current funds (\$437 million by publicly controlled and \$231 million by privately controlled institutions of higher education).

Table 26.-Direct expenditures of State and local governments for all functions and for education, by per capita amount and percent of per capita income: 1968-69

State	0	Direct general expenditures, 1968-69					
	Per capita personal	All fur	ctions	Education			
State	income,	Amount	Percent	Amount	Percent		
	1968	per	of per	per	of per		
		capita	capita income <sup>1</sup>	capita	capita income <sup>1</sup>		
<del></del>	2	3	4	5	6		
United States	\$3,434	\$577.94	16.63	\$233.77	6.81		
Alabama	2,417	444.69	18.40	178.69	7.39		
Alaska	3,925	1,215.97	30.98	390.10	9.94		
Arizona	2,999	576.31	19.22	285.66	9.53		
Arkansas	2,413	443.21	18.37	157.19	6.51		
California	3,965	776.68	19.59	275.95	6.96		
Colorado	3,233	605.53	18.73	283.13	8.76		
Connecticut ,	4,299	588.15	13.66	221.25	5.15		
Delaware	3,835	706.04	18.41	297.65	7.76		
District of Columbia	4,530	831.85	18.36	223.61	4.94		
Florida	3,081	484.71	15.73	214.59	6.96		
Georgie,	2,852	475.26	16.66	200.46	7.03		
Hawaii	3,769	796.78	21.14	264.77	7.02		
Idaho	2,714	495.72	18.27	194.76	7.18		
Illinois	3,976	557.03	14.01	223.28	5.62		
Indiane,	3,396	483.90	14.25	246.97	7.27		
lowa	3,255	594.79	18.27	272.64	8.38		
Kanses	3,394	506.71	14.93	231.56	6.82		
Kentucky	2,654	500.88	18.87	200.66	7.56		
Louisiana	2,722	JZC.45	19.41	198.19	7.28 6.93		
Maine	2,784	478.64	17.19	190.09	] -		
Maryland	3,682	613.37	16.66	255.91	6.95		
Massachusetts	3,763	636.49	16.91	189.50	5.04 7.89		
Michigan	3,705 3,310	614.63 639.95	16.59 19.33	292.22 287.85	8.70		
Minnesota	2,195	435.86	19.86	173,13	7.89		
Missouri	3,294	487.55	14.80	208.28	6.32		
Montana	2,889	580.42	20.09	237.47	8.22		
Nebraska	3,169	530.29	16.73	243.55	7.69		
Nevada	3,843	768.74	20.00	255.14	6.64		
New Hampshire	3,244	485.35	14.96	200.66	6.19		
New Jersey	4,005	529.07	13.21	211.39	5.28		
New Mexico	2,666	608.21	22.81	294.97	11.06		
New York	4,172	816.22	19.56	276.76	6.63		
North Carolina	2,725	389.96	14.31	182.29	6,69		
North Dakota	2,670	625.07	23.41	261.91	9.81		
Ohio	3,512	474.12	13.50	200.18	5.70		
Oklahoma	2,877	512.51	17.81	204.19	7.10		
Oregon	3,325	625.30	18.81	294.69	8.86		
Penns, Ivania	3,396	511.09	15.05	212.44	6.26		
Rhode Island	3,556	595.77	16.75	211.11	5.94		
South Carolina	2,494 2,803	380.07 600.55	15.24 21.43	178.63 279.12	7.16 9.96		
South Dakote	2,634	432.76	16.43	174.90	6.64		
Texas	3,073	441.58	14.37	202.71	6.60		
Utah	2,799	585.71	20.93	311.76	11.14		
Vermont	3,046	636.75	20.90	250.74	8.23		
Virginie	3,105	455.44	14.67	203.00	6.54		
Washington	3.703	649.10	17.53	295.18	7.97		
West Virginie	2,511	464.65	18.50	195.30	7.78		
Wisconsin	3,270	650.68	19.90	290.76	8.89		
Wyoming	3,081	948.49	30.79	335.80	10.90		

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Percentages were computed by the Office of Education.

SOURCES: U.S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics, Survey of Current Business, April 1971; and Bureau of the Census, Governmental Finances in 1968-69, Series GF69, No. 5.



# Chapter II

### Elementary and Secondary Education

The United States has gone a long way toward providing universal elementary and secondary education for its citizens. While regulations differ somewhat from one jurisdiction to another, it may be said in general that free public education is available to all and that school attendance is compulsory between the ages of 7 and 16. A school dropout before the age of 16 is becoming a rarity in this country, and the great majority of young people graduate from high school.

Elementary and secondary education is offered by some 66,800 public elementary schools, 26,300 public secondary schools, 14,400 nonpublic elementary schools, and 4,200 nonpublic secondary schools. The largest segment of the school population is found in public schools. Pupils in the regular public school system account for about 80 percent of the total enrollment in kindergarten through grade 8, and for 90 percent of the total in grades 9 through 12. Enrollment in nonpublic schools, which grew at a rapid pace in the 1950's and early 1960's, has tended to stabilize and even to decline somewhat in recent years. Today about 1 pupil in 9 is enrolled in a nonpublic (church-related or nonsectarian) school.

The Office of Education obtains statistics each fall from the State departments of education on the pupils, teachers, instruction rooms, and estimated expenditures of public elementary and secondary day schools. These data are usually available within about 4 months after the opening of the school year. More comprehensive statistics on the organization, staff, pupils, and finances of public schools are collected biennially from the same sources. The data from the two surveys are published in Fall Statistics of Public Elementary and Secondary Day Schools and Statistics of State School Systems, respectively. In these two

publications emphasis is placed upon State and national totals. To secure data on pupils, staff, and finances at the local level, the Office of Education conducts a survey of Statistics of Local Public School Systems. The local school study is published annually in two parts.

In recent years the Office of Education has expanded its coverage of nonpublic schools with the publication of Statistics of Nonpublic Elementary and Secondary Schools. Valuable information on these schools has also been made available by the State education agencies, the National Catholic Educational Association, and the Bureau of the Census.

Since much of the instruction in vocational education takes place at the secondary school level, statistics on enrollment in and expenditures for vocational education are also included in this chapter. More detailed information in this area is contained in the annual reports on Vocational and Technical Education issued by the Office of Education.

Other recurring reports of the Office of Education which have appeared at less frequent intervals are the studies of public secondary day schools, offerings and enrollments in high school subjects, and special education for exceptional children. The most recent statistics from each of these surveys, supplemented by estimates where appropriate, are summarized in the tables which follow.

In general, the statistics in this chapter relate to 48 States and the District of Columbia through the school year 1957-58. Data for 1958-59 include Alaska, and those for 1959-60 and subsequent years include both Alaska and Hawaii. Any deviation from this rule is clearly indicated in the tabular presentation.



Table 27.—Enrollment in full-time public elementary and secondary day schools, by leval and by Stata: Fall 1970 and fall 1971

		Fall 1970			Fall 1971'	
State	Total	Elementary	Secondary	Total	Elementary	Secondary
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
United States	45,903,371	27,498,784	18,406,617	45,939,000	27,098,000	18,841,00
Alabama <sup>3</sup>	805,205	426,209	378,996	806,000	420,000	388,00
Alaska	79,845	51,681	27,964	80,000	51,000	29,00
Arizona	439.524	304,585	134,939	438,000	300,000	138,00
Arkansas	463,320	252,046	211,274	484,000	248,000	216.00
Cafifornia	4,633,198	2,864,287	1,768,911	4,634,000	2,822,000	1,812,00
Colorado	550.080	307,292	242,768	551,000	303,000	248,00
Connecticut	662,205	454,130	208,075	661,000	448,000	213,00
Delaware <sup>2</sup>	132,745	73,590	69,155	134,000	73,000	61,00
District of Columbia <sup>2</sup>	145,704 1,427,896	90,433 781,703	55,271 846,193	146,000 1,431,000	89,000 770,000	57,00 661,00
					}	}
Georgia*	1,098,901	705,347	393,554	1,098,000	695,000	403.00 80,00
Hawait <sup>3</sup>	180,641	102,251	78,390	181,000	101,000	
daho³	182,333	92,841	89,492	183,000	91,000	92,00
Illinois	2,356,636	1,499,554	857,062	2,355,000	1,478,000 738,000	877,00 494,00
Indiana	1,231,458	749,063	462,395	1,232,000	738,000	494,00
owa	660,104	373,701	286,403	661,000	368,000	293,00
Canses <sup>4</sup>	512,308	356,992	155,316	511,000	352,000	159,00
Kentucky	717,205	455,979	261,226	716,000	449,000	267.00
Louisiana	842,365	508,881	333,484	843,000	502,000	341.00
Maine <sup>4</sup>	244,670	176,804	67,966	243,000	174,000	69,00
Maryland <sup>2</sup>	916,244	523,725	392,519	918,000	516,000	402,00
Massachusetts <sup>3</sup>	1,167,713	849,517	518,196	1,170,000	640,000	530,00
Michigan <sup>2</sup>	2,180,699	1,227,734	952,965	2,185,000	1,210,000	975,00
Minnesota,,,	920,839	489,232	431,607	924,000	482,000	442,00
Mississippi	534,395	312,093	222,302	536,000	308,000	228,00
Missouri	1,039,477	684,486	354,991	1,038,000	675,000	363,00
Montana	176,712	107,336	69,376	177,000	106,000	71,00
Nebraska	329,110	167,150	141,960	329,000	184,000	145,00
Nevada	127,550	74,116	53,434	126,000	73,000	55,00
New Hampshire	158,758	94,624	64,132	159,000	93,000	66,00
New Jersey	1,482,000	978,120	503,880	1,480,000	964,000	516,00
New Mexico	281,372	152,947	128,425	282,000	151,000	131,00
New York <sup>1</sup>	3,477,016	1,922,161	1,554,855	3,486,000	1,893,000	1,593,00
North Carolina4	1,192,187	835,739	356,448	1,189,000	824,000	365,00
North Dakota	147.013	91,275	55,738	147,000	90,000	57,00
Ohio <sup>4</sup>	2,425,643	1,698,298	727,345	2,418,000	1,673,000	745,00
Dklahoma	626,958	350,004	276,952	628,000	345,000	283,00
Dregon	479,527	280,636	198,891	481,000	277,000	204,00
Pennsylvania	2,358,100	1,260,000	1,098,100	2,366,000	1,242,000	1,124,00
Rhode Island	188,090	111,157	76,933	189,000	110,000	79,00
South Carolina	637,800	393,319	244,481	638,000	388,000	250,00
South Dakota	166,305	87,852	78,453	167,000	87,000	80,00
Tennessee , . ,	899,893	571,224	328,669	899,000	563,000	336,00
Texas <sup>1</sup>	2,839,900	1,577,800	1,262,100	2,847.000	1,555,000	1,292,00
Uteh	304,002	165,492	138,510	305,000	163,000	142,00
Vermont	103,130	63,708	39,422	103,000	63,000	40,00
Virginia <sup>3</sup>	1,078,754	682,644	396,110	1,078,000	673,000	405,00
Washington <sup>3</sup>	817,712	442,618	375,094	820,000	436,000	384,00
West Virginia	399,531	221,780	177,751	401,000	219,000	182,00
Wisconsin	993,736	585,889	407,847 40,377	994,000 87,000	577,000 46,000	417,00
Nyoming <sup>3</sup>	86,886 734,013	46,509 464,966	269,027	735.000	459,000	41,00 276,00
Outlying areas		† ———	i		T	i -
American Samoa	9,000	17,000	12,000	9,000	7,000	2,00
Canal Zone <sup>1</sup>	13,479 24,757	7,846	5,633 8,755	14,000 25,000	8,000 16,000	6,00 9,00
Guam³	686,777	16,002 434,138	252,639	687,000	428,000	259,00
PURTO DICO"	000,///	4.34,130	202,003	1 007,000	720,000	209,00

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Estimated.



 $<sup>^3</sup>$  Data for elementary and secondary are reported by specific grade group: K to 6 for elementary and 7-12 for secondary.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Data for elementary and secondary are reported by specific grade group: K to 7 for elementary and 8-12 for secondary.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Date for elementary and secondary are reported by specific grade group: K to 8 for elementary and 9-12 for secondary.

SDURCE: U.S. Department of Health, Education, and Welfare, Office of Education, Fall 1970 Statistics of Public Schools; and Office of Education estimates.

Table 28. - Enrollment by grade<sup>1</sup> in full-time public elementary and secondary day schools: United States, 1959-60 to 1970-71

					_			_	_			
Grade	1959 60	1960-611	1961 62	1962-631	1963-641	1964-651	1965 66	1966 671	1907 681	1968 691	1969 701	1970711
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
						Number, ir	n thousand:					•
All grades , , . , , , , . , .	36,087	37,260	38,253	39,746	41,025	42,280	42,835	43,898	44,742	45,643	46,531	46,822
Kindergarten-grade 8	27,602	28,439	28,696	29,374	29,915	30,662	31,177	31,766	32,254	32,871	33,249	33.225
Kindergarten	1,923	2,000	2,065	2,162	2,177	2,250	2,328	2,411	2,479	2,577	2,653	2,608
1st grade	*(3,733)	3,822	3,857	3,928	4,023	4,014	4,097	4,092	4,116	4,082	4,026	3,982
2d grade	3,436	1(3,502)	3,568	3,630	3,705	3,800	3,766	3,828	3,848	3,918	3,876	3,815
3d grade	3,302	3,405	4 (3,428)	3,518	3,560	3,662	3,741	3,743	3,786	3,844	3,883	3.830
4th grade	3,146	3,278	3,343	1(3,391)	3,467	3,523	3,609	3,706	3,705	3 777	3.820	3,842
5th grade	3,118	3,131	3.218	3,332	* (3.366)	3,465	3,504	3,581	3.687	3,716	3,777	3,798
6th grade	3.070	3.095	3,065	3,190	3.299	4 (3,362)	3.433	3.492	3.572	3,701	3,721	3.760
7th grade	3,173	3,123	3,122	3,140	3,241	3.363	*(3,406)	3,528	3,580	3.696	3.825	3.828
8th grade	2,701	3,083	3,021	3,083	3,077	3,212	3,293	(3,385)	3,481	3,560	3,668	3,762
Grades 9-12 and postgreduate .	8,485	8,821	9,566	10,372	11,110	11,628	11,658	12,137	12,488	12,972	13,282	13.597
9th grade	2,412	2,750	3,156	3,172	3,190	3,198	3,307	3,412	(3,520)	3.647	3,708	3.810
10th grade	2,258	2,252	2,595	2,981	3.006	3,085	3,057	3,173	3,344	(3,441)	3,541	3,603
11th grede	2,063	1,997	2,018	2,348	2,747	2,778	2,778	2.899	2.990	3,106	1(3,171)	3,263
12th grade	1,747	1.820	1,791	1,966	2,160	2,770	2,511	2,641	2.618	2,760	2,841	* (2,893)
Postgraduate	1,747	1,020	7	1,555	2,100	2,500	5	7	16	18	2,041	12,0937
						Per	cent					
All grades	100.0	100,0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Kindergarten-grade 8	76.5	76.3	75.0	73.9	72.9	72.5	72.8	72.4	72.1	71.7	71.5	71.0
Mindaments.				E 4			5.4	5.5		'''		
Kindergerten	5.3	5.3	5.4	5.4	5.3	5.3			5.5	56	5.7	5.6
1st grade	10.3	10.3	10.1	9.9	9.8	9.5	9.6	9.4	9.2	8.9	8.7	8.5
2d grade	9.5	7.4	9.3	9.1	9.0	9.0	8.8	8.7	8.6	8.5	8.4	8.2
3d grade	9.2	9.1	9.0	8.9	8.7	8.7	8.7	8.5	8.5	8.4	8.3	8.2
4th grade	8.7	8.8	8.7	8.5	8.5	8.3	8.4	8.4	8.3	8.2	8.2	8.2
5th grade	8.6	8.4	8.4	8.4	8.2	8.2	8.2	8.2	8.2	8.1	8.1	8.1
6th grade	8.5	8.3	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.1	8.0	8.0
7th grade	8.8	8.4	8.2	7.9	7.9	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.1	8.2	8.2
8th grade	7.5	8.3	7.9	7.8	7.5	7.6	7.7	7.7	7.8	7.8	7.9	8.0
•					1	27.5	27.2	27.6	9	28.3	28.5	29.0
Grades 9-12 and postgraduate .	23.5	23.7	25.0	26.1	27.1		- 1			1	1	
Grades 9-12 and postgraduate	23.5 6.7	23.7 7.4	25.0 8.2	26.1 8.0	7.8	7.6	7.7	7.8	7.8	8.0	8.0	8.1
,							7.7	7.8		8.0 7.5	8.0 7.6	8.1 7.7
9th grade ,	6.7	7.4	8.2	8.0	7.8	7.6			7.8			
9th grade	6.7 6.3	7.4 6.0	8.2 6.8	8.0 7.5	7.8 7.3	7.6 7.3	7.1	7.2	7.8 7.5	7.5	7.6	7.7

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Enrollment in ungraded and special classes is not shown separately but is provisted among the grades.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Data derived from special studies or estimates.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Estimated from fall data.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Figures in parantheses, shown in normal progression, indicate enrollments in successive grades of the pupils who entered the first grade in 1959-60 including retarded and accelerated pupils. Because of rutardation, school retention rates should not be calculated directly from first grade enrollment.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Less than 0.05 percent.

NOTE.-Because of rounding, detail may not add to totals.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Health, Education, and Welfare, Office of Education, Statistics of State School Systems, 1967-68, and Office of Education estimates.

Table 29.-Euroliment, attendence, and length of school term in public elementary and secondary day schools, by Stata: 1967-68

State	Enrollment 1	Average daily membership	Average daily attendance	Average daily attendance as percent of enrollment	Average daily ettendance as percent of everage daily membership	Average length of term in days	Average number of days attended per pupil enrolled
1	,	3	4	5	6	7	8
United States . ,	44,742,341	<sup>2</sup> 43,269,300	44,827,965	91.3	<sup>2</sup> 94.4	178.8	163.2
Alebame	860,295	827,939	787,714	91.6	95.1	175.4	160.6
Aleske	67.203	86.716	63,923	95 1	95.8	176.6	168.5
Arizona	424,998	380.379	366,415	86.2	96.3	175.0	150.9
Arkenses	454 974	433,972	412,782	90.7	95.1	175.4	159 1
California	4,466,266	4,533,000	4,454,359	199.7	98.3	178.0	177.5
Colorado	536,073	507,048	478,168	89.2	94.3	179.6	160.2
Connecticut	628,252	621,563	576,170	917	92.7	180 0	165.1
Delaware	121,153	116,423	109,727	90.6	94.2	1800	163.2
District of Columbia	3 1 158,444	146,143	132 470	83 6	90.6	176.8	148.2
Florida	1.393,753	1,298,025	1,214,957	87.3	93.8	180.0	157.1
Georgie	1,121,998	1,076,936	998,781	89.0	92.7	180.0	160.2
Hawaii	<sup>3</sup> 169,430	169,162	158,111	93.3	93.5	177.4	166.0
Idaho	184,458		168,255	91.2		181.0	165.5
	32.215,328	2,133,258	2,015,683	91.0	94 7	177.0	161.0
Indiena	31,181,440	1,166,770	1.058,909	89.7	J0.8	6177.0	158.7
lowa ,	677,623	643,534	617,833	91.2	96.0	179.6	163.7
Kensas	554,488		474,352	85 5		178.6	152.9
Kentucky	701,613	674.964	635,403	90 6	94.1	173.6	157.1
Louisiene	863,038	831,751	773,942	89.7	93.0	178.0	159.7
Maine	230,392	227,323	215,363	93.5	94.7	181.2	169.6
Maryland	856,518	824,371	749,016	87.4	90.9	183.3	160.2
Massachusetts	1,092,951	1,074,655	988,683	90.5	92.0	181.0	163.7
Michig≠n	32,079,704	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	1,913,328	92.0		180.0	165.6
Minorsota	886,171	861,409	800,267	90.3	92.9	177.8	160.6
MrsissiPpi	599,891	576.065	539,615	90.0	93.7	177.0	159.1
Missouri	1,031,010	••.	871,444	84,5	• • •	6177.5	150.0
Montana	177,848	173,297	160,659	90.3	92.7	180.7	163.1
Nebraska	336,034	323,422	311,378	92.7	96.3	178.7	165.5
Nevada	125,040	111,117	104,422	83.5	94.0	179.6	150.1
New Hamushire	143,342	135,641	127,922	89.2	94.3	179.9	160.9
New Jersny	<sup>7</sup> 1,452,457	<sup>7</sup> 1,370,829	<sup>7</sup> 1,266,524	87.2	92.4	<sup>6</sup> 181.1	157.9
New Mexico	284,928	267,229	252,759	88.7	94.6	180.0	159.6
New York	33,325,477	3,287,239	3,019,295	90.8	91.8	8 180.0	163.5
North Carolina	<sup>3</sup> 1,193,267	• • • •	1,115,298	93.5		6180.0	168.2
North Dakota	153,513	146,588	141,787	92.4	96.7	181.0	166.6
	<sup>3</sup> 2,358,900	2,352,148	2,207,276	93.6	94.4	179.8	168.3
Oklahoma	619,740	580,137	559,350	90.3	96.4	176.0	158.8
Oregon	433,006	452,294	425,047	88.0	94.0	178.2	156.8
Pennsylvania	2,310,486	2,260,032	2,125,071	92.0	94.0	181.6	167.1
F.hode Island	173,976	165,472	148,019	85.1	89.5	180.0	153,1
South Carolina	<sup>3</sup> 665,983	642,134	604,928	90.8	94.2	180.0	163.5
South Dakota	175,654	158,781	160,219	91.2	96.1	178.5	162.5
Tennessee	906,937	870,747	830,568	91.6	95.4	176.0	161.1
Texas	32,615,623	2,495,203	2,340,637	89.5	93.8	175.0	156.6
Utah	305,679	294,873	282,215	92.3	95.7	180.2	166.2
Vermont	92,528	888,00	85,461	92.4	94.0	171.8	157.9
Virginia	1,053,358	1,009,058	949,854	90.2	94.1	180.7	163.0
Washington	<sup>3</sup> 781,870 426,333	410,145	736,554 388,385	94.2 91.1	94.7	180.0 181.1	169.5 165.1
Wisconsin	936,335	869,418	826,305	88.2	95.0	180.0	158.9
Wyoming	86,663	84,141	80,382	92.7	95.5	180.0	166.3
Outlying areas:							
Canal Zone	15,471	14,078	13,545	87.6	96.2	187.0	168.9
Guam	20,920	19,115	17,833	85	93.3	176.9	150.2
Puerto Rico	670,187	639,764	604,206	90.2	94.4	182.7	164.7
Virgin tslands?	11,497	11,451	10,468	91.0	91.4		

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Enrollment figures for a given State include pupils who enrolled for the first time in the United States during the school year and pupils who were previously enrolled in another State.

<sup>2</sup> Includes estimate for the nonreporting States.



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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>Enrollment not cumulative but as of a specific date.

Since attendance figures in California include excused absences and enrollment is not cumulative, the ratios of attendance to enrollment and attendance to membership are not strictly comparable with those of other States.

<sup>5</sup> Includes enrollment for the Americanization School (adult education).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup>Data for the 1965-66 school year.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup>Data from annual State report. Legal minimum for this State.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Health, Education, and Welfare, Office of Education, Statistics of State School Systems, 1967-68.

Table 30.-Age ranges for compulsory and permissive school attendance, by State: 1965

	Compulsory	Permissive attendar	nce <sup>1</sup>		Compulsory	Parmissive attendan	ice <sup>1</sup>
State	attendance ege range	Minimum	Maximum <sup>3</sup>	State	attendence age range <sup>2</sup>	Minimum	Maximum <sup>3</sup>
1	2	3	4	1	2	3	4
Alabame	7-16	6 by Oct. 1)	(4)	Montana	7.16	6	21
Aleska	7-16	6 (by Nov. 2)	(4)	Nebraska	7.16	В (by Oct. 15)	21
Arizona	8-16	6 (by Jan. 1	21	Nevade	7.17	6 (by Dec. 31)	(4)
Arkenses	7-16	6 (by Oct. 1)	21	New Hampshire	6-16	(4)	(4)
California	8-16	5% (by Sept. 1)	(4)				
	""	on the septiment	''	New Jersey	6-16	5	20
Coic-ado	7-16	6	21	New Mexico	6.17	(4)	(4)
Connecticut	7-16	6	(4)	New York	7-16	5 (by Dec. 1)	21
Delaware	7.16	6	21	North Caroline	7.16	6 (by Oct. 1)	21
District of Columbia	7-16	6 (by Nov. 1)	(4)	North Carolina	7.16	6 (by Oct. 31)	21
Florida	7-16	5%	(4)	North Dakota	, ,,	0 107 001. 017 1111111	
rionda	/-10	5/4	( ''	Ohio	6-18	6	21
General	7.16	6	19	Oklahome	7-10	6 (by Nov. 1)	21
Georgia	6.16	6 (by Dec. 31)	(4)	Oregon	7.18	6 (by Nov. 15)	21
	7.16		21	Pennsylvania	8-17	6 (by Feb. 1)	21
Ideho		6 (by Oct. 16)			7.16		(4)
Illinois	7-16	6 (by Dac. 1)	21	Rhode Island	/.10	(4)	1 1
Indiena	7-16	(4)	(4)	ا مینم ا			٠.,
				South Carolina		6	21
lows	7-16	6 (by Sept. 15)	21	South Dakota	7-16	6 (by Nov. 1)	21
Kansas	7-16	6 (by Sept. 1)	(4)	Tennessea	7-17	6 (by Dec. 31)	(4)
Kantucky	7-16	6 (by Dec. 31)	21	Taxas	7.17	6 (by beginning of school	21
Louisiana	7-16	6 (within 4 months of	(4)	l		year).	
		beginning of term).		Utah	6.18	6	18
Maine	7-17	6 (by Oct. 15)	21		!	<u> </u>	
•	Į.	Į.	1	Varmont	7-16	6 (by Jen. 1)	18
Maryland	7-16	6	21	Virginia	67.16	77	20
Massachusetts	7-16	(4)	(4)	Washington	8.16	6	21
Michigen	6-16	5 (by 1st day of school	(4)	West Virginia	7.16	6 (by Nov. 1)	21
-		year).		Wisconsin	7-16	6 (by Dec. 1)	20
Minnesota	7.16	5 year).	21	Wyoming	7.17	6 (by Sept. 15)	21
A' asissippi		6 (by Jan. 1)	(4)	1			
* *	1		į	Outlying area:		[*	
Missouri	7-16	6 (by Oct. 1)	20	Puerto Rico	8-16	5	18

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>The age span for permissive school attendance refers in most cases to the age range within which persons are entitled to free public education in the elementary and secondary grades. Separate provisions which apply to persons of kindergarten, nursery school, or junior college age are not included in this tabulation.

Table 31.—Enrollment in grades 9-12 in public and nonpublic schools compared with population 14-17 years of age: United States, 1889-90 to fall 1970

School		Enrollment, grades 9-12 and postgraduate  All Public Nonpublic			Total number Population enrolled			ment, grades 9- postgraduate	12 and	Population	Total number enrolled
year	All schools	Public schools	Nonpublic schools	14-17 years of age <sup>2</sup>	per 100 persons 14-17 years of age	Year	All schools	Public schools	Nonpublic schools		per 100 persons 14-17 years of age
1	2	3	4	5	6	1	2	3	4	5	6
1889-90 1899-1900 1909-10 1919-20 1929-30 1939-40 1941-42 1943-44 1945-48	359,949 699,403 1,115,398 2,500,176 4,804,255 7,123,009 6,933,265 6,030,617 6,237,133 6,305,168	3202,963 3519,251 3915,061 32,200,389 34,399,422 6,635,337 6,420,544 5,584,656 5,664,528 5,675,937	<sup>3</sup> 94,931 <sup>3</sup> 110,797 <sup>3</sup> 117,400 <sup>3</sup> 213,920 <sup>3</sup> 4341,158 487,672 512,721 445,961 572,605 629,231	5,354,653 6,152,231 7,220,298 7,735,841 9,341,221 9,720,419 59,749,000 59,056,000 58,841,000	6.7 11.4 15.4 32.3 51.4 73.3 71.1 63.8 68.9 71.3	1949-50 1951-52 1953-54 1955-56 1957-58 1959-60 1961-62 Fall 1963 Fall 1965 Fall 1969	6,453,009 6,596,351 7,108,973 7,774,975 8,869,186 9,599,810 10,768,972 12,255,498 13,020,823 14,518,301 14,840,000	5,757,810 5,917,384 6,330,565 6,917,790 7,905,469 8,531,454 9,616,755 10,935,536 11,657,808 13,084,301 13,400,000	695,199 678,967 778,408 857,185 963,717 1,068,356 1,152,217 1,319,960 1,363,015 1,434,000	8,404,768 58,516,000 58,861,000 59,207,000 510,139,000 11,154,879 512,006,000 513,499,000 515,460,000 515,460,000	80.2 84.4 87.5 86.1 89.7 90.8 92.3 93.9

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Unless otherwise indicated, includes enrollment in subcollegiate departments of institutions of higher education and in residential schools for exceptional chil-dren. Reginning in 1949-50, also includes Federal schools.

NOTE: Beginning in 1959-60, includes Alaske and Hawaii.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Health, Education, and Welfare, Office of Education, Biennial Survey of Education in the United States, chapters on Statistical Summury of Education; and unpoblished data evaluable in the Office of Education. Education.

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Many States have special provisions for children who have completed a certain level of education (usually the 8th grade or higher) and who are employed.

Some States have special provisions for veterans and disabled persons. Also, the statutes in a few States provide that no person shall be deprived of educational upportunities by reason of age.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>Not specified in the statutes.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup>A school board may exclude children under 6.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> If law is adopted locally.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup>A school board may admit children who have reached their 6th birthday on or before Sept. 30.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Health, Education, and Welfare, Office of Education, State Law on Compulsory Attendance.

Includes all persons residing in the United States, but excludes Armed Forces oversess. Oats shown are actual figures from the decennial censuses of population unless otherwise indicated,

Sexcludes enrollment in subcollegiate departments of institutions of higher education and in residential schools for exceptional children.

Data for 1927-28.

SEstimated by the Suraeu of the Cansus as of July 1 preceding the opening of the school year.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup>Preliminary data.

Table 32.—Historical summary of public elementary and secondary school statistics: United States, 1869-70 to 1967-68

Item	1869.70	1879-80	1889-90	1899-1900	1909-10	1919-20
1	2	3	4	Б	6	7
Population, pupils, and Instructional staff	-	† <del></del>				<del></del>
Total population (thousands) Population aged 5-17 years, inclusive (thousands) Percent of total population aged 5-17	39,818 12,055 30.3	50,156 15,066 30.0	62,948 18,543 29.5	75,995 21,573 28.4	90,492 24,009 26.5	104,512 27,556 26.4
Total annullment in elementary and secondary day schools (thousands)	6,872	9,867	12,723	15,503	17,814	21,57
Nursery, kindergerten, and gredes 1-8 (thousands)	6,79.2 280	9,757 110	12,520 203	14,984 519	16,899 915	19,37 2,20
Percent of total population enrolled Percent of population 5-17 years anrolled Percent of total enrollment in high schools (grades 9-12 and postgraduates) High school graduates (thousands) Average daily attendance (thousands) Total number of days attended by all pupils enrolled (thousands)	17.3 57.0 1.2  4,077 539,053	19.7 65.5 1.1  6,144 800,720	20.2 68.6 1.6 22 8,154 1,098,233	20.4 71.9 3.3 62 10,633 1,534,823	19.7 74.2 5.1 111 12,827 2,011,477	20.1 78.1 10.2 23 16,150 2,615,16
Percent of anrolled pupils attending delily Average length of school term (in days) Average numbar of days attended by each pupil enrolled Total instructional staff (thousands)	59.3 132.2 78.4	62.3 130.3 81.1	64.1 134.7 86.3	68.6 144.3 99.0	72.1 157.5 113.0	74.1 161.9 121.2 678
Supervisors (thousands) Principals (thousands) Teachers, librarians, and wher nonsupervicary instructional staff <sup>3</sup> (thousands) Mon (thousands) Women (thousands) Parcent men	201 78 123 38.7	287 123 164 42.8	364 126 238 34.5	423 127 296 29.9	523 110 413 21.1	7 14 657 93 565
Finance	30.7	<u> </u>	L	L	l	
		r	s in thousands	ı — —	<del></del>	1
Total revenue receipts From State taxes and appropriations From intermediate and local taxes and appropriations From all other sources. Percent of revenue receipts derived from:			\$143,195 \$26,345 \$97,222 \$19,627	\$219,766 \$37,887 \$149,487 \$32,392	\$433,064 \$64,605 \$312,222 \$56,238	\$970,120 \$134,279 \$758,897 \$76,945
State taxes and appropriations Intermediate and local taxes and appropriations All other sources Total expenditures for all schools Current expenditures for elementary and condary day schools Capital outlay	\$63,397	\$78,095	18.4 67.9 13.7 \$140,507 \$114,300 \$26,207	17.2 68.0 14.8 \$214.965 \$179,514 \$35,451	14.9 72.1 13.0 \$426,250 \$356,272 \$69,978	13.8 78.2 8.0 \$1,036,151 \$861,120 \$153,543
Interest on school debt Other expenditures Percent of total expenditures devoted to:					* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	\$18,212 \$3,277
Current expenditures for elementary and secondary day schools Capital outlay Interest on school debt Other expenditures			81.3 18.7	33.5 16.5	83.6 16.4	83.1 14.8 1.0 3
		L	Data is uped	justed dollars		
Average annual salary of total instructional staff <sup>7</sup>	\$189	\$195	\$252	\$325	\$485	\$871
Average annual salary of total instructional staff. <sup>7</sup> Personal income <sup>†</sup> per member of the labor force <sup>†</sup> Total expenditure for all schools per capita of total population  National income <sup>†</sup> per capita of total population	1.59	1.56	2.23	2.83	4.71	9.91
Current expenditure <sup>®</sup> per pupil in A.D.A. <sup>9</sup> Total expenditure <sup>®</sup> for day sch. als per pupil in A.D.A. National income per pupil in A.D.A.	15.55	12.71	<sup>10</sup> 13.99 17.23	10 16.67 20.21	<sup>10</sup> 27.35 33.23	53.32 64.16
Current expenditure per day <sup>12</sup> per pupil in A.D.A.  Total expenditure for day schools per day per pupil in A.D.A.	.12	.10	<sup>10</sup> .10 .13	<sup>10</sup> .12	<sup>10</sup> .18	.33 .40
		Data in edju	usted dollars-	1967-68 £ urch	asing power	
Average annual salary of total instructional staff Personal income per member of the labor force Fotal expenditure for all schools per capita of total population			 		••••	\$1,554  17.68
National income per capita of total populatio.: Current expenditure per pupil in A.D.A. Total expenditure for day schools per pupil in A.D.A.			::			95.15 114.49
National income per pupil in A.D.A.  Current expenditure per day per pupil in A.D.A.  Fotal expenditure for day schools per day per pupil in A.D.A.					••••	.59 .71

Data on population and labor force are from the Bureau of the Census, and data on personal income and national income from the Office of Business Economics, U.S. Department of Commerce.

Data for 1870-71.

Drior to 1919-20 data are for number of different persons employed rather than number of positions.

<sup>&</sup>quot;Distribution estimated by the Office of Education.

S Because of a modification of the scope of "current expenditures for elementary and secondary day schools," data for 1959-60 and later years are not entirely comparable with data for prior years.

Includes summer schools, community colleges, and adult education. Beginning in 1959-60, also includes community services, formerly classified with "current expenditures for elementary and secondary day schools."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup>Includes supervisors, Principals, teachers, and other nonsupervisory instructional staff.

Table 32.—Historical summary of public elementary and secondary school statistics: United States, 1869-70 to 1967-68—Continued

1929-30	1939-40	1949-50	1959-60	1965-66	1967-68	Item
8	9	10	11	12	13	14
					<del> </del>	Population, pupils, and instructional staff
121 770	120,000	440.000	470.000	400 705	40-000	
121,770 31,417		148,665 30,168	179,323 43,881	193,795 49,995	197,863	Total population (thousands)
25.8		20.3	24.5	25.8	51,584 26.1	Population aged 5-17 years, inclusive (thousands) Percent of total population aged 5-17
			= ===	20.0		- Vicent of total population again 5-17
25,678	25,434	25,111	36,087	42,835	43,891	Total enrollment in elementary and secondary day schools (thousands)
21,279	18,833	19,387	27,602	31,177	31,642	Nursery, kindergerten, and grades 1-8 (thousands)
4,399	6,601	5,725		11,658	12,250	Grades 9-12 and postgraduates (thousands)
<del></del>				<del></del>		<b>=</b>
21.1 81.7	19.4	16.9	20.1	22.1	22.2	Percent of total population enrolled
17.1	84.4 26.0	83.2 22.7	82.2 23.5	85.7 27.2	85.1 27.9	Percent of population 5-17 years enrolled Percent of total enrollment in high schools (grades 9-12 and postgraduates)
592	1,143	1,063		2,327	2,395	High school graduates (thousands)
21,265	22,042	22,284	32,477	39,154	40,828	Average daily attendance (thousands)
3,672,765	3,858,012	3,964,354	5,781,774	7,005,500	7,300,330	Total number of days attended by all pupils enrolled (thousands)
82.8 172.7	86.7	88.7	90.0	91.4	91.3	Percent of enrolled pupils attending daily
143.0	175.0 151.7	177.9 157.9	178.0 160.2	178.9 163.5	178.8 163.2	Average length of school term (in days)
880	912	962	1,464	1,885	2,071	Average number of days attended by each pupil enrolled  Total instructional staff (thousands)
7	5	9	14	22	29	Supervisors (thousands)
31	32	39	64	77	86	Principals (thousands)
843 140	875 195	914 195	1,387 402	1,786	1,957	Teachers, librarians, and other nonsupervisory instructional staff <sup>3</sup> (thousand
703	681	719	4985	<sup>4</sup> 568 41,218	<sup>4</sup> 616 <sup>4</sup> 1,341	Men (thousands) Women (thousands)
16.6	22.2	21.3	<sup>4</sup> 29.0	431.8	<sup>4</sup> 31.5	Percent men
			_			4
	Amo	unts in thouse	ands of dollars (	unadjusted)		Finance
\$2,088,557	\$2,260,527	\$5,437,044	\$14,746,618	\$25,356,858	\$31,903,064	Total revenue receipts
\$329,312	\$658,983	\$2,122,763	\$5,458,943	\$9,608,846	\$11,998,774	From State taxes and appropriations
	\$1,490,425	\$2,900,561	\$8,031,854	\$12,939,080	\$16,099,100	From intermediate and local taxes and appropriations
\$113,557	\$111,119	\$413,720	\$1,255,821	\$2,808,933	\$3,805,194	From all other sources
15.8	29.2	39.0	37.0	37.9	37.6	Percent of revenue receipts derived from: State taxes and appropriations
78.8	65.9	53.4	54.5	51.0	50.5	Intermediate and local taxes and appropriations
5.4	4.9	7.6	0.5	11.1	11.9	All other sources
	\$2,344,049 \$1,941,799		\$15,613,255	\$26,248,026	\$32,977,182	Total expenditures for all schools
\$370,878	\$257,974	\$1,014,176	\$12,329,389 \$2,661,786	\$21,053,280 \$3,754,862	\$26,877,162 \$4,255,791	Current expenditures for elementary and secondary day schools Capital outlay
\$92,536	\$130,909	\$100,578	\$489,514	\$791,580	\$977,810	Interest on school debt
\$9,825	\$13,367	\$35,614	\$132,567	\$648,304	\$866,419	Other expenditures <sup>6</sup>
79.6	00.0	20.0	5-0-0	5	5	Percent of total expenditures devoted to:
16.0	82.8 11.0	80.3 17.4	379.0 17.0	<sup>5</sup> 80.2 14.3	<sup>5</sup> 81.5 12.9	Current expenditures for elementary and secondary day schools
4.0	5.6	1.7	3.1	3.0	3.0	Capital outlay Interest on school debt
.4	.6	.6	.8.	2.5	2.6	Other expenditures
l		Data in	nadjusted dollar			1
		т		<del>-</del>		-
\$1,420	\$1,441	\$3,010	\$5,174	\$6,935	\$7,630	Average annual salary of total instructional staff <sup>7</sup>
1,634 19.03	1,356 17.91	3,400 39.27	5,413	7,272	7,660	Personal income <sup>2</sup> per member of the labor force <sup>2</sup>
667	587	1,520	87.07 2,272	135.44 3,019	166.67 3,424	Total expenditure for all schools per capita of total population
86.70	88.09	208.83	375.14	537.35	658.26	National income <sup>1</sup> per capita of total population Current expenditure <sup>8</sup> per pupil in A.D.A. <sup>9</sup> Total expenditure <sup>11</sup> for day schools per pupil in A.D.A.
108.49	105.74	258.85	472.17	653.81	786.44	Total expenditure 11 for day schools per pupil in A.D.A.
3,845	3,502	10,312	12,547	14,943	16,697	National income per public A.D.A.
.50 .63	.50	1.17	2.11	3.00	3.68	Current expenditure per day <sup>12</sup> per pupil in A.D.A.
.03	.60	1.46	2.65	3.65	4.40	Total expenditure for day schools per day per pupil in A.D.A.
	Data in ac	ljusted dollar	s 1967-68 purc	hasing power		
\$2,821	\$3,508	\$4,324	\$5,990	\$7,388	\$7,630	Average annual salary of total instructional staff
3,247	3,301	4,884	6,267	7,747	7,660	Personal income per member of the labor force
37.81	43.60	56.41	100.81	144.28	166.67	Total expenditure for all schools per capite of total population
1,325   172.26	1,429 214.45	2,183 299.96	2,631	3,216	3,424	National income per capita of total population
215.56	257.42	371.81	434.34 546.68	572.44 696.50	658.26 786.44	Current expenditure per pupil in A.D.A.  Total expenditure for day schools per pupil in A.D.A.
7,640	8,525	14,812	14,527	15,919	16,697	National income per pupil in A.D.A.
.99	1.22	1.68	2.44	3.20	3.68	Current expenditure per day per pupil in A.D.A.
1.25	1.46	2.10	3.07	3.89	4.40	Total expenditure for day schools per day per pupil in A.D.A.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Health, Education, and Welfare, Office of Education, Statistics of State School Systems.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> Excludes current expenditures not allocable to pupil costs.

<sup>9</sup> "A.D.A." means average daily attendance in elementary and secondary day schools.

schools.

10 Includes interest on school debt.

11 The expenditure figure used here is the sum of current expenditures allocable to pupil costs, capital outlay, and interest on school debt.

 $<sup>^{12}\</sup>mbox{Per-day rates}$  derived by dividing annual rates by average length of term.

NOTE: Beginning in 1959-60, includes Alaska and Hawaii. Because of rounding, detail may not add to totals.

Table 33.—Selected statistics of local public school systems, by enrollment size: United States, fall 1969<sup>1</sup>

				Enrollment size o	f school system		
Item	Total	25,000 or more	10,000 to 24,999	5,000 to 9,999	2,500 to 4,999	300 to 2,499	Under 300
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Number of operating school systems	17,980	180	538	1,096	2,026	7,911	6,229
Number of pupils enrolled	45,521,776	13,475,792	8,098,168	7,643,252	7,185,434	8,509,353	609,777
Elementary	27,346,406	8,105,507	4,763,114	4,566,242	4,331,558	5,128,028	451,956
Secondary	18,175,370	5,370,284	3,335,064	3,077,010	2,853,876	3,381,326	157,820
Classroom teachers	1,902,248	538,036	335,989	321,343	299,584	372,884	34,412
Elementary	1,069,767	306,266	184,619	178,802	168,647	207.510	23,923
Secondary	832,481	231,770	151,370	142,541	130,937	165,374	10,489
Average pupil-teacher ratio:							
Both levels	24	25	24	24	24	23	18
Elementary	26	26	26	26	26	25	19
Secondary	22	23	22	22	22	20	15
Revenue receipts, total <sup>2</sup>	\$33,391,726	\$10,290,935	\$5,912,640	\$6,780,734	\$5,112,404	\$5,789,775	\$505,037
From local sources <sup>2</sup>	17,603,304	5,647,665	3,118,480	3,038,357	2,623,195	2,988,532	287,075
From intermediate sources <sup>2</sup>	478,267	60,459	68,208	79,043	44,529	177,790	48,238
From State sources <sup>2</sup>	12,896,804	3,812,733	2,344,983	2,268,165	2,095,806	2,234,929	140,188
From Federal sources <sup>2</sup>	2,413,350	870,078	381,169	395,169	348,874	388,524	29,536
Current expenditures <sup>2</sup>	29,162,743	9,057,842	5,162,897	4,931,058	4,441,120	5,136,502	433,324
Allocated to pupil costs <sup>2</sup>	2 <sup>q</sup> ,164,622	8,678,262	5,007,826	4,785,760	4,296,175	4,975,002	421,599
Other current expenditures <sup>2</sup>	998,121	379,580	155,071	145,298	144,945	161,500	11,725
Average daily membership	44,531,331	13,054,325	7,853,952	7,595,560	6,892,504	8,497,393	637,596
average daily membership	\$632.47	\$664.78	\$637.62	\$630.07	\$623.31	\$585.47	\$661.23

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Financial statistics and average daily membership are for school year 1968-69.

NOTE.-Because of rounding, detail may not add to totals.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Heelth, Education, and Welfare, Office of Education, Statistics of Local Public School Systems, Fall 1969, Pupils and Staff, and Statistics of Local Public School Systems, Finances, 1968-69.

Table 34.—Enrollment in special education programs for exceptional children: United States, February 1963 and 1966

		1963		}	1966 <sup>2</sup>	
Area of exceptionality 1	Total enrollment	Local public schools	Public and private residential schools	Total enrollment	Local public schools	Public and private residential schools
i	2	3	4	5	6	7
Total	1,682,351	1,570,370	111,981	2,106,200	1,978,900	127,300
Visually handicapped	21,531	13,962	7,569	23,300	15,400	7,900
Deaf and hard of hearing	45,594	28,551	17,043	51,400	32,700	18,700
Speech impaired	802,197	802,197	(3)	989,500	989,500	
Crippled and special health problems	64,842	64,842	(3)	69,400	69,400	•••
Emotionally and socially maladjusted	79,587	30,871	448,716	87,900	32,200	55,700
Mentally retarded	431,890	393,237	38,653	540,100	495,100	45,000
Other handicapping conditions	22,039	22,039	(3)	32,500	32,500	
Gifted	214,671	214,671	(3)	312,100	312,100	

 $<sup>^1\</sup>mathrm{Pupils}$  are reported according to the major type of exceptionality for which they are receiving special education.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> In thousands of dollars.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Estimated by the Office of Education.
<sup>3</sup>Not included in survey of residential schools.

 $<sup>^{\</sup>bf 4}$  Includes education programs in public hospitals for the mentally ill.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Health, Education, and Welfare, Office of Education, unpublished data from the survey of "Special Education for Exceptional Children."

Table 35.—Selected statistics on public elementary and secondary schools in large cities: 1969-71

		Fall 1970				1970-71	
City	Enrollment	Classroom	Pupil- teacher	High school graduates,	Estimated annual current expendi-	Estimated average annual salary	
	Enrollment	teachers	ratio	1969-70	ture per pupil in average daily attendance	Total instruc- tional staff	Classroom teachers
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Baltimore, Md	192,826	8.547	22.6	7,261	973	9,585	9,516
Boston, Mass	97,352	4,107	23.7	4,110	1.036	9,900	9.368
Chicago, III.	563,178	27,591	20.4	20,735	1,124	12,290	10,650
Cleveland, Ohio	150,818	5,694	26.5	7,293	950	10,500	9.658
Dallas, Tex.	160,224	5.903	27.1	8,197	650	10,000	8,700
Detroit, Mich	1 292,934	10,020	1 29.2	(2)	'722	(²)	(2)
Houston, Tex	239,410	9,034	26.5	10,991	623	10,148	8,920
Los Angeles. Calif	648,986	28,584	22.7	39,489	869	11,975	11.355
Milwaukee, Wis	132,976	5,921	22.5	7,818	901	10,900	10,700
New Orleans, La	109,851	4,550	24.1	4,999	779	9,050	8,850
New York, N.Y.	1,120,082	61,913	18.1	50,500	1,461	12,200	11,300
Philadelphia, Pa	295,888	12,157	24.3	13,128	1,247	12,000	10,000
San Francisco, Callf	90,034	4,712	19.1	5,602	1,125	12,490	12,186
St. Louis, Mo	1 13,484	4,153	27.3	4,084	986	10,254	9,929
Washington, D.C	145,704	7,486	19.5	4,980	1,046	10,782	10,558

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Fail 1968 data.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Health, Education, and Welfare, Office of Education, Fall Statistics of Public Schools, 1970.

Table 36.—Number and percen of public school pupils transported at public expense, and current expenditures for transportation:

United States, 1929-30 to 1969-70

;		1 '	ported at public spense	Expenditure of public funds		
School year	Total enrollment	Number	Percent of total enrollment	Total, excluding capital outlay (in thousands)	Average cost per pupil transported	
1	2	3	4	5	6	
929-30	25,678,015	1,902,826	7.4	\$54,823	\$28.81	
931-32	26,275,441	2,419,173	9.2	58,078	24.01	
933-34	26,434,193	2,794,724	10.6	53,908	19.29	
935-36	26,367,098	3,250,658	12.3	62,653	19.27	
937-38	25,975,108	3,769,242	14.5	75,637	20.07	
939-40	2' ,433,542	4,144,161	16.3	83,283	20.10	
341-42	∠4,562,473	4,503,081	18.3	· 92,922	20.64	
343-44	23,266,616	4,512,412	19.4	107,754	23.88	
945-46	23,299,941	5,056,966	21.7	129,756	25.66	
947-48	23 944,532	5,854,041	24.4	176,265	30.11	
949-50	2' ,111,427	6,947,384	27.7	214,504	30.88	
951-52	26,562,664	7,697,130	29.0	268,827	34.93	
953-54	125,643,871	18,411,719	32.8	307,437	136.55	
955-56	1 27,740,149	19,695,819	35.0	353,972	136.51	
957-58	1 29,722,275	110,861,689	36.5	416,491	138.34	
959-60	132,477,440	112,225,142	37.6	486,338	<sup>1</sup> 39.78	
961-62	134,682,340	113,222,667	38.1	576,361	143.59	
963-64	1 37,405,058	1 14,475,778	38.7	673,845	<sup>1</sup> 46.55	
965-66	139,154,497	115,536,567	39.7 <sup>-</sup>	787,358	150.68	
967-68	<sup>1</sup> 40,827,965	<sup>1</sup> 17,130,873	42.0	981,006	<sup>1</sup> 57.27	
969·70 <sup>2</sup>	142,530,000	<sup>1</sup> 18,300,000	43.0	1,170,000	<sup>1</sup> 64.00	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Pupils in average daily attendance.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Health, Education, and Welfare, Office of Education, Statistics of State School Systems, and unpublished data.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Data not available.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Data for 1967-68.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>Est mated by the Office of Education.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Estimated.

Table 37.-Summary statistics on Catholic elementary and secondary schools: United States, 1919-20 to 1969-70

<b>6</b>	Number o	f schools	Enrol	lment	Instructional staff		
School year	Elementary	Secondary	Elementary	Secondary	Elementary	Secondary	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	
1919-20	6,551	1,552	1,795,673	129,848	41,592	7,924	
1929-30	7,923	2,123	2,222,598	241,869	58,245	14,307	
1939-40	7,944	2,105	2,035,182	361,123	60.081	20,976	
1949-50	8,589	2,189	2,560,815	505,572	66,525	27,770	
Fall 1960	10,501	2,392	4,373,422	880,369	108,169	43,733	
Fall 4962	10,646	2,502	4,485,221	1,009,126	112,199	46,880	
Fall 1964	10,832	2,417	4,533,771	1,066,748	117,854	53,344	
1967-68	10,350	2,277	4,105,805	1,092,521	1 1 29,800	1 58,000	
1968-69	10,113	2,192	3,859,709	1,080,891	131,200	59,400	
1969-70	9,695	2,076	3.607.168	1,050,930	133,200	62,200	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Includes estimates for the nonreporting schools.

SOURCE: National Catholic Educational Association, A Statistical Report on Catholic Elementary and Secondary Schools for the Years 1967-68 to 1969-70, as compiled from the Official Catholic Directory. (Copyright © 1970 by the National Catholic Educational Association. All rights reserved.)

Table 38.—Enrollment in nonpublic elementary and secondary schools, by church relationship and by region: 1965-66

Church relationship	United States	New England	Mideast	Great Lakes	Plains	Southeast	Southwest	Rocky Mountains	Far West	Outlying areas
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
All nonpublic elementary schools	4,928,682	365,991	1,584,898	1,363,948	461,618	438,687	194,807	65,386	<b>4</b> 53,147	51,120
Non-church-related	181,622	15,463	60,889	15,334	5,540	42,420	8,925	1,763	31,288	5,378
Church-related	4,747,060	350,528	1,524,009	1,348,614	456,078	396,467	185,882	63,623	421,859	45,742
Baptist	19,287		2,800	658		6,459	2,457	264	6,649	1,386
Christian Reformed	30,065	142	1,118	18,873	4,101	948	538	987	3,358	• • • •
Friends ,	5,533	490	4,675	•••		290			78	
Jewish	42,091	1,769	34,754	2,379	494	1,213	353	176	953	
Lutheran	171,598	1,159	13,399	81,573	35,493	8,977	9,722	3,433	17,842	
Methodist	3,528		360	• • • •	12	1,434	590		1,132	953
Presbyterian	2,795		166		37	2,025	479		88	191
Protestant Episcopal	30,633	675	7,454	374	820	9,691	5,944	505	5,170	1,148
Roman Catholic	4,370,277	344,966	1,449,008	1,236,325	412,431	353,540	161,096	55,446	357,465	40,303
Seventh-day Adventist	44,487	1,085	5,324	6,017	2,058	6,619	2,127	1,929	19,328	648
Other church-related	26,766	242	4,951	2,415	632	5,271	2,576	883	9,796	1,113
All nonpublic secondary schools	1,376,090	149,340	431,259	338,780	126,238	137, <b>793</b>	43,935	18,634	130,111	16,287
Non-church-related	159,648	45,210	42,429	14,646	4,896	31,037	5,369	1,188	14,873	3,639
Church-related	1,216,442	104,130	388,830	324,134	121,342	106,756	38,566	17,446	115,238	12,648
Baptist	5,902	267	464	827		2,948	488	131	777	26
Christian Reformed	12,210	53	523	7,786	1,421	813	69	361	1,184	• • • •
Friends	5,039	678	3,898	100	134	45		89	95	
Jewish	10,498	300	8,773	1,010	84	141		8	182	• • • •
Lutheran	16,923	• • • •	1,535	9,380	3,481	287	294	520	1,426	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
Methodist	2,094		713		26	802	526		27	425
Presbyterian	1,971	1	310	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	89	729	570	170	103	
Protestant Episcopal	17,949	3,289	3,648	593	949	4,739	1,369	158	3,204	241
Roman Catholic	1,111,048	98,615	364,172	300,998	112,598	89,326	32,883	14,558	98,098	11,362
Seventh-day Adventist	18,116	586	1,854	2,340	902	2,571	1,573	934	7,356	188
Other church-related ,	14.692	342	2.940	1,100	1.658	4,355	994	517	2.786	406

NOTE.-The regional designations are as follows:

New England—Connecticut, Maine, Massachusetts, New Hampshire, Rhode Island, Vermont.

Mideast-Deleware, District of Columbia, Maryland, New Jersey, New York,

Pennsylvania.

Great Lakes—Illinois, Indiana, Michigan, Ohio, Wisconsin.

Plains—lowa, Kansas, Minnesota, Missouri, Nebraska, North Dakota, South Dakota.

Southeast—Alabama, Arkansas, Florida, Georgia, Kentucky, Louisiana, Missis-sippi, North Carolina, South Carolina, Tennessee, Virginia, West Virginia. Southwest—Arizona, New Mexico, Oklahorma, Texas. Rocky Mountains—Colorado, Idaho, Montana, Utah, Wyoming. Far West—Alaska, California, Hawaii, Nevada, Oregon, Washington.

Outlying areas—Canal Zone, Guam, Puerto Rico, American Samoa, Virgin Islands.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Health, Education, and Welfare, Office of Education, Statistics of Nonpublic Elementary and Secondary Schools, 1965-66.



Table 39.—Enrollment in nonpublic elementary and secondary schools, by State: 1965-66

State	Total elementary	E	lementary enrolls	nent	Secondary enrollment				
	and secondary enrollment	Total	in elementary schools only	In combined schools	Totel	In secondary schools only	In combined		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8		
United States	6,304,772	4,928,682	4,426,438	502,244	1,376,090	1,077,387	298,703		
Alebama	30,350	22,855	19,345	3,510	7,495	5,096	2,399		
Aleska	2,459	1,535	1,275	260	924	801	123		
Arizona	34,578	27,520	25,957	1,663	7,058	5,352	1,706		
Arkansas	13,252 451,328	10,039 354,207	8,000 326,444	2,039 27,763	3,213 97,121	1,331 81,044	1,882 16,077		
	451,525	004,207	, 520,444	1 27,700	37,121	01,044	10,077		
Colorado	45,318	35,058	27,731	7,327	10,260	5,343	4,917		
Connecticut	124,249	86,983	75,636	11,347	37,266	33,176	4,090		
Delawere	20,534	15,218	11,276	3,942	5,316	2,033	3,283		
District of Columbia	23,082	15,354	12,240	3,114	7,728	6,017	1,711		
Florida	94,381	77,472	68,972	8,500	16,909	12,816	4,093		
Georgia	29,147	19,923	f6.989	2,934	9,224	6.038	3,186		
Hawaii	29,970	19,916	14,354	5,562	10,054	3,840	6,214		
daho	9,311	7,934	7,129	605	1,377	1,133	244		
Illinois	553,194	443,817	428,237	15,580	109,377	99,872	9,505		
ndiana	141,737	115,515	112,080	3,435	26,222	24,470	1,752		
OW8	99,954	74,994	84,317	10,677	24,960	10 700	5,227		
Cansas	51,249	39,767	37,178	2,589	11,482	19,733 10,267	1,215		
Centucky	93,428	71,366	65,240	6,126	22,062	16,729	5,333		
_ouisiana	142,822	112,748	91,426	21,322	30,074	19,854	10,220		
Maine	31,199	19,471	16,635	2,836	11,728	10,194	1,534		
forviand	138,545	108,046	04 562	12 202	20.400	2, 200	0.540		
Maryland	256,544	184.632	94,663 145,547	13,383 39,085	30,499 71,912	2 ,980	8,519		
Michigan	353,730	276,448	212,847	63,601	77,282	52,906 42,751	19,006 34,531		
Minnesota	163,299	133,948	123,964	9,984	29,351	23,459	5,892		
Mississippi	21,521	16,056	10,125	5,931	5,465	2,403	3,062		
Aissouri	176,263	139,190	420.245	9.075	07.070	22.422	0.007		
Vissouri	19,093	14,850	130,215 13,728	8,975 1,122	37,073 4,243	30,466	6,607 585		
Vebraska	59,212	45,255	35,389	9,866	13,957	3,658 8,054	5,903		
Vevada	4,813	3,785	3,785	5,550	1,028	1,028	5,505		
New Hampshire	35,643	24,980	23,575	1,405	10,663	10,030	633		
New Jersey	328,225	265,808	246,746	19,062	62,417	48.079	14,338		
lew Mexico	24,587	19,458	16.026	3,432	5,129	3,096	2,033		
New York	904,430	714,508	656,948	57,560	189,922	151,731	38,191		
North Carolina	22,603	17,770	14,296	3,474	4,833	3,532	1,301		
North Dakota	19,334	14,452	12,089	2,363	4,882	3,623	1,259		
No. ! -	204 574	000 044							
Ohio Oklahoma	381,571	298,044	285,135	12,909	83,527	74,719	8,808		
Oregon	18,552 35,397	14,909 27,786	11,563 24,708	3,346 3,078	3,843	2,026	1,617		
ennsylvania	601,341	465,964	426,892	39,072	7,611 135,377	6,230 112,560	1,381 22,817		
Rhode Island	50,891	40,167	26,487	13,680	10,724	7,090	3,634		
outh Carolina	16,424	12,433	8,885	3,548	3,991	1,499	2,492		
outh Cekota	18,545	14,012	10,414	3,598	4,533	2,726	1,807		
ennessee	35,167	22,656 132,920	19,475	3,181	12,511	8,871	3,640		
Itah	161,025 6,239	4,296	117,253 3,616	15,667 680	28,105 1,943	17,356 1,278	10,749 665		
			1		.,545	1,270	900		
fermont	16,805	9,758	8,429	1,329	7,047	6,215	832		
/irginia	62,884	44,384	32,514	11,870	18,500	10,596	7,904		
/ashington	59,291 14,701	45,918	38,143	7,775	13,373	8,947	4,426		
Vest Virginia	272,496	11,185 230,124	10,348 230,124	837	3,516	2,693	823		
Vyoming	4,059	3,248	2,048	1,200	42,372 811	42,372 274	0 537		
		· -							
Outlying areas: Canal Zone	764	764	764	٥		٠ , ا	^		
Guam	5,313	3,825	1,688	2,137	0 1,488	0 864	0 624		
Puerto Rico	55,586	41,761	17,834	23,927	13,825	4,312	9,513		
Virgin Islands	4,243	3,591	2,118	1,473	652	-,0,2	379		

SOURCE: U.S. Oepartmant of Health, Education, and Welfare, Office of Education, Statistics of Nonpublic Elementary and Secondary Schools, 1965-66.



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Table 40.—Estimated enrollment in nonpublic elementary and secondary schools, by State: Fall 1971

State	Total	Elementary	Secondar
1	2	3	4
United States	5,600,000	4,200,000	1,400,000
Alabama	25,900	17,100	8,800
Alaska	1,700	1,200	500
Arizona	24,800	17,100	7,700
Arkansas	10,900	7,600	3,300
California	409,000	307,200	101,800
Colorado	38,000	27,600	10,400
Connecticut	116,800	75,500	41,300
Delaware	17,600	14,000	3,600
District of Columbia	21,700 109,200	13,600 79,000	8,100 30,200
Georgia	28,500	18,500	10,000
Hawaii	28,100	17,400	10,700
Idaho	7,400	5,800	1,600
Illinois	482,400	367,700	114,700
Indiana	123,400	97,200	26,200
lowa	84,000	61,600	22,400
Kansas	43,000	33,100	9,900
Kentucky	75,900	54,800	21,100
Louisiana	128,900	97,300	31,600
Maine	25,500	15,500	10,000
Maryland	127,400	96,200	31,200
Messachusetts	234,600	162,900	71,700
Michigan	251,200	193,400	57,900
Minnesota	129,500 20,100	101,900 15,200	27,600 4,900
Missourl	163,100	124,200	38,900
Montana	13,900 45,400	10,100 32,300	3,800 13,100
Nevada	5,100	3,900	1,200
New Hampshire	33,100	22,100	11,000
New Jersey	313,300	242,200	71,100
New Mexico	18,100	14,900	3,200
New York	837,100	639,900	197,200
North Carolina	19.700	15,700	4,000
North Dakota	14,500	10,300	4,200
Ohio	364,300	276,600	87,700
Oklahoma	12,100	9,100	3,000
Oregon	33,600	24,800	8,800
Pennsylvania	564,600 45,100	418,400 35,000	146,200 10,100
South Carolina	21,400	15,500	5,900
South Dakota	12,900	9,700	3,200
Fennessee	34,400	21,600	12,800
Texas	111,000	87,200	23,800
Jtah	4,300	3,300	1,000
/ermont	15,700	8,500	7,200
/irginia	57,600	39,500	18,100
Veshington	52,600	38,200	14,400
Vest Virginia	13,500	9,300	4,200
Visconsin	224,900 3,100	186,600 2,700	38,300 400
Outlying areas	82,500	60,700	21,800
American Samos	1,400	1,100	300
American Samos	500	400	100
Suam	5,400	4,100	1,300
		1	•
uerto Rico	70,400	51,200	19,200

SOURCE: Estimated by the Diffice of Education.

Table 41.—Enrollment of 3-, 4-, and 5-year-old children in preprimary programs, by age and by type of program:

United States, October 1970

(Numbers in thousands)

	_			
Enrollment status and type of program	Total 3.5 years old	3 years old	4 yeers old	5 years old
1	2	3	4	5
Enrollment status				
Total population	10,949	3,518	3,620	3,814
Percent	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Enrolled	37.5 62.5	12.9 87.1	27.8 72.2	69.3 30.7
Type of program			(	
Total annolled	4,104	454	1,007	2,643
Percent	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Prekindergarten	26.7	95.2	56.7	3.4
Public	8.1 18.6	24.2 70.9	17.5 39.2	1.7 1.7
Kindergarten	73.3	4.8	43.2	96.6
Public	60.9 12.5	2.6 2.2	31.6 11.6	82.0 14.5

NOTE.—Excluded from this table are 412,000 5-yeer-olds in elementary schools above the kindergarten level and 175,000 6-year-olds in preprimary programs, Because of rounding, detail may not add to totals.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Health, Education, and Welfare, Office of Education, Preprimary Enrollment of Children Under Six: October 1970.

Table 42.—Percent of public secondary schools offering, and percent of students enrolled in, selected subjects:

United States, 1969-70

Find and subine	Public secondary schools <sup>1</sup>				
Field and subject	Percent offering subject	Percent of students enrolled			
1	2	´ 3			
Methematics:					
Introductory algebra	92.4	13.6			
Introductory geometry	64.9	7.9			
All advanced mathematics	68.0	9.1			
All other mathematics ,	95.8	34.0			
Science:					
General science	69.2	19.5			
Biology	74.7	16.5			
Chemistry	57.3	6.0			
Physics	51.8	2.5			
Earth-space sciences	35.5	7.1			
All other natural and					
physical science	53.3	10.2			
Social studies:					
History	90.9	43.7			
Economics	44.5	4.4			
Sociology	31.3	2.6			
Psychology	20.7	1.8			
All other social studies	85.1	28.4			
Environmental health <sup>2</sup>	22.4	9.7			
Remedial reading <sup>3</sup>	62.1	6.4			

 $<sup>^{\</sup>rm 1}$  includes junior high schools, senior high schools, junior-senior high schools, and regular 4-year high schools.

SDURCE: U.S. Department of Health, Education, and Welfare, Office of Education, preliminary data from the sample survey of School Staffing.



Excludes data for combined elementary-secondary schools.

Table 43.—Enrollment in foreign languages in public and nonpublic secondary schools: United States, fall 1964

		_	
Languagu	Enrollment	Percentage distribution	Percent of total secondary school enroll-ment
1	2	3	4
ALL SCHOOLS!			
All foreign languages	5,023,708	100.0	29.9
Modern foreign languages	4,045,821	80.5	24.1
Spanish	1,874,359 1,753,274 346,298	37.3 34.9 6.9	11.2 10.4 2.1
Italian	32,105	.6	.2
Russian	25,808 13 <u>,</u> 977	.5 .3	.2 .1
Latin	977.887	19.5	5.8
PUBLIC SCHOOLS			
All foreign languages	4,125,530	100.0	26.5
Modern foreign languages	3,516,176	85.2	22.5
Spanish	1,690,221	41.0	10.8
French	1,447,010	35.1	9.3
German	313,430	7.6	2.0
Itelian	27,709 23,829	.7	.2 .2
Russian	13,977	.6 .3	.1
Latin	609,354	14.8	3.9

<sup>1</sup> Includes public school enrollment plus an estimate for the nonpublic schools.
NOTE: Includes enrollment in 7th and 8th grades which are administratively organized as part of secondary schools.

SOURCE: Modern Language Association of America, Foreign Language Offerings and Enrollments in Secondary Schools, Fall 1964.

Table 44.—Enrollment in science and mathematics courses in public high schools compared with total enrollment in grades 9-12 and population aged 14-17: United States, 1948-49 to 1962-63

		Enrollme	ent, by year		Percent of in-
Item	1948-49	1954-551	1958-59 <sup>1</sup>	1962-63 <sup>1</sup>	crease 1948-49 to 1962-63
1	2	3	4	5	6
All science					
courses	2,945,000		4,670,000	6,020,000	104
General science	1,074,000		1,581,000	1,827,000	70
	996.000	1,294,000	1,677,000	2,487,000	
Biology			657,000		108
Chemistry	412,000				37
Physics	291,000	303,000		450,000	
Other science	172,000		376,000	450,000	: 101
All mathematics	i				ĺ
courses	2,958,000		5,108,000	6,731,000	128
Elementary algebra	1,042,000		1,775,000		
Intermediate algebra	372,000	432,000	643,000		173
General mathematics	650,000		1,024,000		87
Plane geometry	599,000		979,000		
Solid geometry	94,000		106,000		
Trigonometry	109,000		220,000		
Other mathematics	92,000		361,000	639,000	595
Total enrollment	]	)	]	]	i
grades 9-12	5,399,000	6,583,000	7,841,007	10,050, <b>00</b> 0	86
Population age	l	i		!	ł
group 14-17 <sup>2</sup>	3,703,000	9,012,000	10,635,000	12,522,000	44

Enrollment estimates based on sample survey.

<sup>2</sup>Data from Bureau of the Census, "Current Population Reports," Series P-20, No. 127, end Series P-25, No. 193.

NOTE: Data are for 48 States and District of Columbia prior to 1962-63.

SOURCE U.S. Department of Health, Education, and Welfare, Office of Education, Offerings and Enrollments in Science and Mathematics in Public High Schools, 1962.

Table 45.—Enrollment in science and mathematics courses in public high schools, by sex: United States, 1964-65

	Numbe	r of students	enrolled	
Course	Total	Boys	Girls	
1	2	3 ,	4	
All science courses	7,243,600	3,892,100	3,361,500	
General science	2,175,900	1,143,000	1,032,900	
Biology	2,694,400	1,333,400	1,361,000	
Chemistry	1,084,600	606,100	478,500	
Physics	526,200	382,200	144,000	
Other science courses	762,500	427,400	335,100	
All mathematics courses	7,496,300	4,149,500	3,346,800	
General mathematics	1,785,000	965,300	819,700	
Elementary algebra	2,260,000	1,183,700	1,076,300	
Intermediate and advanced algebra 1	1,055,300	607,100	448,200	
Plane geometry <sup>2</sup>	1,535,600	831,700	703,900	
Solid geometry	84,900	58,800	26,100	
Trigonometry	231,100	152,300	78,800	
Other mathematics courses	544,400	350,600	193,800	

<sup>1</sup> Includes enrollment in combined elgebra and trigonometry courses.
<sup>2</sup> Includes enrollment in combined plane and solid geometry courses.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Health, Education, and Welfare, Office of Education, unpublished data from the survey of "Offerings and Enrollments in Science and Mathematics in Public High Schools."

Table 46.—Enrollment in selected subjects in public schools related to total enrollment in the grades in which the subjects are usually offered:

United States, 1960-61

Grade 10         10         2,072,940         97.8           Grade 11         11         1,838,189         96.1           Grade 12         12         1,469,897         84.2           College level English         12         9,220         5.           Honors courses         12         2,381         .1           World literature         12         66,701         3.8           Speech and public speaking         11         454,347         23.8           Creative writing         12         38,097         2.2           Journalism         12         136,071         7.8           Social studies:         11         1,994,068         104.3           World history         10         1,471,531         69.4           Civics (elementary)         9         732,609         30.0           Civics (advanced)         12         780,123         44.7           Problems of democracy         12         380,453         21.8           Economics         12         293,175         16.8           Psychology         12         140,377         8.0           Sociology or social problems         12         289,408         16.6			Enrollment		
English: Grade 9 9 9 2,397,708 98.2 Grade 10 10 2,072,940 97.8 Grade 11 11 1,838,189 96.1 Grade 12 12 1,469,897 84.2 College level English 12 9,220 5 Honors courses 12 2,381 1. World literature 12 66,701 3.8 Speech and public speaking 11 454,347 23.8 Creative writing 12 38,097 2.2 Journalism 12 136,071 7.8 Social studies: United States history 11 1,994,068 104.3 World history 10 1,471,531 69.4 Civics (elementary) 9 732,609 30.0 Civics (edvanced) 12 780,123 44.7 Problems of democracy 12 380,453 21.8 Economics 12 293,175 16.8 Psychology 12 140,377 8.0 Sociology or social problems 12 289,408 16.6 Mathematics: General mathematics (elementary) 9 1,027,205 42.1 General mathematics (elementary) 9 1,027,205 42.1 General mathematics (elementary) 9 1,027,205 42.1 General mathematics (elementary) 9 1,027,205 42.1 General mathematics (elementary) 9 1,027,205 42.1 General mathematics (elementary) 9 1,027,205 42.1 General mathematics (elementary) 9 1,027,205 42.1 General mathematics (elementary) 9 1,027,205 42.1 General mathematics (elementary) 12 289,408 16.6 Mathematics 12 40,031 2.3 Elementary algebra 11 741,661 38.8 Plane geometry 12 173,196 10.0 Trigonometry 11 708,143 37.0 Science: General science 9 1,549,271 1,686,318 79.6 Ist-year physics 12 385,148 22.1	Field and subject	Grade	Number	Percent <sup>1</sup>	
Grade 9 9 2,397,708 98.2 Grade 10 10 2,072,940 97.8 Grade 11 11,838,189 97.84.2 College level English 12 9,220 .5. Honors courses 12 2,381 .1 World literature 17 66,701 3.8 Speech and public speaking 11 454,347 23.8 Creative writing 12 38,097 2.2 Journalism 12 136,071 7.8 Social studies: United States history 11 1,994,068 104.3 World history 10 1,471,531 69.4 Civics (edwanced) 9 732,609 30.0 Civics (edwanced) 12 786,123 44.7 Problems of democracy 12 380,453 21.8 Economics 12 293,175 16.8 Psychology 12 140,377 8.0 Social studies: General mathematics (elementary) 9 1,027,205 42.1 General mathematics (elementary) 9 1,027,205 42.1 General mathematics (elementary) 9 1,027,205 42.1 General mathematics (elementary) 9 1,027,205 42.1 General mathematics (elementary) 9 1,027,205 42.1 General mathematics (elementary) 9 1,027,205 42.1 General mathematics (elementary) 9 1,027,205 42.1 General mathematics (elementary) 9 1,027,205 42.1 General mathematics (elementary) 9 1,027,205 42.1 General mathematics (elementary) 9 1,027,205 42.1 General mathematics (elementary) 9 1,027,205 42.1 General mathematics (elementary) 9 1,027,205 42.1 General mathematics (elementary) 12 289,408 16.6 Mathematics 12 40,031 2.3 Flementary algebra 11 7,41,661 38.8 Flane geometry 12 246,225 14.1 Trigonometry 11 708,143 37.0 Science: General science 9 1,549,271 63.5 Science: General science 9 1,549,271 63.5 Science: General physics 12 385,148 22.1	1	2	3	4	
Grade 10         10         2,072,940         97.8           Grade 11         11         1,838,189         96.1           Grade 12         12         1,469,897         84.2           College level English         12         9,220         5.           Honors courses         12         2,381         .1           World literature         12         66,701         3.8           Speech and public speaking         11         454,347         23.8           Creative writing         12         38,097         2.2           Journalism         12         136,071         7.8           Social studies:         11         1,994,068         104.3           World history         10         1,471,531         69.4           Civics (elementary)         9         732,609         30.0           Civics (advanced)         12         780,123         44.7           Problems of democracy         12         380,453         21.8           Economics         12         293,175         16.8           Psychology         12         140,377         8.0           Sociology or social problems         12         289,408         16.6	English:	Ì			
Grade 11         11         1,838,189         96.1           Grade 12         12         1,469,897         84.2           College level English         12         9,220         .5           Honors courses         12         2,381         .1           World literature         12         66,701         3.8           Speech and public speaking         11         454,347         23.8           Creative writing         12         38,097         2.2           Journalism         12         136,071         7.8           Social studies:         11         1,471,531         69.4           United States history         11         1,471,531         69.4           Civics (ledmentary)         9         732,609         30.0           Civics (ledmentary)         9         732,609         30.0           Civics (ledwanced)         12         780,123         44.7           Problems of democracy         12         380,453         21.8           Economics         12         293,175         16.8           Paychology         12         140,377         8.0           Sociology or social problems         12         289,408         16.6      <	Grade 9	9	2,397,708	98.2	
Grade 12	Grade 10	10	2,072,940	97.8	
College level English	Grade 11	11	1,838,189	96.1	
Honors courses   12   2.381   3.1	Grade 12	12	1,469,897	84.2	
World literature         12         66,701         3.8           Speech and public speaking         11         454,347         23,8           Creative writing         12         38,097         2.2           Journalism         12         136,071         7.8           Social studies:         1         1,994,068         104.3           World history         10         1,471,531         66,701         30.0           Civics (elementary)         9         732,609         30.0         30.0         780,123         44.7           Problems of democracy         12         380,453         21.8         293,175         16.8         780,123         44.7         80.0         293,175         16.8         780,123         44.7         80.0         293,175         16.8         16.8         18.0	College level English	12	9,220	.5	
Speech and public speaking	Honors courses	12	2.381	.1	
Creative writing         12         38,097         2.2           Journalism         12         136,071         7.8           Social studies:         United States history         11         1,994,068         104.3           World history         10         1,471,531         69.4           Civics (elementary)         9         732,609         30.0           Civics (advanced)         12         780,123         44.7           Problems of democracy         12         380,453         21.8           Economics         12         293,175         16.8           Psychology         12         140,377         8.0           Sociology or social problems         12         289,408         16.6           Mathematics:         289,408         16.6         6.6           Mathematics:         9         1,027,205         42.1           General mathematics (elementary)         9         1,027,205         42.1           Advanced high school or college mathematics         12         40,031         2.3           Elementary algebra         9         1,607,356         65.8           Intermediate and advanced algebra         11         741,661         38.8           Plane geom	World literature	12	66,701	. 3.8	
Journalism	Speech and public speaking	11	454,347	23.8	
Journalism	Creative writing	12	38,097	2.2	
United States history 11 1,994,068 104.3 World history 10 1,471,531 69.4 (Civics (elementary) 9 732,609 30.0 Civics (edvanced) 12 780,123 44.7 Problems of democracy 12 380,453 21.8 Economics 12 293,175 16.8 Psychology 12 140,377 8.0 Sociology or social problems 12 289,408 16.6 Mathematics: General mathematics (elementary) 9 1,027,205 42.1 General mathematics (advanced) 12 349,989 20.0 Advanced high school or college mathematics 12 40,031 2.3 Elementary algebra 9 1,607,356 65.8 Intermediate and advanced algebra 11 741,661 38.8 Plane geometry 10 959,825 45.3 Solid geometry 12 173,196 10.0 Trigonometry 12 246,225 14.1 Trigonometry-algebra, integrated 11 22,995 1.2 Science: General science 9 1,549,271 63.5 Science: General science 9 1,549,271 79,64 370,0 1st-year chemistry 11 708,143 37.0 1st-year chemistry 11 708,143 37.0 1st-year chemistry 11 708,143 37.0 1st-year chemistry 11 708,143 37.0 1st-year chemistry 11 708,143 37.0 1st-year chemistry 11 708,143 37.0		12	136,071	7.8	
World history	Social studies:	1			
World history	United States history	11	1,994,068	104.3	
Civics (elementary) 9 732,609 30.0 Civics (advanced) 12 780,123 44.7 Problems of democracy 12 280,453 21.8 Economics 12 293,175 16.8 Psychology 12 140,377 8.0 Sociology or social problems 12 289,408 16.6 Mathematics General mathematics (elementary) 9 1,027,205 42.1 General mathematics (advanced) 12 349,989 20.0 Advanced high school or college mathematics 12 40,031 2.3 Elementary algebra 11 741,661 38.8 Plane geometry 10 959,825 45.3 Solid geometry 11 273,196 10.0 Trigonometry 12 246,225 14.1 Trigonometry-algebra, integrated 11 22,995 1.2 Science: General science 9 1,549,271 63.5 Ist-year biology 10 1,686,318 79.6 Ist-year chemistry 11 708,143 37.0 Ist-year physics 12 385,148 22.1		10	1,471,531	69.4	
Civics (advanced)         12         780,123         44.7           Problems of democracy         12         380,453         21.8           Economics         12         293,175         16.8           Psychology         12         140,377         8.0           Sociology or social problems         12         289,408         16.6           Mathematics:         9         1,027,205         42.1           General mathematics (elementary)         9         1,027,205         42.1           General mathematics (advanced)         12         349,989         20.0           Advanced high school or college mathematics         12         40,031         2.3           Elementary algebra         9         1,607,356         65.8           Intermediate and advanced algebra         11         741,661         38.8           Plane geometry         10         959,825         45.3           Solid geometry         12         173,196         10.0           Trigonometry-algebra, integrated         11         22,995         1.2           Science:         9         1,549,271         63.5           Ist-year biology         10         1,686,318         79.6           1st-year chemistry <td></td> <td>9</td> <td></td> <td>30.0</td>		9		30.0	
Problems of democracy         12         380,453         21.8           Economics         12         293,175         16.8           Psychology         12         140,377         8.0           Sociology or social problems         12         289,408         16.6           Mathematics:         289,408         16.6           Mathematics:         9         1,027,205         42.1           General mathematics (elementary)         9         1,027,205         42.1           Advanced high school or college mathematics         12         40,031         2.3           Elementary algebra         9         1,607,356         65.8           Intermediate and advanced algebra         11         741,661         38.8           Plane geometry         10         959,825         45.3           Solid geometry         12         173,196         10.0           Trigonometry-algebra, integrated         11         22,995         1.2           Science:         3         1.549,271         63.5           Science:         9         1,549,271         63.5           1st-year biology         10         1,686,318         79.6           1st-year chemistry         11         708,143 <td>•</td> <td>12</td> <td>780,123</td> <td>44.7</td>	•	12	780,123	44.7	
Economics	Problems of democracy	12		21.8	
Psychology         12         140,377         8.0           Sociology or social problems         12         289,408         16.6           Mathematics:         General mathematics (elementary)         9         1,027,205         42.1           General mathematics (advanced)         12         349,989         20.0           Advanced high school or college mathematics         12         40,031         2.3           Elementary algebra         12         1,607,356         65.8           Intermediate and advanced algebra         11         741,661         38.8           Plane geometry         10         959,825         45.3           Solid geometry         12         173,196         10.0           Trigonometry-algebra, integrated         11         22,995         14.1           Science:         9         1,549,271         63.5           Ist-year biology         10         1,686,318         79.6           1st-year chemistry         11         708,143         37.0           1st-year physics         12         385,148         22.1	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	12		16.8	
Sociology or social problems   12   289,408   16.6		12		8.0	
Mathematics:         9         1,027,205         42.1           General mathematics (elementary)         12         349,989         20.0           Advanced high school or college mathematics         12         40,031         2.3           Elementary algebra         9         1,607,356         65.8           Intermediate and advanced algebra         11         741,661         38.8           Plane geometry         10         959,825         45.3           Solid geometry         12         173,196         10.0           Trigonometry         12         246,225         14.1           Trigonometry-algebra, integrated         11         22,995         1.2           Science:         9         1,549,271         63.5           Ist-year biology         10         1,686,318         79.6           Ist-year chemistry         11         708,143         37.0           Ist-year physics         12         385,148         22.1		12		16.6	
General mathematics (advanced)   12   349,989   20.0	•				
General mathematics (advanced)   12   349,989   20.0	General mathematics (elementary)	9	1.027.205	42.1	
Advanced high school or college mathematics 12 40,031 2.3  Elementary algebra 9 1,607,356 65.8  Intermediate and advanced algebra 11 741,661 38.8  Plane geometry 10 959,825 45.3  Solid geometry 12 173,196 10.0  Trigonometry 12 246,225 14.1  Trigonometry-algebra, integrated 11 22,995 1.2  Science:  General science 9 1,549,271 63.5  1st-year biology 10 1,686,318 79.6  1st-year chemistry 11 708,143 37.0  1st-year physics 12 385,148 22.1	•	12		20.0	
matics         12         40,031         2.3           Elementary algebra         9         1,607,356         65.8           Intermediate and advanced algebra         11         741,661         38.8           Plane geometry         10         959,825         45.3           Solid geometry         12         173,196         10.0           Trigonometry         12         246,225         14.1           Trigonometry-algebra, integrated         11         22,995         1.2           Science:         General science         9         1,549,271         63.5           1st-year biology         10         1,686,318         79.6           1st-year chemistry         11         708,143         37.0           1st-year physics         12         385,148         22.1					
Elementary algebra   9   1,607,356   65.8     Intermediate and advanced algebra   11   741,661   38.8     Plane geometry   10   959,825   45.3     Solid geometry   12   173,196   10.0     Trigonometry   12   246,225   14.1     Trigonometry-algebra, integrated   11   22,995   1.2     Science:   9   1,549,271   63.5     Ist-year biology   10   1,686,318   79.6     Ist-year chemistry   11   708,143   37.0     Ist-year physics   12   385,148   22.1		12	40,031	2.3	
Intermediate and advanced algebra		9	1.607.356	65.8	
Plane geometry         10         959,825         45.3           Solid geometry         12         173,196         10.0           Trigonometry         12         246,225         14.1           Trigonometry-algebra, integrated         11         22,995         1.2           Science:         9         1,549,271         63.5           1st-year biology         10         1,686,318         79.6           1st-year chemistry         11         708,143         37.0           1st-year physics         12         385,148         22.1		11	741,661	38.8	
Solid geometry     12     173,196     10.0       Trigonometry     12     246,225     14.1       Trigonometry-algebra, integrated     11     22,995     1.2       Science:     9     1,549,271     63.5       Ist-year biology     10     1,686,318     79.6       1st-year chemistry     11     708,143     37.0       1st-year physics     12     385,148     22.1	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			45.3	
Trigonometry         12         246,225         14.1           Trigonometry-algebra, integrated         11         22,995         1.2           Science:         9         1,549,271         63.5           Ist-year biology         10         1,686,318         79.6           1st-year chemistry         11         708,143         37.0           1st-year physics         12         385,148         22.1	•	12		10.0	
Trigonometry-algebra, integrated         11         22,995         1.2           Science:         9         1,549,271         63.5           Ist-year biology         10         1,686,318         79.6           Ist-year chemistry         11         708,143         37.0           Ist-year physics         12         385,148         22.1	<del>-</del>			14.1	
Science:         9         1,549,271         63.5           General science         9         1,686,318         79.6           1st-year biology         10         1,686,318         79.6           1st-year chemistry         11         708,143         37.0           1st-year physics         12         385,148         22.1					
General science         9         1,549,271         63.5           1st-year biology         10         1,686,318         79.6           1st-year chemistry         11         708,143         37.0           1st-year physics         12         385,148         22.1		'	-2,000		
1st-year biology         10         1,686,318         79.6           1st-year chemistry         11         708,143         37.0           1st-year physics         12         385,148         22.1		9	1.549.271	63.5	
1st-year chemistry       11       708,143       37.0         1st-year physics       12       385,148       22.1		- 1			
1st-year physics				37.0	
	Advanced general and physical science	12	276,816	15.9	

<sup>1</sup> The percent is the ratio of the course enrollment to the total enrollment in the grade where the course is usually offered.

SOURCE; U.S. Department of Health, Education, and Welfare, Office of Education, Subject Offerings and Enrollments In Public Secondary Schools.





Table 47.—Enrollment in federally aided vocational education classes, by type of program and by level of instruction: United States and outlying areas, fiscal years 1966 to 1970

Level and type of program	1966	1967	1968	1969	1970	Percentage change, 1969 to 1970
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Ail programs	6,070,059	7,047,501	7,533,936	7,979,366	9,793,960	10.2
Secondery	3,048,248	3,532,823	3,842,896	4,079,395	5,114,451	25.4
Postsecondary	442,097	499,906	592,970	706,085	1,013,426	43.5
Adult	2,530,712	2,941,109	2,987,070	3,050,466	2,566,083	-12.6
Special needs	49,002	73,663	111,000	143,420	805,384	(2)
Agriculture	907,354	935,170	851,156	850,705	852,983	0.3
Secondery	510,279	508,675	528,146	536,039	550,823	2.8
Postsecondery	5,987	8,093	11,036	15,816	23,381	47.8
Adult	390.388	413,454	305,357	290,336	278,779	-4.0
Speciel needs	700	4,948	6,619	8,514	69,087	(2)
Distributive	420,426	481,034	574 <u>,</u> 785	563,431	529,365	-6.0
Secondary	101,728	151,378	175,816	184,206	230,007	24.9
Postsecondary	15,833	21,003	44,824	60,718	82,160	35.3
Adult	301,116	303,783	349,730	307,976	217,198	-29.5
Speciel needs , , , , , , .	1,749	4,870	4,415	10,531	144,272	(2)
Heelth	83,677	115,109	140,987	175,101	198,044	13.1
Secondary	9,793	16,734	20,952	23,207	31,915	37.5
Postsecondary	36,496	54,135	64,592	91,922	102,515	11.5
Adult	37,065	42,721	52,865	56,603	63,614	12.4
Special needs	323	1,519	2,578	3,369	120,179	(2)
Home economics	1,897,670	2,186,992	2,283,338	2,449,052	2,570,410	5.0
Secondary	1,280,254	1,475,235	1,556,004	1,670,347	1,934,059	15.8
Postsecondary	2,652	3,506	4,395	13,490	44,259	228.1
Adult	602,363	685,225	677,478	718,817	592,092	-17.6
Speciel needs	12,401	23,026	43,461	46,398	1 233,000	( <sup>2</sup> )
Office	1,238,043	1,572,335	1,735,997	1,835,124	2,111,160	15.0
Secondary	798,356	985,398	1,059,656	1,122,198	1,331,257	18.6
Postsecondary	165,439	192,639	225,182	218,448	331,001	46.9
Adult	271,149	389,194	443,481	482,160	448,902	-6.9
Special needs	3,087	5,104	7,678	12,318	<sup>1</sup> 197,359	(2)
Fechnical , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	253,838	266.054	269,832	315,311	271,730	-13,8
Secondary	28,865	27,614	36,286	31,833	34,386	8.0
Postsecondary	100,151	97,156	104,746	130,564	151,621	16.1
Adult	124,730	140,431	127,418	151,714	85.723	-43.5
Speciel needs	92	853	1,382	1,200	13,373	(2)
Frades and industry	1,269,051	1,490,807	1,628,542	1,720,859	1,906,133	10.8
Secondary	318,961	367,789	421,719	458,554	692,396	51.0
Postsecondary	115,539	123,374	137,732	174,201	261,182	49.9
Adult	803,901	966,301	1,030,723	1,042,362	952,555	-8.6
Special needs	30,650	33,343	38,368	45,742	182,642	(2)
Other , , , ,		•	49,297	69,783	354,135	407.6
Secondary			42,317	53,011	309,608	(3)
Postsecondary			463	926	17,307	(2)
			18	498	27,220	(2)
Adult , ,						

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Disadvantaged persons, included in distribution by level above.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Percentage not computed.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Health, Education, and Welfare, Office of Education, annual reports on Vocational and Technical Education, and unpublished data.

Table 48.—Enrollment in federally aided vocational classes, by type of program: United States and outlying areas, 1920 to 1970

	Type of program								
Fiscal year	Total	Agriculture	Distributive occupations	Home aconomics	Tredes and Industry	Health occupations	Technical education	Office occupations	
	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	
920	265,058	31,301		48,938	184,819	· · · ·			
930	981,882	188,311		174,967	618,604	• • •	• • • •	)	
940	2,290,741	584,133	129,433	818,766	758,409	• • •			
942	2,624,786	605,099	215,049	954,041	850,597	• • •		• • • •	
944	2,001,153	469,959	181,509	806,605	543,080	• • •	•••	•••	
946	2,227,663	510,331	174,672	911,816	630,844				
948	2.836,121	640,791	292,936	1,139,766	762,628	• • •			
950	3,364,613	764,975	364,670	1,430,386	804,602	• • •			
952	3,165,988	746,402	234,984	1,391,389	793,213				
964	3,164,851	737,502	220,619	1,380,147	826,583	•••	•••	• • • •	
956	3,413,159	785,599	257,025	1,486,816	883,719				
958	3,629,339	775,892	282,558	1,559,822	983,844	27,423			
960	3,768,149	796,237	303,784	1,588,109	938,490	40,250	101,279		
962	4,072,677	822,664	321,065	1,725,660	1,005,383	48,985	148,920		
964	4,566,390	860,605	334,126	2,022,138	1,069,274	59,006	221,241		
966	6,070,069	907,354	420,426	1,897,670	1,269,051	83,677	253,838	1,238,043	
968	17,533,936	851,158	574,785	2,283,338	1,628,542	140,987	269,832	1,735,997	
969	27,979,366	850,705	563,431	2,449,052	1,720,859	175,101	315,311	1,835,124	
970	8,793,960	852,983	529,365	2,570,410	1,906,133	198,044	271,730	2,111,160	

<sup>1</sup> Includes 49,297 enrolled in other classes, not classified by type of program.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Haelth, Education, and Welfara, Office of Education, annual raports on *Locational and Technical Education*; and unpublished data.

Table 49.—Teachers of federally aided vocational education classes, by type of program: United States and outlying areas, fiscal year 1966 to 1970

Type of program	1966	1968	1970
1	2	3	4
	Number of teachers		
Total	124,042	1 146,562	190,364
Agriculture	11,765	12,262	12,420
Distributive	7,636	8,542	10,458
Health	3,652	6,521	10,483
Home economics	25,943	29,402	34,225
Office	23,111	31,428	45,081
Technical	8,399	10,276	14,241
Trades and industry	38,736	47,742	56,720
Other	4,800	692	6,736
	Perce	ntege distrib	ution
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0
Agriculture	9.5	8.3	6.5
Distributive	6.2	5.8	5.5
Health	2.9	4.4	5.5
Home economics	20.9	20.0	18.0
Office	18.6	21.4	23.7
Technical	6.8	7.0	7.5
Trades and industry	31.2	32.5	29.8
Other	3.9	.6	3.5

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Unduplicated count. The distribution of teachers by type of program does not add to total because some teachers taught in more then one program.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Health, Education, end Welfare, Office of Education, annual reports on Vocational and Technical Education, and unpublished

Table 50.—Estimated number of classroom teachers in nonpublic secondary schools, by teaching field: United States, fell 1971

Touching that d	Classroom teachers				
Teaching field	Number	Percent			
1	2	3			
All fields	88,000	100.0			
English	14,600	16.5			
Social studies	12,600	14.3			
Religion	11,330	12.8			
Methematics	10,10	11.4			
Foreign languages	5,700	11.0			
Heelth and Physical education	ນ.200	10.5			
Science	7,500	6.5			
Business education	5,000	5.7			
Music , ,	4,800	5.5			
Art	1,300	1.5			
Home economics	1,000	1.1			
Industrial arts and vocational education	600	.7			
All other	400	.5			

SOURCE: Estimated by the Office of Education.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Includes 69,783 enrolled in other classes, not classified by type of program.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Includes 354,135 enrolled in other classes not classified by type of program.

Table 61.—Estimated number of classroom teachers in nonpublic elementary and secondary schools, by State: Fall 1971

State	Total	Elementary	Secondary	
1	2	3	4	
United States	258,000	170,000	88,000	
Alabama	1,320	760	560	
Alaska	140	80	60	
Arizona	1,320	770	550	
Arkanses	610	380	230	
California	18,900	12,390	6,510	
Coloredo	2,120	1,300	820	
Connecticut	6,660	3,380	3,280	
District of Columbia	870 1,250	600 660	270	
Florida	5,710	3,620	590 2,090	
Georgia	1,840	1,020	820	
Hawaii	1,410	740	670	
Idaho	370	260	110	
Illinois	19,960	13,720	6,240	
Indiana	5,500	3.930	1,570	
lowa	4,100	2,840	1,260	
Kenses	2,230	1,570	660	
Kentucky	3,820	2,450	1,370	
Louisiana	6,160 1,560	4,270 750	1,890	
	1,560	/50	810	
Meryland	6,400	4,090	2,310	
Massachusetts	10,950	6,620	4,330	
Michigen	10,550 6,380	7,220	3,330	
Minnesota	1,200	4,560 840	1,820 360	
Missouri	7.650	4 000	2 000	
Montana	7,000	4,990 430	2,660 270	
Nebraska	2,320	1,400	920	
Nevada	220	160	60	
New Hampshire , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	1,810	940	870	
New Jersey , , ,	13,360	8,790	4,570	
New Mexico	950	720	230	
New York	35,690	24,100	11,590	
North Carolina	1,200	850	3.0	
North Dakota	780	530	250	
Ohio	14,600	9,870	4,730	
Oklahoma ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	710	500	210	
Oregon	1,680 23,340	1,070	610	
Pennsylvania	2,220	15,070 1,570	8,270 650	
Sou <sup>o</sup> h Carolina	1,350	910	440	
South Dakota	750	480	270	
Tennessee	2,240	1,_40	1,000	
Texas,	6,290	4,550	1,740	
Utah	220	140	80	
Vermont	1,000	420	580	
Virginia	3,650	2,150	1,500	
Washington	2,550 690	1,640 400	910 290	
Wisconsin	10,540	8,120	2,420	
Wyoming	160	140	20	
Outlying areas,	3 7 3 0	2,480	1,310	
American Samoa ,	50	30	20	
Canal Zone	20	10	10	
Guam,,.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	190	130	63	
Puerto Rico	3,300	2,140	1,160	
Virgin Islands	230	170	60	

SOURCE: Estimated by the Office of Education.



4.4

Table 52.—Number of full-time and part-time<sup>1</sup> classroom teachers in public elementary and secondary day schools, by level and by State: Fall 1970 and fall 1971

State		Fell 1970		Fell 1971 <sup>1</sup>				
J. 10.10	Totel	Elementery	Secondary	Total	Elementary	Second		
1	2	3	4	5	6	,		
United States	2,061,115	1,131,774	929,341	2,000,000	1,124,000	960,0		
Nabama	33,026	16,145	16,£81	33,400	16,000	17,40		
lette	3,821	2,349	1,472	3,800	2,300	1,50		
	18,772	12,985	5,787	18,900	12,900	6.00		
rizone,				21,400	10,300	11,10		
rkentes	21,222 193,000	10,370 116,000	10,752 77,600	194,400	115,300	79,10		
	100,000							
oiorado	23,617	11,968	11,649	23,900	11,900	12,0		
onnecticut .,	31,323	18,215	13,108	31,600	18,100	13,5		
elewere	6,034	3,024	3,010	6,100	3,000	3,1		
istrict of Columbia	7,486	4,367	3,129	7,500	4,300	3.2		
oride	62,419	32,266	30,153	63,000	32,000	31,0		
	44.00	00.700	13.000	44.700	20.000			
Porgia	44,007	26,785	17,222	44,300	26,600	17,7		
wali	7,985	4,708	3,277	8,100	4,700	3,4		
nho . ,	8,047	3,785	4,262	8,200	3,800	4,4		
nois	111,827	74,460	37,367	112,300	73,900	38,4		
ilene ,	50,421	25,870	24,551	51,000	25,700	26,		
wa	32,66 <del>0</del>	16,552	16,107	33,000	16,400	16,6		
			12,818	26,200	13,000			
ns#1 . ,	25,884	13,066	1 .			13,		
entucky	30,180	18,056	12,124	30,400	17,900	12,0		
wisiene	36,469	19,994	16,475	36,800	19,900	16,0		
eine	11,170	7,360	3,790	11,200	7,300	3,6		
eryland	40,810	21,200	19,610	41,300	21,100	20.		
ssachusetts	55,300	28,000	27,300	55,900	27,800	28,		
chigan	93,000	41,000	52,000	94,200	40,700	53,0		
		1	22,781	44,300	20,900	23,4		
nnesote	43,809	21,028						
ististippi	22,533	12,270	10,263	22,800	12,200	10,0		
mouri	48,286	25,081	23,205	48,800	24,900	23,5		
ontene	8,406	5,040	3,366	8,500	5,000	3,0		
breske	17 230	8,960	8,280	17,400	8,900	8,1		
vada	4,967	2,761	2,206	5,000	2,700	2.		
w Hampshire	7,441	4,159	3,282	7,500	4,100	3,		
rw Jersey	72,140	42,571	29,569	72,700	42,300	30,4		
rw Mexico	11,620	6,090	5,530	11,700	6,000	[ 6,7		
w York	177,068	91,344	85,727	178,800	90,700	88,		
orth Carolina	49,565	33,322	13,043	49,800	33,100	16,		
orth Dakota	7,659	4,369	.,29.	7,700	4,300	3,		
io	104,690	56,560	48,120	105,730	56,200	49,		
			13,374	28,500	14,700			
klahoma	28,184	14,810				13,		
egon	21,641	11,819	9,822	21,800	11,700	10,		
nnsylvania	106,465 8,988	51,910 4,539	54,555 4,450	107,600	51,600 4,500	56,0		
	0,500	7,500				"		
uth Carolina	28,578	16,101	12,477	28,800	16,000	12,		
uth Dakota	8,696	5,464	3,234	8,700	5,400	3,		
nn@1000	35,450	21,200	14,250	35,800	21,100	14,		
X##	129,440	68,260	61,160	130,600	67,800	62,		
sh	11,360	5,850	5,500	11,500	5,800	6,		
		2.007	2 462			-		
rmont	5,750 47,903	3,087 25,866	2,663 22,037	5,800 48,400	3,100 25,700	22,		
-								
whington	33,360	17,480	15,900	33,800	17,400	16,4		
st Virginia	16,582	8,352	8,230	16,800	8,300	8,6		
sconsin	50,387	32,622	17,735	50,600	32,400	18,		
yoming	4,568	2,315	2,253	4,600	2,300	2.		
Outlying areas	25,112	15,001	10,021	25,300	15,000	10,		
merican Samoa	³ 400	³ 300	³ 100	400	300	1 :		
inal Zona	522	288	234	500	300	1 3		
uem	1,048	603	445	1,100	600	1 .		
serto Rico	23,142	13,900	9,242	23,300	13,900	9,0		

 $<sup>^{1}</sup>$  The part-time teachers included in the totals are in full-time equivalents.  $^{2}$  Estimated.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Health, Education, and Welfare, Office of Education, Fall 1970 Statistics of Public Schools, and Office of Education estimates.



Table 53.—Instructional staff in public elementary and secondary day schools, by type of position and by State: 1967-68

		Principals			Clearoom teachers and other nonsupervisory personnel					
Stare	Total instructional staff	(including assistant principals)	or supervisors of instruction	Classroom teachers	Librarians	Guidence personnal	Psychological persul al	Other non- supervisory instructions personnal		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9		
Ur sted States	2,071,246	95,507	29,005	1,863,967	33,830	41,716	4,665	12,548		
Alebama	34,513	1,269	306	132,939	(2)	(2)	(2)			
Aleska	3,385	158	37	3,065	62	62	6	6		
Arizona	18,874	676	222	te.985	408	399	47	137		
Arkansas	20,094	736	58	18,728	323	249				
Celifornia	188,816	8,931	1,940	171,102	1,697	4,495	651	•••		
Colorado	24,852	1,061	264	21,974	373	511		679		
Connecticut	31,272	1,353	277	28,557	297	674	114	1		
Dalawara , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	6,004	212	53	5,451	120	108	38	22		
District of Columbia	7,809	300	90	6,870	133	363	50	3		
Florida	60,557	2,132	500	53,736	1,844	1,382	514	449		
Georgia , , , , , ,	46,980	1,773	665	42,291	1,485	778				
laweii	7,363	358	51	6,741	203		10			
deho	8,334	267	182	7,461	192	222	2	18		
llinois	109,426	3,530	1,705	98,918	1,540	2.022	270	1,441		
ndiana,,,,,	52,106	2,520	739	346,782	822	1.214	29			
OW8	35.181	1,598	339	31,860	575	675	45	89		
Kanses,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	28,893	1,297	226	25,874	681	501	67	157		
Centucky , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	31,013	1,253	279	27,658	912	498		413		
oulsiana	38,124	1,472	327	34.481	1,138	701	5			
Aaina,,	10,638	849	124	9,341	128	196	•••	• • • •		
Aeryland	39,859	1,919	544	35,440	839	969	74	74		
Assachusetts	52,986	2,780	3,896	44,190	586	1,395	139			
Michigen	92.609	3,139	7 <del>8</del> 9	84,759	1,172	2,515	235	•••		
Minnesota .,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	42,985	1,621	258	39,055	1,015	847	78	111		
Aississippi	23,548	1,096	153	21,413	528	368	•••	•••		
Aissouri	48,203	2,009	711	41,755	509	1,066		53		
Montana	8,879	289	52	8,156	159	195		28		
(ebreska . , , , , ,	16,839	613	111	15,272	300	338	8	197		
Vevede , , ,	5,325	222	41	4,836	123	102	1	•••		
New Hampshira	6,844	419	76	6,098	63	165	4	19-		
New Jersey <sup>4</sup> , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	72,262	2,452	712	\$65,900	(6)	(6)	(6)	63,198		
New Maxico ,	12,655	613	199	11,272	240	322	1	8		
New York , , , ,	,91,818	8,668	6,095	154,288	3,438	4,923	1,304	3,102		
North Carolina <sup>9</sup> , , . , ,	52,152	1,992	473	47,955	(8)	<b>1,732</b>	•••	•••		
forth Dekota	7,806	319	46	7,231	120	90	•••	•••		
Thio	103,165	4,265	772	93,916	1,412	1,998	277	525		
Okiehome , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	27,211	770	182	25,525	293	421	20			
Pregon	24,156	1,180	290	21,508	524	485	20	149		
ennsytva:-la , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	101,476 8,438	2,981 350	1,225 118	92,818 7,569	1, <b>63</b> 3 143	2,085 227	173 6	561 23		
Rhode Island	9,430	300		7,5008	173	421	•	23		
outh Ceroline	29 554	1,045	184	26,182	1,206	721	36	•••		
outh Dakota	9,295	279	42	8,617	138	138	7	71		
annassee , , , , , , , , ,	36,412	1,314	409	33,053	966	630	40	• • • •		
axes , ,	120,467	5,344	685	111,509	1,663 322	°1,276	(9) <b>30</b>	 31		
/tah	12,962	549	148	11,578	322	324	3U	31		
/armont	4,251	247	48	3,754	112	85	5	•••		
/irginia , ,	48,899	2,164	657	43,831	981	996	78	192		
Vachington , , , ,	36,293	1,645	855	31,221	803	841	146	782		
West Virginia , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	18,346	1,421	227	18,258	218	215	. 2			
Visconsin	48,791 4,798	1,864 203	571 <b>6</b> 3	43,875 4,351	1,229 80	1,121 98	131	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		
Outlying areas	23,900	1,023	425	21,729	295	284	6	139		
		~		504			4			
anal Zona	651 1,019	20 44	13	591 890	6 28	17 20	1 1	•••		
iuam	י שוטגו	44	36	(1990)	40 1	20 1	, ,	• • • •		

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Data in each of the categories of nonsupervisory instructional staff are shown for those States reporting such information. In some States, classroom teachers may include other nonsupervisory personnel (librarians, guidance personnel, atc.) when such personnel have not been separately given.

<sup>2</sup> Data for column 6, 7, and 8 included in column 5.



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Data for columns o, r, and o included in columns of Statement of Particle of Education.

Data obtained from published annual State report.

Partity estimated by Office of Education.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup>Data for columns 6, 7, and 8 included in column 9.

<sup>\*</sup>Data for columns 6, 7, and 6 included in column 9.

\*\*Posta obtained from published annual Stata report and Fall 1967 Statistics of Public Schools.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup>Data for column 6 included in column 7.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup>Date for column 8 included in column 7.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Health, Education, and Welfare, Office of Education, Statistics of State School Systems, 1967-68.

Table 54.—Selected characteristics of public school teachers, by level and by sex: United States, 1965-66

Item	All teachers	Ele- mentery	Secon- dary	Men	Woman
1	2	3	4	5	6
Highest degree held:					
No 4-yeer degree	7.0	12.9	0.6	1.6	9.5
Bachelor's degree	69.6	71.4	67.7	63.2	72.6
Mester's degree	21.9	14.9	29.6	32.2	17.2
Professional diploma based on 6 years of					
college study	1.3	.8	1.9	2.6	.7
Dr. or's degreedo	.1	•••	.3	.4	•••
Av. ye (mean) years of teaching experience Av. ye number of hours et school required of	11.8	13.4	10.0	9.0	13.1
ter chers per school day	7.3	7.2	7.4	7.4	7.3
Average number of hours per week devoted to				1	
teaching duties	47.4	46.5	48.3	47.8	47.2
Average number of days of classroom teaching					
in school year 1965-66	180.6	180.7	180.4	180.7	180.5
Average annual selary as classroom					
teacher dollars	\$6,253	6,119	6.299	6,680	6.077
Average ege (in years)	38.7	41.1	36.2	35.0	40,5
Sexpercent	100.0		• • •	31.1	€3.9
Marital status:		,			
Married do	69.1	€7.5	70.7	78.2	65.0
Singledo	22.0	20.2	23.8	19.8	22.9
Widowed, separated, divorced do	9.0	12.3	5.4	2.1	12.2

NOTE: Data are based on reports received from a sample of 2,344 teachers. Because of rounding, percents may not add to 100.0.

SOURCE: National Education Association, Research Division, Research Report 1967 - R4. The American Public-School Teacher, 1965-66. (Copyright © 1967 by the National Education Association. All rights reserved.)

Table 55.—Public secondary school teachers, by teaching field and by sex: United States, 1965-66

Teaching field in which largest portion of time was spent	All teachers	Men	Women
1	2	3	4
All fields:			
Number	734,159	395,940	338,219
Percent	100.0	100.0	100.0
And to the			
Agriculture	1.6	2.9	• • •
Art	2.0	1.5	2.6
Business education	7.0	4.9	9.5
English	18.1	11.4	26.1
Foreign language	€ 1	4.2	9.1
Health and physical education	6.9	6.6	7.3
Home economics	5.9		13.0
Methematics	13.9	15.0	12.6
Science	10.8	15.7	5.1
Social studies	15.3	19.4	10.5
Music	4.7	5.4	3.8
Industrial arts	5.1	9.3	
Special education	.4	.3	.4
Others	1.9	3.5	l

NOTE.—Percents are based on reports received from a sample of 1,088 teachers; because of rounding, they may not add to 100.0.

SOURCE: National Education Association, Research Division, Research Report 1967-R4, The American Public-School Teacher, 1965-66; and Research Report 1966-R20, Estimates of School Statistics, 1966-67. (Copyright © 1967 and 1966, respectively, by the National Education Association, All rights reserved.)

Table 56.—Average annual salary of instructional staff in public elementary and secondary day schools, and average annual earnings of full-time employees in all industries, in unadjusted dollars and adjusted dollars: United States, 1929-30 to 1970-71

	Unadjust	ted dollars	Adjusted do! purchasin	lars (1970-71 g power) <sup>1</sup>
School year	Salary per member of instructional staff	Earnings per full-time em- ployee work- ing for wages or salary <sup>2</sup>	Salary per member of instructional staff	Earnings per full-time em- ployee work- ing for wages or salary <sup>2</sup>
1	2	3	4	5
1929-30	\$1,420	\$1,386	\$3,293	\$3,214
	1,417	1,198	3,902	3,299
	1,227	1,070	3,678	3,207
	1,283	1,160	3,708	3,353
	1,374	1,244	3,812	3,451
1939-40	1,441	1,282	4,093	3,641
	1,507	1,576	3,840	4,016
	1,728	2,030	3,940	4,629
	1,995	2,272	4,344	4,948
	2,639	2,692	4,494	4,585
1949-50	3,010	2,930	5,046	4,912
1951-52	3,450	3,322	5,209	5,016
1953-54	3,825	3,628	5,644	5,353
1955-56	4,156	3,942	6,137	5,821
1957-58	4,702	4,276	6,530	5,939
1959-60	5,174	4,632	6,991	6,258
1961-62	5,700	4,928	7,525	6,506
1963-64	6,240	5,373	8,027	6,912
1965-66	6,935	5,838	8,621	7,257
1967-68	7,885	6,444	9,201	7,520
1969-70 <sup>3</sup>	8,840	7,330	9,291	7,704
	9,570	7,800	9,570	7,800

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Based on the Consumer Price Index, prepared by the Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor.

SOURCES: U.S. Department of Health, Education, and Welfare, Office of Education, Spatistics of State School Systems; and Fall Statistics of Public Schools. U.S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics, Survey of Current Business, July issues, 1962, 1966, 1969, and 1971, U.S. Income and Output; and National Income, 1954 edition.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Calendar-year data from the U.S. Department of Commerce have been converted to a school-year basis by averaging the 2 appropriate calendar years in each case.

<sup>3</sup> Estimated

Table 57.—Estimated average annual salary of classroom teachers in public elementary and secondary schools: United States, 1955-56 to 1970-71

School year	Avarage	salary (in dollars	)	Average salary	Index (1955-56ª	100.J)	
	Ali teachers	Elementary teachers	Secondary teachers	All teachers	Elementary teachars	Secondary teachers	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	
1955-56	\$4,065	\$3,852	\$4,409	100.0	100.0	100,0	
1958-57	4,239	4,044	4,581	104.5	105.0	103.9	
957-58	4,571	4,373	4,894	112.7	113.5	111.0	
958-59	4,797	4,607	5,113	118.3	119.6	116.0	
959-60	4,995	4,815	5,276	123.2	125.0	119.7	
960-61	5,275	5,075	5,543	130.1	131.7	126.7	
961-62	5,515	5,340	5,775	138.0	138.6	131.0	
962-63	5,732	5,500	5,980	141.4	144.3	135.6	
963-64	5,995	5,805	6,266	147.8	150.7	142.1	
964-65	6,195	5,985	6,451	152.8	155.4	146.3	
965-66	6,485	6,279	6,761	159.9	163.0	153.3	
966-67	6,830	6,622	7,109	168.4	171.9	161.2	
967-68	7,423	7.208	7.692	183.1	187.1	174.5	
968-69	7,952	7,718	8,210	196.1	200.4	186.2	
969-70	8,635	8,412	8,891	212.9	218.4	201.7	
970-71	9,265	9,025	9.540	228.5	234.3	216.4	

SOURCE: National Education Association, Research Division, Research Report 1970-R3, Economic Status of the Teaching Profession, 1969-70 and Research Report 1971-R4, Economic

Status of the Teaching Profession, 1970-71. (Copyright © 1970 and 1971, respectively, by the National Education Association. All rights : reserved.)

Table 58.—Percentage distribution of estimated annual salaries paid classroom teachers in public elementary and secondary schools: United States, 1952-53 to 1970-71

School year	Parcent of classroom teachers paid—										
School year	Less than \$3,500	\$3,500- 4,499	\$4,500- 5,490	\$5,500- 6,499	\$6,500- 7,499	\$7,500- 8,499	\$8,500- 9,499	\$9,500- 10,499	\$10,500- 11,499	\$11,500 or more	
1	2	. 3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	
952-53	62.0	25.0	1 13.0								
953-54	55.8	26.6	117.6				i	۱			
954-55	48.5	29.2	1 22.3				١	}	·		
955-56	42.6	31.4	1 26.0					١			
956-57	35.0	33.0	132.0								
957-58	25.6	33.5	140.9				l		l	l	
958-59	17.0	31.7	26.7	15.7	<sup>2</sup> 8.9	l			l		
959-60	12.8	29.7	28.2	17.4	<sup>2</sup> 11.9		l			l	
960-61	9.2	26.0	27.2	19.3	10.9	37.4	1			i	
961-62	5.7	20.9	28.9	22.6	12.9	<sup>3</sup> 9.0		• • • • •			
962-63	4.3	17.7	28.0	23.4	14.5	8.1	44.0	١		١	
963-64	2.7	14.2	28.6	24.2	15.1	9.0	46.3				
964-65	1.6	11.9	27.0	24.7	16.6	10.1	5.5	52.6			
965-66	.8	8.0	22.7	25.8	19.1	11.5	6.6	5 4.5	١		
965-67	.3	4.1	19.7	26.7	19.8	13.2	8.6	4.5	<sup>5</sup> 3.1		
967-68		62.1	11.5	25.5	22.0	15.3	10.5	6.6	56.5		
968-69			<sup>7</sup> 6.9	18.1	24.5	18.1	13.4	8.6	6.0	4.3	
969-70	<b></b>		72.9	13.2	20.5	19.7	14.4	11.4	7.7	10.3	
970-71			71.5	7.2	15.6	18.4	16.7	14.9	11.3	14.5	

SOURCE: National Education Association, Research Division, Research Report 1971-R4, Economic Status of the Teaching Profession, 1970-71. (Copyright © 1971 by the National Education Association. All rights reserved.)



<sup>1\$4,500</sup> or more; detailed breakdown not available,
2\$6,500 or more; detailed breakdown not available,
3\$7,500 or more; detailed breakdown not available,
4\$8,500 or more; detailed breakdown not available,
5 Detailed breakdown not available beyond this salary range,
6 Less than \$4,500; detailed breakdown not available.

 $<sup>^7 {\</sup>it Less}$  than \$5,500; detailed breakdown not available.

Table 59.—Average annual salary of instructional staff<sup>1</sup> in full-time public elementary and secondary day schools, by State:

1929-30 to 1970-71

_	L		Unadjust	ed dollers		_	Adjusted dollars (1970-71 purchasing power) <sup>2</sup>					ver),
State	1929-30	1939-40	1949-50	1959-60	1967-68	1970-713	1929-30	1939-40	1949-50	1959-60	1967-68	1970-71
1	22	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
United States* , , ,	\$1,420	81,441	\$3,010	85,174	\$7,630	\$9,570	83,293	\$4,093	\$5,046	\$6,991	\$8,903	\$9,570
Alebama	792	744	2,111	4,002	5,900	7,525	1,836	2,113	3,539	5,407	6,885	7,525
Alaska	1,728	(4)	(*)	6,859	9,658	14,025	4,008	(*)	(*)	9,267	11,270	14,025
Arizona	1,637	1,544	3,558	5,590	7,500	9,550	3,797	4,386	5,961	7,553	8,752	9,550
Arkansas	673	584	1,801	3,295	5,723	6,790	1,581	1,659	3,019	4,452	6,678	6,790
California	2,123	2,351	(1)	46,600	9,450	10,850	4,924	6,678	(*)	*8,917	11,027	10,850
Colorado	1,453	1,393	2,821	4,997	7,175	8,605	3,370	3,957	4,729	6,751	8,373	8,605
Connecticut	1,812	1,861	3,558	6,008	8,400	9,925	4,202	5,286	5,964	8,117	9,802	9,925
Delawara	1,570	1,684	3,273	45,800	7,900	10,212	3,641	4,783	5,487	47,836	9,219	10,212
District of Columbia	2,269	2,350	3,920	6,280	(*)	10,782	5,262	6,675	6,571	8,485	(*)	10.782
Florida	876	1,012	2,958	5,080	7,500	9,206	2,032	2,874	4,958	6,864	8,752	9,206
Georgia	684	770	1,963	73,904	6,775	7,940	1,586	2,187	3,291	75,275	7,906	7,940
ławaii	1,812	(1)	(5)	5,390	8,100	10,606	4,202	(*)	(*)	7,292	9,452	10,605
deho	1,200	1,057	2,481	4,216	6,200	7,280	2,783	3,002	4,159	5,696	7,235	7,280
Ilinois	1,630	1,700	3,458	*5,814	8,000	10,400	3,780	4,829	5,797	* 7,855	9,335	10,400
ndiana	1,466	1,433	3,401	5,542	8,200	9,860	3,400	4,070	5,701	7,488	9,569	9,860
OW4	1,094	1,017	2,420	44,030	7,362	8,779	2,537	2,889	4,057	45,445	8,614	8,779
Kanses	1,159	1,014	2,629	44,450	6,723	8,248	2,688	2,880	4,405	6,012	7,845	8,248
Kentucky	896	826	1,936	3,327	6,500	7,550	2,078	2,346	3,245	4,495	7,585	7,550
Louisiana	941	1,006	2,983	4,978	7,448	8,600	2,182	2,857	5,000	6,726	8,691	8,600
Maine	942	894	2,115	3,694	6,300	8,650	2,185	2,539	3,545	4,991	7,351	8,650
Maryland	1,518	1,642	3,594	5,557	8,316	10,183	3,521	4,664	6,025	7,508	9,704	10,183
Massachusetts	1,875	2,037	3,338	° 5,545	8,383	9,500	4,348	5,786	5,595	* 7,492	9,782	9,500
Michigan	1,534	1,576	3,420	5,654	8,000	10,800	3,558	4,476	5,733	7,639	9,335	10,800
Vinnesota	1,251	1,276	3,013	5,275	7,859	10,740	2,901	3,624	5,051	7,127	9,171	10,740
Missisppi	620	559	1,416	3,314	4,735	6,173	1,438	1,588	2,374	4,478	5,525	6,173
Missouri	1,235	1,159	2,581	4,536	6,807	8,608	2,864	3,292	4,327	6,129	7,943	8,608
Montana	1,215	1,184	2,962	*4,425	6,650	8,358	2,818	3,363	4,965	65,979	7,760	8,358
Nebraska	1,077	829	2,292	3,876	6,250	8,400	2,498	2,355	3,842	5,237	7,293	8,400
Veveda	1,483	1,557	3,209	5,693	8,200	9,900	3,439	4,423	5,379	7,692	9,569	9,900
New Hampshire	1,254	1,258	2,712	4,455	6,450	8,656	2,908	3,573	4,546	6,019	7,527	8,656
New Jersey	2,113	2,093	3,511	1 6 5,871	8,167	10,560	4,900	5,945	5,885	1 6 7,932	9,530	10,560
New Mexico	1,113	1,144	3,215	5,382	7,299	10,150	2,581	3,249	5,389	7,272	8,517	10,150
New York	2,493	2,604	3,706	6,537	8,600	12,000	5,782	7,396	6,212	8,832	10,035	12,000
North Carolina	873	946	2,688	4,178	6,443	8,466	2,025	2,687	4,506	5,645	7,518	8,466
North Dakota	900	745	2,324	3,695	5,750	7,200	2,087	2,116	3,896	4,992	6,710	7,200
Ohio	1,665	1,587	3,088	5,124	7,600	9,100	3,861	4,508	6,176	6,923	8,868	9,100
Oklahoma	1,070	1,014	2,736	4,659	6,203	7,650	2,482	2,880	4,586	6,295	7,238	7,650
Oregon	1,612	1,333	3,323	5,535	7,738	9,539	3,739	3,786	5,570	7,478	9,029	9,539
Pennsylvania	1,620	1,640	3,006	5,308	7,450	9,400	3,757	4,658	5,039	7,172	8,693	9,400
Phode Island	1,437	1,809	3,294	'°5,499	7,650	9,750	3,333	5,138	5,522	1°7,430	8,927	9,750
South Carolina	788	743	1,891	3,450	5,750	7,150	1,828	2,110	3,170	4,661	6,710	7,150
South Dakota	956	807	2,064	3,725	5,425	7,500	2,217	2,292	3,460	5,033	6,330	7,500
Tennessee	902	862	2,302	3,929	6,170	7,550	2,092	2,448	3,859	5,308	7,200	7,550
Texas	924	1,079	3,122	4,708	6,675	8,646	2,143	3,065	5,233	6,361	7,789	8,646
Jtah	1,330	1,394	3,103	5,096	7,050	8,500	3,085	3,960	5,202	6,885	8,227	8,500
Vermont	963	981	2,348	4,466	6,450	8,721	2,233	2,786	3,936	6,034	7,527	8,721
Virginia	861	899	2,329	4,312	6,900	9,000	1,997	2,554	3,902	5,826	8,052	9,000
Nashington ,	1,556	1,706	3,487	1 9 5,643	8,100	10,000	3,609	4,846	5,845	10 7,624	9,452	10,000
West Virginia	1,023	1,170	2,425	3,952	6,300	7,979	2,373	3,323	4,065	5,340 116,580	7,351 118,795	7,979 9,890
Nisconsin	1,399	1,379	3,007	114,870	117,537	9,890	3,245	3,917 3,320	5,041 4,690	6,670	8,492	8,919
Nyoming	1,239	1,169	2,798	4,937	7,277	8,919	2,873	3,320	7,030	0,870	0,482	U,3 18
Outlying areas:						٠	ا .م.	ا , بر	ا .ور	٠,.	,,,	48.1
American Samoa	(*)	(*)	(*)	852	(*)	(8)	(*)	(5)	(*)	(5)	(*)	(* )   40.467
Canal Zone	(*)	(*)	(*) (*)	6,034 4,107	9,198 7,369	12,487 9,214	(*) (*)	(f) (f)	(*) (*)	(*) (*)	( <sup>5</sup> ) ( <sup>5</sup> )	12,467 9,214
		(*)		1117		. 4714		1.7		. 1" 3		7.∡ i4
GuamPuerto Rico	(* ) (* )	(*)	(4)	12,360	4,215	5,760	(4)	(*)	l èi l	(4)	(*)	5,760

Includes supervisors, principals, classroom teachers, and other instructional staff.

Based on Consumer Price Index published by the Bureau of Labor Statistics,
U.S. Department of Labor.

Estimated.

Based on Consumer Price Index published by the Bureau of Labor Statistics,
U.S. Department of Labor.

Estimated.

Data not available.

Partly estimated by the Office of Education:
Excludes kindergarten teachers.



<sup>A Includes administrators.

Includes clerical assistants to instructional personnel.

Includes attendance personnel.

Excludes vocational schools not operated as part of the regular public school</sup> 

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Health, Education, and Welfare, Office of Education, Statistics of State School Systems; and Fall 1970 Statistics of Public Schools. ៊ូស៊ូ

## Number of School Districts Continues to Decline

The number of school districts in the United States is continuing to decline. The Office of Education reports that in the fall of 1969 there were 19,169 public school districts—a decrease of 1,271, or 6 percent, from the 20,440 districts in the preceding year. Nearly four-fifths of the decrease occurred in the Midwest, the region that still has close to one-half of the school districts in the country. A total of 999 districts were eliminated in 12 Midwestern States between the fall of 1968 and the fall of 1969. Three States had decreases of more than 100: South Dakota, 441; Nebraska, 193; and Minnesota, 148.

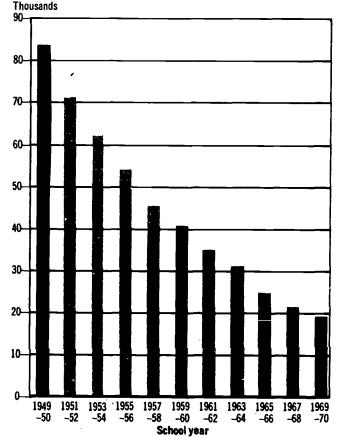
This marked decline has been occurring for over 20 years. The 1969-70 total of 19,169 districts was less than one-fourth the number in 1949-50 and less than

one-half the number in 1959.60 (see the accompanying chart). Despite this continuing trend, there are still four States with over 1,000 districts: Nebraska, 1,820; Illinois, 1,227; Texas, 1,216; and California, 1,082.

The reduction in the number of school districts is the result of reorganization laws, the consolidation of small districts, and the elimination of nonoperating school districts. In 1969 there were still 945 districts that did not operate schools. These nonoperating districts either had no pupils during the 1969-70 school year or sent them to school in another district on a tuition basis.

-NEVA A. CARLSON, specialist in educational statistics

Figure 6.—Number of public school districts: United States, 1949-50 to 1969-70



SOURCE: U.S. Department of Health, Education, and Welfare, Office of Education, Digast of Educational Statistics and Fail 1969 Statistics of Public Schools.

Table 60.-Number of local basic administrative units (school districts), by State: Fall 1970

	Scho	ii 1970	Oscrease in total number	
State	Total	Operating	Non- operating	of districts since fell 1965 (+ denotes increase)
1	2	3	4	5
United States	17,995	17,181	814	8,988
Alabama Alacka Arizona Arkansas California	124 29 295 389 1,070	124 29 292 386 1,071	 3 3	+5 0 13 21 287
Colorado	181 169 26 1 67	181 169 26 1 67		3 9 33 0 0
Georgia	190 1 115 1,175 319	189 1 115 1,171 317	1   4 2	5 0 2 179 123
lowa Kansas Kentucky Louisiana Maine	457 311 192 66 290	454 311 192 66 235	   55	527 1,189 8 1 107
Maryland	24 431 628 617 150	24 380 618 613 150	51 10 4	0 +39 522 822 +1
Missouri Montana Nebraska New Hampshire	668 741 1,665 17 168	639 671 1,265 17 157	29 70 400  11	360 165 681 0 31
New Jersey	599 89 760 152 411	578 89 737 152 356	21  23  55	+5 2 237 17 192
Ohio Oklahoma Ore//on Pstinsylvania Rhode Island	631 665 350 597 40	631 665 346 590 40	4 7	107 384 59 266 0
South Carolina	93 286 147 1,187 40	93 270 147 1,179 40	16  8	15 2,102 5 149 0
Vermont Virginia Washington West Virginia Wisconsin Vilyoming	277 134 321 55 454 131	251 130 320 55 452 130	26 4 1  2 1	+15 +4 57 0 118 59
Outlying areas: American Samoa	1 1 1	1 1 1 1		0 0 0 0

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Health, Education, and Welfare, Office of Education, Fall Statistics of Public Schools, 1970 and 1965.

Tabla 61.—Number of public school systems and number of pupils enrolled, by size of system: United States, 1966-67

	School	systems	Pupils enrolled		
Enrollment size 1	Number	Percent	Number(in thousands)	Percant	
1	2	3	4	5	
Total	23,390	100.0	143,842	100.0	
25,000 or mora	170	.7	12,590	28.7	
12,000 to 24,999	350	1.5	5,730	13.1	
6,000 to 11,999	880	3.8	7,293	16.6	
3,000 to 5,999	1,726	7.4	7,178	16.4	
1,800 to 2,999	1,819	7.8	4,251	9.7	
1,200 to 1,799	1,636	7.0	2,416	5.5	
600 to 1,199	2,838	12.1	2,437	5.6	
300 to 509	2,723	11.6	1,185	2.7	
150 to 299	2,091	8.9	459	1.0	
50 to 149	2,230	9.5	209	5	
15 to 49	2,673	11,4	71	.2	
1 to 14	2,386	10.2	22	.1	
None <sup>3</sup>	1,868	8.0			

NOTE: Because of rounding, detail may not add to totals.

SOURCE: U.S. Oepartment of Commerce, Bureau of the Canaus, 1967 Census of Governments, CG-P-3, Public School Systems in 1966-67.

Table 62.—Number of local basic administrative units (school districts), and number of public and nonpublic elamentary and secondary schools: United States, 1929-30 to fall 1970

		Public sch	ool system	•	Nonpubl	ic schools <sup>1</sup>
School year	School	Elementa	ry schools	Secondary	Elemen-	
	districts <sup>2</sup>	Total	1-teacher	schools	tary	Secondary
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
1929-30	(3)	238,306	149,282	23,930	9,275	3,258
1931-32	127,531	232,750	143,391	26,409	9,734	3,289
1933-34	(3)	236,236	139,166	24,714	9,992	3,327
1935-36	(3)	232,174	131,101	25,652	9,992	3,327
1937-38	119,001	221,660	121,178	25,467	9,992	3,327
1939-40	117,108	(3)	113,600	(3)	11.306	3,568
1941-42	115,493	183,112	107,692	25,123	10,285	3.011
1943-44	111.383	169,905	96.302	28.973	10,285	3,011
1945-46	101,382	160,227	86,563	24,314	9,863	3,294
1947-48	94,926	146,760	75,096	25,484	10,071	3,292
1949-50	83,718	128,225	59.652	24.542	10,375	3,331
1951-52	71,094	123,763	50,742	23,748	10,666	3,322
1953-54	63,057	110.875	42.865	25,637	11,739	3,913
1955-56	54,859	104,427	34,964	26,046	12,372	3,887
1957-58	47,594	95,446	25,341	25,507	13,065	3,994
1959-60	40,520	91,853	20,213	25,764	13,574	4,061
1961-62	35,676	81,910	13,333	25,350	14,762	4,129
1963-64	31,705	77,584	9,895	26,431	(3)	4,451
1965-66	26,983	73,216	6,491	26,597	15,340	4,806
1967-68	22,010	70,879	4,146	27,011	14,900	4,400
Fall 1970	17,995	66,849	2,143	26,282	14,400	*4,200

45

NOTE: Seginning in 1959-60, includes Alaska and Hawaii.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Health, Education, and Welfers, Office of Education, Statistics of State School Systems, Fall Statistics of Public Schools, and Statistics of Nonpublic Elementary and Secondary Schools,



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Based on the number of pupils enrolled in October 1966. <sup>2</sup>Includes 992,000 students enrolled at the college level, <sup>3</sup>Systems not operating schools.

Data for most years are partly estimated.
Includes operating and nonoperating districts.
Data not available.
Estimated.

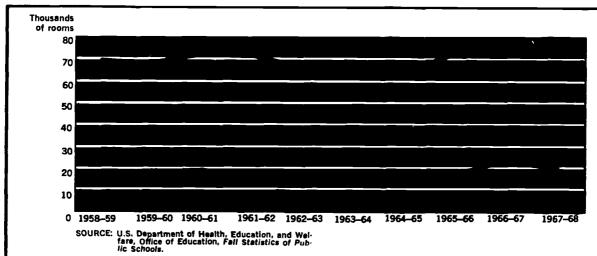
Table 63.—Number and percent of public secondary schools, by type of school: United States, 1919-20 to 1965-66

School year	Total		Туре о	fschool		Cab and man	<b>.</b>		Type o	f school	
School year	Tradi- tional 1 Junior 2 Senior 3 Junior- senior 4		School year	Total	Tradi- tional I	Junior <sup>2</sup>	Senior <sup>3</sup>	Junior- senior <sup>4</sup>			
1	2	3	4	5	6	1	2	3	4	5	6
1919-20:						1951-52:		T			<del>                                     </del>
Number	14,326	13,421	55	22	828	Number	23,746	10,169	3,227	1.760	8,591
Percent	100.0	93.7	0.4	0.1	5.8	Percent	100.0	42.8	13.6	7.4	36.2
1929-30:	ì	}	}	]	1	1958-59:	ļ				
Number	22,237	16,460	1,842	648	3,287	Number	24,190	6,024	4,996	3,040	10,130
Percent	100.0	74.0	8.3	2.9	14.8	Percent	100.0	24.9	20.6	12.6	41.9
1937-38:					1	1963-64:		į.			,
Number	25,057	15,523	2,372	959	6,203	Number	525,926	7,173	7,143	5,568	6,042
Percent	100.0	61.9	9.5	3.8	24.8	Percent	100.0	27.7	27.6	21.5	23.3
1945-46:		1	ļ	ľ		1965-66:		}			
Number	24,122	13,797	2,653	1,312	6,360	Number	526,098	8,176	7,920	4,942	5,060
Percent	100.0	57.2	11.0	5.4	26.4	Percent	100.0	31.3	30.3	18.9	19.4

NOTE: Prior to 1963-64, data are for 48 States and District of Columbia. Because of rounding, percentages may not add to totals.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Health, Education, and Welfare, Office of Education, Statistics of Education in the United States, 1958-59 Series, Number 1, Public Secondary Schools; and Statistics of State School Systems.

- <sup>1</sup> Includes regular 4-year high schools preceded by 8-year elementary schools. No reorganization has taken place.
- <sup>2</sup>includes 2- and 3-year junior high schools.
- Includes 3- and 4-year senior high schools preceded by junior high schools.
- 4Includes 5- and 6-year high schools.
- SExcludes incomplete regular high schools and vocational or trade high schools (505 in 1963-84 and 499 in 1965-66).



#### **Public School Instruction Rooms Completed or Abandoned**

A record 75,400 public elementary and secondary school instruction rooms were completed during the 1967–68 school year. This climaxed the 10-year period, 1958 to 1968, in which 701,000 instruction rooms were built. The annual average during the past decade was thus slightly over 70,000 classrooms per year. These figures include newly constructed rooms as well as those converted to classroom use from other purposes.

During 1967-68, 19,400 instruction rooms were abandoned, bringing the total number of abandonments over the past decade to 182,000, or an average of somewhat more than 18,000 a year. Instruction rooms may be abandoned for a number of reasons: obsolescence, school reorganization and consolidation, destruction from fire, flood, urban redevelopment, and other causes.

Approximately 1,764,500 instruction rooms

were being used at the beginning of the 1968–69 school year. This was an increase of more than half a million over the number available 10 years earlier. In the fall of 1968, there was an instruction room for every 25.5 elementary and secondary school pupils enrolled. A decade earlier the ratio of pupils to rooms was 27.7 to one. Despite this evidence of progress, a need for additional classrooms is indicated by the fact that 317,000 pupils in 29 States were still attending school on curtailed sessions in fall 1968.

These data are from the annual Office of Education surveys of Fall Statistics of Public Schools. The reports are based upon information supplied to OE by the department of education in each State. —W. VANCE GRANT, specialist in educational statistics.

Figure 7.—Number of public elementary and secondary school instruction rooms completed or abandoned: United States, 1958–59 to 1967–68



Table 64.—Selected statistics on schoolhousing in full-time public elementary and secondary day schools, by State: 1969-70 and fall 1970

	Nu	mber of pupils on curr sessions, fall 1970	talled	Nur	nber of instruction ro	oms
State	Totel	Elementary	Secondary	Completed during 1969-70	Abandoned during 1969-70	Available and in us fall 1970
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
United States	422,505	1 190,290	1232,215	3 66,100	<sup>1</sup> 19,196	³ 1,864,30
Alabama	(°)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(°)	(
Alaska	• • •	•••	•••	154	11	3,16
Arizona	15,744	5,943	9,801	897	111	17,88
Arkansas	41,993	36,911	5,082	725 4,000	461 800	19,08 174,90
Cotorado	799	768	31	704	440	
Connecticut	5,649	508	5,141	721 (³)	148 (³)	22,46 (°)
Delaware	4,756	2,564	2,192	238	144	5.44
District of Columbia	520	2,001	520	430	8	5.78
lorida	80,580	2,042	78,538	2,815	678	51,71
Georgia	4,697	1,824	2,873	2,336	1,068	45,17
lawaii	4,007	1,024	2,070	308	124	7.54
daho	•••			258	88	7,54 7.84
linois	29,940	19,409	10,531	2,100	428	90,89
ndiana	2,723	1,763	960	1,007	75	49,05
owa				1,684	511	29,26
Cansas	•••			843	371	25,60
Centucky	3,254	1,702	1,552	1,261	394	28,37
ouisiana	24,708	8,050	16,658	2,038	1,562	36,06
Aaine	5,609	4,715	894 .	558	209	10,40
faryland	22,836	16,877	5,959	2,411	124	34,37
Massachusetts	3,386	251	3,135	855	392	45,09
flichigan	17,515	4,225	13,290	1,602	306	92,08
Ainnesota	11,485	4,410	7,075	1,950 423	688 660	39,75 21,97
	_		1			21,37
lissouri	(3)	(3)	(°)	(2)	292	40,19
fontana	910	82	828	285	67	8,53
lebraska			•••	105	35	16,82
levada	4,000	559	3,441	67 572	24 196	5,01
	4,000	339	3,441	5/2	196	6,95
lew Jersey	29,600	19,240	10,360	2,690	800	59,10
lew Mexico	75,000	50.000	25,000	577	332	12,18
orth Carolina	75,000	50,000	25,000	4,221 1,518	871 1,335	139,699 52,918
lorth Dakota		•••		233	193	8,05
hlo				(2)	(3)	(2)
klahoma	(2)	(2)	(2)	954	287	28,96
regon	450	110	340	645	150	21,864
ennsylvania	15,563	919	14,644	4.063	1,421	91,696
hode island	7,175	3,939	3,236	440	52	7,539
outh Carolina		l		657	(2)	25,656
outh Dakota				150	75	7,718
ennessee	1,336	1,336		828	911	33,967
exas	(2)	(2)	(3)	2,854	(2)	118,644
Itah		•••	•••	373	222	11,467
ermont		• • •		93	36	5,534
irginia	12,171	2,083	10,088	2,807	1,500	49,000
ashington	(3)	(3)	(3)	1,327	(*)	34,988
est Virginia	106	60	46	408	501	16,514
lisconsin	(2)	(3)	(3)	3,503 (³)	535 (³)	41,532 (³)
·					<del>''</del>	
utlying areas: Canal Zone	}			58	21	716
Guam		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		32	1	861

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Excludes 6 States for which data are not available.
<sup>2</sup> Includes estimates for the nonreporting States.
<sup>3</sup> Data not available.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Health, Education, and Welfare, Office of Education, Fall 1970 Statistics of Public Schools.



#### Table 65.—Selected characteristics of instructional rooms in public school plants, by State: 1964-65

[Data for rooms are rounded to nearest 100]

	Total num- ber of		1n:			n parmane and comb		De pA		lr.	nstruction	al rooms!	in-
State	instructional rooms in pub- lic school	Bafore 1 combu		After 19 combi	920 and	Sefore 1 noncom	920 and	After 19 noncomb		Nonper build	manent dings	Offsite (	ecilitie
<u> </u>	plants	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percer
	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
United States	1,536,500	41,000	2.7	94,100	6.1	174,100	11.3	1,184,500	77,1	31,000	2.0	11,700	0.8
Nabama	28,000	600	2.3	4,700	16.9	800	2.8	21,200	75.5	500	1.9	100	.5
Maska	1,900	(2)	.6	500	29.5	0	0	1,200	66.7	(2)	2.1	(2)	1.1
Arizona	13,700	100	.8	300	2.2	1,200	8.8	11,700	85.0	400	2.9	(2)	.3
arkansas	15,000 130,700	1,400	.6 1.1	1,800 32,300	11.8 24.7	900 3,100	5.8 2.3	11,800 80,600	78.9 61.7	300 12,600	2.1 9.6	100 800	.7
	130,700	1,400	""	32,300	24.7	3,100	2.3	80,000	61.7	12,600	9.0	800	.6
colorado	18,100	600	3.5	500	2.9	2,000	10.9	14,600	80.5	300	1.9	100	.3
Connecticut	21,000	500	2.4	300	1.3	3,200	15.1	16,800	80.1	100	.5	100	6.
Delaware	4,100	100	1.8	(2)	1.1	(2)	.3	3,900	95.9	(2)	1 .1	(2)	.8
listrict of Columbia	4,900	0	0_	0	0_	900	19.4	3,900	79.8	(2)	.7	(2)	0_
iorida	39,300	600	1.5	1,400	3.5	1,800	4.5	32,800	83.4	2,500	6.4	300	.7
eorgia	37,200	500	1.3	2,500	6.7	1,600	4.4	32,000	86.0	300	.7	300	.8
lawaii	5,800	300	4.5	1,700	29.8	100	2.1	3,400	59.1	200	4.1	(2)	.3
daho	6,900	400	5.9	400	5.3	1,100	16.0	4,800	70.4	(2)	.5	100	1.8
linois	76,000	2,900	3.8	300	.4	13,700	18.0	58,200	76.6	300	.4	600	.8
ndiana	40,400	800	2.0	200	.5	8,100	20.1	30,800	76.4	300	.8	100	.3
owe	28,500	1,900	6.5	500	1.9	6,600	23.2	19,000	66.8	100	.3	400	1.2
ansas	25,200	400	1.7	500	1.9	3,100	12.5	20,500	81.4	500	1.8	200	.8
entucky	23,400	500	2.1	1,000	4.5	2,200	9.5	18,900	80.8	600	2.6	100	.6
Ouisiana	32,000	500	1.5	2,500	7.8	1,600	5.0	25,800	80.7	1,200	3.9	400	1.2
laine	8,300	1,200	14.8	1,900	22.5	800	10.2	4,200	51.0	(2)	<b>(2)</b>	100	1.5
laryland	25,700	1.000	3.9	800	3.1	1,700	6.7	21,500	83.9	400	1.5	200	.9
lassachusatts	36,400	2,000	5.4	900	2.6	8,700	24.0	24,300	66.7	200	.4	300	.9
lichigan	64,500	1,900	2.9	700	1.1	6,100	9.5	55,300	85.7	200	.3	400	.6
linnesota	33,000	2,300	7.1	800	2.5	4,400	13.3	25,000	75.8	100	.3	300	.9
lississippi	20,900	(2)	.1	1,100	5.3	500	2.4	18,800	90.0	300	1.2	200	1.0
lissouri	34,100	700	2.0	1,000	2.9	4,900	14.5	26,800	78.7	200	.6	400	1.3
ontana	8,600	500	6.0	800	8.8	1,300	15.3	5,800	67.4	100	.7	200	1.8
ebraska	17,300	1,400	8.1	800	4.8	3,700	21.4	11,200	64.4	100	.7	100	.5
levada	3,500	100	2.7	100	3.5	200	6.1	3,000	85.3	100	2.2	(2)	.1
lew Hampshire	5,200	500	10.0	200	3.3	800	14.8	3,700	71.1	(2)	.1	(2)	.8
lew Jersey	46,000	1,400	3.0	300	.6	8,900	19.4	35,200	76.5	(2)	.1	200	.5
aw Mexico	10,200	100	.7	300	2.7	500	4.5	9,000	88.4	400	3.5	(2)	.2
aw York	118,100	2,100	1.8	500	.4	17,600	14.9	96,100	81.3	500	.4	1,400	1.2
orth Carolina	45,100	600	1.4	3,900	8.8	2,200	4.8	37,500	83.2	800	1.8	100	.2
orth Dakota	7,400	500	7.4	400	5.7	1,200	16.8	5,000	67.9	(2)	.6	100	1.7
hio	83,200	800	1.0	100	.1	14,800	17.8	66,300	79.7	200	.3	1,000	1.2
klahoma	25,800	300	1.3	1,000	4.0	2,300	9.0	21,000	79.7 81.4	800	3.0	300	1.3
regon	18,900	600	3.1	5,400	28.5	1,200	6.6	11,400	60.4	200	1.1	(2)	.3
ennsylvania	79,500	2,100	2.6	800	1.0	16,100	20.2	59,700	75.1	400	.6	400	.5
hode Island	5,900	600	9.5	200	3.9	1,000	16.2	4,200	70.3	0	o o	(2)	.2
outh Carolina	23,200	300	1.2	1,700	7.2	1,200	5.3	19,700	84.7	300	1.4	(2)	.2
outh Dakota	8,600	1,100	13.0	900	10.6	1,400	16.9	4,900	56.6	100	1.7	160	1.3
ennessee	31,400	600	2.0	4,500	14.3	1,800	5.7	24,000	76.4	400	1.4	(2)	.2
exas	92,000	400	.4	4,300	4.7	5,200	5.7	78,400	85.2	2,900	3.1	800	.9
tah	10,100	400	3.6	300	3.0	1,700	16.4	7,700	76.5	(2)	.3	(2)	.2
irmont	3,700	700	19.3	300	7.9	500	14.7	2,100	56.5	(2)	(²)	100	1.9
rginia	24,500	1,000	2.9	2,000	5.8	2,000	5.8	28,700	83.4	800	1.8	100	.4
ashington	29,200	700	2.3	3,900	13.5	2,100	7.3	21,300	73.0	1,000	3.5	100	.5
est Virginia	17,100	1,100	6.7	1,900	10.9	2,200	12.7	11,600	67.9	100	.8	200	1.0
isconsin	32,600	1,800	5.6	500	1.5	4,500	13.8	25,300	77.8	100	.3	400	1.2
yoming	4,500	100	1.9	200	5.5	400	8.6	3,700	82.8	(2)	.7	(2)	.5
Outlying areas ,	14,000	200	1.4	2,200	15.7	800	5.7	9,400	67.1	800	5.7	600	4.3
merican Samoa	200 500	0	0	(2) 100	.5	100	0	100	54.8	100	42.4	(2)	2.3
man ∠one	400	8	6	(2)	15.3 9.6	100	10.5	400 ) 300	71.6 80.2	(2) (2)	.8 10.3	( <sup>2</sup> )	1.8 0

 $<sup>^{\</sup>rm I}$  includes improvised or makeshift rooms used for instructional purposes.  $^{\rm 2}$  Less than 50.

NOTE: Because of rounding and of varying inflation factors applied to individual school plants, detail may not add to totals.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Health, Education, and Welfare, Office of Education, Condition of Public School Plants, 1964-65.



#### Table 66.--Facilities in elementary and secondary school plants, by organizational level and control: United States, spring 1964

#### (Numbers in thousands)

	i	1	Public schools			]	Nonpu	blic schools	
		Organ	izational level	of school plan	it	1	Organizational	level of school	plant <sup>3</sup>
l tem	Total	Elamentary Only	Combined elementary- secondary	Secondary only	Not reported <sup>2</sup>	Total	Elementary only	Combined alementary-secondary	Secondary enty
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
General-use facilities in permanent school buildings	193	100	42	50	2	38	22	8	8
Centralized school library Auditorium Cefeteria or lunchroom Gymnasium	48 23 39 25	23 10 20 8	12 5 9 6	13 7 10 11		9 5 8 3	5 3 6 1	2 1 2	2 1 2 1
Gym-auditorium Cafeteria-auditorium Cafeteria-gym-auditorium Cafeteria-gym-auditorium Other multipurpose room	19 11 2 7 19	10 9 1 6 12	6 1 0 1 3	4 1 0 0		3 2 0 1 6	2 1 0 1 4	1 0 0 0	1 0 0 0
nstructional rooms (classrooms, shops, laboratories)	1,510	767	283	446	14	207	118	44	44
In permanent school buildings	1,473	743	278	438	10	199	113	43	42
modeled) as instructional rooms	1,449	731	272	433	10	192	109	41	41
rooms	23 31	12 20	6	5 7		7	4	1	1
In offsite buildings	6	3	2	í		3	2	i	i
ermanent school buildings and additions	173	105	35	32	1	26	16	5	5
Fire-resistive rating: <sup>3</sup> Fire-resistive Semi-fire-resistive Combustible Mixed, or not reported	78 48 39 8	42 28 29 5	16 11 6 2	19 9 4 1	1 	13 7 3 2	8 4 2 1	2 2 1	2 1 1
Date of completion: Before 1920	29 24 20 17 58 23	23 15 11 9 34 12	4 5 6 5 12 4	3 4 4 3 12 6		5 3 2 3 8 4	3 2 1 2 6 2	1 1  1 1	1 1 
Not reported or under construction	1	1							
1 More than 1	114 54 4	73 29 2	23 11 1	17 14 1	1 	11 14 	7 8 ···	2 3 	2 3 
Wood	27 125 18	21 72 12	4 28 2	2 25 6	, 1 	3 20 3	2 13 2	1 4 1	1 4 1
Wood	56 43 52 20	40 23 31 10	10 10 12 3	6 11 8 7	1  	6 9 7 4	4 5 4 2	1 2 1 1	1 2 1 1
chool plants	93	67	12	13	1	16	11	2	2

and cellings. Semi-fire-resistive is defined as a building with fire-resistive exterior and ceilings. Semi-fire-resistive is defined as a building with fire-resistive exterior and bearing wells; and fire-resistive corridor and stairway walls, floors, and ceilings. Combustible is defined as an all-frame building; a building with fire-resistive veneer on wood frame; or one with fire-resistive bearing walls, but otherwise of combustible construction.

NOTE: Data for 35 States have been updated from the 1962 facilities inventory by adding new construction and subtracting abandoned buildings; date for the remaining 15 States were taken directly from the 1962 survey. Because of rounding, detail may not add to totals.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Health, Education, and Welfare, Office of Education, National Inventory of School Facilities and Personnel, Spring 1962.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>A school plant is defined as a site and buildings constituting the physical facilities used by a single school or by two or more schools sharing the use of common facilities. A plant with 90 percent or more of its membership at the elementary level is an elamentary plant; similarly for a secondary plant.

Plants with level not reported are mostly under construction, or serve predominantly the kindergarten or junior college level. The figures are included in the public and nonpublic totals, but are too small to show separately for the nonpublic schools (70 general-use facilities, 500 instructional rooms, 60 buildings and additions, 30 school plants, and 1,100 membership).

and additions, 30 school plants, and 1,100 membership).

Fire-resistive is defined as a building constructed entirely of fire-resistive materials; or a building with fire-resistive walls and partitions, floors, stairways,

Table 67.—Number of public and nonpublic high school graduates, by sex and by Stata: 1969-70

State	Publ	ic high school gradu	ates <sup>1</sup>		Nonpublic high school graduates <sup>2</sup>	
STATE	Total	Boys	Girls	Total	8oys	Girls
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
United States	2,589,025	1,296,087	1,302,938	310,000	149,000	181,0
Alabama	45,286	22,027	23,259	1,800	900	90
Alaska	3,297	1,685	1,612	200	100	10
Arizona	22,040	11,004	11,036	1,400	700	70
Arkansas	26,068	13,239	12,829	700	300	41
California	260,908	128,920	131,988	20,300	9,600	10,70
Colorado	30,312	15,205	15,107	2,100	1,000	1,1
Connecticut	34,755	16,561	18,194	7,900	4,100	3,8
Delaware	6,985	3,412	3,573	1,000	600	40
District of Columbia	4,980	<sup>1</sup> 2,131	2,849	1,900	1,000	9
Florida	70,478	36,226	34,252	3,200	1,700	1,5
Georgia	56,859	27,520	29,339	2,100	1,300	9
Hawaii	10,407	5,092	5,315	1,900	1,000	9
Idaho	12,296	6,337	5,959	300	100	20
Illinois	126,864	62,146	64,718	25,200	11,500	13,70
Indiana	69,984	35,294	34,690	5,800	2,800	3,00
lowa	44,063	122,120	³21,943	5,600	2,700	2,9
Kansas	33,394	16,421	16,973	2,600	1,200	1,41
Kentucky	37,473	18,430	19,043	5,100	2,500	2,60
Louisiana	43,641	21,097	22,544	6,300	2,900	3,41
Maine	14,003	7,031	6,972	3,100	1,700	1,40
Maryland	46,462	22,5 <del>9</del> 3	23,869	6,500	3,000	3,5
Massachusetts	63,865	31,717	32,148	17,300	8,100	9,20
Michigan	121,000	60,500	60,500	17,700	8,300	9,40
Minnesota	60,480	30,562	29,918	6,600	2,900	3,70
Mississippi	29,653	14,223	15,430	1,000	500	50
Missouri	55,315	27,836	27,479	8,200	4,200	4,00
Montana	11,520	5,765	5,755	1,100	500	60
Nebraska	21,280	10,430	10,850	3,000	1,500	1,50
Nevada	5,449	2,751	2,698	300	100	20
New Hampshire	8,516	4,198	4,318	2,600	1,600	1,00
New Jersey	86,498	42,655	43,843	13,300	6,400	6,9
New Mexico	16,060	7,974	8,086	800	400	40
New York	190,000	394,050	195,950	42,300	19,400	22,90
North Carolina	68,886	34,241	34,845	1,100	500	60
North Dakota	11,150	5,764	5,386	1,200	600	60
Ohio	142,248	71,317	70,931	19,300	9,100	10,20
Oklahoma	36,293	18,595	17,698	800	400	40
Oregon	32,236	16,081	16,155	1,700	800	90
Pennsylvania	151,400	76,900	74,500	32,700	15,900	16,80
Rhode Island	10,146	4,912	5,234	2,500	1,300	1,20
South Carolina	34,940	17,016	17,924	800	400′	40
South Dakota	11,757	F,990	5,767	800	300	50
Tenn <i>essee </i>	49,000	23,689	25,311	2,700	1,700	1,00
Texas	139,046	69,363	69,683	5,900	2,900	3,00
Utah	18,395	9,379	9,016	400	200	20
Vermont	6,095	3,116	2,979	1,700	900	80
Virginia	58,562	28,301	30,261	3,900	2,200	1,70
Nashington	50,425	25,144	25,281	2,800	1,200	1,60
West Virginia	26,139	12,988	13,151	800	400	40 6,00
Nisconsin	56,753 5,363	33,372 2,767	33,381 2, <b>59</b> 8	11,500 200	. 5,500 100	10
Dutiying areas: American Samos	} (*)	(4)	(4)	40	30	1
Canal Zone	772	395	377			
Guam	972	439	633	140	50	
Puerto Rico	24,917	10,856	14,061	2,270	860	1,41
Virgin Islands	1 (4)	(4)	(4)	80	20	.7.
	1 ''	٠, ا	• • •	1	1	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Excludes approximately 7,000 graduates of subcollegiste departments of institu-tions of higher education, Federal schools for Indians and on Federal installations, and residential schools for exceptional children.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Health, Education, and Weifare, Office of Education, Fall 1970 Statistics of Public Schools; and Office of Education estimates.



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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> Estimated.
<sup>a</sup> Distribution by sex estimated by Office of Education.

Table 68.—Number of high school graduates compared with population 17 years of age: United States, 1889-70 to 1969-70

Cabaal	Barulatian	High	ichool gradu	Jetes L	Number	l <u>.</u>	l <u>.</u>	High	school gradu	ietes <sup>L</sup>	Number
School year	Population 17 years old <sup>2</sup>	Total	Boys	Girls	graduated per 100 persons 17 years of age	School year	Population 17 years old <sup>2</sup>	Total	Boys	Giris	graduated per 100 persons 17 years of age
1	2	3	4	5	6	1	2	3	4	5	6
1869-70	615,000	16,000	7.064	6,936	2.0	1949-50	2,034,450	1,199,700	570,700	629,000	59.0
1679-80	946,026	23,634	10,605	13,029	2.5	1951-52	2,040,800	1,196,500	569,200	627,300	58.6
1889-90	1,259,177	43,731	18,549	25,182	3.5	1953-54	2,128,600	1,276,100	612,500	663,600	60.0
1699-1900	1,489,146	94,883	38,075	56,808	6.4	1955-56	2,270,000	1,414,800	679.500	735,300	82.3
1909-10	1,786,240	156,429	63,676	92,753	6.6	1957-58	2,324,000	1,506,900	725,500	780,400	64.6
1919-20	1,655,173	311,266	123,684	187,582	16.8	1959-60	2,662,005	1,864,000	898,000	966,000	65.1
1929-30	2,295,822	666,904	300,376	366,528	29.0	1961-62	2,768,000	1.925,000	941,000	984,000	69.5
1939-40	2,403,074	1,221,475	578,718	642,757	50.8	1963-64	3,001,000	2,290,000	1,121,000	1,169,000	76.3
1941-42	2,425,574	1,242,375	576,717	665,658	51.2	1965-66	3,515,000	2,632,000	1,308,000	1.324.000	74.9
1943-44	2,410,389	1,019,233	423,971	595,262	42.3	1967-68	3,521,000	2,702,000	1,341,000	1,361,000	76.7
1945-46 ]	2,254,738	1,080,033	466,926	613,107	47.9	1969-703	3,727,000	2,906,000	1,439,000	1,467,000	78.0
1947-46	2,202,927	1,189,909	562,863	627,046	54.0		!	l :			

Includes graduates of public and nonpublic schools.

NOTE: Beginning in 1959-60, includes Alaska and Hawaii.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Health, Education, and Waifara, Office of Education, Biennial Survey of Education in the United States, chapters on Statistical Summary of Education; Statistics of State School Systems; Statistics of Nonpublic Elementary and Secondary Schools; and unpublished date available in the Office of Education.

Table 69.—Percent of high school dropouts among persons 14 to 19 years old, by race and sex: United States, 1970

•	_ N	egro	White		
Age	Male	Female	Male	Female	
1	2	3	4	5	
Total, 14 to 19 years old	15,9	13.3	6.7	8.1	
14 years old	0.9	2.9	1.4	1.1	
15 years old	3.3	2.7	2.0	2.4	
16 years old	10.9	11.1	5.0	6.7	
17 years old	16.0	13.7	7.6	10.2	
18 years old	29.8	27.8	13.6	14.1	
19 years old	44.1	25.8	12.9	15.7	

 $\ensuremath{\mathsf{NOTE}}.-\ensuremath{\mathsf{Dropouts}}$  are persons who are not annotated in school and who are not high school graduates.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, Current Population Reports, Series P-23, No. 36.



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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Date from the Bureau of the Census.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Preliminary data.

Teble 70.—Estimated revenue and nonrevenue receipts of public elementary and secondary schools, by source end by State: 1970-71

[Amounts in thousands of dollars]

	<b>_</b>			Rev	enue receipts				1
State	Total revenue and		Feder	el <sup>1</sup>	State		Local and o	other <sup>1</sup>	
	nonrevenue receipts	Total	Amount	Percent of total	Amount	Percent of total	Amount	Percent of total	Nonrevenue receipts
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
United States	\$45,268,215	841,936,556	\$2,892,967	6.9	\$17,226,776	41.1	\$21,816,823	52.0	\$3,331,650
Alabama	453,431	443,431	70.000	15.8	³278,431	62.8	95,000	21.4	10.00
Aleske	158,470	131,483	23,000	17.5	91,602	69.7	16,881	12.8	26,98
Arizone	414,497	386,373	29,388	7.6	172,385	44.6	184,600	47.8	28,124
Arkenses	285,813	261,813	48,068	18.4	116,627	44.5	97,118	37.1	24,00
California	4,584,000	4,184,000	212,000	5.1	1,472,000	35.2	2,500,000	59.8	400,00
	506,851	496,851	35,456	7.3	147,395	30.3	304,000	62.4	20.00
Coloreda	770.000	760,000	16,000	2.1	200,000	26.3	544,000	71.6	10.0
	172,900	147,400	10,400	7.1	105,000	71.2	32,000	21.7	25,50
Deleware	235,100	235,100	165,400	27.8	100,000	71.2	169,700	72.2	25,50
Floride	1,209,534	1,179,534	107,611	9.1	661,053	56.0	410,870	34.8	30,00
	}	}	· ·	1	1		1	1	_
Georgie	772,063	722,063	76,398	10.6	416,371	57.7	228,294	31.8	20,00
Hawaii <sup>4</sup>	205,900	205,900	15,900	7.7	184,000	89.4	6,000	2.9	(
Ideho	119,420	116,420	9,600	8.2	44,420	38.2	62,400	53.6	3,00
Illinoit	2,711,437	2,529,687	136,001	5.4	966,636	38.2	1,427,050	56.4	181,75
Indiene	1,158,900	1,108,900	43,900	4.0	360,000	32.5	705,000	63.6	53,00
owa <sup>6</sup>	639,336	637,636	19,458	3.1	186,250	29.2	431.928	67.7	1,70
Kenses	488,706	478,506	28,452	5.9	149,241	31.2	300,813	62.9	10,20
Kentucky	531,600	481,600	84,800	13.5	284,800	55.0	152,000	31.6	50.00
Louislene	758.618	678,618	76,000	11.2	407,230	60.0	195,388	28.8	80,00
Maine	211,200	191,200	15,200	7.9	61,000	31.9	115,000	60.1	20,000
					-	}	· ·	1	•
Maryland	1,093,933	960,613	55,811	5.8	338,718	35.3	566,084	58.9	133,320
Mussechusetts	1,126,300	1,038,000	63,000	6.1	225,000	21.7	750,000	72.3	88,300
Michigan	2,147,300	1,907,300	70,300	3.7	867,000	45.5	970,000	50.9	240,00
Minnesota	1,025,000 333,850	900,000 321,850	741,600 72,250	4.6 22.4	391,000 168,800	43.4 52.4	467,400 81,000	51.9 25.2	125,000 12,000
• •	-		1	1	-		1		
Mistouri	841,568	791,566	66,407	8.4	255,15 <del>9</del>	32.2	470,000	59.4	50,000
Montana	155,000	150,000	12,000	8.0	36,000	24.0	102,000	66.0	5,00
Nebraska	249,100	233,900	15,500	6.6	41,200	17.6	177,200	75.8	15,200
Neveda	113,800	108,800	7,500	6.9	40,000	36.8	61,300	56.3	5,000
New Hempshire <sup>s</sup>	134,128	129,124	5,503	4.3	12,378	9.6	111,243	86.2	5,00
New Jersey	1,868,000	1,748,000	85,000	4.9	453,000	25.9	1,210,000	69.2	120,000
New Mexico	234,805	215,951	35,801	16.6	136.913	63.4	43,237	20.0	18,85
New York	5,465,000	4,990,000	217,000	4.3	2,391,000	47.9	2,382,000	47.7	475,00
North Carolina	888,675	855,493	128,842	15.0	566,253	66.2	160,598	18.8	33,183
North Cekote	115,300	110,300	8,800	8.0	28,500	25.8	73,000	66.2	5,000
Ohio	2,161,100	1,955,400	92,800	4.7	562,600	28.8	1,300,000	66.5	205,700
Oklehome	400,700	372,700	36,700	9.8	162,000	43.5	174,000	46.7	28.000
Oregon	549,900	489,900	28,900	5.9	96,000	19.6	365,000	74.5	60,000
Pennsylvania	2,575,400	2,472,400	148,000	6.0	1,143,300	46.2	1,181,100	47.8	103,000
Rhode Island	187,054	167,254	9,506	5.7	61,128	36.5	96,619	57.8	19,800
South Carolina	473,040	454.040	58,840	13.0	280.000	ł	· ·		
South Carolina	127,000	119,000				61.7	115,200	25.4	19,000
iennessee	617,900 617,900	567,900	13,000 71,800	10.9	18,000	,15.1 47.0	88,000 229,100	73.9	8,000
	2,236,015			12.6	267,000			40.3	50,000
Texas <sup>e</sup>	2,236,016	2,004,015 217,440	200,302 12,0 <del>59</del>	10.0 5.5	987,318 118,906	49.3 54,7	816,395 86,475	40.7 39.8	232,000 4,788
Vermont <sup>4</sup>	122,900	114,900	2,900	2.5	39,000	33.9	73,000	63.5	8,000
Virginia	1,002,000	922,500	97.500	10.6	325,000	35.9	73,000 500,000	54.2	79,500
Washington	885,000	795,000	45,000	5.7	450.000	56.6	300,000		
West Virginia <sup>4</sup>	301,200	295,200	36,200					37.7	90,000
Wisconsin	1,147,745	1,083,995		12.3	144,000	48.8	115,000	39.0	6,000
Wyoming <sup>1 0</sup>			33,804	3.1	317,361	29.3	732,830	67.6	63,750
···	79,500	77,500	17,500	22.6	20,000	25.8	40,000	51.6	2,000

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Federal revenue receipts include Federal grant programs to State and local school systems, including funds under the Elementary and Secondary Education Act, Economic Opportunity Act, aid to federally impacted ereas, National Defense Education Act, Manpower Development and Training, vocational education, etc. Funds received from the School Lunch and Milk Program are included, but reporting on the money value of commodities received is incomplate. ESEA revenues have generally been estimated on a cash expenditure basis.

NOTE,-Because of rounding, percents may not add to 100.0.

SOURCE: Netional Education Association, Research Olivision, Research Report 1970-R15, Estimates of School Statistics, 1970-71. (Copyright © 1970 by the National Education Association. All rights reserved.)



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>Local and other revenue receipts include revenue receipts from local and intermediate sources, gifts, and tuition and fees from patrons.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> includes social security and teacher retirement for all educational agencies and institutions.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>Estimated by NEA Research Division.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup>Includes Federal appropriations for capital outlay, civil defense, Capital Page School, and other federally funded programs.

Includes State appropriation for area vocational schools and junior colleges not the responsibility of local school districts.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup>Excludes value of commodities.

<sup>\*</sup>Excludes State's share of teacher retirement and social security.

<sup>\*</sup>Excludes revenues for kindergartens.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3.5</sup> Includes in Federal revenue \$17,500,000 in oil royalties which are appropriated by the State legislature for schools and could thereby be considered State funds.

Table 71.—Revenue receipts of public elementary and secondary schools from Federal, State, local, and other sources, by State: 1967-68

[Amounts in thousands of dollars]

	Total	Feder	ej i	Steta	1	Loca (Including Inte		Other revenu	a recalpti
State	receipts	Amount	Percent of total	Amount	Percent of total	Amount	Percent of total	Amount	Parcen of tota
	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
United States	\$31,903,064	\$2,806,400	9.8	\$12,275,536	30.\$	\$18,661,307	62.3	\$129,756	0.4
Alabema	386,340	78.044	20.2	217,008	56.2	89,510	23.2	1,777	.5
Alaska , ,	63,312	13,647	21.6	27,451	43.4	22,155	35.0	59	.1
Arizona	271,113	32,454	12.0	83,414	30.8	154,672	57.1	573	.2
Arkensas	226,544	45,421	19.9	96,838	43.2	84,060	36.8	226	,1
California ,	4,109,887	309,829	7.5	1,470,667	35.6	2,327,421	56.6	1.970	(3)
Colorado	351,341	32,470	9.2	83,163	23.7	235,586	67.1	119	(3)
Connecticut	499,679	25,205	5.0	169,405	33.9	304,714	61.0	35°	.1
Deleware	102,666	8,806	8.6	73,453	71.5	20,407	19.9		
District of Columbia	134,859	32,940	24.4			101,918	75.6		· · · · ·
Florida . , , . , , ,	894,161	114,773	12.8	389,820	43.6	384,813	43.0	4,756	.5
Georgia	634,019	87,742	13.8	366,172	57.8	178,090	28.1	2,014	.3
Haweil , , . , , ,	124,575	16,613	13.3	101,805	81.7	6,157	4.9		
daho	98,162	11.379	11.6	33,345	34.0	53.184	54.2	255	.3
Ilinois	1,675,718	108,221	6.5	431,461	25.7	1,118,623	66.0	17,392	1.0
Indiena	824,127	47,376	5.7	296,166	36.2	476,730	57.8	1,856	.2
owa	437,801	36,241	8.3	108,578	24.8	291,270	66.5	1,713	.4
Cansas	365,531	33,641	9.2	102,939	28.2	228,951	62.6		
Centucky	351,274	56,022	15.9	170,198	48.5	123,992	35.3	1,061	.3
Louisiana	528,188	67,227	12.7	307,326	58.2	153,169	29.0	467	.1
Maine	136,041	11,071	8.1	41,052	30.2	83,549	61.4	369	.3
Maryland	676,596	64,055	9.5	245,627	36.3	365,438	54.0	1,476	.2
Massachusetts	859,967	81,874	9.5	193,216	22.5	583,021	67.8	1,855	.2
Michigan <sup>5</sup> ,.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	1,627,803	85,656	5.3	684,296	42.0	856,007	52.6	1,845	.1
Minnesota,	664,883	45,748	6.9	289,181	43.5	327,919	49.3	2,036	.3
Mississippi . , ,	256,539	56,594	22.1	125,123	48.8	72,626	28.3	2,197	.9
Missouri	669,310	60,238	9.0	206,456	30.8	401,858	60.0	759	.1
Montana	129,389	12,705	9.8	34,516	26.7	81,898	63.3	270	.2
Nebraska	178,060	17,865	10.0	8,303	4.7	151,316	85.0	597	.3
Nevada	83,055	7,001	8.4	31,228	37.6	44,367	53.4	458	.6
New Hampshire , , ,	89,147	6,177	6.9	- 9,751	10.9	73,032	81.9	186	.2
New Jersey , , , , , , ,	1,167,243	667,875	5.6	315,930	27.1	783,439	67.1		
New Mexico	179,372	634,730	19.4	111,688	62.3	32,661	18.2	293	.2
New York	3,681,370	160,378	4.4	1,669,227	45.3	1,829,584	49.7	22,182	.6
North Carolina	548,357	102,115	18.6	<sup>7</sup> 330,384	60.2	*115,858	21.1		
North Dakota	101,153	10,312	10.2	25,665	25.4	64,989	64.2	187	.2
Ohio	1,575,832	103,706	6.6	427,111	27.1	1,038,129	65.9	6,964	.4
Oklahoma	331,624	48,579	14.6	114,289	34.5	168,748	50.9	9	(3)
Dregon	358,154	14 י 14	4.1	88,743	24.8	252,750	70.6	1,910	.5
Pennsylvania	1,676,174	124,330	7.4	704,875	42.1	835,538	49.8	11,431	.7
Rhode Island	113,496	9,083	8.0	34,996	30.8	69,317	61.1	100	.1
South Carolina	314,748	55,109	17.5	178,448	56.7	80,882	25.7	309	.1
South Dakota	99,740	13,300	13.3	12,084	12.1	73,833	74.0	523	.5
Tennessee	424,480	75,434	17.8	210,948	49.7	136,316	32.1	1,782	.4
Texas	1,417,500	159,162	11.2	638,826	45.1	588,155	41.5	31,356	2.2
Utah	185,356	19,802	10.7	90,093	48.6	75,010	40.5	451	.2
Varmont	70,737	5,224	7.4	23,772	33.6	41,403	58.5	339	.5
Virginia	637,133	81,754	12.8	228,388	35.8	324,279	50.9	2,711	.4
Washington , ,	591,421	43,998	7.4	334,472	56.6	211,283	35.7	1,667	.3
West Virginia	225,450	30,742	13.6	114,743	50.9	79,479	35.3	486	.2
Misconsin	693,222	36,009	5.2	196,559	28.4	460,220	66.4	435	1 1
Myoming , ,	58,395	3,039	5.2	22,317	38.2	32,979	56.5	50	
Outlying erees:									
Canel Zone	15,643	15,643	100.0	.,,,					
Guern	10,914	3,048	27.9	7,866	72.1			• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
Puerto Rico	186,361	45,442	24.4			140,919	75.6		
Virgin Islands	10,383	1,710	16.5			8,673	83.5		

<sup>Includes value of commodities distributed under the school lunch end milk programs.

Includes gifts, tuition, and transportation fees.</sup> 



<sup>3</sup> Less than 0.05 percent.

<sup>\*</sup>Some local revenues are still being reported even though the entire State of Haweii is now a single school district.

\*Data estimated by the Office of Education.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup>Pertly estimated by the Office of Education.

<sup>7</sup>Estimated from 1965-66 date.

Data for 1965-66.

NOTE: Because of rounding, detail may not add to totals.

SOMRCE: U.S. Department of Health, Education, and Welfara, Office of Education, Statistics of State School Systems, 1967-68.

Table 72, —Public elementary and secondary school revenue receipts from Federal, State, end local sources: United States, 1919-20 to 1969-70

School year	Total	Federal	State	Local (including Inter- mediats 1	School year	Total	Federal	Stata	Local (including inter- mediate) <sup>1</sup>
1	2	3	4	5	1	2	3	4	5
	AMOUR	NT IN THOUS	ANDS OF DO	LLARS		PE	RCENTAGE	DISTRIBUTI	ON
1919-20	\$970,120	\$2,475	\$160,085	\$807,661	1919-20	100.0	0.3	16.5	83.2
1929-30	2,088,567	7,334	363,670	1,727,553	1929-30	100.0	.4	16.9	82.7
1939-40	2,260,527	39,810	684,354	1,536,363	1939-40	100.0	1.8	30.3	68.0
1941-42	2,416,580	34,305	759,993	1,622,281	1941-42	100.0	1.4	31.5	67.1
1943-44	2,604,322	35,686	859,183	1,709,253	1943-44	100.0	1.4	33.0	65.6
1945-46	3,059,845	41,378	1,082,057	1,956,409	1945-46	100.0	1,4	34.7	63.8
1947-48	4,311,534	120,270	1,676,362	2,514,902	1947-48	100.0	2.6	38.9	58.3
1949-50	5,437,044	155,848	2,165,689	3,115,507	1949-50	100.0	2.9	39.8	57.3
1951-52	`,423,816	227,711	2,478,596	3,717,507	1951-52	100.0	3.5	38.6	57.8
1953-54	7,866,852	355,237	2,944,103	4,567,512	1953-54	100.0	4.5	37.4	58.1
950-56	9,686,677	441,442	3,828,886	5,416,350	1955-56	104.0	4.6	39.5	55.9
1957-58	12,181,513	486,484	4,800,368	6,894,661	¥57-58	100.0	4.0	39.4	56.6
1959-60	14,746.618	651,639	5,768,047	8,326,932	1959-60	100.0	4.4	39.1	56.5
1961-62	17,527,707	760,975	6,789,190	9,977,542	1961-62	100.0	4.3	38.7	56.9
1963-64	20,544,182	896,956	8,078,014	11,569,213	1963-64	100.0	4.4	39.3	56.3
1965-66	25,356,856	1,996,964	9,920,219	13,439,686	1965-66	100.0	7.9	39.1	53.0
1967-68	31,903,064	2,806,469	12,275,536	16,821,063	1967-68	100.0	8.8	38.5	52.7
1969-703	39,100,000	3,100,000	15,200,600	20,800,000	1969-703	100.0	7.9	38.9	53.2

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> includes a relatively minor emount from other sources (g-fts and tuition and transportation fees from petrons), which accounted for 0.4 percent of total revenue receipts in 1967-68.

<sup>3</sup>Estimated.

NOTE: Beginning in 1959-60, includes Alaske end Haweil. Because of rounding. detail may not edd to totals.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Health, Education, and Walfare, Office of Education, Statistics of State School Systems.

Table 73.—Results of public school bond elections: United States, 1957-58 to 1969-70

Fiscal year	Number	of elections	Parcent epproved based on	Per velue of (in n	Percent epproved based on		
	Total	Approved	number	Total	Approved	doller valu	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	
1957-58	(1)	(1)	(1)	\$1,542	\$1,123	72.8	
1958-59	(1)	(1)	(1)	1,601	1,433	79.6	
1959-60	(1)	(1)	(t)	2,672	1.792	67.1	
1960-61	(1)	(1)	( <sup>1</sup> )	1,605	1,218	75.9	
1961-62	1,432	1,034	72.2	1,849	1,273	68.9	
1962-63	2,048	1,482	72.4	2,659	1,851	69.6	
1963-64	2,071	1,501	72.5	2,672	1,900	71.1	
1964-65	2,041	1,525	74.7	3,129	2,485	79.4	
1965-66	1,745	1,265	72.5	3,560	2,652	74.5	
1966-67	1,625	1,082	66.6	3,063	2,119	69.2	
1967-68 ·	1,750	1,183	67.6	3,740	2,338	62.5	
1968-69	1,341	762	56.8	3,913	1,707	43.6	
1969-70	1,216	647	63.2	3,285	1,627	49.5	

1 Dete not eveilable.

SOURCE: U.S. Oepertment of Hei'th, Education, and Welfere, Office of Education, Band Sales for Public School Purposes, 1969-70.



Table 74.—Estimated expenditures for public elementary and secondary education, by purpose and by State: 1970-71

[In thousands of dollars]

State	,,	!	Current expenditures			
	Total expenditures	Total	Public elementary and secondary day schools	Other programs <sup>1</sup>	Capital outlay	Interest on school debt
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
United States	\$44,423,865	\$38,026,223	\$36,453,585	\$1,572,638	\$5,061,361	\$1,338,281
Alabama	434,673	371,973	369,773	2.200	51,200	11,500
Alaska	142,355	107,710	105,745	1,965	30.965	3,680
Arizona	406,278	333,325	333,325	•••	66,212	6,741
Arkansas	278,541	242,532	239,832	2,700	27,009	9,000
California	5,346,782	4,532,674	3,942,624	590,050	665,007	149,101
Colorado	466,667	404,267	399,367	4,900	50,000	12,400
Connecticut	656,100	604,800	600,000	4,800	32,000	19,300
Dalaware	160,050	117,750	117,300	450	35,000	7,300
District of Columbia	179,869	152,278	141,743	10.535	27,591	25,886
Florida	1,279,199	1,040,381	1,040,381		212,932	20,000
Georgia ,	769,437	671.441	656,241	15,200	69,886	28,110
Hawaii , ,	202,499	169,409	162,499 109,650	6,910 33	31,501 15,500	1,589 7,500
Idaho	132,683	109,633 2,054,183	1,967,583	86,600	291,000	75,130
Indiana	2,420,313 1,163,500	877,900	861,000	16,900	241,000	44,600
lowa	721,198	621,200	590,000	31,200	87,064	12,934
Kansas	419,044	377,419	360,164	17,255	35,890	5,736
Kentucky	461,900	404,900	404,000	900	42,000	15,000
Louisiana	698,229	622,229	620,829	1,400	55,000	21,000
Maine	207,200	179,200	175,000	4,200	23,000	5,000
Maryland ,	1,042,408	815,562	807,827	7,735	190,512	36,334
Massachusetts	1,118,000	983,000	938,000	45,000	85,000	50,000
Michigen	2,292,000	1,913,000	1,879,000	34,000	295,000	84,000
Minnesota	1,102,050 303,600	909,173 287,600	896,423 262,500	12,750 25,100	150,588 12,000	42,289
Mississippi		1	· ·	ì	,	1
Missouri	835,093	747,393	685,533	61,860	67,000	20,700
Montana	169,000	147,000	142,000	5,000	18,500 40,000	3,500 8,000
Nebraska	269,500 108,400	221,500 96,400	213,500 94,500	8,000 1,900	7,000	5,000
Nevada	133,422	106,040	105,595	445	22,879	4,503
New Jersey , , , ,	1,727,000	1,559,000	1,530,000	29,000	110,000	58,000
New Mexico	251,236	214,667	208,792	5,875	33,991	2,578
New York	5,157,000	4,553,000	4,336,000	217,000	452,000	152,000
North Carolina	848,318	767,818	713,486	54,332	67,000	13,500
North Dakota , ,	110,100	99.800	97,500	2,300	7,000	3,300
Ohio	2,034,000	1,780,000	1,750,000	30,000	200,000	54,000
Oklahoma	428,700	308,300	385,400	2,900	35,000	5,400
Oregon	474,500	411,500	410,500	1,000	53,000	10,000
Pennsylvania	2,715,600	2,180,000	2,088,932	91,068	414,000 21,240	121,600
Rhode Island	192,667	165,241	164,326	915	21,240	0,100
South Carolina	458,485	400,485	392,485	8,000	50,000	8,000
South Dakota	130,500	112,600	112,600		16,000	1,900
Tennessee	577,400	519,000	510,000	9,000	40,000 275,000	18,400 70,000
Texas	1,945,531 216,381	1,600,531 188,642	5,577,964 185,361	22,567 3,281	23,657	4,082
				110	7,669	2,634
Vermont	118,222 954,100	107,919 829,600	107,809 809,600	20,000	100,000	24,500
Washington	835,700	725,200	665,000	60,200	85,000	25,500
West Virginia , , , , ,	271,400	241,000	237,700	3,300	27,000	3,400
Wisconsin	974,035	883,998	872,196	11,802	60,068	29,969
Wyaming	83,000	76,000	76,000	<u> </u>	5,500	1,500
Outlying areas:						
Canal Zone	15,569	15,127	14,092	1,035	442	
Guam	20,303	19,143	18,634	509	1,160	::
Puerto Rico	279,670	258,658	240,987	17,671	21,012	

Includes expenditures for summer schools, adult education, community services (such :s public libraries operated by school districts, expenditures for nonpublic schools where authorized by law, community centers, and recreational activities), and community colleges and technical institutes under the jurisdiction of local boards of education.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Health, Education, and Welfare, Office of Education, Fall 1970 Statistics of Public Schools.



#### Table 75.~Summary of expenditures for public elementary and secondary education, by purpose and by State: 1987-68

(In thousands of dollars)

				in the	ousands of do	Harsi					
	Current expenditures for full-time elementary and secondary day schools										
State	Total expendituras, all schools	Total	Adminis- tration!	instruction	Operation of plant	Mainte- nance of plant	Fixed charges	Other school services	Other programs	Capital outley	interest on school debt
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
United States	\$32,977,182	\$26,877,162	\$1,249,028	\$18,375,762	\$2,074,638	\$789,760	<sup>2</sup> \$2,388,286	\$1,999,689	\$866,419	<sup>3</sup> \$4,255,791	\$977,810
Alabama	391,496	348,247	10,561	233,726	14,904	7,441	<sup>2</sup> 33,733	47,882	1,949	38,086	3,214
Alaska	72,900	59,669	4,295	39,199	6,857	2,346	3 032	3,940	217	10,560	2,454
Arizona	277,973	235,631	9,797	174,228	20,422	8,161	8,740	14,283	2,493	33,647	6,202
Arkansas	244,218	205,290	10,697	124,803	11,770	8,583	21,517	27,921	586	32,585	5,757
California	4,045,011	3,020,912	174,211	2,166,032	233,927	102,934	209,608	134,200	379,019	505,244	139,836
Colorado	347,835	294,405	13,093	208,997	24,036	8,826	20,061	19,392	3,575	39,772	,10,083
Connecticut	496,364	444,11	17,985	316,263	34,243	10,848	33,326	31,448	3,020	33,732	15,500
Delaware	114,694	81,57	5,293	55,586	6,916	2,287	5,528	5,966	407	27,365	5,346
District of Columbia	134,391	112,470	3,207	79,921	10,406	4,743	9,470	4,725	5,504	16,417	
Florida	899,032	699,010	24,653	523, <b>29</b> 2	45,115	19,360	45,367	41,225	63,374	121,180	14,868
Georgia	652,415	521,125	23,630	384,509	28,870	13,413	44,417	46,287	12,454	104,750	
Hawaii	126,236	104,736	7,485	72,016	3,698	5,700	7,532	8,305	1,796	17,831	1,873
Ideho	99,685	86,972	4,429	58,310	6,970	2,170	8,055	7,037	149	10,664	1,900
Illinois	1,703,469	1,427,886	74,231	973,917	142,705	45,052	104,360	87,621	22,553	208,775	44,255
Indianai	913,567	680,084	20,283	467,400	59,719	19,510	57,318	55,853	14,371	3 198,809	20,303
lowa	487,457	416,409	31,857	274,278	435,585	410.992	28,119	35,578	4,430	57,352	9,266
Kanses	365,387	304,304	13,569	212,221	25,173	9,161	18,694	25,486	474	55,958	4,651
Kentucky , , , , , , ,	347,408	300,555	12,853	210,535	18,241	6 285	18,676	33,776	8,306	30,338	8,209
Louisiana	540,965	447,737	16,917	301,788	22,799	13.068	35,099	58,066	4,306	71,730	17,192
Maine , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	135,396	113,912	5,488	77,599	9,743	2,313	7,346	10,923	966	18,066	2,452
Maryland	725,360	538,626	17,150	381,791	43,280	19,403	45,037	36,966	35,585	124,875	26,274
Massachusetts	833,454	727,488	25,946	496,795	64,693	17,756	59,413	62,883	8,493	77,927	19,546
Michigan	1,722,983	1,384,716	54,306	930,718	132,136	38,393	158,277	70,886	24,407	253,500	60,360
Minnesota	738,138 251,687	573,689 199,041	24,064 8,576	387,936 134,565	53,493 11,176	12,022 6,137	<sup>2</sup> 48,128 11,563	48,046 26,624	6,948 14,840	129,047 33,726	28,454 4,080
Mimouri	662,858	510,596	21,233	358,746	40,066	18.225	31,131	41,193	27,517	106,726	18,019
Missouri	129,680	105,217	6,167	69,596	8,379	4,150	7,419	9,506	1,155	19,948	3,360
Nebraska	212,662	177,944	9,518	120,823	14,403	6,825	13,942	12,434	3,254	25,688	5,776
Nevada	96,486	70,866	2,710	51,832	6,088	2,175	4,254	3,807	1,101	19,089	5,430
New Hamprhire	94,318	74,764	3,505	50,927	6,308	1,681	4,738	7,605	311	16,212	3,031
New Jersey	1,262,276	1,016,384	38,491	674,302	80,314	30,754	122,844	69,670	17,505	189,457	38,930
New Mexico	182,227	154,591	5,815	105,858	11,491	4,434	12,641	14,352	604	25,119	1,913
New York	3,757,442	3,245,717	161,159	2,057,317	4220,810	477,986	446,127	282,318	70,539	323,826	117,360
North Carolina	607,170	533,211	417,293	385,120	25,111	16,339	43,867	45,481	415	§63,250	410,294
North Dakota	99,558	81,365	4,581	53,464	7,281	1,785	4,730	9,524	56	15,257	2,880
Ohio	1,558,569	1,320,616	62,668	893,199	129,497	32,034	136,575	66,643	18,209	180,870	38,874
Oklahoma	323,166	236,757	13 309	192,405	21,548	15,485	20,894	23,116	2,214	28,921	5,274
Oregon	366,258	302,599	14,886	210,235	24,762	11,547	21,151	20,016	6,677	50,136	6,846
Pannsylvania	1,794,869	1,448,667	76,583	954,276	116,445	42,075	143,289	115,997	28,791	<sup>3</sup> 211,962	105,449
Rhode Island	128,981	104,481	3,456	73,547	9,401	2,152	8,471	7,454	6-12	20,028	3,595
South Carolina	329,895	282,085	17,097	184,932	14,400	7,272	27,952	30,432	9,398	32,773	5,639
South Dakota	105,015	89,468	5,880	60,882	7,128	2,454	5,583	7,541	471	13,478 <sup>l</sup>	1,598
Tennessce	487,911	383,289	16,851	260,783	23,891	8,839	35,907	37,018	10,393	79,000	
Texas	1,564,726	1,280,974	66,802	930,448	79,892	34,999	83,327	85,508	14,811	206,168	62,773
Utah , , , , , ,	192,227	151,100	6,900	101,176	11,605	6,659	<sup>2</sup> 14,156	10,604	5,592	31,550	3,985
Varmont	67,663	56,765	3,956	38,545	4,594	1.642	3,710	4,318	157	9,160	1,581
Virginia	664,799	531,039	18,993	377,807	34,712	19,324	39,556	40,648	14,439	100,433	18,888
Washington	619,081	506,177	21,156	346,888	42,790	16,596	46,069	32,678	3,065	95,973	13,866
West Virginia	230,880	197,845	8,500	131,778	13,283	6,447	<sup>2</sup> 16,715	21,122	2,903	27,631	2,501
Wisconsin	712,377 58,567	581,063 54,980	23,518 3,425	387,300 37,153	49,144 4,418	18,222 1,845	52, <b>08</b> 2 3,550	50,797 4,589	5,620 123	108,527 2,064	17,167 *1,400
Outlying green:								1			
Canel Zona	15,643	10.048	446	6,930	882	589	971	230	1,648	3,947	
Guam	18,132	14,284	2,578	8,789	212	730	538	1,437		3,849	•••
Puerto Rico	189,747	159,221	8,697	98,712	7,408	772	12,727	32,904	9,077	21,449	
										,	



Includes expenditures for administration at all levels.

Includes expenditures not ellocable to pupil costs which amounted to a total of \$1,828,000. States reporting such expenditures were Alabama, \$984,000; Minnesota, \$731,000; Urah, \$9,000; and West Virginia, \$104,000. These amounts were excluded in computing per pupil expenditures.

Include 1 in this table are capital outlaye by State and local schoolhousing authorities in 2 States which amounted to an estimated total of \$169,146,000 in 1967-68 (\$89,590,000 in Indiana and \$79,558,000 in Pannsylvania).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>Estimated by the Office of Education. <sup>5</sup>Data are for the 1965-66 school year.

NOTE.—Because of rounding, detail may not add to totals.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Heelth, Education, and Welfare, Office of Education, Statistics of State School Systems, 1967-68.

Table 76.—Summary of expenditures for public elementary and secondary education, by purpose: United States, 1919-20 to 1967-68

	School year											
Purpose of expenditure	1919-20	1929-30	1939-40	1949-50	1957-58	1959-60	1961-62	1963-64	1965-66	1967-68		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11		
	_	AMOUNTS IN THOUSANDS OF DOLLARS										
Total expenditures, all schools	\$1,036,151	\$2,316,790	\$2,344,049	\$5,837,043	\$13,569,163	<b>\$</b> 15,613, <b>2</b> 65	\$18,373, <b>339</b>	<b>\$21,324,99</b> 3	\$26,248,026	\$32,977,182		
Current axpenditures, all schools	864,397	1,853,377	1,955.166	4,722,288	10,374,494	12,461,956	14,923,363	17,645,973	21,701,584	27,743,581		
Public elementary and secondary schools	861,120	1,843,552	1,941,799	4,687,274	10,251,843	12,329,389	14,729,270	17,218,446	21,063,280	26,877,162		
Administration	36,752 632,556 115,707 30,432 9,286	1,317,727 216,072 78,810 50,270	91,571 1,403,285 194,365 73,321 50,116	220,050 3,112,340 427,587 214,164 261,469	443,325 6,900,899 924,342 378,127 715,033	528,408 8,350,738 1,085,036 422,586 909,323	648,372 10,016,280 1,283,085 477,348 1,077,278	744,770 11,750,469 1,445,845 539,188 1,343,684	937,646 14,445,484 1,762,745 623,581 1,700,965	1,249,028 18,375,762 2,074,638 789,760 2,388,286		
ices Summer schools Summer schools Community colleges Community services Community services Community services Community services Community services Community services Community services Community services Community services Community services Community services Community services Community services Community services Community services Community services Community services Community Servic	36,387 (2) 3,277 (2) (1)	101,993 (2) 9,825 (2) (1)	(2) 13,367 (2) (1)	451,663 (2) 35,614 (2) (1)	890,118 4,554 36,749 40,492 40,855	1,033,297 13,263 26,858 34,492 57,953	1,226,909 21,326 29,536 71,252 71,979	1,394,492 28,994 74,872 245,433 78,229	1,582,858 70,310 120,874 301,545 155,575	1,999,689 105,894 151,864 390,089 218,592		
Capital outlay <sup>3</sup>	153,543 18,212	370,878 92,536	257,974 130,909	1,014,176 100,578	2,852,747 341,922	2,661,786 489,514	2,862,153 587,823	2,977,976 701,044	3,754,862 791,580	4,255,791 977,810		
		PERCENTAGE DISTRIBUTION										
Total expenditures, all schools	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0		
Current expenditures, all schools	83.4	80.0	83.4	80.9	76.5	79.8	81.2	82.7	82.7	84.1		
Public elementary and secondary schools	83.1	79.6	82.8	80.3	75.6	79.0	80.2	80.7	80.2	81.5		
Administration Instruction Plant operation Plant maintenance Fixed charges Other school serv-	3.5 61.0 11.2 2.9 .9	3,4 56.9 9.3 3,4 2.2	3.9 59.9 8.3 3.1 2.1	3.8 53.3 7.3 3.7 4.5	3.3 50.9 6.8 2.8 5.3	3.4 53.5 6.9 2.7 5.8	3.5 54.5 7.0 2.6 5.9	3.5 55.1 6.8 2.5 6.3	3.6 55.0 6.7 2.4 6.5	3.8 55.7 6.3 2.4 7.2		
ices¹	3.5	4.4	5.5	7.7	6.6	6.6	6.8	6.5	6.0	6.1		
Summer schools	(2) .3 (2) (1)	(2) .4 (2) (1)	(2) .6 (2) (1)	(2) .6 (2) (1)	(4) ?3 ?3 ?3	.1 .2 .2 .4	.1 .2 .4 .4	.1 .4 1.2 .4	.3 .5 1.1 .6	.3 .5 1.2 .7		
Capital outlay <sup>3</sup>	14.8 1.8	16.0 4,0	11.0 5.6	17.4 1.7	21.0 2.5	17.0 3.1	15.6 3.2	14.0 3.3	14.3 3.0	12.9 3.0		

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Prior to 1957-58, items included under "other school services" were listed under "auxiliary services," a more comprehensive classification which also included community services.



Prior to 1957-58, data shown for adult education represent combined expenditures for adult education, summer schools, and community colleges.

Prior to 1965-66, excludes capital outlay by State and local schoolhousing authorities.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Less than 0.05 of 1 percent.

NOTE.—Beginning in 1959-60, includes Alaska and Haweii. Because of rounding, detail may not add to totals.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Health, Education, and Welfare, Office of Education, Statistics of State School Systems.

Tabla 77.—Personal income, 1970, related to estimated expenditures for public elementary and secondary education, by State: 1970-71

State	Personal	income	Total expens public eleme secondary e	intary and	Current expenditures for public elementary and secondary day schools		
	Total (in millions)	Per capita	Amount (in thousands)	As a percent of personal income	Amount (in thousends)	As a percen of personal income	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	
United States	\$797,075	\$3,910	\$44,423,865	5.57	\$36,453,586	4.57	
Alabama	9,752	2,828	434,673	4.46	369.773	3,79	
Alaska	1,426	45.6	142,355	9.98	105,745	7.42	
Arizona	6,334	3,542	406,278	6.41	333,325	5.26	
Arkansas	5,283	2,742	278,541	5.27	239,832	4.54	
Celifornia	89,761	4,469	5,346,782	5.96	3,942,624	4.39	
Coloredo	8,331	3,751	466,667	5.60	399,367	4.79	
Connecticut	14,647	4,807	656,100	4.48	600,000	4,10	
Delawere	2,332	4,233	160,050	6.86	117,300	5.03	
District of Columbia	4,172	5,619	179,869	4.31	141,743	3.40	
Florida	24,559	3,584	1,279,199	5.21	1,040,381	4.24	
riurium				]			
Georgia	15,102	3,277	769,437	5.09	656,241	4.35	
Hawaii	3,429	4,530	202,499	5.91	162,499	4.74	
Idaho	2,289	3,206	132,683	5.80	109,650	4.79	
Illinois	50,325	4,516	2,420,313	4.81	1,967.583	3.91	
Indiana	19,651	3,773	1,163,500	5.92	861,000	4.38	
1owa	10,499	3,714	721,198	6.87	590,000	5.62	
Kansas	8,562	3,804	419,044	4.89	360,164	4.21	
Kentucky	9,866	3,060	461,900	4.68	404,000	4.09	
Louisiana	11,199	3,065	698,229	6.23	620,829	5.54	
Maine	3,223	3,243	207,200	6.43	175,000	5.43	
Maryland	16,770	4,247	1,042,408	6.22	807,827	4.82	
Massachusetts	24,493	4,294	1,118,000	4.56	938,000	3.83	
Michigen	36,001	4,043	2,292,000	6.37	1,879,000	5.22	
Minnesots	14,473	3,793	1,102,050	7.61	896,423	6.19	
Mississippi	5,680	2,561	303,600	5.35	262,500	4.62	
Missouri	17,150	3,659	835,093	4.87	685,533	4.00	
Montana	2,350	3,381	169,000	7.19	142,000	6.04	
Nebraska	5,498	3,700	269,500	4.90	213,500	3.88	
Nevada	2,258	4,544	108,400	4.80	94,500	4.19	
New Hampshire	2,677	3,608	133,422	4.98	105,595	3.94	
New Jersey	32.678	4,539	1,727,000	5.28	1,530,000	4.68	
New Mexico	3.099	3.044	251,236	8.11	208,792	6.74	
New York	87,452	4,797	5,157,000	5.90	4,336,000	4.96	
North Carolina	16,244	3,188	848,318	5.22	713,486	4.39	
North Dakota	1,812	2,937	110,100	6.08	97.500	5.38	
Ohio	42,530	3,983	2,034,000	4.78	1,750,000	4.11	
Oklahoma	8.385	3,269	428,700	5.11	385,400	4.60	
Oregon	7,775	3,700	474,500	6.10	410,500	5.28	
Pennsylvania	45,962	3,893	2,715,600	5.91	2,088.932	4.54	
Rhode Island	3,732	3,920	192,667	5.16	164,326	4.40	
South Carolina	7,549	2,908	458.485	6.07	392,485	5.20	
South Dakota	2,119	3,182	130,500	6.16	112,600	5.31	
Tennessee	12,002	3,051	577,400	4.81	510,000	4.25	
Texas	39,625	3,515	1,945.531	4.92	1,577,964	3.99	
Utah	3,416	3,210	216,381	6.33	185.361	5.43	
Vermont	1,657	3,491	118,222	7.59	107,809	6.92	
Virginia	16,738	3,586	954,100	5.70	809,600	4.84	
Washington	13,679	3.993	835.700	6.11	665,000	4.86	
West Virginia	5,103	2,929	271,400	5.32	237,700	4.66	
Wisconsin	16,491	3,722	974.035	5.91	872,196	5.29	
Wyoming	1,136	3,420	83,000	7.31	76,000	6.69	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> includes current expenditures, capital outlay, and interest.

NOTE.—Because of rounding, detail may not add to totals.

SOURCES: U.S. Department of Health, Education, and Welfare, Office of Education, Fall 1970 Statistics of Public Schools; U.S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics, Survey of Current Business, April 1971.



Table 78.—Estimated expenditure per pupil in average daily attendance in public elementary and secondary day schools, by State: 1970-71

	J			
		Expendit	ure per p	upil
State	Total '	Current	Capital outlay	Interest or school deb
1	2	3	4	5
United States	\$1,008	\$858	\$119	\$31
Alabama	572	489	68	15
	1,897	1,429	418	50
	985	808	161	16
	665	578	65	22
	1,060	879	148	33
Colorado Connecticut Delaware District of Columbla Florida	902 1,082 1,298 1,250 954	780 997 954 1,046 776	98 53 285 204 159	24 32 59 
Georgia	729	634	68	27
Hawaii	1,144	951	184	9
Idaho	761	629	89	43
Illinois	1,112	937	139	36
Indiana	1,025	770	215	40
lowa	1,104	944	139	21
Kansas	860	771	77	12
Kentucky	709	621	65	23
Louisiana	904	806	71	27
Maing	885	763	100	22
Maryland	1,240	968	228	44
Massachusetts	980	856	78	46
Michigan	1,126	937	147	42
Minnesota	1,241	1,021	172	48
Mississippi	553	521	24	8
Missouri	843	747	73	23
Montana	1,000	866	113	21
Nebraska	837	663	128	26
Nevada	911	808	60	43
New Hampshire	918	729	158	31
New Jersey	1,207	1,088	78	41
New Mexico	912	776	126	10
New York	1,561	1,370	143	48
North Carolina	714	642	60	12
North Dakota	761	689	49	23
Ohio	891	778	89	24
Oklahoma	746	676	61	9
Oregon	1,079	935	121	23
Pennsylvania	1,191	948	188	55
Rhode Island	1,147	983	127	37
South Carolina South Oakota Tennessee Texas Utah	753	656	84	13
	826	713	101	12
	670	601	47	22
	775	636	111	28
	739	643	82	14
Vermont Virginia Vashington Vest Virginia Visconsin Vyoming	1,162 923 1,018 704 1,078 1,012	1,061 800 873 624 977 927	75 99 112 71 67 67	26 24 33 9 34
Outlying areas: American Samoa³ Canal Zone Guam Puerto Rico	634 1,139 854 416	634 1,104 804 383	35 50 33	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Includes current expenditures, capital outlay, and interest on school debt. .

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Health, Education, and Welfare, Office of Education, Fall 1970 Statistics of Public Schools; and unpublished data.

Table 79.—Total and current expenditura per pupil in average daily attendance in public elementary and secondary schools:

United States, 1929-30 to 1970-71

School year	Unedju	ted dollers	(1970-71	Adjusted dollars (1970-71 purchasing power) <sup>1</sup>		
	Total <sup>3</sup>	Current	Total <sup>2</sup>	Current		
1	2	3	4	5		
1929-30	\$108	\$87	\$250	\$202		
1931-32	97	81	267	223		
1933-34	76	67	228	201		
1935-36	88	74	254	214		
1937-36	100	84	277	233		
1939-40	106	88	301	250		
1941-42	110	98	280	250		
1943-44	125	117	285	267		
1945-46	145	136	316	296		
1947-48	203	179	346	305		
1949-60	259	209	434	350		
61.51	313	244	473	368		
19 3-54	351	265	518	391		
1955-	388	294	573	434		
1957-58	449	341	624	474		
1959-60	472	375	638	507		
1961-62	530	419	700	553		
1963-64	559	460	719	592		
1965-66	654	537	813	668		
1967-68	786	658	917	768		
1969-70³	926	783	973	823		
1970-713	1,008	858	1,008	858		

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Based on the Consumer Price Index, prepared by the Eureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Health, Education, and Welfare, Office of Education, Statistics of State School Systems; and Fall Statistics of Public Schools.

Table 80.—Expenditures of Federal, State, and local funds for vocational education: United States and outlying areas, 1920 to 1970

(in thousands of dollars)

Fiscal year	Total	Federal	State	Local
1	2	3	4	5
1920	\$8,535	\$2,477	\$2,670	\$3,388
1930	29,909	7,404	8,233	14,272
1940	55,081	20,004	11,737	23,340
1942	59,023	20,758	14,045	24,220
1944	64,299	19,958	15,016	29,325
1946	72,807	20,628	18,538	33,641
1948	103,339	26,200	25.834	51,305
1950	128,717	26,623	40,534	61,561
1952	146,466	25,863	47,818	72,784
1954	151,289	25,419	54,550	71,320
1956	175,886	33,180	61,821	80,884
1958	209,748	38,733	72,305	98,710
1960	238,812	45,313	82,466	111,033
1962	283,948	51,438	104,264	128,246
1964	332,785	55,027	124,975	152,784
1966	799,895	233,794	216.583	349,518
1968	1,192,863	262,384	400,362	530,117
19( )	1,368,757	254,676	467,173	646,907
19 3'	1,841,846	300,046	(²)	21,541,801

Provisional data.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Health, Education, and Walfare, Diffice of Education, annual reports on Vocational and Technical Education; and unpublished data.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Data for 1969-70.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Includes current expenditure, capital outlay, and interest on school debt.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>Estimated.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>State funds are included with local funds in column 5.

NOTE: Because of rounding, detail may not add to totals.

Table 81.—Expenditures of Federal, State, and local funds for vocational education, by State: Fiscal year 1970 <sup>1</sup>

[In thousands of dollars]

<u> </u>	E	xpenditures by sour	ce
State	Total	Federal	State and local
1	2	3	4
United States and outlying areas	\$1,841,846	\$300,046	\$1,541,80
Alabama	27,672	5,769	21,90
Alaska	3,290	753	2,53
Arizona	11,212	3,018	8,19
Arkansas	11,308	3,718	7,59
California	191,124	25,255	165,86
Zolorado	12,642	3,285	9,25
Connecticut	23,090	2,255	20,83
Delaware	2,164	1,011	1,15
District of Columbia	2,972	788	2,18
torida	41,687	8,959	32,7
Georgia	30,936	6,554	24,38
lawaii	5,035	1,356	3,67
daho	4,773	1,316	3,45
Illnois	130,416	14,885	115,53
ndiana	23,553	8,747	14,80
DW8	25,229	4,155	21,07
ansas	13,719	3,817	9,90
(entucky	28.064	5,682	22,38
ouisiana	18,822	7,051	11,77
faine	6,487	1,818	4,64
laryland	36,385	4,338	32,04
lassachusetts	100,570	4,197	96,3
lichigan	52,550	14,016	38,5
finnesota	37,663	6,367	31,29
fississippi	16,081	5,153	10,9
fissouri	35,181	6,824	28,3!
Montana	6,002	1,515	4,48
ebraska	7,471	2,221	5,25
evada	3,416	643	2,77
ew Hampshire	3,919	868	3,0€
ew Jersey	36,038	8,977	27,0€
ew Mexico	6,668	2,431	4,23
ew York	255,127	14,753	240,37
orth Carolina	66,878	9,987	56,89
orth Dakota	4,764	1,255	3,50
hio	102,743	15,291	87,41
ktahoma	19,881	4,355	15,52
regon	11,746	3,780	7,96
ennsylvania	110,395	16,384	94,01
hode Island	5,111	1,019	4,09
outh Carolina	19,635	4,977	14,65
outh Dakota	4,050	1,259	2,79
ennessee	24,589	7,687	16,90
exas	80,940	19,468	61,48
tah	12,441	2,492	9,94
ermont	5,456	1,041	4,41
irginia	32,438	7,515	24,92
ashington	38,385	3,824	34,56
est Virginia	11,356	3,886	7,47
isconsin	55,504	6,518	48,98
/yoming	4,436	932	3,50
utlying areas:			
American Samoa	84	. 0	8
Guam	565	255	31
Puerto Rico	17,610	5,555	12,05
Trust Territory	1,090	48	1,04
Virgin Islands			

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Provisional data.



NOTE.-Because of rounding, detail may not add to totals.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Health, Education, and Welfare, Office of Education, Vacational and Technical Education, Annual Report, Fiscal, Year 1970.

# **Chapter III**

### Higher Education

Universities and colleges exist in every State in the Union and in all of the larger and more populous outlying areas. More than two-fifths of the entire group of more than 2,550 institutions are under the control of State governments or of cities, counties, or other subdivisions of States. Seven service schools are controlled by the Federal Government. The remaining 57 percent of the institutions are controlled by religious denominations, professional organizations, or self-perpetuating groups of public-spirited persons. The publicly controlled colleges and universities tend to be much larger than their privately controlled counterparts. Approximately three-fourths of all college students attend public institutions.

A salient characteristic of higher education in this country is its diversity. American colleges and universities offer a wide range and great variety of programs. For example, a junior college usually offers only the first 2 years of training at the college level, but a university normally offers a full undergraduate course in the liberal arts, graduate work leading to the doctorate, and courses preparing for entrance into at least two or three of the learned professions. Between these two extremes are numerous colleges which reflect local needs and purposes.

Higher education is becoming increasingly accessible to all segments of the population. The growth of public junior colleges and other low-cost public institutions means that the expenses of the students attending these institutions can be held to a minimum. The Student-Loan Program and other Government programs have also attracted many students

who otherwise would have found it difficult to finance a college education.

The Office of Education conducts an annual survey of opening fall enrollment in which it obtains statistics directly from the colleges and universities on total and first-time students. These data are usually available within 3 or 4 months after the opening of the fall term. The opening fall enrollment survey has been supplemented from time to time by a comprehensive survey in which more detailed information is requested. In the comprehensive survey, students are classified not only by control of institution and by sex but also by status as resident or extension students; as undergraduate, first-professional, or graduate students, and by full-time or part-time attendance.

Other studies of institutions of higher education which have been conducted periodically by the Office of Education include surveys of faculty and other professional staff; faculty salaries, earned degrees conferred; enrollment for advanced degrees; engineering enrollments and degrees; receipts, expenditures, and property; basic student charges, including tuition and fees and room and board rates; and land-grant institutions. The most recent data from each of these studies are summarized in the pages which follow.

Some of the tables in this chapter provide totals for the 50 States and the District of Columbia. Others also include those outlying areas—the Canal Zone, Guom, Puerto Rico, and the Virgin Islands—which have within their borders one or more institutions of higher education. The coverage of each table is specified in its title or in the table stub.



Table 82.—Total enrollment in institutions of higher education, by attendance status and sex of student, control of institution, and State: Fall 1970

	Total	Attendan	ce status	Sex of	student	Control of	institution
State	enrollment	Full- time	Part- time	Mon	Women	Public	Private
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
United States	8,498,117	5,834,508	2,663,609	4,990,954	3,507,163	6,371,008	2,127,10
Alabama	102,707	81,578	21,129	60,555	42,152	86,638	16,06
Alaska	10,017	4,343	5,674	5,991	4,026	8,770	1,24
Arizona	110,106	62,878	47,228	64,689	45,417	107,875	2,23
Arkansas	51.639	45,349	6,290	29,615	22,024	43,403	8,23
California	1,255,732	655,306	600,426	730,129	525,603	1,124,969	130,76
Colorado	121,806	90,234	31,372	72,261	49,345	106,981	14,62
Connecticut	124,931	82,033	42,898	74,276	50,655	72,930	52,00
Delaware	23,850	15,819	8,031	13,651	10,199	19,904	3,94
District of Columbia	75,920	42,535	33,385	47,694	28,226	10,511	65,40
Florida	234,176	163,437	70,739	139,801	94,375	187,713	46,46
Georgia	126,191	99,335	26,856	74,178	52,013	101,825	24,36
Hawaii	36,510	28,252	8,258	20,194	16,316	32,969	3,54
Idaho	34,700	26,890	7,810	19,936	14,764	27,329	7,37
Illinois	453,573	297,531	156,042	262,714	190,859	315,071	138,50
Indiana	191,156	141,066	50,090	112,634	78,522	135,003	56,15
lowa	108,312	92,089	16,223	63,308	45,004	67,964	40,34
Kansas	101,297	81,381	19,916	59,701	41,596	87,016	14,28
Kentucky	96,949	74,865	22,084	55,027	41,922	75,734	21,21
Louisiana	120,720	94,507	26,213	- 69,551	51,169	101,159	19,56
Maine	32,180	23,908	8,272	18,532	13,648	23,110	9,07
Maryland	148,557	93,498	55,059	83,543	65,014	118,076	30,48
Massachusetts	303,038	210,123	92,015	179,449	123,589	114,022	189,01
Michigan	394,095	260,337	133,758	234,532	159,563	342,051	52,04
Minnesota	159,076	126,057	33,019	91,731	67,345	128,956	30,12
Mississippi	73,128	61,205	11,923	40,223	32,905	64,216	8,91
Missouri	180,570	131,496	52,074	107,648	75,922	132,269	51,30
Montana	29,699	26,146	3,563	17,775	11,924	26,920	2,77
Nebraska	66,375	51,994	14,381	39,855	26,520	50,987	15,38
Nevada	12,960	9,186	3,774	7,842	5,118	12,875	8
New Hampshire	29,046	.5,018	4,028	18,152	10,894	15,786	13,26
New Jersey	210,372	118,922	91,450	121,191	89,181	140,854	69,51
New Mexico	43,733	31,684	12,049	26,894	16,839	40,473	3,26
New York	776,608	515,303	261,305	440,637	335,971	436,922	339,68
North Carolina	171,577	140,737	30,840	100,824	70,753	122,941	48,63
North Dakota	30,484	26,735	3,749	18,605	11,879	29,199	1,28
Ohio . ,	371,412	271,632	99,780	222,693	148,719	277,244	94,16
Oklahoma	109,542	83,291	26,251	66,859	42,683	91,472	18,07
Oregon	114,279	82,269	32,010	67,158	47,121	100,761	13,51
Pennsylvania	410,479	290,848	119,631	250,733	159,746	232,760	177,71
Rhode Island	45,087	34,334	10,753	27,569	17,518	25,061	20,02
South Carolina	70,230	57,063	13,167	41,720	28,510	47,962	22,26
South Dakota	30,731	25,226	5,505	17,631	13,100	23,857	6,87
Tennessee	135,499	106,576	28,923	80,559	54,940	99,206	36,29
Texas	438,548	314,590	123,958	267,359	171,189	362,590	75,95
Utah	79,144	63,774	15,370	47,919	31,225	49,630	29,51
Vermont	22,114	18,199	3,915	12,117	9,997	12,514	9,60
Virginia	149,217	103,762	45,455	82,778	66,439	120,910	28,30
Washington	180,397	121,314	59,083	103,983	76,414	160,115	20,28 11,57
West Virginia	63,230	49.655	13,575	36,245	26,985 95,206	51.652 169,789	31,76
Wisconsin	201,554 15,028	151,446 11,716	50,108 3,312	116,258 9,014	85,296 6,014	15,028	31,70
U.S. Service Schools	17,036	17,036		17,021	15	17,036	
Outlying areas	68,216	49,253	18,963	32,097	36,119	47,555	20,66
Canal Zone	1,244	384	860	615	629	1,244	
Guam	2,349	1,383	966	1,134	1,215	2,349	
Puerto Rico	63,177	47,070	16,107	29,731	33,446	42,516	20,66
Virgin Islands	1,446	416	1,030	617	829	1,446	

NOTE.—Total enrollment includes students whose programs of study are creditable toward a bachelor's or higher degree and also undergraduate students in 1-, 2-, or 3-year occupational programs which are not creditable toward a bachelor's degree.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Health, Education, and Welfare, Office of Education, Advance Report on Opening Fall Enrollment in Higher Education, 1970: Institutional Data.



Table 83.—Total and first-time degree-credit enrollment in institutions of higher education, by State: Fall 1970 and fall 1971

•	Total en	nrollmant	First-time	students
Stete	1970	1971 '	1970	1971 '
1	2	3	4	5
United States	7,920,149	8,387,000	1,775,158	1,885,000
Alebama	99,060	105,000	23,411	25,000
Alaska	9,296 95,855	10,000 102,000	2,063 20,125	2,000
Arizona	50,764	54,000	12,929	21,000 14,000
Arkanses	1,049,883	1,112,000	214,303	228,000
Colorado	115,229	122,000	25,710	27,000
Connecticut	119,236	126,000	28,516	30,00
Delaware	22,299	24,000	6,864	7,000
District of Columbia	77,087	82,000	10,364	11,000
Florida	209,724	222,000	47,006	50,000
Georgia	124,360	132,000	26,757	28,000
Hewaii	31,298	33,000	8,332	9,000
Idaho	31,861	34,000	10,278	11,000
Illinois	410,229	434,000	95,681	102,000
Indiana	190,187	201,000	41,339	44,000
lows	103,394 101,386	109,000	25,465 25,517	27,000
Kentucky	96,180	107,000 102,000	19,810	27,000 21,000
Louisiana	118,760	126,000	25,997	28,000
Maine	33,037	35,000	9,253	10,000
Ba-sula-d	145 770	151.000	31,976	24.000
Massachusetts	145,770 288,828	154,000 306,000	68,012	34,000 72,000
Michigan	341,656	362,000	72,535	77,000
Minnesota	159,249	169,000	38,436	39,000
Mississippi	69,528	74,000	19,812	21,000
Missouri	176,332	187,000	38,054	40,000
Montana	29,320	31,000	6,813	7,000
Nebraska	66,599	71,000	15,214	16,000
Nevada	12,897	14,000	3,082	3,000
New Hampshire	28,380	30,000	6,950	7,000
New Jersey	205,218	217,000	52,318	56,000
New Mexico	43,267	46,000	9,168	10,000
New York	801,663	849,000	171,008	182,000
North Carolina	142,563 28,729	151,000 30,000	38,513 7,498	41,000 8,000
Ohio	356,402 108,992	377,000 115,000	75,912 26,604	81,000 28,000
Oregon	98,103	104,000	25,231	27,000
Pennsylvania	386,458	409,000	79,003	84,000
Rhode Island	44,251	47,000	9,679	10.000
South Carolina	59,017	62,000	16,433	17,000
South Dakota	29,753	32,000	7,268	8 000
Tennessee	131,394	139,000	27,513	29,000
Texas	417,493	442,000	92,146	98.000
Utah	74,942	79,000	13,761	15,000
Vermont	21,127	22,000	5,468	6 000
Virginia	138,152	146,000	38,057	38,000
Washington	158,818 60,901	168,000 64,000	42,631 14,826	45,000 16,000
West Virginia	174,385	185,000	37,171	39,000
Wyon.ing	13,758	15,000	4,031	4,000
U.S. Service Schools	17,079	18,000	4,315	5,000
Outlying areas	65,383	69,000	15,642	17,000
Canal Zone	1,244	1,000	569	1,000
Guam	2,566	3,000	592	1,000
Puerto Rico	60,816	64,000	14,367	15,000
Virgin Islands	757	1,000	114	(° )

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Estimated.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Health, Education, and Walfars, Office of Education, Fall Enrollment in Higher Education, 1970—Supplementary Information; and Office of Education estimates.





<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Lass than 500.

Table 84.—Total enrollment in institutions of higher education, by type and level of enrollment and by State: Fall 1969

	All denses			Degre	e-credit studen	ts			]
Ca-a-a	All degree- credit and	Total		Re	sident students				Nondegree
State	nondagree- credit students	resident and extension students	Total	Undergraduata	First- professional	Graduate	Unclassified	Extension students	credit students
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
United States	8,004,560	7,484,073	7,136,075	5,826,415	164,737	828,046	315,877	347,998	520,587
Alabama	97,816	95,186	94,620	83,968	2,137	6,592	1,923	566	2,630
Alaska	7,514	7,373	5,656	4,551		407	698	1,717	141
Arizona	97,502	86,160	80,208	64,269	448	10,155	5,336	5,952	11,342
Arkansas	51,530	50,620	49,540	45,336	768	2,488	968	1,080	910
Californir	1,149,338	1,012,263	918,660	765,939	14,412	98,962	39,347	33,603	137,075
Colorado	111,893	101,804	96,810	82,159	2,097	10,297	2,257	4,994	10,089
Connecticut	113,626	105,950	103,040	74,038	2,073	18,986	7,943	2,910	7,676
Delaware	23,012	22,322	17,882	14,802		1,865	1,215	4,440	690
District of Columbia	77,886 218,303	75,975 196,435	67,877 190,616	37,783 160,409	6,473 2,674	14,193 15,167	9,428 12,366	8,098 5,819	1,911 21,868
	1		1	·		1			1
Georgia	117,198 33,586	114,968 29,332	113,910 29,332	95,831 20,906	2,601	13,350 2,993	2,128 5,433	1,058	2,230 4,254
Idaho	31,450	28,406	27,883	25,345	118	1,756	664	523	3,044
Illinois	424,172	393,294	376,814	283,796	11,371	45,435	36,212	16,480	30,878
Indiana	184,882	177,994	175,809	139,700	4,143	26,099	5,867	2,185	6,638
lowa	106,094	101,650	100,075	84,445	3,650	9,533	2,447	1,575	4,444
Kensas	104,568	102,297	98,010	84,027	1,641	9,205	3,137	4,287	2,271
Kentucky	97,243	95,002	91,506	79,655	3,263	7,919	669	3,496	2,241
Louisiana	114,995	113,605	112,144	93,841	3,515	11,120	3,668	1,461	1,390
Maina	30,496	28,402	23,404	20,885	207	1,321	991	4,998	2,096
Viaryland	135,973	133,110	131,548	93,513	3,310	17,039	17,686	1,562	2,863
Massachusetts	285,709	276,444	257,208	200,120	6,213	39,967	10,908	19,236	9,265
Michigan	366,973	329,787	315,583 136,391	267,009	7,710	38,571	2,293	14,204	37,189
Minnesota	168,217 68,594	157,343 65,150	62,785	117,785 57,046	3,145 685	12,040 4,349	3,421 705	20,952 2,365	974 3,444
Missouri	175,285	168,926	184,652	125,862	5,703	17,302	15,785	4,274	6,359
Montana	28.868	27.875	26,953	24,646	124	1,368	815	922	993
Nebraska	65,239	64,991	63,574	54,045	1,956	5,467	2,106	1,417	248
Nevada	12,746	12,746	11,972	9,144	• • • •	1,503	1,325	774	
New Hampshire	28,114	27,576	24,503	22,139	105	1,195	1,064	3,073	538
New Jersey	188,810	179,081	160,858	114,110	3,038	21,247	22,463	18,223	9,729
New Mexico	41,217	40,369	37,774	29,722	307	4,578	3,167	2,595	848
New York	728,172	722,859	719,720	564,183	16,516	134,635	3,886	3,639	6,313
North Carolina	161,038 29,830	135,237 27,477	131,6 17 26,020	112,922 23,594	3,068 231	11,586 1,842	4,101 353	3,570 1,457	25,801 2,353
NOTE THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPE	20,000	21,411	20,025	23,054	231	1,042	303	1,457	2,353
Ohio	368,892	342,655	340,362	288,852	9,359	33,647	8,504	2,293	16,237
Okishoma	106,269	105,602	100,647	87,236	1,754	10,115	1,542	4,955	667
Oregon	110,780	93,929	82,029	68,805	1,776	8,832	2,616	11,900	16,851
Pennsylvania	393,518 42,788	370,026 41,533	361,635 33,077	274,192 26,972	14,420	44,914 5,876	28,109 229	8,391 8,456	23,492 1,255
i									
South Carolina	62,320 30,908	53,333 29,985	53,212 27,316	47,963 24,952	1,029 294	3,559 1,747	661 323	121 2,669	8,987 923
Tennessee	127 568	124,808	1:3,310	103,566	3,254	11,226	5,264	1,498	2,760
Texas	407,918	388,110	382,150	330,062	10,557	35,476	6,055	5,960	19,808
Uteh	81,540	73,941	68,113	60,678	601	6,825	9	5,828	7,599
Vermont	21,964	20,881	18,070	16,333	252	911	574	2,811	1,083
Virginia	138,561	125,793	112,147	87,147	2,823	9,088	13,089	13,646	12,768
Washington	170,107	145,861	140,231	118,227	1,467	11,812	8,725	5,630	24,246
West Virginia	62,052	60,326	56,305	50,098	865	3,674	1,668	4,021	1,726
Wisconsin	190,538 14,115	170,092 13,361	164,360 12,789	139,255 10,522	2,479 125	16,866 1,149	5,750 993	5,742 572	20,446 754
U.S. Service Schools	15,828	15,828	15,828	14,030		1.797	1		
Outlying areas	61,573	58,919	57,994	51,842	1,513	2,659	1,980	925	
Canal Zona	1,186	1,186	1,186	1,186	1,813				2,654
Guern	2,195	2,183	1,885	1,592		293	4.000	298	12
Puerto Rico	56,767	55,248	54,634	48,776	1,513	2,366	1,979	614	1,519
Virgin Islands	1,425	302	289	288	• • •	• • • •	1	13	1,123

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Health, Education, and Welfere, Office of Education, Opening Fall Enrollment in Higher Education, 1969, Supplementary Information.



Table 85.—Selected statistics for the 60 institutions of higher education enrolling the largest number of students:

United States, fall 1970

Institution	Rank	Control <sup>3</sup>	Type <sup>3</sup>	Total enrollment*		ment by ex		nent by ice status
	order '			i enrollment.	Men	Women	Full-time	Part-time
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
University of California University of Wisconsin University of Minnesota Indiana University University University of Illinois	1 2 3 4 5	1 1 1	ככככ	147,279 70,582 68,709 58,531 58,022	84,815 41,514 42,681 31,682 37,097	62,464 29,068 26,028 26,849 20,925	104,949 52,108 47,613 39,041 49,111	42 330 18,474 21,096 19,490 8,911
Pennsylvania State University University of Maryland Ohio State University University of Missouri University of Texas at Austin	6 7 8 9	1 1 1 1	0 0 0	55,403 51,449 50,547 48,896 45,541	36,238 30,462 31,702 31,218 28,045	19,165 20,987 18,845 17,678 17,496	36,927 34,297 46,317 36,960 35,273	18,476 17,152 4,230 11,936 10,268
Michigan State University University of Michigan Chicago City College (III.) Southern Illinois University University of Tennessee	11 12 13 14 15	1 1 1 1	() U U	44,092 39,661 39,472 38,809 38,500	25,208 24,075 20,911 23,632 24,001	18,884 15,586 18,5,1 15,177 14,499	34,029 31,388 14,375 29,465 29,053	10,063 8,273 25,097 9,344 9,447
Purdue University (Ind.) Northeastern University (Mass.) Wayne State University (Mich.) Louisians State University University of Nebraska	16 17 18 19 20	1 2 1 1	0000	38,314 38,000 35,655 35,031 34,895	25,959 28,113 21,016 20,914 22,204	12,356 9,887 14,639 14,117 12,691	27.944 15,999 22,370 26,960 25,285	10,370 22,001 13,285 8,071 9,610
San Oiego State College (Calif.) University of Cincinnati (Ohio) San Jose State College (Calif.) University of Washington University of Hawaii	21 22 23 24 25	1 1 1 1	F 0 F 7 D	34,802 34,500 33,632 33,202 32,969	18,290 22,402 16,994 20,331 18,037	16,512 12,038 16,633 12,871 14,932	18,530 21,430 16,929 26,890 25,556	16,272 13,070 16,703 6,312 7,413
Rutgers, The State University (N.J.) University of Colorado New York University University of Pittsburgh (Pa.) Temple University (Pa.)	26 27 28 29 30	1 1 2 1	0000	32,600 32,345 32,323 31,650 31,592	21,305 19,623 16,517 22,102 19,584	11,295 12,722 15,806 9,548 12,008	20,785 20,586 21,268 18,729 16,691	11,815 11,759 11,055 12,921 14,901
Arizona State University Kent State University (Ohio) University of Kentucky Long Beach City College (Calif.) Miami-Oad's Junior College (Fla.)	31 32 33 34 35	1 1 1 1	UUUTT	29,826 29,011 28,235 28,000 27,950	17,880 15,689 16,544 14,450 16,117	11,946 13,322 11,691 13,550 11,833	18,262 21,651 21,607 6,500 16,805	11,564 7,360 6,628 21,500 11,145
City Univ. of N.Y., Brooklyn College	36 37 38 39 40	1 2 1 1	F U F	27,320 26,626 26,320 26,123 25,600	12,840 14,144 15,591 15,326 14,278	14,480 12,482 10,729 10,797 11,322	14,020 23,427 15,335 18,176 11,869	13,300 3,199 10,985 7,947 13,731
University of Houston (Tex.) Northern Illinois University Boston University (Mass.) University of Massachusetts University of Virginia	41 42 43 44 45	1 1 2 1	טטטט	25,582 25,398 25,124 24,989 24,702	16,450 12,937 11,777 14,643 14,873	9,132 12,461 13,347 10,346 9,829	15,805 17,168 17,792 21,996 12,485	9,777 8,230 7,332 2,993 12,217
Ohio University University of Florida State Univ. of N.Y. at Buffalo Columbia University (N.Y.) Eastern Michigan University	46 47 48 49 50	1 1 2 1	0004	23,978 23,958 23,723 23,632 22,619	13,629 15,231 15,150 13,722 11,168	10,349 8,727 8,573 9,910 11,451	20,124 20,493 16,548 16,041 15,079	3,854 3,465 7,175 7,591 7,540
University of Maine San Diego Community College (Calif.) San Fernando Valley State College (Calif.) University of Oklahoma University of Utah	51 52 53 54 55	1 1 1 1 1	U T F U U	22,576 22,340 22,218 21,810 21,729	12,185 15,953 12,027 14,078 14,086	10,391 6,387 10,191 7,732 7,643	14,869 7,456 13,773 16,945 16,450	7,707 14,884 8,445 4,865 5,279
Western Michigan University George Washington University (D.C.) University of Georgia City Univ. of N.Y., Hunter College Long Island University (N.Y.)	56 57 58 59 60	1 2 1 1 2	£ 0 0 £ 0	21,713 21,439 21,181 21,060 20,975	11,715 15,362 11,838 5,010 14,198	9,998 6,077 9,343 16,050 6,777	17,969 7,805 18,286 8,460 12,261	3,744 13,634 2,895 12,600 8,714

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Institutions renked by size of total enrollment.

NOTE.—Many of the institutions listed above have more than one campus. The enrollment shown for these institutions is the combined figure for all campuses. SOURCE: U.S. Department of Health, Education, and Welfere, Office of Education, Advance Report on Opening Fall Enrollment in Higher Education, 1970: Institutional Data.



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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>Publicly controlled institutions are identified by a "1"; privately controlled, by a "2."

The types of institutions are identified as follows: "U," universities; "F," other 4-year institutions (including liberal arts colleges, teachers colleges, technological schools, theological or religinus schools, schools of art, and other independently organized professional schools); and "T," 2-year institutions (offering work extending at least 2 years but less than 4 years beyond high school).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Includes students whose programs of study are creditable toward a bachelor's or higher degree and also undergraduate students in 1-, 2-, or 3-year occupational programs which are not creditable toward a bachelor's degree.

Table 86.—Total enrollment in institutions of higher education, by control of institution and by State: Fall 1970

		Ì	Pub'~;			Private		
State	Total			State	l-de-a-de-t	0	enominational	
		State <sup>1</sup>	Local	and local	independent of church	Protestant	Roman Catholic	Other <sup>2</sup>
1	. 2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
United States	8,498,117	4,450,096	1.465.635	455,277	1,213,073	478,604	392,912	42,520
Alebema	102,707	86.638			4,668	9,644	1.757	
Aleska	10,017	8,770	•••		• • • •	1,247		
Arizona	110,106	65,049	39,826	3,000	,380,	851	••••	
Arkenses , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	51.639	41,333	2,070	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	757	7,479		
Celifornia	1,255,732	437,965	625,454	61,550	90,598	15,398	2- ,121	346
Colorado	121,606	99.940	6,641	400	3,344	9,680	1,601	
Connecticut	124,931	72,930	· · · · ·		46,272	70	5.659	
Relaware	23,850	19,904			2,825	1,118	• • •	
District of Columbia	75,920		10,511		33,88	15,657	15,871	١
	75,920 234,176	86,952	99,609	1,152	35,897	6,864	3,702	1
Florida	234,170	90,952	33,003	1,102	35,657	5,004	3,702	
Seorgia	126,191	96.468	5.357	•••	8,067	16,299	4400	1 20
ławaii	36.510	32,969		,	651	103	1,480	1,307
deho	34,700	23,837	3,492	•••	1,5	2,237		5.019
Hinois	453,573	184,841	93,646	36,584	79.866	25,512	32,822	302
ndlana	191,166	135,003			12.401	26,601	17,151	
-	108,312	53.473	8,302	6.189	15,346	16.132	7,575	1,295
OW8			20,460	1.480	235	9,394	4,652	
Censes	101,297	65,076	1 -	1			6,487	::
Centucky	96,949	75,734			5,016	9,712		1
ouisiana , , , , , , ,	120,720	96,817	287	4.055	8,395	3,365	7,801	
Maine , , , ,	32,180	23,110	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		7.719	1	1,351	
Maryland	148,557	75,952	36,312	5,812	20,734	2,850	6,634	263
Massachusetts	303,038	110,398	3,624		162.842	1,826	24,196	152
Michigan , , ,	394.095	215,466	98,143	28,442	23,682	12.902	15,47 )	1
dinnesota , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	159,076	129.956		1	3,414	16,890	97.16	i
Aississippi	73,128	E 3,095	9,972	4,149	1,557	7,355		
ectastos(ppt . , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	70,110	10,000	5,5.2		i			
dissouri	183,570	95 624	31,470	7,175	23,848	11,335	16,118	
Aontana	29,699	24,327	1,993	• • • •	•••	560	2,219	1
Vebreska	66,375	41341	3,646		4,652	6,091	4,645	
Nevada	12,960	12,375			85			1
New Hampshire	29,046	15,786		•••	10,485		2,775	
Name Jacobs	210,372	104,422	19,400	17,032	45,578	4,457	18,861	623
New Jersey		19,383		17,002	439	4,401	2,821	
New Mexico	43,733		1,090	165,805	294,141	6,425	34,668	4,452
New York	776,608	147,935	123,182					
North Carolina , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	171,577	98,880	5,164	18,897	10,932	36,675	1,029	
North Dakots	30,484	27,263	1,936			645	640	
Ohio	371,412	215,264	22,394	39,586	33,728	31,675	27,451	1,314
Oklahoma	109,542	89,706	1,162	604	9,160	8,408	502	1
Oregon	114,279	63,296	36,452	1,013	10,501	2,928	89	1
Pennsylvania	410,479	191,305	33,497	7,958	104.065	23,028	50,626	·
Rhode Island	45,087	25,061	30,737	,,,,,,,	15,479	1	4,547	٠.
		40.00-		0.050	0.000	40.000		
South Carolina	70,230	43,907	1,802	2,253	8,629	13.639	1 :::	1
South Oakota	30,731	23,857		•••	1,496	4,605	773	
Tennessee , , ,	135,499	99,206		• • • •	14.045	20,779	1,469	
Texas	438,548	256,501	77,241	28,848	16,473	48,023	11,462	
Utah	79,144	49,630		•••	1,231	835	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	27,448
/ermont	22,114	12,514	ļ		7,716		1,884	<b>\</b>
Virginia	149,217	120,910	[ :::		9.633	18,006	668	
Washington	180,397	142,038	15,018	3,059	2,622		3,869	
						13,791		::
West Virginia , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	63,230	51.652	24.050	0.530	7,381	3,453	744	1
Nisconsin	201,554 15,028	139,301 8,800	21,952 4,530	8,536 1,698	11,089	4,060	16,616	1 ::
		1		1	]			
I.C. Camilae Caboole	<u>17,036</u>	17,036			<del></del>	<del> </del>	- '	<del>+</del>
			I					1
U.S. Service Schools	68,216	47,555		<del> ::-</del> -	12,724	ļ	7,937	<del> </del>
Outlying areas	1,244	1,244				•••		
Outlying areas			<del></del>					

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Includes institutions under Federal control (U.S. Service Schools and Canal Zone College)

programs which are not creditable toward a bachelor's degree but which are designed to prepare for immediate employment or to provide general education. SOURCE: U.S. Department of Health. Education, and Welfare, Office of Education, Advance Report on Opening Fall Enrollment in Higher Education, 1970: Institutional Date; Education Directory, 1970-71: Higher Education; and unpublished date.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Includes Jewish, Latter Oay Saints, Greek Orthodox, Russian Orthodox, and Unitarian.

NOTE.-Includes students whose programs of study are creditable toward a bachelor's or higher degree and also students : 1. 2., or 3-year undergraduate

Table 87.—Enrollment in institutions of higher education, by sex and by type and control of institution: United States and outlying areas, fall 1960 and fall 1965

Tonn and anneal of institution	Numb	er of students,	1960	N ₁mb	er of students	, 1965	Percentage change, 1960 to 196		
Type and control of institution	Total	Men	Women	Total	Men	Women	Total	Men	Women
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
TOTAL, PUBLIC AND PRIVATE									
All institutions	3,610,007	2,270,640	1,339,367	5,570,271	3,396,574	2,173,697	+54.3	+49.6	+62.3
2-year institutions	453,61,7	283,292	170,325	845,244	523,532	321,712	+86.3	+84.8	+88.9
	3,156,390	1,987,348	1,169,04?	4,725,027	2,873,042	1,851,985	+49.7	+44.6	+58.4
Universities	1,550,902	1,071,688	479,214	2,303,777	1,510,551	793,226	+48.5	+11.0	+65.5
	1,027,567	560,050	467,517	1,553,783	845,349	708,435	+51.2	+50.9	+51.5
Teachers colleges Technological schools Theological, religious Schools of art Other professional	359,227	171,021	188,206	571,695	276,168	295,527	+59.1	+61.5	+57.0
	106.978	99,479	7,499	134,455	121,398	13,057	+25.7	+22.0	+74.1
	41,817	32,723	9,094	49,604	37,297	12,307	+18.6	+14.0	+35.3
	15,166	8,241	6,925	21,119	10,328	10,791	+39.3	+25.3	+55.8
	54,733	44,146	10,587	90,594	71,952	18,642	+65.5	+63.0	+76.1
PUBLIC	0.405.000		999.445	2054570	2.005.052			+66.3	+79.1
All institutions	2,135,690	1,326,545	809,145	3,654,578	2,205,652	1,448,926	+71.1	+66.3	+/8.1
2-year institutions	393,553	253,565	139,988	739,918	466,019	273,899	+88.0	+83.8	+95.7
	1,742,137	1,072,980	669,157	2,914,660	1,739,633	1,175,027	+67.3	+62.1	+75.6
Universities Liberal arts colleges Independently organized professional schools:	991,716	672,271	319,445	1,633,870	1,050,319	583,551	+64.8	+56.2	+82.7
	345,926	182,207	163,719	642,769	347,730	295,039	+85.8	+90.8	+80.2
Teachers colleges Technological schools Theological, religious	345,906 46,063	167,542 42,950	178,364 3,113	555,271 67,085	273,336 58,128	281,935 8,957	+60.5 +45.6 0.0	+63.1 +35.3 0.0	+58.1 +187.7 0.0
Schools of art	257	130	127	790	315	475	+207.4	+142.3	+274.0
	12,269	7,880	4,389	14,875	9,805	5,070	+21.2	+24.4	+15.5
PRIVATE All institutions	1,474,317	944,095	530,222	1,915,683	1,190,922	724,771	+29.9	+26.1	+36.7
2-year institutions	60,064	29,727	30,337	105,326	57,513	47,813	+75.4	+93.5	+57.6
	1,414,253	914,368	499,885	1,810,367	1,133,409	676,958	+28.0	+24.0	+35.4
Universities Liberal arts colleges Independently organized professional schools:	559,186	399,417	159,769	669,907	460,232	209,675	+19.8	+15.2	+31.2
	681,641	377,843	303,798	911,014	497,618	413,396	+33.7	+31.7	+36.1
Teachers colleges	13,321	3,479	9,842	16,424	2,832	13,592	+23.3	-18.6	+38.1
	60,915	56,529	4,386	67,370	63,270	4,100	+10.6	+11.9	-6.5
	41,817	32,723	9,094	49,604	37,297	12,307	+18.6	+14.0	+35.3
	14,909	8,111	6,798	20,329	10,013	10,316	+36.4	+23.4	+51.8
	42,464	36,266	6,198	75,719	62,147	13,572	+78.3	+71.4	+119.0

NOTE: Includes resident and extension degree-credit students.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Health, Education, and Welfare, Office of

Education, Opening Fall Enrollment in Higher Education, 1965; and unpublished

Table 88.—Enrollment in institutions of higher education compared with population aged 18-24: United States, fall 1950 to fall 1971

Year	Population 18-24 years of age	Enrollment	Number en- rolled per 100 persons 18-24 years of age	Year	Population 18-24 years of age <sup>1</sup>	Enrollment	Number en- rolled per 100 persons 18-24 years of age
1	2	3	4	1	2	3	4
1950	16,076,000	2,286,500	14.2	1960	16,122.000	3,582,726	22.2
1951	15,781,000	2,107,109	13.4	1961	16,961,000	3,860,643	22.8
1952	15,473,000	2,139,156	13.8	1962	17,608,000	4,174,936	23.7
1953	15,256,000	2,235,977	14.7	1963	18,188,000	4,494,626	24.7
1954	15,103,000	2,452,466	16.2	1964	18,722 000	4,950,173	26.4
1955	14,968,000	2,660,429	17.8	1965	20.202.000	5,526,325	27.4
1956	14,980,000	2.927.367	19.5	1966	21,346,000	<sup>2</sup> 5.928.000	27.8
1957	15,095,000	3.047,373	20.2	1967	22,244,000	<sup>2</sup> 6,392,000	28.7
1958	15,307,000	3,236,414	21.2	1968	22,787,000	6,928,115	30.4
1959	15,677,000	3,377,273	21.5	1969	23,600,000	7,484,073	31.7
	1	-,,,	1	1970	24,504,000	7,920,149	32.3
	1	}	i	1971	25,569,000	<sup>2</sup> 8,387,000	32.8

These Bureau of the Census estimates are as of July 1 preceding the opening of the academic year. They include Armed Forces overseas.
 Estimated.

SOURCES: U.S. Department of Health, Education, and Welfare, Office of Education, circulars on *Opening Fall Enrollment in Higher Education*; U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census. *Current Population Reports*, Series P-25, Nos. 311, 314, 385, 441 and 448; and unpublished data.



NOTE: Data are for 50 States and the District of Columbia. Beginning in 1953, enrollment figures include resident and extension degree-credit students; data for earlier years exclude extension students.

Table 89.-Enrollment in institutions of higher education, by sex and by control of institution: United States, fall 1946 to fall 1971

Yeu	Total	Enrollment by sex		Enrollment by control of institution		Year	Total	Enrollme	nt by sex	Enrollment of insti		
	Ì	Men	Women	Public	Private			Men	Women	Public	Private	
1	2	3	4	5	6	5 6	1	2	3	4	5	6
1946	t 2,078,095	1,417,595	1660,500	(2)	(2)	1958	3,226,038	2,092,218	1,133,820	1,883,960	1,342,078	
1947	2,338,226	1,659,249	678,977	1,152,377	1,185,849	1959	3,364,861	2,153,565	1,211,296	1,972,457	1,392,404	
1948	2,403,396	1,709,367	694,029	1,185,588	1,217,808	1960	3,582,726	2,256,877	1,325,849	2,115,893	1,466,833	
949	2,444,900	1,721,572	723,328	1,207,151	1,237,749	li l		' '	'			
1950	2,281,298	1,560,392	720,906	1.139.699	1,141,599	1961	3,860,643	2,408,601	1,452,042	2,328,912	1,531,731	
	1	1		}		1962	4,174,336	2,587,291	1,597,645	2,573,720	1,601,216	
951	2,101,962	1,390,740	711,222	1,037,938	1,064,024	1963	4,494,626	2,772,562	1,722,064	2,848,454	1,846,172	
952	2,134,242	1,380,357	753,885	1,101,240	1,033,002	1964	4,950,173	3,032,992	1,917,181	3,179,527	1,770,646	
953	2,231,054	1,422,598	808,456	1,185,876	1,045,178	1965	5,526,325	3 374,603	2,151,722	3,624,442	1,901,883	
954	2,446,693	1,563,382	883,311	1,353,531	1,093,162	) ·····	, 5,555,555	1 0111000		0,00 .,	.,	
955	2,653,034	1,733,184	919,850	1,476,282	1,176,752	19661	5,928,000	3,577,000	2,351,000	3,940,000	1,988,000	
						19671	6,392,000	3,822,000	2,570,000	4,349,000	2,043,000	
958	2,918,212	1,911,458	1,006,754	1,656,402	1,261,810	1968	6,928,115	4.119.002	2,809,113	4,891,743	2,036,372	
957	3,036,938	1,985,088	1,051,850	1,752,669	1,284,269	1969	7,484,073	4,419,147	3,064,926	5,414,934	2,069,139	
	]	]	1,22,,000	1,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	1,25.,205	1970	7,920,149	4,636,641	3,283,508	5,800.089	2,120,060	
	i	1	ļ		F	1971	8,387,000	4,873,000	3,514,000	6,229,000	2,158,000	

<sup>1</sup> Estimated.

NOTE: Beginning in 1960, data are for 50 States and District of Columbia; data for earlier years are for 48 States and District of Columbia. Beginning in 1953, enrollment figures include resident and extension degree-credit students; data for earlier years exclude extension students.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Health, Education, and Welfare, Office of Education, circulars on *Opening Fall Enrollment in Higher Education*; and Office of Education estimates.

Table 90.—Resident degree-credit enrollment in institutions of higher education related to total population and to age groups 18-21 and 18-24: United States, 1869-70 to fall 1969

		Population 1		Resident	degree-credit er	rollment	,		Ratios	
Year								sident degr ents to 100		Undergrad- uate resident
	Total <sup>2</sup>	Ages 18-21 <sup>3</sup>	Ages 18-24 <sup>3</sup>	Total	Undergrad- uate	Graduate	Total popula- tion	Popula- tion 18-21	Popula- tion 18-24	degree- credit studen s to 100 of popu lation 18-21
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
Academic year:		_								
1869-70	39,818,449	3,116,000	4,574,000	52,286	(4)	(4)	0.13	1.68	1.14	(4)
1879-80	50,155,783	4,253,000	7,092,000	115,817	(4)	(4)	.23	2.72	1.63	(4)
1889-90	62,947,714	5,160,000	8,820,000	158,756	154,374	2,382	.25	3.04	1.78	2.99
1899-1900	75,994,575	5,931,000	10,357,000	237,592	231,761	5,831	.31	4.01	2.79	3.91
1909-10	90,492,000	6,934,000	12,300,000	355,213	346,060	9,153	.39	5.12	2.89	4.99
1919-20	104,512,000	7,386,000	12,830,000	597,880	582,268	15,612	.57	8.09	4.66	7.88
1929-30	121,770,000	8,862,000	15,280,000	1,100,737	1.053,482	47,255	.90	12.42	7.20	11.89
1939-40	131,028,000	9,582,000	16,458,000	1,494,203	1,388,455	105,748	1.14	15.59	9.08	14.49
1941-42	133,402,000	9,703,000	16,715,000	1,403,990	51,318,547	585,443	1.05	14.47	8.40	13.59
1943-44	136,739,000	9,706,000	16,914,000	1,155,272	51,096,041	\$59,231	.84	11.90	6.83	11.29
1945-46	139,928,000	9,557,000	16,790,000	1,676,851	1,555,599	121,252	1.20	17.55	9.99	16.28
1947-48	144,126,000	9,276,000	16,419,000	2,616,262	2,441,830	174,432	1.82	28.20	15.93	26.32
1949-50	149,188,000	8,990,000	16,120,000	2,659,021	2,421,813	237,208	1.78	29.58	16.50	26.94
1951-52	154,283,000	8,742,000	15,709,000	2,301,884	2,068,557	233,327	1.49	26.33	14.65	23.66
1953-54	159,559,000	8,441,000	15,221,000	2,514,712	2,237,713	276,999	1,58	29.79	16.52	26.51
1st term of academic year:	, ,	· ·	1 ' '			1		ŀ	Ì	j .
November 1953	159,559,000	8,441,000	15,221,000	2,199,972	1,976,863	223,109	1.38	26.06	14.45	23.42
November 1955	165,276,000	8,508,000	14,966,000	2,597,670	2,347,656	250,014	1.57	30.53	17.36	27.59
1st term 1957-58	171,278,000	8,844,000	15,118,000	2,899,50	2,621,919	277,646	1.69	32.79	19.18	29.65
1st term, 1959-60	177,830,000	9,190,000	15,677,000	3,215,544	2,873,724	341,820	1.81	34,99	20.51	31.27
1st term, 1961-62	182 758,000	10,253,000	16,961,000	3,726,114	3,328,288	397.826	2.00	36.34	21.97	32.46
Fall 1963	189,417,000	11,155,000	18,188,000	4,234,092	3,755,515	478,577	2.24	37.96	23.28	33.67
Fall 1968	201 152,000	14,342,000	22,787,000	6,659,203	5,851,279	807,924	3.31	46 13	29.22	40.30
Fall 1969	203,216,000	14,199,000	23,600,000	7,136,075	66,308,029	828,046	3.51	50.20	30.24	44.43

 $<sup>^1\</sup>mathrm{Armed}$  Forces overseas are excluded from 1869-70 to 1929-30; they are included in 1939-40 and subsequent years.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Health, Education, and Welfare, Office of Education, Biennial Survey of Education in the United States; and comprehensive surveys of enrollment in instructions of higher education.



<sup>\*</sup>Data are actual census counts as of June 1 from 1870 to 1900; fo, later years they are estimates by the Bureau of the Census as of July 1 preceding the fall term of each school year.

Data from 1869-70 to 1939-10 are estimates by the Office of Education from figures for broad age groups supplied by the Bureau of the Census, data for later years are estimates by the Bureau of the Census.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Data not available.

Distribution by level estimated.

fincludes "ur classified" students not distributed by level.

NOTE.-Students in programs leading to first-professional degrees are included with undergraduates.

Table 91.—Enrollment in institutions of higher education, by sex, type of enrollment, and control of institution: United States, fall 1969

Type or enrollment and	Nui	mber of stud	ents	Type of enrollment and	Nur	nber of stude	nts
control of institution	Total	Men	Women	control of institution	Totel	Men	Women
1	2	3	4	1	2	3	4
All institutions:				Part-time	927.631	499,582	428.049
All resident and extension students	8,004,660	4,746,201	3,258,459	First professional students	72.596	64,241	8,364
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	<del></del>		Graduate students	548,025	337,718	210,30
Degree-credit students	7,484,073	4,419,147	3,064,926	Unclassified students , , . ,	206,281	113,598	92.68
Resident students	7,136,075	4,247,018	2,889,057	Extension students	303,097	148,240	154,85
Undergreduate and first-professional	' '		1			110,210	,
students	5,991,152	3,538,451	2,452,701	Non-degree-credit students	481.934	306,497	175,437
Undergraduate students	5,826,415		2,436,890	Resident students	447,321	282.945	164,376
Full-time , , , , , , ,	4,707,371	2,770,918	1,936,453	Extension students	34,613	23,562	11,061
Part-time	1,119,044	618,607	500,437				
First-professional students,	164,737	148,926	15,811	Privately controlled institutions:	1		
Graduate students	828,046	528,824	209,222	All resident and extension students	2,107,792	1,293,050	814,742
Unclassified students	316,877	179,743	137,134				
Extension students ,	347,998	172,129	175,869	Degree-credit students	2.069.139	1,272,493	796.646
	,		,	Resident students	2.024,238	1,248,604	775,634
Non-degree-credit students , , , , , , , , ,	520,687	327,054	193,533	Undergraduate and first-professional	2.02 1,200	1,210,00	
Resident students	483,593	302,541	181,052	students	1,633,621	991,353	642,268
Extension students ,	36,994	24,513	12,481	Undergraduate students	1,541,479	906,668	634.811
				Full-time	1.350.066	787,543	562,423
Publicly controlled institutions:		i	i l	Part-time	191,413	119,025	72,388
All resident and extension students	5.896.868	3,453,151	2.443.717	First-professional students	92.142	84,685	7,457
	0,000,000	0,400,101	2,440,7.17	Graduate students	280,021	191,106	88,915
Degree-credit students	5,414,934	3.146.654	2,268,280	Unclassified students	110.596	66,145	44,451
Resident students	5,111,837	2,998,414	_,	Extension students	44,901	23.889	21,012
Undergraduate and first-professional	-,,	1,555,414	] -,,,,,,	CALBRISTOR SECURITIES	44,501	23.009	21,012
students	4,357,531	2,547,098	1,810,433	Non-degree-credit students	38,653	20,557	18,096
Undergraduate students	4.284.936	1 ' '		Resident students	36,033	19,596	16,676
-							1,420
Full-time , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	3,357,305	1,983,275	1,374,030	Extension students , ,	2,381_	961	

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Health, Education, and Welfare, Office of Education, Opening Fell Enrollment in Higher Education, 1969, Supplementary Information.

Table 92.—First-time enrollment in institutions of higher education, by sex and by control of institution: United States, fall 1946 to fall 1971

Year	Total	Enrollme	nt by sex	Enrollment of insti	•	Year	Total	Enrollment by sex		Enrollment by control of institution	
		Men	Women	Public	Private			Men	Women	Public	Private
1	2	3	4	5	6	1	2	3	4	5	6
1946	<sup>1</sup> 696,419	1499,532	1196,887	( <sup>2</sup> )	· ( <sup>2</sup> )	1959	818,280	486,057	332,223	498,652	319,6; 8
1947	592,846	399,972	192,874	298,508	294,338	1960	923,069	539,512	383,557	577,744	345,325
1948	567,191	368,940	150,251	295,135	272,056	}	· '		1		1
1949	554,608	355,319	139,285	298,515	256,093	1961	1,018,361	591,913	426,448	648,236	370,125
1950	512,427	317,163	195,264	281,911	230,516	1962	1,030,554	598,099	432,455	669,728	360,826
	]		1		,	1963	1.046.417	604,282	442,135	686,861	359,556
1951	467,999	278,092	189,907	259,580	208,439	1964	1,224,840	701,524	523,316	814,664	410,176
1962	532,310	321,310	211,000	304,518	227,792	1965	1,441,822	829,215	612,607	990,021	451,801
1953	565,969	341,761	224,208	331,656	234,313		1				
1954	624,910	362,852	242,058	371,708	253,204	1966 <sup>1</sup>	1,378,000	787,000	591,000	947,000	431,000
1955	668,064	414,571	253,493	398.423	269,641	1967 <sup>t</sup>	1,439,000	814,000	625,000	1,024,000	415,000
	i '			1		1968	1,629,751	924,580	705,171	1,200,784	428,967
1956	714,966	441,525	273,441	427,611	287,355	1969	1,748,655	985,719	762,936	1,309,359	439,298
1957	721,547	440,613	280,934	431,858	289,689	1970	1,775,158	981,154	794,004	1,333,970	441,188
1958	772,292	463,865	308,427	471,712	300,580	1971 <sup>1</sup>	885,000	1,038,000	847,000	1,435,000	450,000

NOTE: Beginning in 1960, data are for 90 States and District of Columbia; data for earlier years are for 48 States and District of Columbia. Beginning in

1953, enrollment figures include resident and extension degree-credit students; data for earlier years exclude extension students.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Health, Education, and Welfare, Office of Education, circulars on Opening Fall Enrollment in Higher Education; and Office of Education estimates.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Estimated, <sup>2</sup>Data not available.

#### Residence and Migration of College Students

A recent study by the Office of Education's National Center for Educational Statistics provides information on the numbers of American college students who study at institutions within their home State as against those who study at institutions beyond home-State lines. The data indicate that the interstate migration of college students is declining rather than rising. In the fall of 1968, according to the study, 83 percent of the students attended college in their home State. Earlier surveys. conducted between 1931 and 1963, showed a consistent pattern of 80 to 81 percent of students studying in their own State.

A number of factors may have contributed to the decreased mobility of college students. Many public institutions in recent years have raised the fees they charge out-of-State residents, which might serve as a deterrent to nonresident enrollments. The establishment of new institutions has brought college within commuting distance of numerous students who earlier would have had to leave home to seek a college education. The growth of junior colleges, many of which have nominal fees and are readily accessible, has made 2 years of college a reality for some who otherwise might never have attended an institution of higher education.

The mobility of college students varies greatly from one State to another. Ninety-four percent of the students from California and Texas attended college in their home State in 1968. At the other end of the scale, only 51 percent of Alaskan students and 53 percent of those from New Jersey were enrolled in institutions within their own State. Massachusetts had 37,300 more students coming into the State than leaving it; the District of Columbia had a net gain of 37,400. On the other hand, New Jersey exported 98,700 more students than it imported; New York exported 55,700 more.

The accompanying chart shows the percentage of American college students attending institutions of higher education in their home State, by control and type of institution, sex of student, and level of study. The percentages were obtained by dividing the number of students remaining in their home State by the total number of student residents. Data are for the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

> -W. VANCE GRANT, specialist in educational statistics

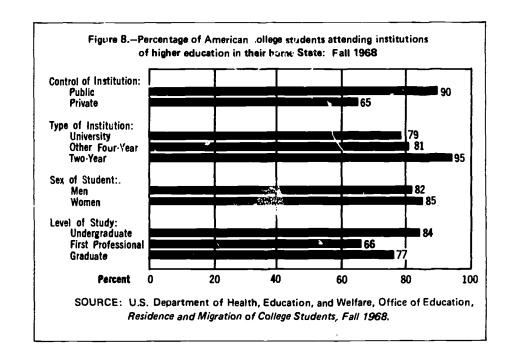




Table 93.--Residence and migration of college students taking work creditable toward a bachelor's or higher degree, by State: Fall 1968

	Students	Student	Students	Ratio of s remaining		Mi	gration of stude	n ts
State	enrolled I	residents <sup>2</sup>	remaining <sup>3</sup>	Students enrolled	Student residents	Out of	Into	Net (col. 8 col. 7)
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
United States	6,659,203	6,545,363	5,425,012	0.61	0.63	1,120,351	1,234,191	4113,640
Alabama	91,399	88,905	77,517	.85	.87	11,388	13,882	2,494
Alaska	3,013	4,709	2,393	.79	.51	2,316	620	·1.696
Arizona	76,384	69,499	62,100	.81	.89	7,399	14,284	6.885
Arkansas	48,365	48,613	40,988	.85	.84	7,625	7,377	-248
California	822,296	810,208	762,918	.93	.94	47,290	59,378	12,088
Colorado	92,688	75,033	63,828	.69	.85	11,205	28,860	17,655
Connecticut	97,381	118,806	75,525	.77	.64	43,281	22,156	-21,125
Delaware	13,5%	14,087	7,935	.59 ?3	.56	6,152 9,740	5,565 47,142	37,402
District of Columbia	176,973	23,913 181,107	14,173 149,262	.84	.82	31,845	27,711	-4,134
Florida	170,973	181,107	145,202	.04	.02	31,043	7,711	7,134
Georgia	102,614	96,951	80,373	.78	.83	16,578	22,241	5.663
Hawaii	75,012	27,636	19,737	.79	.71	7,899	5,275	2,624
Idaho	25,495	27,436	19,930	.78	.73	7,506	5,565	-1,941
Illinois	352,767	385,221	304,182	.86	.79	81,039	48,585	-32,454
'ndiana	172,090	145,595	124,177	72	.85	21,418	47,913	26,495
lowe	97,740	91,935	69,458	.71	.76	22,477	20,282	5,805
Kansas	90,360	84,044	71,397	.79	.85	12,647	18,963	6,316
Kentucky , , , ,	90,204	81,312	68,608	.76	.84	12,704	21,596	8,892
Louisiana	112,529	107,478	98,516	.88	.92	8,962	14,013	5,051
Maine	21,491	20,689	13,924	.65	.67	6,765	7,567	802
Maryland	105,659	120,986	85,662	۱ع.	.71	35,324	19,997	15,327
Massachusetts	240,528	203,212	160,281	.67	.79	42,931	80,247	37,316
Michigan	294,437	277,135	255,563	.87 .8.	.92	21,572	38,874 22,199	17,302 3,770
Minnesota	125,617 62,960	121,84.7 61,746	103,418 54,885	.87	მნ. 89.	18,429 6,861	8,075	1,214
Missouri	154.428	137.608	115,597	.75	.84	22.011	38,831	16,820
Montana	24,376	25,658	20,599	.85	.50	5,059	3,777	1,282
Nebraska	59.634	52,731	44,772	.75	.85	7,959	14,862	6,903
Nevada	9,355	11,053	7,680	.82	.69	3,373	1,675	1,698
New Hamp nire	23,007	18,356	10,739	.47	.59	7.617	12.268	4,651
New Jersey	149,506	248,216	130,960	.88	.53	117,256	18,546	-98.710
Naw Mexico	36,833	36,477	29,882	.81	.82	6,595	6.951	356
New York	686,466	742,182	604,532	.88	.81	137,650	81,934	.716
North Carolina	125,076	101,520	88,929	.71	.88	12,591	36,147	2.,556 729
North Dakota	24,130	24,859	20.129	.63	.81	4,730	4,001	1,729
Ohio	320,982	310,621	259,604	.81	.84	51,017	61,378	10,361
Oklahoma	96,437	89,949	80,913	.84	.90	9,036	15,524	6,488
Oregon , , ,	84,405	79,648	69,652	.83	.87	9,996	14,753	4,757
Pennsylvania	339,690 33,518	350,287 30,048	272,846 21,398	.80 .64	.78	77,441 8,650	66,844 12,120	-10,597 3,470
	40.005			76	70	11,514	11,428	-86
South Carolina	46,905 26,786	46,991 25,090	35,477 20,614	.76 .77	.75 .82	4,476	6,172	1,696
Tennessee	117,264	97,227	84,068	.77	.86	13,158	33,196	20,037
Texas	353,801	340,783	318,891	.90	.94	21,892	34,910	13,018
Utah	64,962	47,051	43,926	.68	.93	3,125	21,036	17,911
Vermont	16,926	10,711	6,760	.40	.63	3,951	10,166	6,215
Virginia	100,196	114,966	75,653	.76	.66	39,313	24,543	14,770
Washington	124,048	118,658	105,454	.85	.89	13,204	18.594	5,390
West Virginia	53,603	43,862	37,317	.70	.85	6,545	16,286	9,741
Wisconsin	156,239	139,628	122,242	.78	.88	17,386	33,997	16,611
Wyoming	12,286	13,080	9,628	.78	.74	3,452	2,658	.794
U.S. Service Schools <sup>5</sup>	15,227					<u> </u>	15,227	15,227
Outlying areas	51,955	56,532	49,153	.95	.89	6,379	2,802	·-3, <b>577</b>

<sup>1&</sup>quot;Students enrolled" are students enrolled in the State (those remaining plus the inmigrants).
2"Student residents" are those with residence in the State, and studying either in or out of the State.
3"Students remaining" are students studying in their home State.



The inmigration exceeds the outmigration by the number of students from foreign cour tries enrolled.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup>Enrollments in service schools are not included in the State totals in column 2; they are, however, included in the total for the United States. Students enrolled at the service schools are included in column 3 according to their State of

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Health, Education, and Welfare, Office of Education, Residence and Migration of College Students, Fall 1968.

Table 94.—Enrollment for advanced degrees, by level of enrollment, sex of student, attendance status, and field of study:

United States and outlying areas, fall 1970

			First	year stude:	nts <sup>t</sup>		s	tudents be	yond the 1	ırst yesr³	
Field of study	All	Total	М	en	Wo	mer	Total	M	en	Wo	men
	students		Full- time	Part- time	Full- time	Part- time		Full- time	Part- time	Full- time	Part- time
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Enrollment for master's and doctor's degrees	816,207	527,834	136,680	178,977	7' ,488	139,689	288,373	123,686	86,658	40,010	37,819
Agriculture	7,166 2,240 36,499	3,473 1,261 17,245	2,276 969 7,467 21,870	877 126 4,555 36,656	214 147 2,982	106 19 2,241 1,875	3,693 979 19,254 25,942	2,360 721 11,316 10,811	1,107 136 3,232 14,163	153 101 3,488 486	73 21 1,218 482
Business and commerce	87,487 3,193	61,545 2,061	1,214	389	1,144 326	1,875	1,132	690	233	153	482 56
Computer science and systems analysis Education Engineering English and journalism Fine and applied arts	7,936 254,473 64,788 35,957 28,748	5,026 191,748 36,477 22,929 18,696	1,961 18,417 15,393 4,914 6,120	2,505 59,238 19,424 4,355 3,415	251 24,000 307 5,320 5,249	309 90,093 353 8,340 3,912	2,910 62,720 29,311 13,028 10,052	1,373 12,944 15,592 4,173 3,960	1,264 21,690 13,272 2,533 1,953	122 8,704 264 3,326 2,528	151 19,387 183 2,996 1,611
Folklore Foreign languages and literature Forestry Grography Health professions	187 20,451 1,485 3,334 14,242	111 10,609 732 1,995 8,270	34 2,332 532 989 3,145	1,644 159 694 811	63 3,335 34 176 3,293	12 3,298 7 166 1,021	76 9,842 753 1,339 5,972	32 3,121 524 800 3,345	5 ,683 210 376 682	31 3,147 19 103 1,505	8 1,891  60 440
Home aconomics  Law  Library science  Mathematical sciences  Philosophy	4,611 2,533 12,416 22,672 4,851	3,253 2,183 9,161 13,604 2,276	126 638 879 4,302 1,213	109 1,404 732 5,145 559	333 39 3,344 1,562 335	1,685 72 4,206 2,595 169	1,358 360 3,255 9.068 2,575	134 86 360 4,687 1,530	50 253 366 2,731 596	612 2 910 920 317	562 9 1,619 730 132
Physical sciences Psychology Religion Social sciences Broad general curriculums and miscellaneous fields	40,113 25,342 12,227 97,185 26,071	17,356 14,262 5,568 50,063 20,930	9,071 4,926 2,883 20,830 4,209	5,692 3,873 1,419 18,005 7,159	1,391 2,663 666 11,261 3,053	1,202 2,800 600 7,967 6,509	22,757 1,,080 6,659 39,122 5,141	15,775 5,210 4,180 18,409 1,753	4,903 2,082 1,654 9,741 1,743	1,570 2,555 495 7,891 608	509 1,233 330 3,081 1,037
Enrollment for first-professional degrees	170,144	63,265	52,182	5,974	4,453	656	106,879	91,976	7,932	6,360	609
Chiropody or podiatry (O.S.C. or Pod.O.)  Dentistry (O.O.S. or O.M.O.)  Medicine (M.O.)  Optometry (O.O.)  Osteopathy (O.O.)	1,148 16,510 40,170 2,594 2,135	353 4,639 11,394 852 603	344 4,534 10,141 815 584	2 12 4 3	9 103 1,240 33 16	1	795 11,871 28,776 1,742 1,532	788 11,695 26,103 1,703 1,480	5 41 6 8	7 170 2,630 32 44	1 2 1 
Veterinary medicine (D,V.M.)	4,716 80,694 20.954 1.223	1,439 36,136 7,449 400	1,280 27,352 6,847 285	5,611 335 6	157 2,575 216 104	1 598 51 5	3,277 44,558 13,505 823	2,987 34,297 12,324 601	6,965 893	286 2,750 235 206	546 53 6

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Students with less than 1 full year of required study for an advanced degree or its equivalent in part-time study.

SOURCE: U.S. Oepartment of Health, Education, and Welfare, Office of Education, Students Enrolled for Advanced Degrees, Fall 1970.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Students with 1 or more years of required study for an advanced degree.

Table 95.—Enrollment for master's and doctor's degrees, by field of study: United States and outlying areas, fall i960 to fall 1970

Field of study	1960	1962	1964	19661	1968	1970
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Att fields	314,349	373,845	47 / 535	555,025	703,745	B16,207
Agriculture	3,852	4,282	4,772	£ 308	6,497	7,166
Architecture	585	836	847	1,151	1,424	2,240
Siological sciences	14,775	17,768	23,660	28,376	33,047	36,499
Business and commerce	25,342	28,750	43,998	53,284	65,747	87,487
City planning	(2)	(2)	(2)	1,315	2,039	3,193
Computer science and systems analysis	(2)	(2)	(2)	2.032	3.893	7.936
Education	94,993	114,641	133,478	156,434	215,131	254,473
Engineering	36,636	43,850	54,318	56,385	63,662	64,788
English and journalism	13,463	16,873	22,661	27,499	32,296	35.957
Fine and applied arts	9,255	11,513	15,015	18,802	23,974	28,748
Folklore	(2)	l en	(2.)	102	176	187
Foreign languages and literature	6,310	8,678	12,106	16,496	19.837	20,451
Forestry	560	713	850	930	1.180	1,485
Geography	1,041	1,281	1,743	2,207	2,836	3.334
Health professions	5,842	6,586	8,234	9,338	11,373	14,242
Home economics	1,580	1.587	2.213	2.410	3.484	4.611
Law	1,651	2,124	2,407	2,430	2,539	2.533
Library science	1,360	1,856	7.563	9.277	10,982	12,416
Mathematical sciences	11,770	14,121	18,226	20,380	22,947	22,672
Philosophy	2,258	2,684	3,450	4,153	4,931	4,851
Physical sciences	25,707	28,591	34.061	36.061	40.937	40.113
Psychology	10,677	11,344	13,733	15,685	21.643	25,342
Religion	5,314	5,447	6,111	7,383	12,620	12,227
Social sciences	37,317	45,121	59,808	69,282	83,725	97,185
Broad general curriculums and miscellaneous fields	4.061	5,199	8.281	8.205	16.825	26,071

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Excludes 35 nonreporting institutions with an estimated 28,000 students enrolled for master's and doctor's degrees.

NOTE.—Data for 1960 and 1962 exclude students enrolled for first-professional degrees, including some master's degrees in such fields as business and com-

merce, education, library science, and social work. Data for subsequent years include all students enrolled for master's and doctor's degrees.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Health, Education, and Wolfare, Office of Education, circulars on Students Enrolled for Advanced Degrees.

Table 96.—Selected characteristics of college students 16 to 34 years of age: United States, October 1970

Characteristic	Number (in thousands)	Percent	Characteristic	Number (in thousands)	Percent
1	2	3	1	2	3
All students	7,413	100.0	Marital status:		
			Married, spouse present	1,758	23.7
Age:			Other	5,655	76.3
16 and 17 years	260	3.5		•	
18 and 19 years	2,594	35.0	Residence:1		1
20 and 21 years	1.857	25.1	Metropolitan areas (in central cities)	2.284	30.8
22 to 24 years	1,354	18.3	Metropolitan areas (outside central cities)	2.981	40.2
25 to 29 years	939	12.7	Nonmetropolitan areas	2,149	29.0
30 to 34 years	410	5.5		-,	25.0
			Year of college:		1
Sex:		1	First	2.212	29.8
Male	4,401	59.4	Second	1.739	23.5
Female	3,013	40.6	Third	1,248	16.8
	· .		Fourth	1,074	14.5
Race:		i	Fifth	584	7.9
White	6.759	91.2	Sixth or higher	556	7.5
Negro	522	7.0		330	/.3
Other	132	1.8			

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Residence refers to the permanent home address of the student rather than to where he attends college.

NOTE.- Because of rounding, detail may not add to totals.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, Current Population Asports, Series P-20, No. 222.



S B

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Data not available.

Table 97.—Selected characteristics of graduate students: United States, spring

		<u> </u>	19	65		Profile	variables				
Profile variables	All	s	9×		Age	1 Juliu	Juliun, O3	Race		Citizer	ship
	students	Men	Women	23 and under	24-28	29 and over	White	Negro	Other	United States	Other
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Number of scudents	477,535	335,227	142,308	68,663	191,688	217,183	425,323	12,141	4,022	441,487	36,048
						Percent					
Total	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
Sex:	[				ĺ	}					
Men	70	•••	· · · ·	64	75	68	70	52	73	59	83 17
Warnen	30		• • • •	36	25	32	30	48	27	31	''
Age:	14	13	18			l	15	9	11	15	В
23 and under	40	43	34				40	33	47	40	46
29 and over	45	44	49	l . <b></b>	· · · ·	1	45	58	42	45	46
Race:		1	, ,,					_	l		{
White	96	97	95	97	97	96	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •			96	
Negro	3	2	4	2	2	3	• • • •	• • • •	• • • •	3	• • • •
Other (chiefly Oriental)	1	1	1	1	1	1		-•-	)	] 1	
Citizenship:	İ	l		ļ	1					ļ	
United States	92	91	96	96	91	92	100	100	100	1	
Other	8	9	4	4	9	8		• • •		• • • •	
Marital status:	ļ	1	}								
Single, no dependents	35	32	42	68	43	18	34	37 8	43	34	53 5
Single, with dependents	4	2	7	2	3	5	21	16	27	21	15
Married, no dependents	20	18 47	26 25	22	26 28	14	42	40	25	42	27
Married, with dependents	41	4/	25	'	25	1 65	"*	, 70	1 -5	72	•
Enrollment status:	44	49	33	68	49	32	41	43	49	41	75
Part-time	56	51	67	32	51	68	59	57	51	59	25
Control of institution:							í	ĺ	ļ	l i	1
Public	62	61	65	59	64	61	62	41	70	~2	66
Private	38	39	35	41	36	39	38	59	30	عزد	34
Type of institution:			l		Į.	1	Į.	<u>'</u>	}	<b> </b>	1
Universities	74	78	64	78	76	71	72	73	80	73	94
All other	26	22	36	22	24	29	28	27	20	(	6
Size of graduate enrollment:	i	]		l <u>.</u> .		_			l	٠	l
2.000 or more	47	49	44	52	50	43	47	35	61	46	57
Less than 2,000	53	51	56	48	50	57	53	65	39	54	43

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Includes U.S. citizens only. NOTE: Because of rounding, detail may not add to totals.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Health, Education, and Welfare, Office of Education, The Academic and Financial Status of Graduate Students, Spring 1965.

Table 98.—Socioeconomic backgrour d of graduate students, by sex: United States, spring 1965

	All	S	e×		All	se	ex
Background characteristic	students	Men	Women	Background characteristic	students	Men	Women
1	2	3	4	1	2	3	4
Number of students	477,535	335,227	142,308	Number of students	477,535	335,227	142,308
		Percent				Percent	
Total	100	100	100	Total	100	100	100
Father's income (per annum):				Father's education:			
Less than \$5,000	29	30	28	Did not complete grade school	13	13	11
\$5,000 to \$7,499	1	28	24	Completed grade school but not high school	28	28	26
\$7.500 to \$9.999		16	14	Completed high school but no college	23	24	23
\$10,000 to \$14,999		12	12	One but less than 4 years of college	12	12	1;
\$15,000 to \$19,999		3	5	Completed college		12	] 10
\$20,000 and over		4	6	Obtained master's degree	4	4	. 4
Do not know		6	12	Obtained Ph.D. or other	8	7	10
Father's occupation:	_	_	ı	Mother's education:			
Laborer	5	6	5	Did not complete grade school		) 9	] {
Service worker		4	3	Completed grade school but not high school	27	27	25
Semiskilled operative		8	6	Completed high school but no college	34	35	32
Skilled craftsman		19	16	One but less than 4 years of college	16	15	18
Farm operator	8	7	8	Completed cottege	11	10	12
Proprietor or manager		17	19	Obtained master's degree	3	2	3
Semiprofessional		15	16	Obtained Ph.D. or other	1	1	] 1
Professional (except educator)		19	21				Ì
Teacher or other educator		5	5		Į	(	l

NOTE: Because of rounding, detail may not add to totals.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Health, Education, and Welfare, Office of Feducation, The Academic and Financial Status of Graduate Students, Spring 1965.





Table 99.—Stipend status of graduate students: United States, spring 1965

	To	1	Stiper	nd status		١ .		Stip	end status
Profile variables		101	Held stipends	Did not hold stipends	Profile variables	'	Total	Held stipends	Did not hold stipends
	Number	Percent	Percent	Percent	•	Number	Percent	Percent	Percent
1	2	3	4	5		2	3	4	5
All students ,	477,535	100	43	57	All students	477,536	100_	43	57
Sex:									
Man	335,22	100	49	51	Single, with dependents	18,132	100	38	62
Women	142,303	100	37	63	Married, no dependents		100	45	55
Age:				l	Married, with dependents	194,977	100	35	65
23 and under		100	54	46	Enrollment status:				
24 to 28		100 100	51 34	49 66	Full-time		100	66	44
Race:	217,103	100	34	00	Part-time	267,404	100	26	74
White	426 323	100	41	59	Public	206 022	100	43	57
Negro		100	44	56	Private		100	44	56
Other (chiefly Orientel)	4,022	100	42	58	Type of institution:	,			~
Citizenship:					Universities	354,078	100	52	48
United States		100	41	59	All other		100	18	82
Other	36,048	100	70	30	Size of graduata enrollment:				
Marital status:					2,000 or more		100	52	48
Single, no dependents	168,225	100	53	47	Less than 2,000	252,010	100	36	64

Uncludes U.S. citizens only.

NOTE: Because of rounding, detail may not add to totals.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Health, Education, and Welfers, Office of Education, The Academic and Financial Status of Graduate Students, Spring 1965.

Table 100.—Number of 2-year institutions of higher education and enrollment, by control of institution and by sex: United States, fall 1947 to fall 1969

Year	Num	ber of insti	itutions	Total enrollment	Enrollment b		Enrollme	nt by sex
	Total	Public	Private		Public	Private	Men	Women
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
1947	480	250	230	222,045	163,005	59,040	≀52,003	70,042
1948	492	257	235	210,977	153,970	57,007	139,630	71,347
1949	518	275	243	229,001	170,689	58,312	151,191	77,810
1950	528	299	229	217,403	167,874	49,529	139,868	77,535
1951	511	294	217	199,997	156,239	42,758	120,801	79,196
1952	525	299	226	238,222	191,602	46,620	142,459	95,763
1953	518	293	225	258,241	210,006	48,235	155.806	102,435
1954	474	277	197	282,433	241,145	41,288	171,752	110,681
19 <del>5</del> 5	467	275	192	308,411	265.326	43,085	196,671	111,740
1956	482	278	204	347,345	297,621	49,724	225,635	121,710
1957	490	283	207	368,998	315,990	53,008	237,617	131.381
1958	495	290	205	385,436	330,881	54,555	247,942	137,494
1959	508	310	198	409,195	355,967	53,228	259,504	149,691
1960	521	315	206	451,333	392,310	59,023	282,155	169,178
1961	524	329	195	517.925	456,381	61,544	320,156	197,769
1962	561	349	212	589,529	519,257	70,272	365,624	223,905
1963	573	357	216	624,789	551,308	73,481	386,660	238,129
1964	617	389	228	710,868	620,859	90,009	439,509	271,359
1965,	633	399	234	841,437	737.890	103,547	521,846	31 .591
1966'	700	450	250	945,000	840,000	105,000	577.000	36Ł.000
1967 <sup>1</sup>	735	495	240	1,075,000	966,000	109,000	653,000	422,000
1968	802	548	254	1,289,993	1.169,635	120,358	782,602	507,391
1969	813	577	236	1,528,429	1,412,610	115,819	910,631	617,798

 $^1$ Estimated. The total number of 2-year institutions, including these offering non-degree-credit programs exclusively, was 752 in 1966 and 786 in 1967.

NOTE: Beginning in 1960, data are for 50 States and District of Columbia; data for earlier years are for 48 States and District of Columbia. Beginning in 1953, enrollment ligures include resident and extension degree-credit students; data for earlier years exclude extension students.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Health, Education, and Welfare, Office of Education, circulars on *Opening Fall Enrollment in Higher Education*.



Table 101.—Engineering enrollment in institutions of higher education, by level: United States and Outlying areas, fall 1949 to fall 1969

		Level of	enrollment,	for-	Fall	Total engineering enruliment	Level of enrollment, for			
	Total engineering enrollment	First engineering degree	Master's degr e	Doctor's degree			First engineering degree	Master', degree <sup>1</sup>	Doctor's degree	
1	2	3	1	5	1	2	3	4	5	
949	219,712	201,927	15,242	2,543	1959	278,348	242,992	29,713	5,643	
950	180,262	161,592	15,869	2,801	1960	271,850	234,190	31,215	6,445	
951	165,637	145,997	16 765	2,875	1901	272,777	232,104	32,804	7,869	
952	176,549	156,080	17,539	2,930	1962	275,329	230,730	35,359	9,240	
953	193,333	· 171,725	18,607	3,001	1963	281,452	232,001	38,457	10.994	
954	214,414	193,692	17,441	3,281	1964	299,388	244,607	42,159	12.622	
955	243,390	221,448	18,779	3,163	1965	311,567	253,412	44,208	13,947	
956	277,052	251,121	22,529	3 102	1968	329,043	261,560	47,552	19,931	
957	297,077	268,761	24,136	4,180	1969	321,471	254,514	47,087	19,870	
958	289,680	256,779	28,138	4,763	[	1		ĺ	i	

Also includes enrollment for other postgraduate predoctoral degrees. NDTE,-Includes full-time and part-time degree-credit students.

SOUR IE: U.S. Department of Health, Education, and Welfare, Office of Education, Engineering Degrees (1964-65) and Enrollments (Fall 1965); and Engineering Manpower commission of Engineers Joint Council, Engineering and Technician Enrollments, Fall 1969.

Table 102.—Facu ty, students, and degrees conferred in institutions attended predominantly by Negro students: United States, 1963-84

, Item	Total	Universities, profession	cuiteges, and al schools	Teachers	Junior	colleges <sup>l</sup>
		Public	Private	colleges <sup>2</sup>	Public	Private
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Number of institutions	107	20	49	12	15	11
Faculty, different persons	9,968	3,858	4,316	1,109	474	211
Men	6,209 3,759	2,394 1,464	2,791 1,525	622 487	284 190	1 18 93
Resident degree-credit enrollment	105,495	45,838	38,558	14,902	4,273	1,924
Men	47,155 58,340	21,165 24,673	17,870 20,688	5,498 9,404	1,831 2,442	791 1,133
Undergraduate and first professional	101,353	43,203	37,162	14,791	4,273	1,924
Men	45,384 55,969	20,207 22,996	17,093 20,069	5,462 9,329	1,831 2,442	791 1,133
First time in any college	30,026	12,202	10,345	4,337	2,178	964
Men	13,297 16,729	5,812 6,390	4,459 5,886	1,659 2,678	951 1,227	416 548
Graduate	4,142	2,635	1,396	111		
Men	1,771 2,371	958 1,677	777 619	36 75		
Extension degree-credit enrollment Enrollment in terminal-occupational	1,946	1,762	134	50		
education	1,588	454	453	284	283	114
Earned degrees conferred: Bachelor's and first professional	14.058	5,611	5,908	2,539		
Men	5,667 8,391	2,414 3,197	2,439 3,469	814 1,725		
Master's, e ccept first professional	1,450	1,019	378	53		
Men	651 799	397 622	231 147	23 . 30		
Doctor's	7	1	6	0	• • • •	
Men	5 2	1 0	4 2	0	•••	

<sup>1</sup> Includes community colleges, technical institutes, normal schools, and other educational institutions restricted to less than 4 years of work or, the undergraduate or terminal-occupational level.

2 All publicly controlled.



NOTE: Data  $a_1$  faculty are for the first term of the academic year; on students, for fall 1963; and on degrees, for the 12-month period ending June 30, 1964.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Health, Education, and Wallare, Office of Education, Faculty and Other Professional Staff in Institutions of Higher Education, First Term 1963-64; Resident and Extension Enrollment in Institutions of Higher Education, Fall 1963; and Earned Degrees Conferred, 1963-64.

#### Table 103.—Historical summary of faculty, students, degrees, and finances in institutions of higher education: United States, 1869-70 to 1968-69

Item	1869-70	1879-80	1889-90	1899-1900	1909-10	1919-20	1929-30	1939-40	1949-50	1959-60	1963-64	1968-69
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
					Ir	nstitutions						
Total	563	811	998	977	951	1,041	1,409	1,708	1,851	2,008	2,132	2,483
					F	eculty <sup>1</sup>						
Total	<sup>2</sup> 5,553	<sup>2</sup> 11,522	<sup>2</sup> 15,809	23,868	36,480	48,615	82,386	146,929	246,722	<sup>3</sup> 380,554	<sup>3</sup> 494,514	³ 758,900
Men	<sup>2</sup> 4,887 <sup>2</sup> 666	<sup>2</sup> 7,328 <sup>2</sup> 4,194	<sup>2</sup> 12,704 <sup>2</sup> 3,106	19,151 4,717	29,132 7,348	35,807 12,808	80,017 22,369	106,328 40,601	196,189 60,533	<sup>3</sup> 296,773 <sup>3</sup> 93,781	<sup>3</sup> 385,405 <sup>3</sup> 109,109	1591,600 1107,400
				R	ssident deg	ree-credit e	nrollment <sup>4</sup>			_		
Total	<sup>2</sup> 52,286	<sup>2</sup> 115,817	156,756	237,592	355,213	597,880	1,100,737	1,494,203	1,659,021	<sup>3</sup> 3,215,544	54,234,092	6,928,115
Men	<sup>2</sup> 41,160 <sup>2</sup> 11,126	<sup>2</sup> 77,972 <sup>2</sup> 37,845	<sup>2</sup> 100,453 <sup>2</sup> 56,303	152,2 <b>54</b> 85,338	<sup>2</sup> 214,648 <sup>2</sup> 140,565	314,938 282,942	619,935 480,802	893,250 600,953	1, 353,u68 805,953		<sup>5</sup> 2,622,787 <sup>5</sup> 1,611,305	44,119,002 42,809,113
					Earned d	legress conf	erred					
Bachelor's end first professional:	9.371	12,896	15,539	27,410	37,199	48,622	122,484	196,000	432,058	392,440	498,654	764,185
Men	7,993 1,378	10,411	12,857 2,682	22,173 5,237	28.762 8.437	31,980 16,642	73,615 48,869	109,546 76,964	328,841 103,217	254,083 138,377	298,046 200,606	444,390 319,905
Second level (master's except first professional):	(		1,015	1,583	2,113	4,279	14,969	26,731	58,183	74,436	101,050	193,756
Total					<del></del>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>					
Men	0	868 11	821 194	1,280 303	1,555 558	2,985 1,294	8,925 6,044	16,508 10,223	41,220 16,963	50,898 23,537	68,969 32,081	121,531 72,225
Doctor's: Total	_ 1	54	149	382	443	615	2,299	3,290	6,420	9,829	14,490	26,188
Men	1	51 3	147 2	359 23	399 44	522 93	1,946 353	2,961 429	5,804 616	8,801 1,028	12,965 1,536	22,752 3,436
				F	inances (in	thousands o	of dollars)				_	
Total current income	(7)	(7)	(7)	(7)	\$76,883	\$199,922	\$554,511	\$715,211	\$2,374,645	\$5,785,537	<b>\$9,54</b> 3,514	\$18,874,601
Educational and general income	(7)	(7)	\$21,464	\$35,084	57,917	172,929	483,065	571,288	1,833,845	4,688,352	7,788,448	14,329,929
Total current expenditures	(7)	(7)	(7)	(7)	(7)	(7)	507,142	674,686	2,245,661	5,801,376	9,177,677	18,481,583
tures	(7)	(7)	(7)	(7)	(7)	(7)	377,903	521,990	1,708,444	4,513,208	7,425,063	13,834,989
Value of physical property	(7)	(7)	95,426	253,5 <del>99</del>	460,532	741,333	2,085,060	<sup>8</sup> 2,753,780	4,799,964	13,448,548	21,279,346	( <sup>7</sup> )
other nonexpend- able funds	(7)	(7)	78,788	194,998	323,661	569,071	1,512,023	1,754,604	2,644,323	6,571,121	7,295,392	(*)

 $<sup>\</sup>frac{1}{n}$ Total number of different individuals (not reduced to full-time equivalent).

NOTE: Beginning in 1959-60, includes Alaske and Heweii.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Health, Education, and Walfara, Office of Educasourice: C.S. Department of Fleetin, Education, and venieral, Office of Education, Biennial Survey of Education in the United States; Faculty and Other Professional Staff in Institutions of Higher Education; Comprehensive Report on Enrollment in Higher Education; Opening Fall Enrollment in Higher Education, 1968; Earned Degrees Conferred; and Financial Statistics of Institutions of Higher



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Estimeted.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>Data for first term of the academic yeer.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>Unless otherwise indicated, includes students enrolled at any time during the academic year.

5 Deta for fall 1963.

Opening fall enrollment. Includes resident and extension degree-credit students.

Data not available.

Blockdes unexpended plant funds.

Table 104.-Faculty for resident instruction in degree-credit courses in institutions of higher education: United States and outlying arees, 1949-50 to 1971-72

		_			
		Inttr	uctor or s	bove	Junior
Yeer	Total	Total	Full- time	Pert- time	instruc- tionel staff
1	2	3	4	5	6
1949-50 (ecademic year)	191,396	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)
1951-52 (academic year)	184,826	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)
November 1953	200,547	182,028	(4)	(1)	26,519
November 1955	227,929	197,791	(1)	(1)	30,138
First term of the ecedemic year:			Į		(
1957-58	260,486	226,536	154,602	71,934	33,950
1959-60	283,080	244,461	163,656	60,805	38,619
1961-62	312,687	266,624	178,632	87,992	46,063
1963-64	358,153	305,459	204,561	100,598	52,694
1965-963	438,000	372,000	249,000	123,000	66,000
1967-683	525,000	446,000	298,000	148,000	79,000
19€9-70 <sup>3</sup>	583,000	495,000	331,000	164,000	88,000
1971-723	622,000	528,000	353,000	175,000	94,000

Deta not available.

NOTE.-Dits refer to uninnumber of positions rather than to the number of different persons employed

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Heelth, Education, and Welfers, Office of Education, Bianniel Survey of Education in the United States; and circulers on Faculty and Other Professional Staff in Institutions of Higher Education.

Table 105.—Faculty and other Professional staff in institutions of higher education, by sex and by control and level of institution: United States and outlying areas, first term 1955-60 to 1967-68

	Number of different persons										
Item	1959-60	1961-62	1963-64	1966-67	1967-68						
1	2	3	4	5	6						
Total	302,664	427,833	490,359	650,198	714,949						
By sex: Men	197,974 64,690	335,830 94,003	387,785 110,594	(1) (1)	(1)						
By control of institution: Public	209,643 173,021	235,851 191,982	288,165 210,194	402,850 247,300	462,872 262,077						
By level of institution:  5-year institutions	347,87 <i>2</i> 34,792	389,584 38,249	451,820 46,539	675,946 74,252	630,210 '84,739						

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Date not evailable.

- Usia not evaluate.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Health, Education, and Walfara, Office of Education, circulars on Faculty and Other Professional Staff in Institutions of Higher Education; and Numbers and Characteristics of Employees in Institutions of Higher Education, Fall 1966 and Fall 1967.

Table 106,—Faculty and other professional staff in institutions of higher education, by type of position: United States, first term 1959-80 to 1971-72

				Number of positi	ons		
Type of position	1959-60	1961-62	1963-64	1965-661	1967-681	19 <del>0</del> 9·70¹	1971-72
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
All professional staff <sup>2</sup>	418,788	464,658	544,719	669,000	782,000	871 000	933,000
Professional staff for general administration, student personnel services, and for libraries	43,965	48,154	58.367	71,000	84,000	91,000	97,000
Professional staff for resident instruction		ļ					247.000
in degree-credit courses	281,506	310,772	365,542	435,000	521,000	578.000	617,000
Instructor or above	242,914	264,749	302,896	370,000	443,000	491,000	524,000
Full-time	162,292	177,052	202,396	247,000	296,000	328,000	350,000
Pert-time	80,622	87,697	100,500	123,000	147,000	163,000	174,000
Junior Instructional staff	38,592	46,023	52,646	65,000	78,000	87,000	93,000
Professional staff for organized research	36,836	49,626	64,503	67,000	72,000	000,000	86,000
Professional staff for extension courses, resident non-degree-credit courses, instruc-					Ì		
tion by meil, radio or TV, short courses, and	i	1	i		1	]	
individual lessons	56,481	56,106	66,307	86,000	105,000	122,000	133,000

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Health, Education, and Welfere, Office of Education circulars on Faculty and Other Professional Staff in Institutions of Higher Education; end Office of Education estimates.



Estimeted by Office of Education.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Excludes professional staff for instruction at the elementary and secondary school level. Data are in terms of professional positions, not persons.

Table 107.—Faculty and other professional staff in institutions of higher education, by State. First term 15:3-64

	Total nu different	umber of persons	1	ulty for residence in degree courses	
State	Men	   Woriten	structor	nk of in- or above	Junior instruc-
		.,	Full- time	Part- time	tional staff
1	2	3	4	5	6
United States	385,406	109,109	202,396	100,500	52,646
Alabama	3,543 374 2,903 2,377 47,690	1.453 69 688 865 12,664	2.584 184 1.585 1,390 20,271	608 40 559 411 14,361	424 576 316 4,506
Colorado	4,426 5,490 684 5,906 6,887	1,094 1,843 214 1,724 2.244	2,533 2,996 371 2,447 4,562	723 1,538 101 2,756 967	574 697 137 725 828
Georgia	5,767 842 1,203 22,749 11,744	1,788 365 332 5,694 2,465	3,179 691 767 10,725 4,871	1.598 129 106 6,555 2,609	522 173 104 3,015 2,586
Iowa	6,226 5.179 3,689 6.008 1.249	2,044 1,799 1,830 1,894 382	3,863 2,922 2,711 1,546 863	718 992 786 1,679	1,619 986 215 940 97
Maryland	7.834 20,312 14,221 8,303 3,218	1,915 4,557 3,640 2,352 1,278	3,219 9,832 7,235 4,077 2,183	1,941 4.101 3,073 1,619 602	863 4,119 2,213 1,579 302
Missouri	9,150 1,260 2,808 479 1,404	2,716 327 699 94 451	4,584 741 1,723 344 972	3,064 254 734 36 206	1,810 175 520 65 115
New Jersey	8,560 1,806 43.697 7,484 1,291	1,919 434 11.712 3,001 382	4,305 881 21,311 5,320 851	2,808 318 16,477 1,055 280	731 346 4,645 1,091 124
Ohio Oklahoma Oregon Pennsylvania Rhode Island	16,997 4,657 5,174 22,912 2,211	5,219 1,329 1,356 6,110 566	8,857 2,319 2,308 12,134 1,329	5,047 1,426 1,028 6,563 160	3,069 737 618 2,693 510
South Carolina South Dakota Fennessee Fexas Utah	2,985 1,381 6,327 14,807 2,752	1,127 435 1,983 4,475 672	1,978 871 4,054 9,474 1,570	422 293 1,464 4,084 444	491 177 768 2.330 348
Vermont	1,322 5,694 6,231 1,943 9,988 603	3£ 2,300 1,844 736 3,251 225	816 3,796 3,456 1,791 4,445 377	271 1,387 983 289 2,438 99	70 259 1,210 80 1,447 79
J.S. Service Schools .	2,678	172	2,202	131	22
Outlying areas	2,360	1,48E	2,165	398	48
Canal Zone	38 54 2,255 13	14 26 1,441 4	18 37 2,106 4	32 20 340 6	 47 1

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Health, Education, and Welfare, Office of Education, Faculty and Other Professional Staff in Institutions of Higher Education, First Term 1963-64.





#### **Selected Characteristics of College Faculty Members**

A recent report from the American Council on Education contains a great deal of information not previously available on the demographic characteristics, professional backgrounds, and academic activities of college and university faculty rembers. The report indicates that the typical member of a college faculty is likely to be white, Protestant, and a native-born American citizen. He worked as a teaching or research assistant while attending graduate school, and his graduate program required several years for completion.

About 45 percent of college faculty members hold a doctor's degree, and an additional 14 percent have earned a professional degree, such as M.D., D.D.S., or LL.8. The academic rank most frequently held is assistant professor (28 percent of the respondents), but there are also substantial numbers of full professors (22 percent), associate professors (21 percent), and instructors (20 percent). Considering the impressive academic credentials, college faculty members are a relatively youthful group. One-third of them are between C1 and 40 years of age, and more than one-fourth are still in their forties. (See the accompanying C a t.)

Fifty-two percent of the faculty members teach nine or more hours of classes pur week: 48 percent teach eight hours or less. Fifty-two percent teach undergraduates exclusively; 32 percent, undergraduate and graduate seclusively; and the remainder were not teaching at the time of the survey. Most of the faculty teach between 25 and 250 students in all of their classes combined, with 50 to 100 students being the most frequent teaching load reported. Three-fourths of the respondents are more interested in class-room teaching than in research.

-W. VANCE GRANT,

specialist in educational staticies

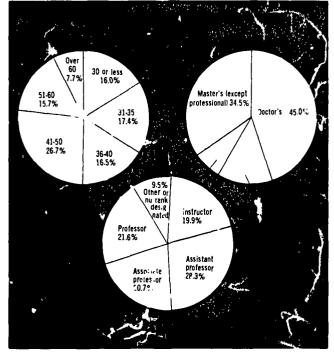




Tabla "08.—Demographic and background characteristics of college faculty members, by type of institution and by sex: United States, spring 1969

(Percentage distribution)

	^	ll institutio	ons		Universitie	93	Fo	ur-year co	legos	Tw	o-year col	leges
ltem	Total	Men	Women	Total	Men	Women	Total	Men	Woman	Total	Men	Women
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	В	9	10	11	12	13
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100,0	100.0	100.0
Age: Over 60 (born before 1909)	7.7	7.3	9.3	7.4	7.2	8.6	8.5	7.9	10.4	6.6	6.2	8.0
51-60 (bor 1909-1919)	15.7	15.1	18.5	15.7	15.1	19.4	15.6	15.0	17.7	16.1	15.2	18.5
41-50 (born 1919-1928)	26.7	26.7	26.6	27.1	27.3	25.8	25.7	25.6	26.4	28.0	27.5	29.0
36-40 (born 1929-1933)	16.5	17.3	13.0	17.3	18.3	11.7	15.9	16.4	14.5	14.6	15.5	12.2
31-35 (born 1934-1938)	17.4	18.5	12.8	17.8	18.6	13.3	17.1	18.4	12.8	16.6	18.3	11.9
30 or less (born efter 1932)	16.0	15.0	19.7	14.6	13.4	2.1	17.0	16.7	18.1	18.0	17.2	20.3
Race:			ļ				l					
White	96.3	96.6	94.7	97.7	97.7	97.7	93.5	94.2	91.3	98.4	99.1	96.7
8lack	2.2	1.8	3.9	0.5	0.4	1.0	5.0	4.2	7.4	.7	.5 .2	1.4
Oriental	13	1.3	1.1	1.6	1.6	1.0	1.2	1.2	.3	.5 .3	.2	1.4
Other	.3	.3		.3		.*	1		.5			
Citizenship: Not U.S. citizen	3.8	4.0	2.8	4.8	5.1	3.1	3.3	3.3	3.2	.9	.8	1.3
U.S. citizen, paturalized	5.3	5.5	4.6	5.6	5.6	5.3	5.6	5.8	4.9	3.8	4.3	2.2
U.S. citizen, native	90.9	90.5	92.6	89.6	19.2	91.6	91.1	90.9	ر 91	95.3	94.8	96.5
<b>-</b>	[				ł		!	l	′			
Father's educational attainment:	29.1	30.0	25.5	26.1	26.9	21.9	30.5	31.5	26.7	37.1	39.4	30.5
Eighth grade or less	14.3	14.4	13.7	13.5	13.6	13.3	15.0	15.4	13.6	15.1	15.2	15.0
Completed high +smool	17.5	17.5	17.4	17.3	17.2	17.7	17.1	17.4	16.0	19.3	19.1	20.1
Some college	12.6	12.4	13.7	13.1	12.9	14.2	12.2	12.2	12.3	12.1	10.8	15.9
College graduate	9.7	9.6	10.0	11.0	10.9	11.7	9.0	8.7	10.1	6.5	6.7	5.8
Some graduate anhabi	5.4	5.0	7.1	5.8	5.5	7.5	5.6	4.9	7.8	3.2	2.7	4.5
Advanced degree	11.4	11.1	12.6	i3.1	13.0	13.8	10.7	9.9	13.3	6.6	6.1	8.2
Religious beckground:		[						İ				
Protestant	64.1	63.∌	65.4	67.6	66.8	72.2	59.4	59.3	59.7	64.3	64.4	64.1
Catholic	16.9	15.9	21.3	13.0	12.7	14.8	19.9	18.6	24.3	23.4	21.8	28.2
Jewish	9.7	10.4	6.7	10.1	10.7	6.2	11.5	12.3	8.9	3.3	3.7	2.2
Other	3.3	3.4	2.7	3.3	3.4	2.6	3.2	3.3	23	3.€	3.8	2.8
None . ,	3.2	3.3	2.6	3.7	3.7	3.3	2.9	3.1	2.5	2.2	2.4	1.4
No answer	2.7	3.0	1.2	2.3	2.6	.9	3.0	3.4	1.6	3.1	3.8	1.3
Current religion:								١		500	51.4	53.5
Protestant	47.9	47.1	51.4	48.9	47.8	55.8	45.1	44.6	46.7	52.0 20.1	17.8	26.8
Catholic	13.5 7.0	12.2 7.3	19.2 5.4	9.6 6.9	9.2	12.2	16.4 8.6	14.7 9.0	22.4 7.5	20.1	2.6	1.6
Jewish	7.0 5.9	6.1	5.4	6.0	6.2	5.1	5.6	5.7	5.1	6.8	7.1	5.9
Other	20.7	21.9	15.6	23.7	24.6	18.8	19.0	20.2	15.0	13.8	15.0	10.1
No answer	4.9	5.4	3.1	4.7	4.9	3.4	5.3	5.8	3.3	5.0	6.0	2.1
	1.5	] 5.4	1	}	7.5	5.1	5.15	1				1
Merital status:	79.3	87.0	47.4	83.2	89.4	48.1	74.9	83.7	45.6	76.7	86.0	50.3
Currently married	79.3 4.8	3.0	12.4	4.1	2.7	12.1	74.9 5.7	3.5	12.9	5.2	2.8	12.2
Never marriad	15.9	10.0	40.1	12.7	7.9	39.8	19.4	12.8	41.5	18.1	11.2	37.5
Number of children:						l	į	{	Į.			
None	36.1	29.3	65.3	32.3	℃.2	67.3	40.6	33.7	64.8	38.0	29.7	61.9
One	15.9	16.7	12.3	15.7	15.4	12.0	16.0	16.9	12.8	16.3	18.0	11.5
Two	23.7	26.3	12.9	25.4	27.7	12.0	22.0	24.3	13.8	22.5	25.9	12.7
Three or more	24.3	27.7	9.6	26.6	29.7	8.7	21.4	25.1	8.6	23.1	26.3	13.5

 NOTE.—Data are based upon a sample survey by the Carnegie Commission on the Future of Higher Education and the American Council on Education. Secause of rounding, percentages may not add to 100.0. SOURCE: American Council on Education, Research Report Vol. 5, No. 5, College and University Faculty: A Statistical Description, June 1970.



Table 109.—Professional background and academic activity of college faculty members, by type of institution and by sex: United States, spring 1969

[Pr centege distribution]

	A	III instituti	ons		Universiti		Fo	ur-year co	lleges	Tw	ro-year col	leges
ltem	Total	i∕len	Women	Total	Men	Women	Total	Men	Women	Total	Men	Women
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
Totel	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Highest degree held:											,	
Bachelor's or less	6.7 34.5	6.3 30.1	8.6 53.3	4.5 22.9	4.2 18.3	6.2 48.9	6.2 40.2	5.8 36.9	7 3 51.5	17.1 64.2	17.2 63.0	16.9 1 67.7
Professional (except medical)	8.8 4.9	8.1 5.6	11.9 1.8	7.4 8.8	6.5 9.7	12.8 3.6	9.9 .9	9.6 1.0	11.0	11.2	10.9	11.9
Ph.D @ Ed.D	41.4	46.1	21.7	52.7	57.5	25.5	38.6	42.2	26.0	.8 5.1	.8 6.1	1.1 2.7
Other unctorete	3.6	3.8	2.8	3.6	3.8	2.8	4.2	4.3	3.7	1.6	2.1	0.5
Yuers elapsed between B.A. end highest degree:	ĺ								!			
No higher degree held or no a saver	13.0 13.2	12.4 11.6	15.6 19.6	10.0 9.4	9.5 7.6	12.9 19.7	13.8 14.9	13.3	15.2 17.7	22.4 22.7	22.4 22.2	22.6 24.2
3 · 4 years	19.2	20.1	15.0	22.4	23.4	16.8	15.5	16.1	13.4	16.9	17.5	15.0
5 - 7 years	21.5 14.3	23.1 15.0	15.0 11.2	25.1 15.0	26.8 15.7	15.6 10.8	19.1 15.0	20.0 15.7	15.9 12.8	′16	15.ช 10.1	11 1
11 or more years	18.8	17.8	23.6	18.0	17.0	24.1	21.7	20.7	25.0		12.0	1 d.1 19.1
Percentage checking that during graduate school.												
Was a teaching assistant	53.0 34.6	55.8 38.2	41.3 18.9	61.2 45.0	63.3 48.5	49.1 24.6	50.2 28.3	53.3 31.0	39.7 18.8	28.6 11.2	29.1 12.9	27.3
Was ewarded fellowship over \$1,000	48.2	49.7	41.8	55.2	56.2	50.0	46.4	47.9	41.0	25.2	25.4	6.3 24.4
Had faculty "sponsor" for job	36.1	38.1	27.7	44.1	46.2	32.2	30.8	32.0	26.6	19.3	19.1	20 ა
Year highest degree received: Before 1939	6.5	6.8	5.5	6.8	70	5.9		7.0	5.4	5.3	5.4	
1939-1948	9.3	8.9	10.9	10.4	11.3	11.0	6.6 8.4	7.6	11.2	5.3 7.3	5.4 6.4	4.8 10.0
1949-1958	25.5	26.4	22.0	27.0	27.8	22.3	23.2	23.5	22.2	26.5	28.5	20.8
1959 or since	58.6	57.9	61.6	55.7	54.8	60.8	61.8	62.0	61.2	60.9	59.7	64.4
Major field of postgraduate degree: Business, commerce, and management	3.8	4.2	2.5	3.3	3.7	1.4	4.0	4.7	1.6	5.4	4.7	7.2
Education (including physical education)	10.9	9.6	16.1	8.5	7.^	15.4	11.9	10.6	16.6	17.0	17.2	16.5
Biological sciences (including agriculture) Physical sciences (including mathematics)	7.7 11.1	8.6 12.6	4.0 5.0	10.8 11.2	11.8 12.4	5.1 4.0	4.7 12.1	5.1 13.8	3.4	4.1 8.3	4.3 9.5	3.3 4.8
Engineering (including architecture)	6.2	7.7	.3	8.2	9.5	.4	5.0	6.4	6.1 .2	2.4	3.2	.1
Social sciences (including psychology end geography)	11.3	12.1	7.6	12.1	13.0	7.3	11.7	12.4	9.1	6.9	7.0	4.8
Fine arts	6.3	6.0	7.6	5.1	4.8	6.7	8.0	7.7	9.1	6.5	7.6 G.8	4.8 5.7
Humanities	16.4 5.2	15.4 4.9	20.6	13.3	12.6 8.5	17.4 11.8	20.6	19.6	23.9	16.3	15.2	19.6
Other professions (including social work,	5.2	4.9	6.7	9.0	6.5	11.8	1.3	.9	2.7	1.8	.6	5.2
law, journalism, library science)	3.2	2.9	4.5	3.8	3.3	6.9	2.8	2.6	3.5	1.9	2.0	1.7
economics, industrial arts)	1.7	1.1	4.6	2.1	.9	8.6	1.4	1.1	2.4	1.6	1.7	1.3
None, no postgraduate degree (including no answer)	16.0	15.0	20.3	12.6	12.1	14.9	16.4	15.0	21.3	27.8	27.1	29.9
Present rank:									ļ			
Professor	21.6 20.7	24.5	9.4	27.2	30.1	9.9	19.6	22.0	11.2	6.2	7.1	3.6
Assistant professor	28.3	21.9 28.2	15.7 28.7	22.5 29.6	23.8 29.4	15.1 30.7	21.9 3+.0	23.3 30.8	17.1 31.6	10.9 15.7	1^.1 5.2	13.4 17.0
Instructor	19.9	16.3	34.8	15.1	11.5	35.7	.9.0	15.8	29.6	40.5	38.7	45.6
Lecturer	3.6 3.4	3.3 3.4	4.6 3.3	2.3	2.7 .3	4.0	5.5 1.4	5.2 1.4	6.5 1.4	.9 20.9	.8 23.1	1.3 14.6
Other	2.5	2.3	3.5	2.5	2.2	4.2	1.7	1.4	2.5	4.9	5.0	4.6
Type of appointment:	46.5	40.0	27.5		55.5	04-		46.5	05 -		l	
Reguler with tenure	46.7 48.8	48.8 46.7	37.5 57.6	49.6 45.9	52.3 43.3	34.7 60.5	43.0 51.9	44.3 50.8	38.4 55.4	45.7 51.:	47.2 49.5	41.5 56.3
Acting	2.1	1.9	2.9	1.9	1.8	2.5	2.4	2.0	3.7	2.	2.1	2.0
Visiting	2.4	2.5	2.0	2.6	2.6	2.3	2.7	2.8	2.4	.)	1.1	.2



Table 109.—Professional background and academic activity of college faculty members, by type of institution and by sex: United States, spring 1969 -(Continued)

[Percentage distribution]

			(Pe	centage d	stribution	1						
Item		All institu	tions		Universit	es	Fou	·year coll	eges	т	11 12  2.4 10.9 10.2 35.7 10.4 22.2 8.4 18.8 8.9 10.5 1.2 3.3 .4 3.2  19.1 79.4 10.9 20.8  6.0 96.0 9 1.0 0.0 3.0 3.0  6.0 54.7 4.7 84.5 2.2 1.8 7.7 7.7.2 25.9  3.5 7.3 8.8 7.7 7.6 16.2 2.7 64.4	olleges
	Total	Men	Women	Total	Men	Women	Total	Men	Women	Total	Men	Women
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
Sasic salary for academic year												
Briow \$7,000	8.3	6.2	17.0	7.0	5.3	16 2	8.7	6.0	17.8	12.4	10.9	16.6
\$7,000 - \$9,999	26.4	21.7	45 6	17.0	13.1	38.8	34.3	30.0	48.8	40.2	35.7	52.7
\$10,000 - \$11,999	20.0	206	17.6	18.3	17.9	20.7	22.2	24.1	15.7	20.4	22.2	15.4
\$12,000 - \$13,999	16.0	174	9.9	17.1	18.1	11.3	14.3	15.9	8.8	16.4	18.8	9.8
\$14,000 \$16,999	13.7	15.5	6.1	16.9	18.6	7.4	10.9	12.5	5.5	8.9	10.5	4.6
\$17,000 \$19,999	7.7	9.1	2.0	11.3	12.7	3.2	5.3	6.3	1.8		1.2	1.1
\$20,000 - \$24,9~3	5.3	6.3	1.2	8.2	9.3	2.0	3.0	3.7	1.0			.1
\$25,000 and over	2.6	1 71	.5	4.2	4.9	.3	1.2	1.5	.6	] 3	.2	.7
Salary basis.	1	]			]				_	_	l	ł
9/10 months	65.8	65.1	68.7	58.7	58.0	62.5	70.8	70.9	70.4	79.1		78.2
11/12 months	34.2	34.9	31.2	41.3	42.0	37.5	29.2	29.1	29.6	20.9	20.6	21.8
Teaching responsibilities												
Entirely undergraduate	52.1	48.2	68.6	27.8	24.3	48.1	69.3	67.5	75.5			96.2
Some undergraduate, some graduate	32.1	35.1	19.6	47.0	49.6	31.8	23.2	25.1	18.6			8.
Entirely graduate	11.3	12.3	6.8	19.2 6.0	20.2 5.9	13.2	4.6 3.0	4.8	4.0 3.9			.0
Not teaching this year	4.5	4.4	4.9	6.0	5.9	6.9	3.0	2.7	3.9	3.0	3.0	3.0
Percentago using teaching methods in most/some courses	l 	}		}	_		١,					
Term papers	53.5	51.5	62.1	45.2	43.4	56.0	63.9	62.6	68.4	56.0		60.0
Frequent quizzes	60.7	58.7	69.4	48.6	47.0	58.4	68 4	67.3	72.5	84.7		85.2
Teaching assistants	20.7	22.2	13.6	30.5	31.8	22.4	12.2	13.1	8.8			3.3
Closed-circuit television	7.1 14.8	6.8 14.0	7.9 18.3	6.0 11.3	5.7 10.7	8.1 15.1	8.4 15.3	8.5 15.2	7.9 15.8	27.2		7.7 31.1
Number class hours per week:										1		
None	7.9	7.6	7.9	11.5	11.5	11.4	4.4	4.0	5.6	3.5	3.3	4.1
1 · 4	15.4	16.2	11.9	21.0	22.0	15.4	10.8	10.8	10.8	7.2		7.0
5 · 8	25.0	26.8	17.7	32.6	34.3	22.8	20.6	21.8	16.6	8.8	8.7	9.2
9 · 12	29.1	28.3	32.8	22.8	21.7	29.4	42.1	42.5	40.4	17.6	16.2	21.7
13 or more	22.5	20.7	29.9	12.1	10.5	21.0	22.2	21.0	26.4	62.7	64.4	58.0
Total students in classes.		i			i					ļ		
None (including no answer)	6.2	6.3	6.2	8.8	8.8	8.7	3.8	3.4	4.8	3.4	3.3	3.9
Under 25	19.5	19.7	18.5	24.0	24.6	20.1	15.8	15.0	18.6	12.7	12.0	14.5
25 · 49 ·	22.0	21.8	22.7	22.5	22.4	23.5	23.1	23.1	23.2	16.7	15.6	19.8
50 - 99	28.6	28.3	29.9	24.6	24.4	26.3	33.7	34.2	32.2	29.5	28.5	32.6
100 · 249	20.6	20.6	20.6	16.5	16.2	18.6	21.6	22.1	19.8	33.3	35.6	26.6
250 or more	3.0	3.3	2.1	3.5	3.6	2.8	2.0	2.2	1.4	4.4	5.0	2.5
Teaching-research interests:		l		l						١.		
Heavily in research	4.1	4.6	1.8	6.3	6.9	3.0	2.2	2.5	1.2	.7	.9	3.8 3.8
Both, lean toward research	19.8	22.3	8.9	28.9	31.9	12.1	12.9	14.3	8.2 30.5	3.7	3.7	
Both, lean toward teaching	34.4 41.8	35.8 37.2	28.6 60.8	37.2 27.5	38.2 23.0	31.3 53.5	36.0 48.8	37.6 45.5	60.1	19.3 76.2	19.8 75.6	17.9 78.1
		]		i		1						
Number of professional articles published: None (including no a iswer)	43.6	39.0	63.2	29.5	25.2	54.3	51.1	47.2	64.5	76.3	75.1	79.9
1 · 4	29.4	39.0	26.4	29.5	29.7	29.9	32.2	33.7	26.7	20.5	21.5	17.8
5 · 10 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	10.5	11.6	5.8	14.1	15.2	7.8	8.5	9.4	5.5	20.5	2.1	1.9
11 · 20	6.8	7.8	2.5	10.3	11.4	4.2	4.3	5.0	1.9	.6	.8	1.2
21 or more	9.7	11.4	2.1	16.3	18.5	3.8	3.9	4.6	1.4	.4	.5	i i
Personal career rating:		ł								}	1	}
Very successful	24.4	24.4	24.1	26.3	26.8	23.4	21.0	20.9	21.5	26.4	24.6	31.8
Fairly successful	69.3	69.0	70.2	67.8	67.2	71.4	71.6	71.4	72.5	68.0	70.2	61.9
Fairly or very unsuccessful	6.3	6.5	5.7	5.9	6.0	5.2	7.3	7.7	6.0	5.5	5.2	6.3

NOTE.—Data are based upon a sample survey by the Camegie Commission on the Future of Higher Education and the American Council on Education, Because of rounding, percentages may not add to 100.0.

SOURCE: American Council on Education, Research Report Vol. 5, No. 5, College and University Faculty: A Statistical Description, June 1970.



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Table 110.—Average seleries of faculty members in institutions of higher education, by type of institution, length of contract, and academic rank: United States, 1966-67 and 1967-68

		Universities		Other	4-year instit	utions	2.	year institutio	)ns
Acedemic rank	1966-67	1967-68	Percent increase	1966-67	1967-68	Percent increase	1966-67	1967 68	Percent increase
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
		*	·	9 10-mon	th contracts	<del></del>			
Academic deans Professors Associate professors Associate professors Instructors Other academic faculty  Professors and instructors combined 1	\$19,753 15,614 11,498 9,176 7,128 8,668 11,108	\$21,299 16,432 12,167 9,965 7,617 9,174 11,821	7.8 5.2 5.8 8.6 6.9 5.8	\$13,777 12,261 9,886 8,404 6,909 7,228 9,115	\$14,954 13,148 10,613 8,950 7,338 8,299 9,692	8.5 7.2 7.4 6.5 8.2 14.8	\$11,703 9,574 10,201 8,507 8,394 8,868 8,704	\$11,974 10,152 10,928 9,113 8,658 9,582 9,138	2.3 6.0 7.1 7.1 3.1 8.1 5.0
		·		1112-ma	nth contract	*	*******	****	
Academic deans Professors Associate professors Assistant professors Instructors Other a_ademic faculty	\$21,289 17,376 13,312 10,952 8,452 10,129	\$22,474 18,606 14,209 11,724 9,027 10,694	5.8 7.1 6.7 7.0 6.8 5.6	\$15,408 14,280 11,436 9,523 7,572 9,623	\$16,812 14,602 11,890 9,886 7,734 10,838	9.1 2.2 4.0 3.8 2.1 12.6	\$13,148 9,453 9,961 8,953 8,185 9,451	\$14,012 10,213 10,827 9,643 9,284 10,449	6.6 8.0 8.7 7.7 13.4 10.6
Professors and instructors combined !	13,435	14,424	7.4	11,032	11,485	4.1	8,774	9.670	10.2

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The average salaries for universities and for other 4-year institutions are weighted averages for the ranks of professors, associate professors, assistant professors, and instructors. The averages for 2-year institutions include "other academic faculty," in addition to the above ranks, because those with no designated ranks were reported in this category.

SOURCE: U.S. Oepartment of Health, Education, and Welfare, Office of Education, Higher Education Salaries, 1967-68.

Table 111.—Median salaries of instructional staff in institutions of higher education, by academic rank, type of institution, and size of enrollment: United States, 1967-68 and 1969-70

To the self-transfer of the self-			1967-68			1969-70						
Type of institutio⊓ and size of enrollment	All ranks combined	Professors	Associate professors	Assistant professors	Instructors	All ranks combined	Professors	Associate professors	Assistant professors	Instructors		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11		
All 4-year colleges and												
universities	\$10,235	\$14,713	\$11,393	\$9,472	\$7,458	\$11,745	\$16,799	\$12,985	\$10,698	\$8,357		
Public universities:	ĺ			-				ĺ				
10,000 students and over	11,290	15.877	12.202	10.024	7.651	12,740	17,841	13,619	11,230	8,565		
5,000 to 9,999	10,049	13.751	11.185	9,487	7,463	11,398	15.643	12.692	10.651	8.345		
Under 5,000	9,815	13.501	10.940	9.258	7.633	11,426	15.855	12,560	10.492	8,375		
Private universities:		,			',===							
5,000 and over	11,435	16.596	12,126	9.081	7.624	13,044	18.829	13,503	10,979	8,542		
Under 5,000	10.246	14.843	11,150	9,301	7,410	11.316	16,288	12,431	10.299	8,334		
Public colleges	9,657	13,355	10,964	9,206	7.517	11,231	15,655	12,786	10,492	8,520		
Private colleges:		1	'	l '		,			· ·			
1,000 and over	9,014	12,713	10,296	8,693	7,291	10,191	14,302	11,473	9.699	8,152		
500 to 999	8,428	11,393	9,490	8,213	6,962	9,413	12,597	10,610	9,124	7,777		
Under 500	7,882	10,092	8,645	7,686	6,700	8,886	11,773	10,178	8,440	7,282		
All 2-year institutions	8,922	•••				10,626	•••	•••				
Public institutions	9.165					10.850				•		
2,000 students and over	9.781			• • •		11.866			• • • •			
1,000 to 1,999	8.822		• • • •			10.231				• . •		
Under 1,000	8,525	• • • •	l <b>.</b>			9.164		<b></b> .	•	l		
Private institutions	7,211		۱			8.190				l		

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Since a majority of the reporting 2-year institutions have not established professorial ranks, data are not shown by rank for these institutions.

NOTE: Salaries are for 9 months of full-time teaching.

SOURCE: National Education Association, Research Oivision, Research Report 1968-R7, Selaries in Higher Education, 1967-68; and Research Report 1970-R6, Selaries in Higher Education, 1969-70. (Copyright © 1968 and 1970, respectively, by the National Education Association. All rights reserved.)



Table 112.—Median annual salaries of instructional staff and administrativa officers in 4-year colleges and universities: United States, 1957-58 to 1969-70

Position	1957-58	1969-60	1961-62	1983 84	1965-66	1907-68	1969-70	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	
nstructional staff in 4-year colleges and universities:							ļ	
All ranks	\$ 6,015	\$ 6,711	\$ 7,486	\$ 8,163	\$ 9,081	\$10,235	\$11,745	
Professors	8.072	9,107	10,256	11,312	12,953	14,713	16,799	
Associate professors	6,563	7.332	8.167	8,969	10,068	11,393	12,985	
Assistant professors	5,595	6,231	6,900	7,539	8,417	9.472	10.698	
Instructors and lecturers	4,562	5,095	5,582	6,114	6,761	7,496	8,416	
dministrative officers:								
President	12,407	13,827	15,375	17,330	19,638	22,303	25,979	
Vice-president	12,013	14,154	16,000	17,130	19,012	21,468	23,250	
Deen of the college	8,411	10,723	12,230	13,644	15,703	16,141	19,12	
Dean of students	7,610	8,796	9,592	10,694	12,027	14,086	16.05	
Deen of men	6,658	7,280	8,202	9,144	9,783	10,983	12,311	
Dean of women	6.006	6,638	7,399	8,216	9,200	10,289	11,400	
Dean of admissions	8,738	7,680	8,636	9,572	10,364	11,446	12,98	
Registrar	6,032	6,340	7,312	8,142	9,123	10,366	11,74	
Business meneger	7,518	8,536	9,405	10,512	11,780	14,914	17,615	
Chief fibrarian	6,134	7.078	8,163	8.883	10,225	11,817	13,439	
Director of public relations	6,420	7,194	7,659	8,440	9,596	10,823	12,764	
Director of athletics	7,292	8,104	8,930	9,871	11,125	12,470	14,311	
Head footbell coach	7,077	7,824	8,554	9,321	10,716	11,488	13.395	
Head besketbell coech	6,382	6,868	7,700	8.542	9,383	10,485	11,779	

NOTE.—Seleries of instructional staft are for 9 months of full-time teaching; seleries of edministrative officers are usually for 11 or 12 months of service.

SDURCE: National Education Association, Research Division, Research Report 1970-R3, Economic Status of the Teaching Profession, 1969-70. (Copyright © 1970 by the National Education Association. All rights

Table 113.—Number of institutions of higher education, by type, control, and size of enrollment: United States, fall 1970

Control of institution and size of	Ail in	stitutions	Uni	vertities		l other institution s	2-yeer	institutions
enrollment	Number	Enrollment	Number	Enrollment	Number	Enrollment	Number	Enrollmen
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Public and private institutions	2,556	8,406,117	150	2,996,506	1,506	3,291,890	<b>20</b> 1	2,209,921
Under 200 ,	267	29,553			183	20,117	84	9,434
200 to 499	344	120,179	ا ···· ا	•••	205	70,948	139	49,233
500 to 999	558	405,784			380	280,688	178	125,096
1.000 to 2.499	648	1,017,349		1.959	404	633,624	243	381,76
2.500 to 4.999	293	1.034.753	9	36,169	157	551,373	127	447,21
5.000 to 9.999	237	1.674.696	50	388,388	113	785,801	74	500,50
10.000 to 19.999	142	1.970.135	47	718.046	53	673,179	42	578,910
20.000 to 29.999	37	878.665	25	592.647	9	207 528	3	78,290
30,000 or more	30	1,367,003	27	1,259,097	2	68,434	1	39,47
Public Institutions , ,	1,000	8,371,008	94	2,284,518	341	1,996,769	654	2,000,72
Under 200	17	1,629		•••	4	541	13	1,08
200 to 499	55	21,598		•••	8	1,939	49	19,65
500 to 999	155	113,704		•••	26	20,787	129	92,91
1,000 to 2,499	293	481,309		• • •	72	130,077	221	351,23
2,500 to 4,999	201	717,482		•••	78	284,795	123	432,66
5,000 to 9,999	187	1,310,795	] 19	152,162	95	663,145	73	495,48
10,000 to 19,999	122	1,687,759	31	489,326	49	619,523	42	578,91
20,000 to 29,099	31	740,072	19	454,254	9	207,528	3	78,29
30,000 or more	28	1,296,680	25	1,188,774	2	68,414	1	39,47
Private institutions	1,467	2,127,100	65	711,990	1,165	1,284,921	237	120,19
Under 200	250	27,924			179	19,576	71	8.34
200 to 499	289	98.581	l		199	69.007	90	29.57
500 to 999	403	292,080			354	259.901	49	32,17
1.000 to 2.499	355	536,040	1	1,959	33?	503,547	22	30.53
2.500 to 4.999	92	317,291	9	36,169	79	266,578	} -2	14.54
5,000 to 9,999	50	363,901	31	236,228	1 18	122,656	l i	5.01
10.000 to 19.999	20	282,376	16	228,720		53 556		3,5.
20.000 to 29.999	6	138,593	6	138,593	l <del>.</del>	55 550	l	l
30.000 or mora	2	70,323	2	70.323	[		l	l ::

NDTE.—Includes students whose programs of study are creditable toward a bache-lor's or higher degree and also students in 1-, 2-, or 3-year undergraduate pro-grams which are not creditable toward a bachelor's degree but which are designed to prepare for immediate employment or to provide general education.

SDURCE: U.S. Department of Health, Education, and Welfare, Diffice of Educa-tion, Advance Report on Opening Fell Enrollment in Higher Education, 1970; Institutional Date; and unpublished date.



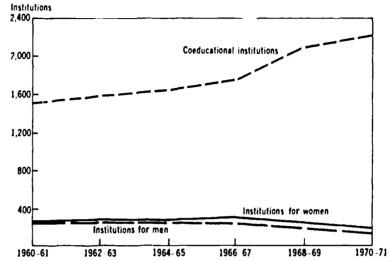
### Figure 10.—Number of institutions of higher education, for men, for women, and coeducational: United States and outlying areas, 1960-61 to 1970.71

## Trend in Higher Education Is Toward Coeducation

The Education Directory for the academic year 1970 71, recently issued by the National Center for Educational Statistics, lists 2,573 colleges, universities, and professional schools in the United States and its outlying areas. Ten years ago the comparable figure was 2,028. Thus, in the past decade, 545 schools have been added to the Office of Education's universe of institutions offering two or more years of college-level work.

One of the most obvious trends in American higher education in recent years is the trend toward coeducation. As the accompanying chart indicates, the number of institutions for men decreased from 236 to 154 in the past decade, and the number of colleges and universities for women dropped from 259 to 193. During the same period, the number of coeducational institutions rose from 1,533 to 2,226. A number of leading institutions which previously had been attended only by men or by women became coeducational during the 1960's.

Only 16 of the single-sex institutions (11 for men and five for women) are publicly controlled. Approximately three-fifths (205) of these institutions are affiliated with a religious group, and the



remaining 126 are under private nonsectarian control.

Most of the institutions attended exclusively by men or by women students are relatively small colleges. More than four-fifths of them enroll fewer than 1,000 students, and the average enrollment is approximately 700. The 347 institutions combined enroll only about three percent of all the students on college campuses today.

For information on individual institutions, coeducational or otherwise, the reader may wish to consult the Education Directory, Higher Education, 1970-71 (OE-50000-71). The publication may be purchased at \$3.75 a copy from the Superintendent of Documents, U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington, D.C. 20402.

-W. VANCE GRANT specialist in educational statistics



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Table 114.—Number of institutions of higher education, by type, control, and State: Feli 1970

State	Total	Aft ins	titutions	Unive	Braiti <b>n</b> s		other	2.year ii	atitutions
		Public	Private	Public	Private	Public	Private	Public	Private
1	2	3	4	5	8	7	8	9	10
United States	2,656	1,000	1,467	•4	66	241	1,165	864	237
Alabama ,	49	29	20	2		10	16	17	4
Alatka	] 3 18	14	2	1	• • •		1	1 ::	1
Ackenses	21	10	11	2		7	3	11 2	1 3
Celifornia	199	112	87		4	21	78	90	5
Colorado	28	20	8	2	1	7	,	11	
Connecticut . , ,	46	18	28	!	1	4	19	12	
Oistrict of Columbia	20	3	17	i'	5	1 2	1 9	1	3
Florida	63	34	29	3	1	1	22	27	6
Georgie	62	28	34	,	1	15	23	12	10
Hawaii .,,,,,,	7	1 1	6	1		· · ·	5		1
Ideho	10	6	4	1 1		3	2	2	2
Illinoit , , ,	132	44 5	88 39	3	5 2	6	72 34	35	11
	]		1	j	-				
fowe	51 53	15 27	36 26	2		1	30	12	5
Kentucky	35	17	28	2	:::	6	22 21	20	,
Louisians	23	12	1 11	i i	2	9	و ا	2	
Merne	16	2	14	1	• • •	] 1	13		1
Maryland	47	23	24	,	1	8	20	14	3
Messachusetts ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	118	29	89	1	7	13	56	18	26
Michigan , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	90	42	48	3	1	10	40	29	7
Minnesota,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	67 42	25 24	32 18	1 2		6	28 10	18 16	4
Missouri	89	22	47	1	2	وا	38	12	,
Montana	12	و ا	3	2		1 4	73	1 '3	
Nebreske	27	11	16	ì	1	1 4	14	6	1
Neveda , , , , , , , , ,	1 .4	3	1	!		1	1	1	
New Hampshire , , , ,	19	4	15	1	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	2	13	1	2
New Jersey	56	22	34	1	2	8	23	13	9
New Mexico	11 219	8 74	3	2		4	3	2	
New York , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	97	52	145 45	2 2	12	29 14	114 29	43 36	19
North Oakota	12	9	) š	2		] 7	2	3	1
Ohio	90	22	68	8	,	5	62		5
Oklahoma	36	24	12	2	} i	10	7	12	4
Oregon . , . , , , , ,	39	20	19	2	1	6	16	12	2
Pennsylvania , , , , , , , , , , , ,	140	29 3	111	3 1		14	96	12	11
South Carolina	45	21	24	2	,	,	19	ļ	5
South Dakota	17	l ';	10	2	:::	6	19	12	2
Tennessee	56	16	40	i	1	ě	32	9	,
Tex <b>es</b>	123 13	71 9	52	6 2	4	22	40	43	8 2
			_	•					
Vermont , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	17 61	5 28	12 33	3	•••	3	10 27	1 16	2 6
Washington , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	39	27	12	2		3	12	22	
Nest Virginia	22	11	11	1	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	9	8	1	3
Niscontin	63 8	33 8	30	1		9	28	23	1
			i	'			•••	,	• • • •
J.S. Service Schools,	,	- '	•••			7			
Dutlying areas		4	4			3	3	<del></del>	
Cenal Zone , , ,	! !	!		•••		1			
Guam	5	1	[ ]	•••	•••	1		<b>!</b> •••	• • • •
Virgin Islands		1	4	1			3		l t

SQURCE: U.S. Department of Health, Education, and Welfare, Office of Education, unpublished data from the survey of Opening Fall Enrollment in Higher Education, 1970.



Table 115.-Number of institutions of higher education, by control of institution and by State: Fall 1970

		L	Public		I	Privati	•	
				1			Denominational	
State	Total	State!	Local	State and	Independent of church	· ·	Roman	
	) 			local	†	Protestant	Cetholic	Orher
<b>1</b>	2	3	4	b	6	7		9
United f/tases	2,886	817	343	129	●62	487	290	20
Mabama	49	29			5	12	3	
Nashe	3	· <u>1</u>				2		
Arizona	18	. 3	10	•	3	1		
Arkanska	21 199	22	83	, ,	49	10 21	15	2
olorado	28	15	4	] ,	) , <b>3</b>	3	2	l
onnecticut	46	18	1	1	17	į į	10	
Delgwere	7	<b>J</b> 3			3	<u>'</u>		
District of Columbia	20	• • • •	3	1	7	2	9	
iorida	63	8	25	'	16	6	,	1
isorgis	62	27	1		13	21		
igwell	7	1		• • • •		1 2	1	1 !
deho	10 132	· 12	21	11	1 45	2 26	13	1 2
ndiene	44	5		.::	10	18	11	
owd,	61	. 6	4	5	10	15	10	,
anses	53	8	17	2	2	17	7	
entucky	35	7			,	14	7	
Ouisiana	23	10	1	1	1	. 4	6	
laine	16	2		1	12		2	
leryland	47	9	9	5	, , , ,	i 2	7	!
lassachusetts	118	26 13	3		67 26	4 11	17	1
fichigan	90 57	25	26	3	5	, 16	11	
Resistippe	42	13	8	3	5	is		
hssouri	69		11	3	18	17	12	
iontena	12	6	3			. 1	2	
ebraska	27	5	6	1	,	7	2	
evede	4	3	• • • •	• • • •	.1	• • •	•••	• • • •
lew Hampshire , ,	19	4	···	• • • •	12		3	• • • • •
leye Jersey	56	11	6	5	12	6	14	2
lew Mexico	11	7	.!	•••	,	i •••	2	
lew York	219 97	26 34	11 2	37 16	93 6	; 7 ! 37	30	15
orth Oskota	12	7	2			1	2	
lhio	90	16	3	3	26	4 24	16	2
kishome	36	20	, 3	1	4	-7	1	
)regon	39	9	10	1	12	6	1	
ennsylvenie	140	17	9	) 3	56	30	25	
hode teland	13	3	· · · ·	,	6	• • • • •	4	
outh Carolina	45	17	2	2	7	17	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
outh Oakota	17		• • • •	• • • • •	2	6	2	1
ennestee exat	56 123	16 32	32		13	24 35	j j	1
Iteh	13	9		'	i	, 35 , 1		2
/ermont	17	5			10		2	1
/irginia	61	28	i		ii	21	i	
Vashington	39	21	4	2	2	6	4	
lest Virginia	22	11	1 :::		6	4	1	•••
fisconsin	63 8	12	14	7 2	12	5	13	
I.S. Service Schools	7	7					ļ	
Putlying areas	•	4			2		<del> </del>	
				1			2	
Cenel Zone	1		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	:::	• • •	• • •		:::
Puerto Rico	5	i	:::		2		2	:::

 $<sup>^{\</sup>rm t}$  includes institutions under Federal control (seven U.S. Service Schools and Canal Zone College).

SOURCE. U.S. Department of Health, Education, and Welfare, Office of Education, Advance R port on Opening Fall Enrollment in Higher Education, 1970-Institutional Data; Education Directory, 1970-71. Higher Education; and unpublished data.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Includes Jewish, Letter Day Seints, Greek Orthodox, Russian Orthodox, end Unitarien.

Table 116. - Earned degrees conferred by institutions of higher education, by level of degree and by State: 1969-70 and 1970-71

		1969 7	70			1970 7	11	_
		First	Ī		Ť	First	Ī	
	Bachelor's	professional		Doctor's	Bachelor's	(inofessional		Doctor s
State	degrees	degrees	Master's	chegrees	degrees	degrees	Master's	j degraes
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	(requiring	(requiring	(Jegraes	IPh D, Fd D,	Irestructure	frequiring	de rees	IPH D , Ed D
	4 mr 5 years)	at least 6 years)	1	PIC I	4 or 5 years1	at least 6 years!		Ptc.)
1	2	3	4	5	6	1 7	. 8	9
United States	792,×18	i 34,918	200,291	29,866	829,000	26,000	224,000	32,100
			•	•	829,000	, 25,000		32,100
latizma	12,868	413	,	221	13,500	450	2,500	240
leske .	315	0	174	1 7	300	0	200	10
((f0na ;	7,896	1 32	2,875	383	8,200	140	3,000	410
r kansas	7,287	191	1,159	124	7,600	200	1,200	130
gliforoug	67,836	3,153	19,467	} 3,175	1 70,900	3,250	20,900	3,420
plor <b>e</b> do	11,923	427	3,330	636	12,500	440	3,600	680
onnecticut , ,	10,918	440	3,960	511	11,400	45	4,300	550
Player	1,533	0	364	60	1,600	0	400	· 60
istrict of Columbia .	5,854	1,453	4,077	498	6,100	i,500	4,400	540
Parida	19,773	632	4,327	668	20,700	650	4,700	720
rorgia	13,911	759	3,278	345	14,600	780	3,500	370
8W811	2,612	. 0	1,017	53	2,700	, 50	3,500	60
aha	2,743	26	385	45	2,900	30	400	: 60
1004	38,443	2,254	12,712	1,884	40,200	2,320	13,700	2,020
idiena	22,188	906	8,105	1,313	23,200	930	8,700	1,410
	14,312	526	2,244	620	15,000	540	2,400	! <b>e</b> #0
ensus	12,161	379	2,883	389	12,700	390		420
entucky	12,018	. 731	2,560	173	12,600	750	3,100	,
Duisiana	13,617	784	3.086	348	14,200	810	2,800	190
eine	4,118	45	595	, 340 24	4,300	50	3,300 600	370 30
		,				. 33		1
eryland	12,076	782	3012	576	12,600	810	3,200	620
assachusetts	29,455	1,845	10,811	1,676	30,800	1,900	11,600	1,800
ichigen	35,295	1,408	12,043	1,577	37,000	1,450	13,000	1,690
linnesota	18,040 8,784	785 188	2,582 1,433	546	18,900	810	2,800	590
ississippi	0,784	100	1,433	178	9,200	190	1,500	. 190
(\$\$QUEL	18,347	1,391	5,308	630	19,200	1,430	5,700	680
ontana	3,746	34	586	63	3,900	40	600	, 70
ebreska	9,417	407	1,247	213	9,900	420	1,300	230
evada	1,006	0	222	11	1,100	0	200	10
ew Hampshire , , , , ,	4,180	0	565	49	4,400	. 0	600	50
ew Jersey	18,007	672	5,048	565	18,800	690	5,400	610
ew Maxico	4,081	58	1,254	182	4,300	60	1,300	200
ew York	67,481	3,517	26,811	3,292	70,600	3,620	28,700	3 540
orth Carolina	18,587	665	3,216	634	19,400	19790	3,500	680
orth Dakota	3,867	37	703	86	4,000	40	800	90
hio . ,	41,811	1,769	8,761	1,262	43,700	1,820	9,400	1,360
klahoma	12,012	404	2,892	484	12,600	420	3,100	620
regan	9,923	397	2,932	441	10,400	410	3,200	470
innsylvania	47,315	2,215	11,055	1,492	49,500	2,280	11,900	1,600
hode Island	4,793	0	1,072	187	5,000	o	1,200	200
outh Carolina	7,835	233	769	115	8,200	240	800	120
uth Dakota	4,636	48	899	63	4,900	50	1,000	70
nnessee	15,916	814	3,054	452	16,700	840	3,300	490
1867	40,178	2,073	8,489	1,241	42,000	2,140	9,100	1,330
ah	8,837	153	1,827	413	9,200	160	2,000	440
emont	2,885	58	618	33	3,000	60	700	40
rginia	13,744	657	2,564	306	14,400	680	2,800	330
shington	14,614	346	2,964	466	15,300	360	3,200	500
est Virginia	7,996	158	1,179	143	B,400	160	1,300	150
sconsin	20,936	522	4,249	934	21,900	540	4,600	1,000
yoming	1,357	31	341	67	1,400	30	400	70
S. Service Schools	2,827	0	893	12	3,000	0	1,000	10
		-		) 127. — 127. <del>12</del> 7. 		*	Tarification T	
Outlying ereas	5,754	334	1,096	6	6,000	340	1,200	10
/am ,	79	o	45	0	100	o	100	0
erto Rico	5,646	334	1,051	6	5 900	340	1,100	10
irgin fslanus	29	0	0	0	(e) (	0	0	0

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Estimated

SOURCE U.S. Department of Health, Education, and Walters, Office of Education, Farned Degrees Conferred, 1969-70, and Office of Education estimates.



A Less than 50.

Table 117.—Bachelor's, master's end doctor's degrees conferred by institutions of higher education, by sex of student end by field of study.

United States, 1969-70

		chalor's degri		Sero	ind level limes degrees	ter's)		ortor's degr	
Major field of study	Total	Men	Women	Total	Men	Women	Total	Man	Wome
1	2	3	1 4	5	6	7	. 8	9	10
All fields	792,319	461,097	241,219	200,291	128,524	92,667	29,000	28.990	2.976
igricultura	9,144	8.667	477	1   1,466	1,357	109	726	598	20
Agriculture, general,	1,384	1,339	45	80	87	2			-
Agronomy, field crops	976	967	9	794	283	] 11	185	184	1
Agricultura business	788	771	17	4	4		i	1	
Animal science	2.540	2,320	220	301	7.7	16		153	1 9
Dairy science	270 180	262 179	1 1	48	45	3	32	31	1 . 1
Fish, game, or wildlife menagement	692	866	26	177	173	4	51	50	1 .
Food science	322	264	58	153	122	31	99	88	111
Horticulture	400	365	35	146	120	28	68	63	
Ornemental horticulture	250	230	į <b>20</b>	16	15	1	5	5	
Poultry science	176	92		36	38		20	20	١
Soil science	874	167 <b>8</b> 45	29	86 134	84 121	· 2	; 77 30	75 29	
chitecture	3,902	3,698	204	658	615	43	11	10	!
Ological sciences	37,389	27,004	10.385	5,800	3,975	1.823	3.289	2,820	409
Premedical, predental, preveterinary			1	!	1	i			
_science	2,997	2,741	256		1	1 222			1
Biology, general	24,371	18,848	7,523	2.578	1,750	828		377	94
Botany, general ,	566 5,843	361 4,393	1,150	374 729	264 497	110 232	223 412	196 370	27 42
Anatomy and histology	5,5-3	4,383 7	1,150	99	68	31	140	115	25
Bacteriology, virology, mycology, parasitology,		•			-		140	!	1
microbiology	1,411	741	670	469	273	196	359	282	. 77
Biochemistry	455	332	123	239	167	72	449	362	67
Biophysics	31	27	4	29	23	6	66	77	9
Ecology	50	. 34	16	10	6	4		10	· · · ·
Entomology	190 36	181 19	9	220 70	195	25 30	173 95	167 80	
Motecular biology	55	40	15	14	4	10	31	22	16
Nutrition	47	11	36	104	36	68	47	34	13
Optometry (preprofessional bachalor's degree)	.758	344	14						,
Pethology				75	41	34	58	58	
Phermecology	•		1	107	87	20	137	117	20
Physiology	126	97	29	167	122	45	240	218	22
Plant pathology	28	20	i •••	132	112	20	105	99	0
Plant physiology	1,113	3 777	336	21 363	19 271	92	40 213	39	36
sines and commerce	105.180	96,008	9,172	21,325	20,576	749	603	177 593	10
Business and commerce, general	51,644	47,714	3,930	13,762	13,308	454	356	351	5
Accounting	21,183	19,343	1,840	1,083	1,004	79	56	53	3
Finance, banking	5,843	5,677	166	1,499	1,456	43	38	37	1
Hotel or restaurant administration	526	476	50	24	23	1			)
Marketing,	15,208	14,089	1,119	1,352	1,314	38	34	34	1
Real estate, Insurance Secretarial studies	934	910 37	24	70	69	1	8	7	1
Trensportation , ,	1,42 <b>8</b> 474	460	1,391 5	38	38		2	2	
Business and commerce, all other fields	7,940	7,293	647	3,497	3,364	133	109	109	1
ty planning	203	190	13	769	645	124	24	23	,
emputer science and systems analysis ,	1,544	1,345	199	1,459	1,324	135	107	105	2
Data processing ,	336	305	.31	43	42	1 1		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	J
Computer science	825	701	124	689	595	94	80	78	2
Systems analysis	195	183	12	226	225	1 1	2	2	
other fields	188	156	32	501	462	30	25	25	l
fucation	165,453	41,347	124,106	79,349	35,451	43,898	5,894	4,698	1,196
Physical education	20,853	12,644	8.209	3,777	2,594	1,183	256	181	76
feelth education	942	410	532	359	169	190	28	20	8
Recreation	1,416	892	524	282	193	89	12	10	2
Education of the mentally reterded	2,370	328	2,042	1,256	374	882	23	20	3
ducation of the deaf	241 3,619	16 424	225 3,195	217 1,232	270	177 962	112	1	1 ,1
Education of the visually handicapped	3,619 75	424 5	3,195 70	1,232 70	270	962 41	112	93	19
Education of the amotionally disturbed	264	44	220	300	76	224	6	5	;
Special learning disability	102	19	83	234	49	:85	1	1	\
Education of the crippled	106	14	92	181	82	99	•••		٠
Education of the multiply handicapped	48	9	39	46	1 1	45	1	. 1	
Administration of special education	52		44	234	70	164	15	13	2
Education of other exceptional children	936	137 1,444	799	1,835	507	1,328	95	73	22
Art education	1,457 5,474	1,444	13 3,977	474 1,046	459 405	15 641	49 40	48	1,1
Butiness or commercial aducation	8,484	2,255	5,977 6,229	1,046	693	1,075	40 65	28 44	12
Distributive education, rateil selling	432	333	99	1,700	107	1,075	5	5	21
Home economics education	6,055	3	6,052	712	107	705	15		15
industrial arts education, nonvocational	5,369	5,304	55	1,393	1,379	14	36	36	
Music education	7,335	3,178	4,157	1,606	838	768	90	81	9
Trade or industrial education, vocational	1,374	1,326	45	474	427	47	67	62	5
Specialized teaching fields, all other	1,360	503	857	3.744	1,027	2,717	190	122	68.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Health, Education, and Welfare, Office of Education, Earned Degrees Conferred: 1969-70.

(Continued)



Teble 117.—Bechelor's, master's end doctor's degrees conferred by institutions of higher education, by sex of student end by field of study:

United States, 1989-70—Continued

		helor's degr iring 4 or 5 y		\$000	nd level (mas) degrees	er's)		octor's degr D. Ed O.	
Major field of study	Total	Men	Women	Total	Men	Women	Total	Men	Wome
1	2	3	† 4	. 6	6	,	8	9	10
	ļ		•	'		<u> </u>		}	1
Nursery or kindergerten educatio	897	6	891	20	1	19			
Early childhood education	5,041	65	4,976	629	28	601	13	3	1 10
Elementary education	84 320	7.689	76,631	15.449	3.102	12,347	217	130	87
Secondary education	2,742	1,103	1,640	5,435	2,891	2,344	193	173	20
Compined elementary and second-ry education :	457	97	360	431	215	216			
Adult education	57 27	38 16	19	199 416	126 206	<i>1</i> 3 i 210	111 212	96 178	15
Education specialist			!	857	628	229	412	1/8	
Educational administration, supervision,	}		1		-				1
finance	10	6	4	8,590	6.456	2,134	1.014	938	76
Counseling and guidance	15	8	7	10,866	5,393	5.473	632	411	121
Rehabilitation counselor training History, philosophy, or theory of edu-	179	80	99	603	342	261	36	33	3
cation, comparative education	128	74	54	311	146	165	106	80	26
Curriculum, instru	263	15	248	1,878	725	1,153	405	303	102
Education, general				9,622	4,156	5.466	1,358	1,071	287
Educational psychology	73	35	38	1,047	426	621	294	209	85
Physical education, nonteaching	1,438	1,02 ı	417	223	162	61	3		3
Education, all other fields	1,451	299	1,152	1,403	672	731	289	227	62
Engineering	44,479	44,149	330	15,593	15.421	172	3.681	3,667	24
Aerospace, seronautical, astronautical				345		_			
engineering	2,766 521	2,736 518	20 3	749 141	746 141	3	211	209	) 2
Architectural angineering	224	221	3	26	26		57	57	1 ::.
Ceramic engineering	202	197	5	31	30	1 i	24	23	1
Chemical engineering, petroleum				•	•		•~		1 '
refining engineering	3,694	3,641	53	1,045	1.028	17	438	434	1 4
Civil, construction, transport							l		
engineering	6,410	6.367	43	2,241	2,222	19	411	409	2
Electrical engineering, electronics	12,225	12,157	68	4,138	4,109	29	982	879	3
Engineering schines, angineering mechanics,			1	740					
engineering lihysics, science engineering	1,124 52	1.102 49	22 3	713 236	690	23 11	305	303	2
General angineering	1,821	1,801	20	524	224 519	5	42 145	41 145	1
Gaological, geophysical angineering,	1,521	1,501	40	524	519		'**	140	1
Mining geology	153	149	4	20	20		10	10	١
Industrial and management angineering	3,172	3,151	21	1,763	1,746	17	126	123	1 3
Machanical angineering	9,247	₹.208	39	2,297	2,285	12	435	435	• • • •
Matellurgical and materials angineer.			_	Į.			i		
ing, materials science	748	743	5	370	365	5	224	223	1
Mir.ing, mineral engineering, minaral dressing			l i			_	[		l -
Naval architecture and marina	170	170		87	86	1	39	37	2
angineering	310	310		96	94	2	,,	- 11	l
Nuclear engineering	225	221	4	342	338	4	139	138	1
Petrolaum engineering	275	275		82	81	i	17	16	l i
Engineering, all other fields	1,150	1,133	17	693	671	22	165	164	1
English and literature	56,400	18,644	37,756	8,480	3,309	5,171	1,205	832	373
Fine and applied arts	35,901	15.347	20,554	7,849	4,158	3.691	734	592	142
Art, general	10,572	3,587	6,985	1,523	867	656	18	12	6
Music, secred music	5,431 10.363	2,422 4,604	3,009 5,759	2,130 2,546	1,128 1,194	1,002	278	237	41
Fine and applied arrs, all other fields	9,535	4,734	4,801	1,650	969	1.352 681	301 137	256 87	45 50
Fulklare	10	6	4,55,	37	17	20	137	5	3
Foreign languages and literature	21,109	5.613	15 496	5,137	1,917	3,220	869	579	290
Linguistics	214	82	132	334	162	172	109	86	23
Latin, classical Greek	1,014	485	519	289	141	148	88	64	24
Modern languages (more than two)	238	94	142	62	23	39	3 ]	1	2
Franch	7,624	1,309	6,315	1,409	373	1,036	181	98	83
Module est	242	87	155	71	31	40	14	11	3
Portuguese Spanish	35	21	5.416	12	6	6	. 5	5	
Philology and literature of Romance	7,226	(,810	5,416	1,372	531	841	139	86	53
tangueges	85	21	64	157	52	105	50	30	20
German	2,652	970	1,682	669	261	408	118	83	35
Other Germanic languages	77	25	52	41	15	26	2	ĭ	1
Philology and literature of Germanic	1	1	1	ļ		}	- }	•	) '
tanguages	19	13	6	10	5	5	15	10	5
Chinese	81	40	41	34	17	17	• • • •	• • •	
Hebrew	258	148	110	49	42	7	15	15	
Japanesa	70	20	50	16	8	8		. 1	
Russian Other Stavic tenguages	768 84	324 39	444 45	172 80	73 30	99	24	15	. 9
Foreign languages and titerature, alt	07	33	45	∾	39	41	23	13	10
other fields	434	125	309	360	138	222	82	60	22
Forestry	2,177	2,160	17	327	316	111	97	97	
		-,			3.0		٠,	• • •	

SOURCE. U.S. Department of Health, Education, and Welfers, Office of Education, Earned Degrees Conferred: 1969-70.

(Continued)

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Table 117.—Bachelor's, master's and doctor's degrees conferred by institutions of higher education, by sex of student and by field of study
United States, 1969-70.—Continued

		k helor's degri viring 4 or 5 y		Sero	nd-level (mes degrees	er'el		oetorikd™c D,EdD	
Major field of study	Total	Men	Women	Tote:	Men	Women	101#	Men	, Mome
1	2	3	4	5	6	,	8	9	10
Health professions	21.674	4,779	16.895	4.488	2 153	2.33%	357	799	, 5A
Chiropody or podiatry	40	40	480	5	5	16		:	
Dental hygiene Hospital administration	463 32	3 26	480	16 454	396	1 10 58	7	· ,	
Medical technology	3,161	396	2.705	24	11	13			
Nursing, public health nursing	. 11,216	158	11,058	1.539	18	1,571	11	1	10
Occupational therapy	600 4,502	25 3,681	575 821	36 229	191	34 38	79	GA GA	11
Physical therapy, physiotherapy	1,066	166	900	49	17	32			
Public health , ,	58	28	30	1,201 418	765	436 . 36	90	70	20
Clinical dental sciences	::		· · .	109	362 89	20	35	32	
Clinical veterinary medical sciences			,	86	81	5	59	, 59	1
Health professions, all other fields ,	616	256	260	322	196	126	71	. 58	13
Home economics	10,217 5,047	290 40	9.927 5.007	1,297 530	75	1,222	116 24	33	. 83 24
Child development, family relations	1,702	43	1,659	270	35	235	37	20	1 1
Clothing and textiles	1,317	5	1,312	138	:	136	13	2	11
Coods and nutrition	871	28	B43	210	14	196	30	8	1 22
Institut on Management or adminis- tration	320	121	199	38	6	32			
Home economics, all other fields	060	53	907	111	7	104	12	3	
lournalism	5.959	3,533	2.426	867	561	301	17	17	i .
Law,	555 1,054	529 86	26 968	884 6,511	846 1,104	38 5,407	35 40	32	! ; . 10
Mathematical sciences	27,442	17,177	10,265	5,636	3.966	1.670	1,236	1,140	96
Mathematics	27.135	16.928	10.207	5,145	3.558	1,587	1.052	974	78
Statistics	307	249	58	491	408	83	184	166	1 1
Military science	1.851 233	1,851 233	i						i ::
Military, neval, or sir force science	1.618	1,618							1
Philosophy	5.698	4,614	1,084	725	605	120	359	315	. 4
Philosophy	5,069	3.993	1,076	692	578	114	144	303	4
Scholastic philosophy	629 21,439	621 18,522	2,917	5.935	27 5.093	842	15 4,312	12	23
Physical sciences, general	788	652	136	193	139	54	7	7	
Astronomy	139	120	19	92	83	9	84	77	ļ <u>.</u>
Metallurgy	11,519 27	9,453 27	2,066	2,111 28	1.638 28	473	2,166 24	2,000	160
Meteorology	232	231	1	134	131	3	44	43	,
Phermaceutical chemistry	}			27	24	3	41	39	1 3
Prysics	5.320	4,993	327 74	2,200	2.043	157 38	1,439 38	1,402	3
Earth sciences, general	535 2.254	461 2,010	244	188 567	150 500	67	. 249	242	1 :
Gaophysics	. 31 j	29		43	43		34	32	:
Oceanography	117	109	8	143	133	10	71	67	
Earth sciences, all other fields	181 296	167 270	14 26	160	42 139	7 21	34 81	' 34 74	
Psychology	33.606	19,042	14,564	4,111	2.549	1.562	1,668	1,296	37
General psychology	32.665	18,463	14,205	2,740	1.802	938	1,238	958	280
Clinical psychology	1.	11	2	145 402	95 247	50 155	138 15	108	30
Social psychology	50	27	23	28	16	12	33	24	
Rehabilitation counselor fraining	4 (	2	. 2	96	67	29	7	6	
Educational psychology	70	46	24	158	70	88	48	33	1 19
Psychology, all other fields	801 149	93 4	308 145	542	252	290	189	154	31
Religion	5,659	3,927	1,732	3,184	2.403	781	405	391	14
Religious education, Bible	2.914	2,029	885	1,155	721	434	43	41	:
Theology	719	577	142	1,460	1,264	196	200	197	1 :
Religion, liberal arts curriculum	1,832 194	1,195 126	637 68	330 239	234 184	96 55	124 38	117 36	
Social sciences	154.013	96,866	57,147	23,455	15,164	8,291	3.778	3,288	490
Social sciences, general	20,715	11,249	9,466	2,092	1.359	733	48	41	! :
American studies, civilization, culture	1,195 3,711	496 1,661	699 2,050	231 664	124 369	107 295	49 215	157	51
Ares or regional studies	926	497	429	551	350	201	86	77	"
Economics	17,197	15,342	1,855	1,988	1,742	246	794	742	5
History	43,386	28,418	14,968	5.049	3,397	1,652	1,038	901	13
International relations	1,092 25.713	770 20,587	322 5,126	846 2,105	701 1,663	145 442	83 525	77 469	5
Sociology	30.436	12,362	18,074	1,813	1,138	675	534	430	10
Basic social sciences, all other fields	981	544	437	192	127	65	17	11	1
Agricultural economics	1,061	1,049	12	404	396	18	181	181	1 ::
Foreign service programs	243 874	194 807	49 67	25 274	20 254	5 20	19	19	
Public administration	362	340	22	1,115	1,006	109	42	40	1 :
Social work, social administration	4.052	907	3,145	5,640	2,177	3,463	89	57	3
Applied social sciances, all other fields ,	2.069 5,199	1,643 5,147	426 52	466 130	351 126	115	56 10	43 10	1
Broad general curriculums and miscellaneous	5,,55	5,,-,	"		.20	, ,		"	
fields	11,183	7.618	3,565	2,187	1,374	813	140	119	2

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Health, Education, and Welfare, Office of Education, Farned Degrees Conferred: 1969-70.



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Table 118.-Earned degrees conferred by institutions of higher education: United States, 1869-70 to 1970-71

	1	Earn	ed degrees conferr	ed
Yeşı	All degrees	Bachelor's and first professional	Master's except first professional	Disciors
1	2	3	4	ļ <del>-</del> -
1869 70	9,372	9,371	0	
1879-80	13,829	12.896	879	54
1689 90	16,703	15.539	1.015	149
1899 1900	29,375	27,410	1.563	382
1909 10	39.755	37,199	2,113	443
1919 20	53,516	48,622	4,279	615
1929-30	139,752	122,484	14.969	2,299
1939-40	216.521	186,500	26,731	3,290
1941.42 .	213,491	185,346	24,648	3,497
194344	141,582	125,863	13,414	2,376
1945-46	157,349	136,174	19,209	1,966
194748	317,007	271,019	42,400	4,188
1949 50	496,661	432.058	58,183	6.420
1951-52	401,203	329.986	63,534	7,683
1953 54	356.608	290.825	50.788	8,990
1955 56	376,973	308,812	59.258	8.903
1957-58	436.979	362.554	65.487	8,938
1959-60 .	476.704	392,440	74,435	9.879
1961-62	514,323	417,846	64,855	11,622
1963-64	614,194	498,654	101,050	14,490
1965-66	709,832	551,040	140.555	18,237
1967-68	866,548	666.710	1 '6,749	23.089
1969-70	1.065,391	827,234	208.291	29,866
1970-71	1,121,100	865,000	224,000	32,100

Estimated by the Office of Education

NOTE Beginning in 1959-60, includes Ataska and Hawaii

SOURCE U.S. Department of Health, Education, and Welfare, Diffice of Education, Bienniel Survey of Education in the United States and circulars on Earned Degrees Conferred.

Table 119.-Engineering dugrees conferred by institutions of higher education, by level of degree. United States and outlying areas, 1948-49 to 1969-70

Year	All engineering degrees	Bachelor's and tirst engineering degrees	Master's degrees!	Doctor of degrees
1	2		. 4	5
194849	50,415	45.200	4.798	417
1949 50	56.130	62,732	4.904	494
1950-51	47,635	41,893	5.156	986
1951 52	35,013	30.286	4,141	580
1952 53 .	28.499	24,164	3.743	592
1953 54	27,003	72,236	4,177	590
1954-55	27,672	22,589	4.484	599
955-56	31,640	26,306	4.725	610
956 57	37.039	31,211	5.232	596
1957 58	41,767	35.332	5.788	647
1958 59	45.601	18,134	6.753	714
959-60	45,753	37,808	7.159	786
960-61	44.980	35.800	8.177	943
961-62	44,851	34,735	8,909	1.207
967-63	44,471	33,458	9.635	1,376
1963-64	47,746	35.226	10.827	1,693
964-65	50,871	36,691	12,066	2,124
965-66	51,795	35,916	13.677	2.303
906-67	52,687	36,188	13.885	2.614
967-68 .	55,734	37,614	15,188	2,932
1968-69	60,173	41.553	15.243	3,377
1969 70	64,050	44,772	16,597	3.681

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Also includes other postgraduate predoctoral degrees

SOURCE U.S. Pepartment of Health, Education, and Welfare, Office of Education, Engineering Degrees, 1965-66, and circulars on Earned Degree Conterted.

Table 120.-Number of first-professional degrees conferred in dentistry, medicine, and law, by sex: United States, 1949-50 to 1969-70

	Dentis	itry (D.D.S	or D.M.I	D.)		Medicine	(1A.D.)		ι	aw (LL B	01 J D.) I	
Year	Number of	De	grees conf	erred	Number of	De	grees confi	erred	Number of	De	gires confri	rred
	conferring degrees	Total	Men	Women	conferring	Total	Men	Women	Conferring degrees	Total	Men	Wome
1	2	3	4	5	6	,	8	9	10	11	12	13
949 50	40	2,579	2.561	18	72	5.612	5,028	584				
1950-51	40	2,803	2.768	35	72	6,014	5,563	451				
951-52	41	2,918	2,895	23	72	6.201	5,871	330				1
952-53	41	2,935	2,920	15	72	6,686	6,326	360				1
953-54	42	3,102	3.063	39	73	6,712	6.377	335	• • • •	• • • •	• • • •	
954-55	. 42	3.099	3,071	28	72	7,014	6,683	331	128	8.209	7,921	288
955-56	42	3,009	2,975	34	73	6.810	6,464	346	131	8.262	7,974	289
956-57	43	3,038	3,011	27	75	6,744	6,397	347	127	8,794	8.525	269
957-58	43	3,065	3,031	34	75	6,816	6 469	347	131	9,394	9,122	272
958-59	43	J,150	3,136	14	7#	6,825	6,457	358	132	9.856	9,599	257
959-60	45	3,247	3,221	26	79	7,032	6,645	387	134	9,240	9,010	230
960-61	46	3,265	3,247	! 18	79	8,940	8,810	330	134	9.429	9.182	247
1961-62	46	3,183	J,166	17	81	7,138	6,749	389	134	9.364	9.091	273
962-63	46	J.169	J,145	24	81	7,231	6,831	400	134	9.884	9.582	302
963-64	46	3,180	J,168	12	82	7,303	6.878	425	133	10,679	10.372	307
964-65	45	3,107	3.085	22	81	7,304	6.832	472	134	11,583	11,216	367
965-66	47	3,178	3,146	32	84	7,673	7,170	503	136	13,246	12,776	470
966-67	47	3,341	3,312	29	83	7,723	7,159	564	134	14,663	14,112	551
967-68	48	3,422	3,375	47	85	7,944	7,318	626	138	16,454	15.805	649
968-69	48	3,408	3,376	32	84	8,025	7,415	610	140	17,053	16.373	680
969-70	48	3,718	3.684	34	86	8,314	7,615	699	145	14.916	14,115	801

Data prior to 1954-55, are not shown because they lack comparability with the figures for subsequent years





SOURCE U.S Department of Health, Education, and Welfere, Office of Education, circulars on Earned Degrees Conferred

Table 121.—First professional degrees conferred by institutions of higher education, by sex of student, control of institution, and field of study:

United States, 1969-70

Constrail of institution	First pr	ofessional :	degrees !	Control of institution	First pro	afessional i	rlegrees <sup>1</sup>
and field of study	Total	Men	Women	s and field of study	Total	Men	Women
•	, 7	3	4	•	,	3	4
Total, all institutions	34,818	33,077	1,841	Veterinary medicine (D V M I	1,067	986	, 71
Chargody or podiatry IDSC or Ped D I	250	748		Law (LL B or JD)	6,501	6,179	322
Dentistry (D.D.S. or D.M.D.)	3.718	3,684	34	Theology (B.D., Rubbi, or other first			-
Medicine (M.D.)	8.314	7.615	699	professional)		1	
Optometry (O.D.)	445	477	73	Other	83	59	1 24
Osteopathy (D.O.1	431	419	12	Tetal, privately controlled institutions	20,378	18,322	1,084
Veterinary medicine (O V M.)	1,206	1,116	. 90	0 4 40.00 mut 0.1			_
Law (LL B. or JD)	14.916	14.115	801	Chirnpody or podiatry (O.S.C. or Pod.O.)	250	748	
Theology (B.D., Rabbi, or other first-professional)	5.298	5,175	123	Dentistry (D.D.S. or D.M.D.)	1,726	1,715 3,214	. 365
Other	340	263	57		3,579 271	281	10
Total, publicly controlled institutions	<u></u> 14,842		707	Optometry (0 D )	431	419	12
Chimpody or podiatry (D.S.C. or Pod.D.)	i			Veterinary medicina (D V M )	149	130	19
Dentistry (D.D.S. or D.M.D.)	1,992	1.969	23	Law (LL B or J D)	8,415	7.936	479
Medicine (M.O.)	4.735	4,401	334	Theology (B.D., Rabbi, or other first-			!
Optometry (O.D.)	174	161	13	professional)	5,298	5,175	123
Osteopathy (D.O.)				Other	257	274	33

Includes Hegres, which veguire at less 6 years of college work for completion finctuding at less 7 years of preprofessional training).

SOURCE U.S. Department of Health, Education, and Wellere, Office of Education, Ferned Degrees Conferred, 1969-70.

Table 122.—Male college graduates in the population, by field of highest degree:
United States, March 1967

Field of highest degree	Number (in thousands)	Percent	Field of highest degrae	Number (in thousands)	Percent
1	2	3	1	2	3
Total	6,352	100.0	Humanities	380	60
	<b>─</b> ─~		English and journalism	174	2.7
Biological sciences .	285	45	Speech and drama	31	0.5
Agriculture	136	21	Foreign languages and literatures	53	0.8
Zoology	16	0.2	Philosophy	47	0.7
Forestev	16	0.3	All other fine and applied arts!	74	1.2
All other biological sciences!	1 117	18	•		
	1		Low Control of the co	406	6.4
Butiness and commerce	1.171	18.4	Physical sciences	533	8.4
Accounting	236	37	Mathematical subjects	124	20
All other business and commerce	935	14.7	Chemistry	223	3.5
bill atting profiles and confilence	1		Physics	93	1.5
Education	976	15.4	Geology	38	06
Elementary education	24	0.4	All other phytical sciences	55	0.9
Educational administration	76	12			
Industriel arts (educational)	37	0.6	Religion	142	2.2
Physical education	5.8	0.9	Theology	110	1.7
All other education	781	123	All other religio st	32	0.5
Engineering	1,000	157	Social sciences	679	10.7
Civil engineering	111	1.7	Psychology	95	1.5
Electrical engineering	173	2.7	Economics	174	2.7
Mechanical engineering	188	30	History	158	2.5
All Other engineering!	528	83	Political science	61	1.0
· · · · ·	1 1		Sociology	55	0.9
Health throlessions	477	75	All Other social sciences!	135	2.1
Dentistry (D.O.S. and D.M.O.)	93	1 5		1	
Medicine (M.O.)	235	37	Other fields	178	2.8
Pharmacy	80	13	Architecture	54	0.8
All other heelth professions?	69	1.1	All other	124	20
	]	1	Not reported	126	2.0

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Includes not specified

SOURCE U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, Current Population Reports, Series P-20, No. 201.



Table 123.-Doctor's degrees<sup>1</sup> conferred by 60 large institutions of higher education: 1960-61 to 1969-70

Table 123.—Doctor's	negrees	conterred	BY BU IA	rge institi	itions of	nigner e	ducation	: 1860-6	1 to 196	9.70		
institution	Rank order <sup>3</sup>	Total, 1960-61 to 1969-70	1960-61	1961-62		1963-64	1964-65		1966-67	1967-68	1968-69	1969-70
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
Columbia University (N.Y.)		6,682	583	549	517	602	61£	631	750	796	823	815
University of California at Berkeley		5,960	367	430	418	492	585	645	722	675	803	823
Iniversity of Wisconsin	3	5,790	397	435	428	458	531	545	627	720	749	900
'iniversity of Illinois	4	5,629	423	444	450	495	493	545	589	660	721	809
ervard University (Mass.) <sup>3</sup>	5	4,873	378	378	446	483	471	491	516	568	554	588
University of Michigan	6	4,642	357	364	379	403	364	439	475	54P	627	686
Ohio State University	7	3,997	260	262	329	341	397	362	425	457	542	622
New York University	8	3,956 3,860	313 216	299 261	349 276	362 301	345 382	385 403	438 498	439 491	507 527	519 505
University of Minnesota	10	3,815	220	276	314	316	366	396	408	489	484	546
Michigan State University	11	3,739	191	210	223	303	368	355	423	461	530	675
Indiana University	12	3,729	242	234	266	322	342	383	384	448	547	561
Purdua University (Ind.)	13	3,571	230	258	290	302	322	345	361	403	484	576
University of California at Los Angeles	14	3,409	163	202	224	269	306	311	396	442	481	615
Massachusetts Institute of Technology	15	3,302	213	224	274	306	335	360	386	351	414	439
Cornell University (N.Y.)	16	3,292	241	261	212	259	312	319	358	405	431	494
University of Chicago (III.)	17	3,006	155	198	219	243	249 290	336	359	381	448	418
University of Chicago (III.)	18	2,953	210	228	280	273		306 1285	293	328	384	361
Yala University (Conn.)	19 20	2,771 2,487	256 172	224 154	231 164	253 212	295 246	251	1285 262	278 285	316 368	348 373
Pennsylvania State University	21	2,481	174	157	202	201	232	258	258	276	344	379
Northwestern University (III.)	22	2,432	138	166	196	198	236	241	279	298	320	360
University of Southern California	23	2,395	146	142	169	175	205	241	261	341	322	393
University of Iowa	24	2,368	147	173	205	223	224	225	282	278	292	319
University of Washington	25	2,307	114	142	161	182	226	252	266	290	332	342
Iowa State University of Science and Technology	26	2,179	14-	165	174	201	216	208	248	253	271	296
Princeton University (N.J.)	27	1,959	141	167	172	192	171	222	215	229	212	238
University of Maryland	28	1,860	91	109	110	116	177	166	205	241	295	350
University of Missouris	29	1,844	90	93	100	122	184	190	219	217	267	362
University of Florida	30	1.815	102	121	99	129	159	185	215	244	265	296
Case Western Reserve University (Ohio)	31	1,787	88	102	146	148	180	145	177	235	271	295
University of Pittsburgh (Pa.)	32	1.693	113	139	137	135	158	169	161	185	181	315
University of North Carolina at Chapel Hill	33	1,636	94	114	117	138	162	164	155	213	238	241
Rutgers, The State University (N.J.)	34	1,627	83	91	111	147	172	160	191	198	229	245
University of Colorado	35	1,527	78	91	108	123	148	189	153	193	193	251
Johns Hopkins University (Md.)	36	1,488	85	113	103	119	136	141	148	219	201	223
Florida State University	37	1,485	65	90	84	81	126	131	182	207	233	286
University of Kansas	38	1,470	79	78	92	107	128	139	160	186	233	268
Syracuse University (N.Y.)	39 39	1,446	82 47	80	90	102	132	131	152	193	194	290
	35	1,446	4'	66	70	93	124	152	172	203	246	273
Duke University (N.C.)	41	1,420	81	92	106	115	141	159	158	181	164	223
University of Oklahoma	12	1,413	52	68	91	107	122	155	176	172	225	245
Boston University (Mass.)	43	1,405 1,326	124 83	125 110	116 118	106 107	118 129	111	123 133	158	208	216 191
University of Nebraska	45	1.271	77	69	91	101	99	135	171	143 160	182 155	213
Oklahoma State University	46	1,268	53	56	63	94	120	144	182	168	170	218
Louisiana State University	47	1,256	81	75	104	99	95	117	148	161	178	198
University of Rochester (N.Y.)		1,241	60	82	93	86	104	119	144	154	184	215
University of Utah	49	1,224	55	67	81	81	92	114	151	142	193	248
Wayne State University (Mich.)	50	1,204	52	69	89	90	111	124	143	148	188	190
University of Tennassee	51	1,155	41	60	77	77	91	98	103	175	197	236
Texas A.&M. University	52	1,111	33	59	45	73	86	130	136	156	177	216
State University of New York at Buffalo	53	1,056	49	33	37	51	72	100	114	134	218	248
Oregon State University	54	1,037	52	66	66	82	99	119	93	145	159	156
Colorado State College	55	1,033	49	78	71	81	78	101	100	191	137	147
University of Arizona	56	1,032	28	40	44	63	99	115	154	138	137	214
California Institute of Technology ,	57	1,015	73	84	90	101	98	104	110	110	125	120
University of Virginia	58 50	975	49	62	58	73	64	90	119	129	155	176
University of Connecticut	59 60	928 926	51 34	67 47	64 63	82 62	77 85	96	91	109	140	151
		320	J4	٠,,	03	Ū∠	L 99	105	119	111	151	149

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Includes Ph.D., Ed.D., and comparable degrees at the doctoral level. Excludes first-professional degrees, such as M.D., D.D.S., and D.V.M.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Health, Education, and Welfare, Office of Education, circulars on Earned Degrees Conferred.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Institutions ranked by total number of doctor's degrees conferred during the 10-year period 1960-61 to 1969-70.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Includes degrees conferred by Radcliffe College.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>Estimated by Office of Education.

fincludes degrees conferred by the University of Kansas City, which became a branch of the University of Missouri in 1963-64.

<sup>\*</sup>Includes degrees conferred by Case Institute of Technology and Western Reserve University prior to their merger in 1966-67

Table 124.—Formal awards based on organized occupational curriculums at the technical or semiprofessional level in institutions of higher education, by length and type of curriculum and by sex of recipient: United States and outlying areas, 1969-70

		All accords			Awards	based on orga curriculu		itional	
Curriculum		All awards			At least 2 year t less than 4 ye		1	At least 1 ye less than 2 y	
	Total	Mgn	Women	Total	Men	Women	Total	Men	Women
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
All curriculums	124,327	65,766	58,561	102,119	58,425	43,694	22,208	7,341	14,867
Science- and engineering-related curriculums	61,271	34,994	26,277	47,531	29,963	17,568	13,740	5,031	8,709
			T	24,413				ļ - ,	
Engineering-related curriculums	28,959	28,648	311	24,413	24,126	287	4,546	4,522	24
Aeronautical technology	1,672	1,652	20	1,137	1,117	20	535	535	
Architectural or building technology	2,656	2,603	53	2,446	2,399	47	210	204	6
Chemical technology	556	484	72	553	481	72	3	3	
Civil technology , ,	1,537	1,530	7	1,514	1,507	7	23	23	1
Electrical or electronics technology	8,784	8,756	28	7,886	7,858	28	898	898	
Industrial technology	1,755	1,733	22	1,386	1,365	21	369	368	1
Instrumentation technology	227	226	1 1	179	178	1	48	48	
Mechanical technology	9,391	9,322	69	7,377	7,321	56	2,014	2,001	13
Metallurgical technology	316	314	2	293	291	2	23	23	
Nuclear technology	38	35	3	38	35	3	• • • •	1	• • • •
All other engineering-related curriculums	2,027	1,993	34	1,604	1,574	30	423	419	4
Science-releted curriculums	3,907	3,622	285	3,683	3,414	269	224	208	16
Agriculture	2,596	2,359	237	2,497	2,276	221	99	83	16
Forestry	727	726	1	642	641	1	85	85	
All other science-related curriculums	584	537	47	544	497	47	40_	40	
Health service curriculums	26,778	1,622	25,156	17,922	1,413	16,509	8,856	209	8,647
Dentel assistant	1,663	4	1,659	508	2	506	1,155	2	1,153
Dental hygiene	2,229	12	2,217	2,211	12	2,199	18		18
Dental leboratory assistant	362	127	235	220	126	94	142	1	141
Medical or biological teboretory									
technician	970	160	810	750	152	598	220	8	212
Medical x-ray technician	647	155	492	599	144	455	48	11	37
Nursing, practical	6,102	90	6,012	126	2	124	5,976	88	5,888
program	11,730	462	11,268	11,605	459	11,146	125	3	122
Occupational therapy assistant	166	22	144	136	21	115	30	1	29
Surgical technician,	133	21	112	37	16	21	96	5	91
All other health service curriculums	2,776	569	2,207_	1,730	479	1,251	1,046	90	956
Scientific data processing curriculums	1,627	1,102	525	1,513	1,010	503	114_	92	22
Non-science- and non-engineering-related							_		
curriculums	63,056	30,772	32,284	54,588	28,462	26,126	8,468	2,310	6,158
Business- and commerce-related curriculums ,	46,431	22,045	24,386	40,028	20,773	19,255	6,403	1,272	5,131
General business, business					ĺ				1
administration	14,666	11,194	3.472	12,240	10,949	3.291	426	245	181
Accounting	4,824	3,436	1,388	4,290	3,155	1,135	534	281	253
Business data processing	4,860	3,227	1,633	4,199	2,894	1,305	661	333	328
Marketing, distributive education	4,048	2,560	1,488	3,765	2,406	1,359	283	154	129
Secretarial studies	15,388	131	15,257	11,510	93	11,417	3,878	36	3,840
All other business- and commerce-related			_	_	_	,			
curriculums	2,645	1,497	1,148	2,024	1,276	748	621	221	400
All other non-science- and non-engineering- related curriculums	16,625	8,727	7,898	14,560	7,689	6,871	2,065	1,038	1,027
Dible study, setining wast					·		· I		
Bible study, religious work	3 218	375	267	618	360	258	24	15	9
Fine, applied, or graphic arts	3,218	602	2,616	2,916	583	2,333	302	19	283
Home economics	4,243 841	2,121 95	2,128 745	4,067 783	1,974 89	2,093	182	147	35
Library assistant or technical aide	313	15	298	224	14	694 210	58 89	6	52
		, ,,	430	447		210	69 .		88
Police technology, law enforcement	4,084	3,844	240	3,551	3,331	220	533	513	20

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Health, Education, and Welfare, Office of Education, Associate Degrees and Other Formal Awards Below the Baccalaureate, 1969-70.



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Table 125.—Associate degrees conferred by institutions of higher education, by sex of student and by type of degree:
United States, 1965-66 to 1969-70

Sex of student and type of degree	1965-66	1966-67	1967-68	1968-69	1969-70
	2	3	4	6	6
All associate degrees	111,607	139,183	159,441	183,279	206,023
	63,779	78,356	90,317	105,661	117,432
Associate in arts	47,828	60,827	69,124	77,618	68,591
	72,034	88,785	101,269	113,709	127,903
Men	39,132	47,984	54,472	62,452	70,113
	32,902	40,801	46,797	51,257	57,790
Associate in science	18,928 11,472 7,456	25,801 15,434 10,367	31,146 19,252 11,894	36,454 22,922	40,743 24,748
All other associate degrees	20,645	24,597	27,026	13,532 33,116	15,995 37,377
Men	13,175	14,938	16,593	20,287	22,571
	7,470	9,659	10,433	12,829	14,806

NOTE.—Associate degrees are based on at least 2 but lass than 4 years of work beyond high school. Since 1965-66, respondents have been asked to report only degrees which are based on at least 2 years of work that is wholly or chiefly craditable toward a bachelor's degree.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Health, Education, and Welfele, Office of Education, circulars on Associate Degrees and Other Formal Awards Below the Baccalaureate.

Table 126.—Current-fund revenue of institutions of higher education, by control and by source: United States and outlying areas, 1968-69

[Amounts in thousands of dollars]

		Cui	rrent-fund revenue, by	control of institu	ition	
Source	Public and	private	Publi	c	Priva	te
	Amount	Percent	Amount	Percent	Amount	Percen
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Total current-fund revenue,,	\$18,974,320	100.0	\$11,851,538	100.0	\$7,122,782	100.0
Educational and general revenue	14,417,303	76.0	9,318,635	78.6	5,098,667	71.6
Student tuition and fees	3,829,824 2,519,860	20.2 13.3	1,399,013 1,566,037	11.8 13.3	2,430,811 953,823	34.1 13.4
Sponsored research	1,449,555	7.6	753,812	6.4	695,743	9.8
than research	616,881	3.3	436,197	3.7	180,684	2.5
Government	453,424	2.4	376,028	3.2	77,396	1.1
State governments	4,861,383	25.6	4,782,513	_40.3	78,872	1.1
Sponsored research	83,097	.4	73,864	.6	9,234	.1
than research	61,458	.3	57,127	.5	4,331	.1
governments	4,716,828	24.9	4,651,522	39.2	65,307	.9
Local governments	614,462	3.2	580,297	4.9	34,164	.5
Sponsored research Sponsored activities other	22,734	.1	4,513		18,220	.3
than research	20,684	.1	7,254	.1	13,430	.2
governments	571,044	3.0	568,530	4.8	2,514	
Endowment earnings	413,334 606,210	2.2 3.2	48,513 54,110	.4 .4	364,822 552,100	5.1 7.8
revenue	1,572,229	8.3	888,152	7.5	684,077	9.6
Auxiliary enterprise revenue	2,695,801 _578,779	14.2 3.0	1,561,039 299,402	13.2 2.5	1,134,762 279,377	15.9 3.9
Federal State Local Gifts and grants Endowment Other	303,354 75,316 2,068 114,079 60,850 23,112	1.6 .4  .6 .3	176,222 57,843 1.637 45,528 11,283 6,889	1.5 .5  .4 .1	127,132 17,472 432 68,551 49,567 16,223	1.8 .2  1.0 .7 .2
Major public service programs	1,282,438	6.8	672,461	5.7	609,976	8.6
Federally funded R&D centers <sup>1</sup>	708,542 497,280 76,616	3.8 2.6 .4	290,232 315,363 66,887	2.4 2.7 .6	418,310 181,917 9,749	5.9 2.6 .1

 $<sup>^{\</sup>rm 1}\,\text{Data}$  were previously included with sponsored research under educational and general revenues.

NOTE.-Because of rounding, detail may not add to totals.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Health, Ed :ation, and Welfare, Office of Education, Financial Statistics of Higher Education, Current Funds Revenues and Expenditures, 1968-69.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Data were previously included with educational and general items.

Table 127.—Current-fund revenue of institutions of higher education from State and local governments related to total current-fund revenue, by control of institution and by State: 1968-69

	Publicly institu	controlled itions <sup>1</sup>		controlled
State	Amount (in thousands of dollars)	Percent of total current-fund revenue	Amount (in thousands of dollars)	Percent of total current-fund revenue
1	2	3	4	5
United States	1\$5,369,033	46.2	\$129,856	1.8
Alabama	60,121	32.9	617	1.4
Alaska	12,056	43.8	64	2.5
Arizona	6E.995	45.8	30	
Arkansas	39,376 902,342	42.4 52.6	1,734	,1 ,3
amomia	802,342	52.0	1,754	
Colorado	73,226	33.4	255	.6
Connecticut	61,030	60.3	1,675	.9
Delaware	14,690	37.3		
District of Columbia	3,817	51,5	231	1.1
lorida	183,725	56.0	2,647	2.2
		40.5		_
Georgia	99,977	48.1	501	.5
fawaii	30,235 19,702	40.6 45.8	11	2
linois	330,121	58.2	6,799	1,3
ndiene	147,047	40.3	750	.6
	·			
OW8	93,102	41,9	50	.1
ansee	72,246	40.7	15	(2)
Sentucky	89.743	47.2	396 231	.8
.ouisiana	101,646 17,832	55.0 43.0	231	.3 .1
	17,002	43.0		• •
Aaryland	86,025	45.3	1,599	1.0
Massachusetts	80,141	60.2	1,741	.2
Michigan	271,102	37.7	12	(²)
dinnesota	99,374	3€.2	159	.2
Aississippi	50,661	37.1	•••	
Aissouri	120,457	51,6	508	.3
Montana	23,732	45.2		
lebraska	32,025	31,2	15	( <sup>2</sup> )
levada	12,686	45.0		
New Hampehire	12,085	32.4	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
New Jersey	106,574	51.0	547	.3
New Mexico	31,946	34.5	3	( <sup>2</sup> )
lew York	496,065	72.7	76,010	5.8
forth Carolina	99,257	36.5	207	.1
forth Dakota	19,193	33.4	1	( <sup>2</sup> )
Dhio	173,528	32.7	253	.1
Oklahoma	48,509	27.5	19	1
)regon	65,959	35.8	77	.2
ennsylvania	202,590	43.9	30,944	5.4
Rhode Island	23,168	53.9	200	.4
outh Carolina	47,936	42.3	109	.3
South Dakota	16.330	31.7		•••
ennessee	74,210	44.9	264	.2
exas	253,338	47.8	693 138	.4
Jtah	37,650	33.0	1.38	.2
/ermant	10,467	31.1	50	.2
Virginia	89,861	37.0	l :::	•••
Veshington	135,898	46.8	31	41
Vest Virginia	51,456 163,221	51,2 42,4	233	(2)
Visconsin	15,559	42.4	233	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Excludes U.S. Service Schools.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Health, Education, and Welfare, Office of Education, Financial Statistics of Institutions of Higher Education, Current Funds Revenues and Expenditures, 1968-69.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Le<sup>-4</sup> than 0.05 percent.

NOTE.—Because of rounding, detail may not add to totals.

Table 128.-Current-fund revenue of institutions of higher education, by control and by State: 1967-68 and 1968-69

[Amounts in thousands of dollars]

_		1967-68			1968-69			centage of 7-68 to 18	
State	Total	Public	Priveta	Total	Public	Privata	Total	Public	Privat
1	2	3	4	5	8	7	8	9	10
United States	\$18,825,196	\$10,342,069	\$6,483,129	\$18,874,601	811,769,366	87,106,237	12	14	10
Alabama	205,385	166,168	39,217	225,718	182,720	42,997	10	10	10
Alaska	24,829	22,621	2,206	30,109	27,500	2,608	21	22	18
Arizona	134,992	131,153	3,839	148,214	144,174	4,041	10	10	6
Arkenses	99,222 2,146,880	80,795 1,504,569	18,427 642,311	113,811 2,354,770	92,785 1,714,959	21,026 639,811	15 10	15 14	(1)
Colorado		1	1		1	\	ì	į	1
Connecticut	232,561 258,790	190,976 87,576	41,585 171,214	264,514 288,674	219,160 101,216	45,335 187,459	14 12	15 16	9
Delawera	33,677	29,037	4,640	44.605	39,427	5,178	32	36	12
District of Columbia	187,243	1,886	185,358	210,567	7,409	203,159	12	293	10
Floride	365,766	259,193	108,574	450,350	328,281	122,069	23	27	15
Georgia	273,960	181,143	92,816	317,221	207,968	109,231	16	15	18
Hawaii	71,214	66,800	4,414	80,078	74,525	5,553	12	12	26
Idaho	48,962	40,695	8,267	51,862	43,068	8,804	6	6	6
Illinois	990,939	503,635	487,303	1,097,496	567,309	530,185	11	13	9
Indiana	459,381	334,053	125,327	501,561	365,226	136,336	9	9	9
lowa	288,094	203,323	84,771	313,908	222,192	91,716	9	9	8
Kanses	191,095	162,512	28,582	208,660	177,385	31,276	9	9	9
Kenrucky	205,464	160,349	45,114	239,898	190,036	49,862	17	19	11
Louisiana	232,325	173,855	58,470	250,9 <del>9</del> 2	184,826	66,166	8	6	13
Main <sup>e</sup>	61,201	36,547	24,655	69,879	41,464	28,415	14	13	15
Maryland	326,032	170,038	155,994	354,458	189,949	164,509	9	12	5
Messachusetts	861,045	121,657	739,488	930,091	133,034	797,057	8	9	8
Michigen	751,505	651,635	99,870	827,201	718,795	106,406	10	10	9
Minnesota	324,925	252,330	72, <del>59</del> 6	355,625	274,373	81,252	9	9	12
Mississippi	132,740	117,320	15,420	154,098	136,467	17,631	16	16	14
Missouri	362,611	199,454	163,156	411,509	233,312	178,198	13	17	9
Montana	50,825	46,244	4,581	57,418	52,455	4,962	13	13	8
Nebraska	123,183	88,479	34,705	143,992	102,678	41,314	17	16	19
New Hampshire	25,070 81,756	25,070 35,220	46,537	28,177 89,857	28,177 37,353	52,504	12 10	12 6	13
New Jersey	320,169	159,690	160,479						_
New Mexico	89,253	84,938	4,315	381,556 98,804	208,814 92,666	172,742 6,138	19 11	31 9	8
New York	1,730,272	582,744	1,147,528	1,999,349	682,573	1,316,776	16	17	42 15
North Carolina	392,194	231,758	160,438	455,142	271,900	183,243	16	17	14
North Dakota	56,577	54,030	2,546	60,399	57,506	2,893	7	6	14
Ohio	698,385	460.320	238,065	794,646	530,026	264,619	14	15	11
Oklahoma	189,127	164,151	24,975	205,362	176,382	28,980	9	7	16
Oregon	199,115	167,089	32,027	218,577	183,994	34,583	10	10	8
Pennsylvania	915,435	396,605	618,630	1,029,285	461,099	568,186	12	16	10
Rhode Island	89,114	35,960	53,154	99,196	43,013	56,183	11	20	6
South Carolina	135,424	97,539	37,884	153,680	113,250	40,430	13	16	7
South Dakota	62,049	50,103	11,946	64,809	51,582	13,227	4	3	11
Tennessee	275,388	147,216	128,172	306,209	165,261	140,948	11	12	10
Texes	626,238 149,369	454,798 101,062	171,440 48,307	719,182 170,092	530,363 114,204	188,819 55,888	15 14	17 13	10 16
				·		·			_
Vermont	58,391 272,146	30,326 203,309	28,066 68,838	64,648	33,660	30,988	11	11	10
Washington	295,021	254,923	40,098	317,238 331,443	242,697 290,244	74,542 41,199	17	19	8
Vest Virginia	111,933	90,390	21,544	123,411	100,449	22,963	12 10	14 11	3
Visconsin	409,848	332,609	77,240	469,507	384,677	84,829	15	16	10
Nyoming	31,717	31,717		37,549	37,549	•••	18	18	•••
J.S. Service Schools	166,361	166,361		159,204	159,204	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	4	4	<u></u>
Outlying areas	85,222	69,986	15,236	99,719	82,173	17,548	17	17	15
Canal Zone	937	937	•••	937	937		U	0	
Suam	2,120	2,120	45 505	2,544	2,544	•••	20	20	• • •
Puerto Rico	78,600	63,364	15,236	92,720	75,174	17,546	18	19	15
/irgin Islanda	3,565	3,565		3,518	3,518	1	/11	-1	•••

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The decrease was less than one-half of 1 percent.

NOTE.—Because of rounding, detail may not add to totals.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Health, Education, and Walfare, Office of Education, Financial Statistics of Institutions of Higher Education, Current Funds Revenues and Expenditures, 1967-68 and 1968-69.

 $d > \int_{\mathbb{R}}$ 



Table 129,—Income of institutions of higher education: United States and outlying areas, 1909-10 to 1968-69

[In thousands of dollars]

Item	1909-10	1919-20	1929-30	1939-40	1949-50	1959-60	1963-64	1965-66	1967-68	1968-69
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
Current-fund income	\$82,007	\$200, 136	\$556,845	8720,095	\$2,390,079	\$5,812,759	\$9,591,330	\$12,796,207	\$ 16,910,420	\$ 18,974,32
ducational and general	73,041	173,143	485,348	575,796	1,846,825	4,712,548	7,830,033	10,340,164	13,919,754	14,417,30
Student tuition and fees Federal Government:	19,426	42,263	144,624	201,831	395.855	1,161,753	1,899,455	2,679,605	3,393,602	3,829,8
Veterans' tuition and fees 1	2,998 (³) 1,815	4,709 (³) 8,074	16,389 (³) 4,269	31,889 (²) 7,648	308,432 48,245 (3) 170,366		119,766 1,797,095 253,898		3,363,140	2,519,86
State governments	12,203 (1) 12,681 13,551 (1)	61,864 ( <sup>5</sup> ) 26,485 7,585 ( <sup>3</sup> )	152,335 (1) 88,620 26,203 (1)	153,690 24,392 71,364 40,576 32,894	500,289 61,378 96,370 118,705 112,437	1,389,271 151,715 206,686 383,186 244,894	2,133,665 240,355 268,214 551,507 363,584	3,012,003 318,028 316,292 642,698	4,219,666 503,661 384,046 553,352 (692,471	4,881,38 614,46 413,33 606,21 421,33
Sales and services of educational departments	(³) 11,367	(³) 22,163	(³) 72,908	(³) 11,512	(³) 34,758	45,245 88,739	65,063 139,441	707,565	118,953 710,860	129,31 1,021,54
Auxiliary enterprises Student-aid income <sup>s</sup> Other current income	8,966 (*)	26,993 (³)	60,470 (³) 11,027	144,299 (²)	513,096 16,288 10,870	1,005,963 94,248	1,610,426 150,871	2,142,640 313,403	2,488,778 503,888	2,695,80 578,77 71,282,43
lant-fund receipts*	• 1 <b>9,8</b> 55	19,219	82,831	66,306	530,435	1,311,907	2,534,182	3,487,401	(*)	(*)
Federal Government	11,476 *8.379	11,319 7.900	31,374 51.457	22,987 18,488 2,154 22,679	12,362 285,234 19,370	57,599 320,401 36,304	134,215 632,100 62,694	333,668 738,739 81,268		
Loans—noninstitutional sources Loans—institutional sources Transfers from other funds	(2) (2) (3)	7,900 (°) (°)	(°) (°) (°) (°)	(°) (°)	72,629 (³) (³) 60,914	196,464 363,514 31,873 228,597	314,569 744,451 64,132 422,777	366,128 1,513,648 77,556	•••	
Miscellaneous receipts	(2)	(+)	(3)	(*)	79,923	77,155	159,243		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
ther fund receipts	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	10 117,190	499,005	629,605	820,408	(*)	(°)
Private gifts and grants	11,156 (*)	51,514 (°)	63,514 (°)	36,366 5,778	66,939 50,251	209,147 289,858	308,693 320,911	327,087 493,321	***	
let increese in principal of funds	(°)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	419,356	484,111	662,863	(*)	(*)
Endowment funds 1 1		:::		::		375,179 11,854 32,324	444,817 25,350 13,944	662,863 (*) (*)		

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Tultion and fees received from veterans under Public Law 550 are reported under student fees and not under income from the Federal Government.

NOTE.—Because of rounding, detail may not add to totals.

SOURCE: U.S. Oepartment of Health, Education, and Welfare, Office of Education, surveys of Financial Statistics of Institutions of Higher Education.

Table 130.—Estimated tuition and fees, and room and board rates, in institutions of higher education, by type and control of institution:

United States, 1962-63 to 1972-73

	1	uition and	required fee	es		Board	i rates		Charges for dormitory rooms			
Year and control of institution	All institu- tions	Univer- sities	Other 4-year institu- tions	2-year institu- tions	All institu- tions	Univer- sities	Other 4-year institu- tions	2-year institu- tions	Ali institu- tions	Univer- sities	Other 4-year institu- tions	2-year institu- tions
1	2	3	4	5	6	7,	8	9	10	11	12	13
1962-63:												
Public Private	\$222 944	\$268 1,149	\$192 869	\$97 600	\$435 475	\$456 507	\$403 462	\$361 427	\$244 305	\$262 366	\$219 277	\$157 244
1967-68:	]								i	1	)	l
Public	283 1,297	366 1,534	268 1,238	144 893	467 516	496 556	437 501	403 504	313 392	337 454	292 365	243 366
1972-73:			1							! !		1
Public	392 1,919	520 2,266	394 1,881	242 1,401	582 642	618 691	555 622	528 687	454 546	483 629	441 519	398 568

NOTE.—Oata are for the entire academic year and are average charges per full-time resident degree-credit student. They have not been adjusted for changes in the purchasing power of the dollar.

SOURCE: Estimated from Office of Education surveys of Higher Education Basic Student Charges and Opening Fall Enrollment in Higher Education.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Income from the Federal Government for research at agricultural experiment stations administered by land-grant institutions was reported under and-grant institutions and not under research.

<sup>\*</sup>Oata not separately collected.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>Includes Federal aid received through State channels and regional compacts.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Income from State and local governments tabulated under State.

Specifically designated or earmarked funds.

Major public service programs previously reported in "Federal Government" research, in related activities, and in other items of education and general revenue.

Ooes not include separately organized professional schools, for which data were not collected.

<sup>\*</sup>Oats not collected,

<sup>†</sup> Ooes not include interfund transfers.

 $<sup>^{1.1}</sup>$  includes funds functioning as endowment.

Table 131.—Basic student charges by institutions of higher education for tuition and fees, board, and room, by control and level of institution: United States and outlying areas, 1968-69

	Char	ges to full-time underg	reduste
Type of charge and type of institution	1	controlled itutions	Privately
	Resident students	Nonresident students	controlled institutions
1	2	3	4
Tuition and fees, board, and room:			
Universities	\$1,245	\$1,816	\$2,673
Other 4-year institutions	1,063	1,424	2,237
2-year institutions	883	1,167	1,876
Tuition and required fees:		!	ļ
Universities	377	948	1,638
Other 4-year institutions	281	642	1,335
2-year institutions	170	454	956
Room charges:		ĺ	ì
Universities	369	359	463
Other 4-year institutions	318	318	382
2-year institutions	278	278	391
Board Charges:	1		1
Universities , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	509	509	572
Other 4-yeer institutions	464	464	520
2-year Institutions	435	436	529

NOTE,—The everages shown are for the entire academic year. In the computation of cleas everages the data from each institution are weighted by the number of full-time undergraduate degree-credit students in the institution.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Heelth, Education, and Walfare, Office of Education, *Higher Education Besic* Student Charges, 1968-69.

Table 132.—Current-fund expenditures of institutions of higher ethication, by control and by purpose:

United States and outlying areas, 1988-69

[Amounts in thousands of dollars]

		Currar	nt-fund expenditures, b	y control of insti	tution	
Purpose	Public and	private	Publi	c	Priva	te
	Amount	Parcent	Amount	Percent	Amount	Percen
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Total current-fund expenditures	\$18,578,772	100.0	\$11,512,831	100.0	87,085,941	100.0
Educational and general expenditures	13,918,682	74.9	8,985,044	78.0	4,933,637	69.8
General administration and general expense	2,293,477	12.3	1,321,899	11.5	971.578	13.8
Instruction and departmental research	5,973,493	32.1	4,039,647	35.1	1,933,846	27.4
Extension and pub ic services	473,164	2.5	421,243	3.7	51,921	.7
Libraries	574,478	3.1	360,566	3.1	213,910	3.0
Plant operation and maintenance	1,343,422	7.2	848,585	7,3	496,836	7.0
Sponsored activities other than research	678,820	3.7	450,697	3.9	228,124	3.2
Sponsored retearch	1,794,374	9.7	988,580	8.6	605,794	11.4
Other separately budgeted research	251,698	1.4	221,836	1,9	29,862	.4
Related organized activities	535,767	2.9	333,990	2.9	201,766	2.9
Auxiliary enterprises	2,644,231	13.7	1,463,747	12.7	1,080,484	15.3
Student-aid grants,,,,	823,202	4.4	374,306	3.3	448,896	6.4
Major public service programs ,	1,292,657	7.0	689,733	6.0	602,923	8.5
Federally funded R&D centers	697,317	3.8	287,363	2.5	409.953	5.8
Hospitals <sup>2</sup>	526,943	2.8	342,476	3.0	184,468	2.6
Other major public service programs <sup>2</sup>	68,397	.4	59,895	.5	8,502	.1

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Data were previously included with sponsored research under educational and general expenditures.

<sup>2</sup> Oata were previously included with educational and general items.

NOTE,-Bacause of rounding, detail may not add to totals.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Haelth, Education, and Walfere, Office of Education, Financial Statistics of Institutions of Higher Education, Current Funds Revenues and Expanditures, 1968-69.



Table 133.—Current-fund expenditures of institutions of higher education, by control and by State: 1967-88 and 1968-69 [Amounts in thousands of dollers]

		1967-68			1968-69			centage ch 7-66 to 19	
State	Total	Public	Private	Total	Public	Privete	Total	Public	Priva
1	2	3	4		6	7	6	9	10
United States	\$18,480,786	\$10,031,068	\$0,448,890	\$19,481,583	011,432,010	\$7,048,764	12	14	
Alebama , , , ,	200,889	161,583	39,306	221,860	179,208	42,652	10	11	,
Alesko . ,	23,912	21,648	2,264	27,127	24,379	2,748	13	13	2
Arizona ,	128,890	124,372	4,518	141,323	137,263	4,061	10	10	1 1
Arkenses ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	96,644	79,529	17,114	107,151	87,460	19,692	11	10	1
Cetifornie	2,099,300	1,459,269	640,031	2,278,680	1,645,199	633,480	9	13	·
Colorado ,	227,135	185,364	41,772	258,726	214,008	44,719	14	15	
Connecticut	252,118	81,554	170,564	284,540	95,980	188,560	13	18 28	;
Delawere	32,246	27.860	4,386	40,520	35,526	4,994	26 13	293	1 ;
District of Columbia	165,903 363,589	1,834 249,241	184,068 104,348	209,695 428,615	7,205 310,221	202,490 118,394	21	24	;
		•							١.
Georgia	272,648	182,981	89,667	309,694	204,530	105,164	14	12	1
fewell	71,116	66,623	4,494	79.425	73,775	5,650 8,592	12	11	2
deho	46.898	38,908	7,990 485,381	52,078 1,088,271	43.486 560,727	527.545	13	17	
Minois	963,268	477,887 322,554	124,874	493,192	355,195	137,997	10	10	1
Indiana	447,428				1	-	'-		ł
OW8	280,570	195,969	84,601	309,367	218,284	91.083	10	11	١.
Kensee	185,562	157,759	27,803	203,662	171,606	32,056	10	9	1
Kentucky	200,068	155,770	44,289	228,282	179,962	48,320	14	16	١.
Louislana	230,991	171,261	59,730	245,927	178,431	67,496	6	16	!
Maine	59,426	35,162	24,264	69,166	40,859	28,306	16	1 16	1
Meryland	318,642	163,639	155,203	347,661	163,411	164,251	9	12	1
Messachusetts	846,686	109,781	736,905	910,881	124,048	786.833	8	13	1
Michigan	742,316	643,994	98,322	825,621	718,502	107,020	11	12	l .
Ainnesota	318,274	248,809	71,465	346,569	265,814	80,756	9	8	1 !
Missimippi	130,914	115,554	15,359	153,794	135,614	18,179	17	17	1
Missouri	346,740	187,957	158,763	393,976	220,210	173,767	14	17	
Montana	48,308	43,666	4,642	54,922	49,838	5,084	14	14	1
Nebraska	120,636	86,106	34,532	143,030	101,964	41,066	19	18	1
Nevada	26,992 80,522	26,992 34,519	46,003	27,376 87,916	27,376 37,201	50,715	9	8	";
•	•			i		,			
New Jersey	302,504	148,015	154,489	364,438	196,241	168,197	20	33	
New Mexico	87,931	63,462	4,489	95,763 2,003,239	89,782 685,217	5,981 1,318,023	18	19	3
New York	1,727,667	575,611 223,307	1,152,056 158,145	439,485	261,769	1,316,023	15	17	;
North Carolina	381,452 51,466	48,907	2,559	57,910	54,943	2,966	13	12	\ i
	600 110	440 822	224 402	771 102	E11 021	259,372	١,,	14	,
Dhio	686,116 185,739	449,622 160,319	236,493 25,421	771,193 204,940	511,821 176,348	28,593	12	10	;
Dkiehome	197,282	165,166	32,114	217,144	182,050	39,095	10	10	'
Pennsylvania	904,050	389,087	514,963	1,024,195	461,521	562,674	13	19	1
Rhode Island	88,670	36,434 .	52,236	100,840	43,651	57,189	14	20	
South Ceroline	131,331	94,141	37,190	152,148	111,379	40,768	16	18	1
South Oskots	59.043	46,930	12,113	64,363	50.560	13,803	9	8	1
Tennessee	269,431	140,881	128,550	302,646	159,911	142,735	12	14	1
Texas	599,401	426,776	172,625	683,206	493,840	189,367	14	16	1
Utah	146,096	98,900	47,198	163,396	112,456	50,941	12	14	
Vermont,	67,429	29,616	27,813	63,589	33,351	30,238	11	13	1
Virginia	269,978	202,594	67,384	310,112	238,314	71,796	15	18	
Weehington	283,410	243,194	40,216	328,672	286,332	42,339	18	18	
West Virginia	107,640	86,579	21,061	116,893	94,027	22,866	9	9	
Wisconsin	408,694	329,572	79,122	457,010	370,553	86,457	12	12	1
Myoming ,	29,013	29,013	•••	32,993	32,993		14	14	
U.S. Service Schools	167,820	167,620	<del>  ``</del>	158,378	158,378		-6	-6	<del> </del>
Outlying areas	85,122	70,956	14,187	87,189	80,012	17,178	14	13	2
Canal Zona	937	937	•••	937	937		0	0	::
Guerro Rico	1,934 77,903	1,934 63,736	14,187	2,321 90,564	2,321 73,386	17,178	20 16	20 15	2

NOTE.—Because of rounding, detail may not add to totals.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Health, Education, and Walfers, Office of Education, Financial Statistics of Institutions of Higher Education, Current Funds Revenues and Expenditures, 1967-68 and 1968-69.



Table 134.—Personal Income, 1968, related to educational and general expenditures for higher education and to educational and general funds received from State and local governments, by State: 1968-69

	Personel	Educational expanditures	for higher	Educational funds from St	ate and local
State	income, 1968	educetion,	1968-691	government	4, 1968-69
ciere	(millions	Amount	Percent of	Amount	Percent o
	of dollars)	(thousands	personal	(thousands	personal
	1	of dollars)	income	of dollars)	income
11	2	3	4	5	5
United States	9494,442	813,001,785	2.00	\$5,428,944	0.79
Alabeme	8,328	174,600	2,10	60.555	.73
Alaska	1,110	23,786	2.13	12,100	1.06
Arizone	5,044	111,391	2.21	65.548	1.30
Arkenses	4.590	74,373	1.62	39,222	.85
Celifornia	76,900	1,595,628	2.08	901,912	1.17
Not send a	6.853	194,253	2.83	72,790	1.06
Colorado	1			,	.49
Connecticut	12,741	224,070	1.76	62,220	
Delawere	2,048	31,499	1.54	14,395	.70
District of Columbia	3,524	141,252	4.01	3,910	.11
Florida	19,820	358,772	1.81	184,325	.93
3eorgia	12,781	229,574	1.80	100,218	.78
lawaii	2.710	72,352	2.67	30,246	1.12
deho	1,886	36,921	1.98	19,362	1.03
Ilinois	43,712	789,210	1.81	330,240	.76
Indiana	17,297	353,686	2.04	145,988	.84
DW8	9,123	233,315	2,56	93,145	1.02
Kansas	7,520	151,496	2.01	72,204	.96
Kentucky	8,478	171,259	2.02	89,738	1.06
Louisians	9,809	189,555	1.93	100,701	1.03
Maine	2,768	50,181	1.81	17,749	.84
Maryland	14,048	254,132	1.81	66,325	.81
Massachusatts	21,141	660.834	3.13	80,564	.38
Michigen	32,222	615,134	1.91	269.061	.84
Minnesote	12,258	272,990	2.23	99.037	.81
Missimippi	4,871	108 500	2.19	50,390	1.03
Missouri	15,048	322,086	2.14	120,910	.80
Montane	2,022	41,245	2.04	23,496	1.16
Nebraska	4,849	106,733	2.30	31,934	.69
Nevade	1,783	24,556	1.38	12.685	.71
New Hampshire	2,300	65,274	2.84	12,074	.52
New Jersey	28,057	277,819	.99	105,792	.32
New Mexico	2,650	76,368	2.88	31,777	1.20
New York	75,302	1,619,586	2.15	549,090	.73
North Carolina	13,636	321,105	2.35	98,966	.73
North Dakota	1,658	43,545	2.63	18,909	1.14
Ohia	36,928	545,173	1.48	173,667	.47
Oklahome	7,200	130,638	1.81	48,441	.67
Dragon	6,663	148,244	2.22	65.755	.99
Pennsylvania	39,874	753,718	1.89	216,829	.54
Rhode Island	3,279	77,391	2.36	23,232	.71
South Carolina	6,381	104,183	1.63	48,011	.75
South Dakota	1,875	45,739	2.44	16,324	.87
Tennessee	10,213	232,742	2.28	74,328	.73
Texas	33,247	522,773	1.57	253,383	.76
Utah	2,880	118,413	4.11	37,473	1.30
Varmont	1,310	45,955	3.51	10,499	.80
Virginia	14,154	207,650	1.47	96,859	.63
Weehington	12,108	276,926	2.29	135,860	1.12
West Virginia	4,426	83,096	1.88	51,290	1.16
Wisconsin	14,207	347,832	2.45	159,886	1.13
	. 7,=-,		,	,,	1

Excludes U.S. Service Schools.

NOTE.-Because of rounding, detail may not add to totals.

SOURCES: U.S. Department of Health, Education, and Weifere, Office of Education, Financial Statistics of Institutions of Higher Education, Current Funds Revenues and Expenditures, 1968-69; U.S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics, Survey of Current Business, August 1970.



Table 135.—Expenditures of institutions of higher education: United States and outlying areas, 1929-30 to 1968-69

(in thousands of dollars)

) tem	1929-30	1939-40	1949-80	1957-58	1959-60	1961-62	1963-64	1965-66	1967-66	1968-69
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
Current-fund expenditures	8500,471	8878,580	82,259,941	84,543,562	05,027,962	87,190,077	89,224,988	012,560,943	816,565,909	010,570,772
Educational and general,	379,065	525,539	1,717,913	3,634,142	4,536,058	5,798,124	7,466,390	10,003,996	13,263,614	13,918,682
General administration and	ļ	į		ļ	ļ	1		ŀ		
general expense	43,030	63,106	214,477	478,166	587,336	736,189	964,213	1,259,938	1.749,635	2,293,477
Instruction and departmental		l							<b>}</b> .	
research , , ,		281,677				2,215,992		13,939.854		6,652,313
Extension and public services			88,389	178,928	208,378	245,189		442,718	602,452	473.164
Libraries	9.654	19,575	56,484	110,510	135,913	178,109	237,851	347.645	<b>95.730</b>	574,476
Plent operation and maintenance	61,205	69,851	226,246	408,938	473,682	566,023	689,327	847,815	1,132,138	1,343,422
Organized research , ,	18,117	28,121	227,344	733,887	1,024,399	1,481,377	1,982,892	2,452,982	2,709,947	2,046,072
Ratated activities	(1)	27,297	119,553	238,924	294,344	367,233	459,458	559,471	641,126	535,757
Other educational and general	(2)	(*)	(*)	17,438	19,134	18,013	113,632	•	1	1
Auxiliery enterprises	(*)	124,466	477,983	778,034	917,943	1,160,678	1,455,227	1,891,086	2,306,531	2,544,231
Student-sid expenditures		(0)	(*)	131,386	173,963	231,275		429,225		B23,202
Other current expenditures						231,275	303,371	245,638		1,292,657
Gross additions to plant value* ,	125,367	#3, <b>#40</b>	410,520	1,121,874	1,319,514	1,879,675	2,440,917	3,129,300	4,104,456	(')

Includes "other sponsors diprograms,"

Table 136.-Physical plant value per student in institutions of higher education, by control and by level: United States and outlying areas, 1966-P/ and 1967-68

Control and level	Inst	tutions	Plant ve	lue
of institution	Number	Enroil- ment <sup>1</sup>	Total <sup>2</sup>	Per student
1	2	3	4	6_
1986-67		_		
All institutions	2,337	8,438,477	830,380,740	84,719
4-year institutions	1,582 755	5,107,621 1,330,856	27,710,029 2,670,711	5,425 2,007
Publicly controlled institutions	884	4,381,096	18,230,908	4,161
4-year institutions	406 479	3,189,304 1,191,782	16,141,300 2,089,608	5,061 1,753
Privately controlled institutions	1,453	2,067,391	12,149,832	5,905
4-year institutions	1,177 276	1,918,317 139,074	11,568,729 581,103	6,031 4,178
1967-48		_		
All institutions	2,382	9,963,687	34,585,807	4,967
4-year institutions	1,593 789	5,445,608 1,518,079	31,319,629 3,266,177	5,751 2,152
Publicly controlled institutions	938	4,860,330	21,177,732	4,366
4-year institutions	416 522	3,475,660 1,374,670	18,539,597 2,638,134	5,334 1,919
Privately controlled institutions	1,444	2,113,357	13,408.075	6,344
4-year institutions	1,177 267	1,969,948 143,409	12,780,032 628,043	6,487 4,379

Total resident and extension enrollment, full-time and part-time, degree-credit and non-degree-credit, fell 1966 and 1967.
 In thousands of dollars.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Health, Education, and Welfare, Office of Education, Financial Statistics of Institutions of Higher Education, Property, 1968-67; and unpublished data.

NOTE.—Bace use of rounding, detail may not add to totals.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Health, Education, and Walfare, Office of Education, surveys of Financial Statistics of Institutions of Higher Education.

Table 137,-Endowment funds per student in institutions of higher education, by control and by level: United States and outlying areas, 1963-64 and 1966-67

Control and			Book valu endowment	
level of institution	Number	Enroll- ment <sup>1</sup>	Totel <sup>3</sup>	Per student
1	2	3	4	5
1963-64				
All institutions	2,140	4,000,332	\$6,954,696	\$1,449
4-year institutions	1,503 637	3,952,760 847,572	6,882,976 71,720	1,741 85
Publicly controlled institutions	765	3,090,578	1,275,669	413
4-year institutions	387 378	2,353,512 737,066	1,260,856 14,813	536 20
Privately controlled institutions	1,375	1,708,754	5,679,027	3,322
4-year institutions	1,116 259	1,599,248 110,506	5,622,120 56,907	3,515 615
1966-67				
All institutions	2,337	6,438,A77	9,032,362	1,403
4-year institutions	1.582 755	5,107,621 1,330,856	8,936,771 95,591	1,750 72
Publicly controlled institutions	884	4,381,086	1,633,395	373
4-year institutions	406 479	3,189,304 1,191,782	1,611,829 21,566	506 18
Privately controlled institutions	1,453	2,057,391	7,398,967	3.596
4-year institutions	1,177 276	1,918,317 139,074	7,324,942 74,026	3,818 532

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Total resident and extension enrollment, full-time and part-time, degree-credit and non-degree-credit, fell 1963 and fell 1966.

<sup>2</sup>Including funds functioning as andowment.

<sup>3</sup>In thousands of dollars.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Health, Education, and Walfare, Office of Education, Financial Statistics of Institutions of Higher Education, Property, 1966-67; and Higher Education Finances, Selected Transland Summary Oats.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Data not collected separately.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Sales and services expenditures.

Oata not tabulated separately.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> "Major public service programs" previously reported in "organized research," "extension and public services," and "related activities."

<sup>\*</sup>Includes expenditures from plant and current funds, gifts and grants of plant assets, and increases in value due to reappraisal or other adjustments.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup>Osta not col<sup>1</sup> icted.

## Table 138.—Property of institutions of higher education: United States end outlying areas, 1909-10 to 1966-67

(In thousands of dollars)

	1000 10	101000				T		
ltem	1909-10	1919-20	1929-30	1939-40	1949-50	1959-60	1965-66	1966-67
1	2	33	4	6	6	7	·8	9
Property values at end of year	8784,193	81,317,203	83,442,223	\$4,534,343	87,943,303	\$20,224,871	\$35,683,663	\$39,413,102
Physical plant and plant funds	460.532	748,121	2,089,784	2,768,279	5,296,030	14,652,697	26,915,670	30,380,740
Physical plant	460,532 (1)	748,121 ( <sup>1</sup> )	2,069,764 (1)	2,768,279 ( <sup>2</sup> )	4,820,981 475,049	13,588,360 1,084,337	26,915,670 (1)	30,380,740 (¹)
Endowmen* and other nonexpendable funds	323,861	569,062	1,372,459	1,766,064	2,647,273	5,572,175	8,767,993	9,032,362
Endowment funds <sup>3</sup>	323,661 (1) (1)	569,082 (1) (1)	1,372,459 (1) (1)	1,687,610 49,593 29,861	<sup>4</sup> 2,604,098 (4) 43,175	5,322,971 122,757 126,447	8,767,993 (1) (1)	9,032,362 (1) (1)
Liebilities of plant funds	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	1,970,206	6,080,847	7,825,391

NOTE: Because of rounding, detail may not add to totals.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Health, Education, and Welfera, Office of Education, surveys of Financial Statistics of Institutions of Higher Education.

Table 139.—Student financial aid funds disbursed by institutions of higher education, by type of program, control of institution, type of eid, end academic level of recipient: United States and outlying areas, 1966-67

[In thousands of dollars]

			Federally ap	oansored		
Student financial aid		U.S. Of Educa		Other departr agenci		Nonfederally sponsored (Non-Federal)
program end academic level of recipient	Total	Non-Federal matching funds	Federal funds	Non-Federal matching funds	Federal funds	(Non-rederati funds
1	2	3	4	6	6	7
			Publicly controlled	institutions		
Total, sli programs	\$693,502	\$24,504	\$231,511	81,337	\$90,996	8336,153
Work assignments	290,016	8,476	77,689	216	25,123	178,513
Undergraduete	201,747 4,903 83,367	7,860 49 578	70,080 455 7,154	78  138	10,825 373 13,926	112,915 4,027 61,571
Grants	248,912	2,454	46,652	369	68,030	129,407
Undergraduate First-professionel Graduate	149,990 6,489 90,434	2,084 42 329	27,497 673 18,481	. 154 . 17 198	20,506 2,438 45,090	99,749 3,322 26,336
Loens	156,573	13,574	107,171	762	6,843	28,234
Undergraduate	125,706 11,485 19,383	11,183 522 1,869	89,588 4,700 12,883	196 519 38	1,813 4, <b>696</b> 334	22,924 1,060 4,260
			Privately controlled	l institutions		
Total, all programs	\$604,175	\$17,756	\$167,960	8874	875,084	8342,400
Work assignments	115,482	3,592	32,359	25	14,651	64,854
Undergraduate	83,766 2,255 29,461	3,326 114 152	29,731 1,013 1,615	26 	1,566 149 12,937	49,118 979 14,758
Grants	342,189	3,142	35,419	9	51,245	252,374
Undergraduate First-professional Graduate	224,987 19,383 97,819	3,109 30 2	21,466 857 13,096		9,491 6,775 34,980	190,921 11,722 49,731
Loens	146,504	11,023	100,182	839	9,198	25,262
Undergraduate First-professional Graduate	116,535 14,085 15,884	9,480 587 956	85,319 5,390 9,473	226 501 112	2,344 5,545 1,309	19,166 2,063 4,033

NOTE: Because of rounding, dereil may not add to totals.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Health, Education, and Welfare, Office of Education, Financial Statistics of Institutions of Higher Education, Student Financial Aid, 1966-67.



Data not collected.
Deta not tebulated separately.
Includes funds functioning as endowment (book value).
Annuity funds included with endowment funds.

Table 140.—Selected data for land-grant institutions on students and finances: United States and outlying areas, 1959-90 and 1969-70

Item	1959-60	1909-70
11	_ 2	3
Opening (fall) enrollmens:		
Total enrollment	1690,276	1,367,506
First-time enrollment , , ,	³ 128,238	<sup>1</sup> 265,409
Reguler Federel approprietions , , , , , , , , , .	\$88,296,886	\$178,029,6 <u>0</u> 1
Funds for Instruction and facilities (Morrill-Nelson		
end Benkheed-Jones funds)	5,051,500	14,720,000
Funds for research (experiment stations),	29,711,440	55,674,275
Hetch funds, as amended	29,227,719	48,634,242
Research under Agricultural Marketing Act	483,721	6,840,033
Funds for cooperative extension	53,533,946	107,535,326
Smith-Lever funds (Act of 1914, es emanded)	52,021,028	105,588,393
Extension under Agricultural Marketing Act	1,512,918	2,046,933
Endowment income under lend-grent funds	3,956,481	7,542,104
From 1862 lend-grent funds , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	2,665,714	4,301,478
From other Federal land-grant funds	1,290,767	3,240,626

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Resident and extension, degree-credit and non-degree-credit, first-term enrollment.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Health, Education, and Welfere, Office of Education, Statistics of Land-Grant Colleges and Universities, Year Ended June 30, 1960; Opening Fall Enrollment in Higher Education, 1969; and Statistics on Condition of Land-Grant Funds, 1970 Report.



Resident and extension, degree-credit and non-degree-credit, opening fall enrollment.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> Resident, degree-credit, first-term enrollment.

# Chapter IV

## Federal Programs for Education and Related Activities\*

Federal land grants provided under the Northwest Ordinance of 1787 represent the first instance of U.S. Government financial assistance for education. With this enactment, the National Government embarked upon a program of educational support unique among national governments in its commitment to State and local autonomy and in the responsibility it assumed for a public function of national interest.

A variety of programs and procedures are used by the Federal Government to support numerous educational activities. Procedures include grants of land, financial grants and loans, allocations of surplus commodities and federally owned property, operation of special educational programs and institutions, and the cost of services or contracts. This highly complex Federal educational involvement affects, directly or indirectly, every person in this country and many persons from other countries. Programs may be for the purchase of research and training services in educational institutions; for support of individuals for whom there is a special Federal responsibility; for support of schools in areas where Federal activities would result in undue burdens on school services without such support; for support of vocational education, foreign language study, and similar special areas; or for numerous other purposes.

A capsule view of the history of Federal educational activities is provided in the following list of selected Federal educational legislation:

Year

Program

1787 Northwest Ordinance—authorized land grants for the establishment of educational institutions.

\*Albert R. Munse of the Reference, Estimates, and Projections Branch, National Center for Educational Statistics, had the major responsibility for the development of data for this chapter.

- 1862 First Morrill Act—authorized public land grants to the States for the establishment and maintenance of agricultural and mechanical colleges.
- 1867 Department of Education Act—authorized the establishment of the Office of Education.
- 1874 Aid to State nautical schools—provided funds for State nautical schools.
- 1890 Second Morrill Act—provided for money grants for support of instruction in the agricultural and mechanical colleges.
- 1917 Smith-Hughes Act—provided for grants to States for support of vocational education
- 1918 Vocational Rehabilitation Act—authorized funds for rehabilitation of World War I vetarant.
- 1919 Federal surplus property—authorized use of Federal surplus property by educational institutions.
- 1920 Smith-Bankheed Act—authorized grants to States for vocational rahabilitation programs.
- 1933 School lunch programs—provided essistance in school lunch programs. The use of surplus farm commodities in school lunch programs began in 1936 and the National School Lunch Act of 1946 continued and expanded this assistance.
- 1935 Bankhead-Jones Act—mada grants to States for agricultural experiment stations.
- 1937 National Cancar Institute Act—established Public Health Service Fallowship program. Subsequently, fallowships were authorized in legislation concarning other agencies.
- 1940 School Milk Program—provided funds for cost of milk served to school childran.
- 1941 Amendment to Lanham Act of 1940—authorized Federal aid for construction, maintenance, and operation of schools in federally impacted areas Such assistance was continued under Public Laws 815 and 874, 81st Congress, in 1950.
- 1943 Vocational Rehabilitation Act—provided assistance to disabled veterans.
  - School Lunch Indemnity Plan-provided funds for local school lunch food purchases.
- 1944 Se-vicemen's Raedjustment Act—provided assistance for education of vetarans.
  - Surplus Property Act—authorized transfer of surplus property to educational institutions.
- 1946 George-Bardan Act—expanded Federal support of vocational education.
- 1948 United States Information and Educational Exchange Act—provided for the interchange of persons, knowledge, and skills between the United States and other countries.

ERIC

1949 Faderal Property and Administrative Services Actprovided for donation of surplus property to educational institutions and for other public uses.

1950 Public Lews 815 and 874-provided assistance for construction (P.L. 815) and operation (P.L. 874) of schools in federally affected areas,

Housing Act—authorized loans for construction of college housing facilities.

954 School Milk Program—provided funds for purchase of milk for school lunch programs.

Cooperative Research Act-authorized cooperative arrangements with universities, colleges, and State education agencies for educational research.

National Advisory Committee on Education Actestablished a National Advisory Committee on Education to recommend to the Secretary of the Department needed studies of national concern in the field of education and to propose app opriate action indicated by such studies.

1956 Library Services Act—authorized grants to States for extension and improvement of rural public library services.

1957 Practical Nurse Training Act—provided grants to States for practical nurse training.

1958 National Defense Education Act-provided assistance to State and local school systems for strengthening instruction in science, mathematics, modern foreign languages, and other critical subjects; improvement of State statistical services; guidance, counseling and testing services and training institutes; higher education student loans and fellowships; foreign language institutes and advanced foreign language study and training provided by colleges and universities; experimentation, and dissemination of information on more effective utilization of television, motion picture, and related media for educational purposes; and vocational education for technical occupations necessary to the national defense.

Public Law 85-926—Federal assistance for training teachers of the handicapped authorized.

Public Law 85-905—authorized a loan service of captioned films for the deaf.

1961 Area Redevelopment Act—included provisions for training or retraining of persons in redevelopment

1962 Manpower Development and Training Act—provided training in new and improved skills for the unemployed and underemployed.

Public Law 87-477—provided grants for the construction of educational television broadcasting facilities.

Migration and Refugee Assistance Act of 1962 authorized loans, advances and grants for education end training of refugees.

1963 Health Professions Educational Assistance Act—provided funds to expand teaching facilities and for loans to students in the health professions.

Vocational Education Act of 1963—increased Federal support of vocational education, including support of residential vocational schools, vocational work-study programs, and research, training, and demonstrations in vocational education.

Higher Education Facilities Act of 1963—authorized grants and loans for classrooms, libraries, and laboratories in public community colleges and technical institutes as well as undergraduate and

graduate facilities in other institutions of higher education.

1964 Civil Rights Act of 1964—authorized the Commissioner to (1) arrange, through grants or contracts with institutions of higher education, for the operation of short-term or regular session institutes for special training to improve ability of elementary and secondary school instructional staff to deal effectively with special education problems occasioned by desegregation; (2) make grants to school boards to pay, in whole or in part, the cost of providing inservice training in dealing with problems incident to desegregation; to provide school boards technical assistance in desegregation; and required nondiscrimination in federally assisted programs.

Economic Opportunity Act of 1964—authorized grants for college work-study programs for students of low-income families; established a Job Corps program and authorized support for work-training programs to provide education and vocational training and work experience for unemployed youths; provided training and work experience opportunities in welfare programs; authorized support of Community Action Programs, including Head Start, Follow Through, Upward Bound, education and training activities; authorized the establishment of the Volunteers in Service to America (VISTA).

1965 Elamentary and Secondary Education Act—authorized grants for alementary and secondary school programs for children of low-income families; school library resources, textbooks and other instructional materials for school children; supplementary educational centers and services; strengthening State education agencies; and educational research and research training.

Health Professions Educational Assistance Amendments—authorized scholarships to aid needy students in the health professions and grants to improve the quality of teaching in schools of medicine, dentistry, osteopathy, optometry and podietry.

Higher Education Act of 1965—provided grants for university community service programs, college library assistance and library training and research; strengthening developing institutions; educational opportunity grants; insured student loans; teacher training programs; and undergraduate instructional equipment. Established a National Teacher Corps and provided for graduate teacher training fellowships.

Medical Library Assistance Act—provided assistance for construction and improvement of health sciences librarias.

National Foundation on the Arts and the Humanities Act—authorized grants and loans for projects in the creative and performing arts, and for research, training, and scholarly publications in the humanities.

National Technical Institute for the Deaf Act—Provided for the establishment, construction, equipping, and operation of a residential school for postsecondary education and technical training of the deaf.

ivational Vocational Student Loan Insurance Act--Encouraged State and nonprofit private institu-



tions and organizations to establish adequate loan insurance programs to assist students to attend postsecondary business, trade, technical, and other vocational schools.

Disaster Relief Act—provides for assistance to local education agencies to help meet exceptional cost resulting from a major disaster.

1966 International Education Act—provided grants to institutions of higher education for the establishment, strengthening, and operation of centers for research and training in international studies and the international supects of professional and other fields of study.

National Sea Grant College and Program Act authorized the establishment and operation of Sea Grent Colleges and programs by initiating and supporting programs of education and research in the various fields relating to the development of marine resources.

Adult Education Act—authorized grants to States for the encouragement and expansion of educational programs for adults including training of teachers of adults and demonstrations in adult education (previously part of the Economic Opportunity Act of 1964).

Model Secondary School for the Deaf Act—authorized the establishment and operation, by Gallaudet College, of a model secondary school for the deaf to serve the National Capital region.

Elementary and Secondary Education Amendments of 1966—in addition to modifying existing programs, authorized grants to assist States in the initiation, expansion, and improvement of programs and projects for the education of handicapped children at the preschool, elementary and secondary school levels.

Education Professions Development Act-amended 1967 the Higher Education Act of 1965 for the purpose of improving the quality of teaching and to help meet critical shortages of adequately trained educational personnel by authorizing support for the development of information on needs for educational personnel, training and retraining opportunities responsive to changing manpower needs, attracting a greater number of qualified persons into the teaching profession, attracting persons who can stimulate creativity in the arts and other skills to undertake short-term or longterm assignments in education, and helping to make educational personnel training programs more responsive to the needs of the schools and colleges.

Public Broadcasting Act of 1967—established a Corporation for Public Broadcasting to have major responsibility in channeling Federal funds to non-commercial radio and television stations, program production groups and ETV networks directly or through contract; conduct research, demonstration, or training in matters related to noncommercial broadcasting; and authorized grants for construction of educational radio as well as television facilities.

1968 Elementary and Secondary Education Amendments of 1967—in addition to modifying existing programs, authorized support of regional centers for

education of handicapped children, model centers and services for deaf-blind children, and recruitment of personnel and dissemination of informaticn on education of the handicapped; technical resistance in education to rural areas; support of dropout prevention projects; and support of bilingual education programs. Also, in order to give adequate notice of available Federal financial assistance, authorized advance funding for any program for which the Commissioner of Education has responsibility for administration by authorizing appropriations to be included in the appropriations act for the fiscal year preceding the fiscal year for which they are available for obligation.

Handicapped Children's Early Education Assistance Act—authorized preschool and early education programs for handicapped children.

Vocational Education Amendments of 1968—changed the basic formula for allocating funds; provided for a National Advisory Council on Vocational Education, expansion of vocational education services to meet the needs of the disadvantaged, the collection and dissemination of information for programs administered by the Commissioner of Education, and the preparation of a catalog of all Federal education assistance programs.

Higher Education Amendments of .1968—provided new programs to assist disadvantaged college students through special counseling and summer tutorial programs and to assist colleges to combine resources for cooperative uses, including closed-circuit television and computer networks. Also authorized grants to expand and strengthen student cooperative programs and to expand programs which provide clinical experience: to law students.

1970 Elementary and Secondary Education Assistance Programs, Extension (Public Law 91-230)—authorized comprehensive planning and evaluation grants to State and local education agencies; provided for the establishment of a National Commission on School Finance.

National Commission on Libraries and Information Science Act—established a National Commission on Libraries and Information Science to meet the needs of the people, to utilize effectively the Nation's educational resources, and to cooperate with State and local governments and public and private agencies in assuring optimum provision of such services.

Environmental Education Act—established an Office of Environmental Education for the purpose of curriculum development and initiation and maintenance of environmental education programs at the elementary-secondary education levels; dissemination of information; the provision of training programs for teachers and other educational, public, community, labor, and industrial leaders and employees; community education programs; and the distribution of material dealing with environment and ecology.

Drug Abuse Education Act of 1970—provided for the development, demonstration, and evaluation of

curriculums on the problems of drug abuse; dissemination of information; training programs for teachers, counselors, law-enforcement officers, and other public leaders and officials; and community education programs for parents and others on drug abuse problems.

There is no single total for Federal funds for education that is meaningful for all purposes, but there are many possible totals which may be constructed to service particular needs. This multiplicity is probably due to the many kinds of assistance provided, the differences in the manner of distributing assistance, and the special circumstances which describe the program beneficiary, as each program was legislatively tailored for its special purpose. However, table 141 gives one summary which the Office of Education has found useful. Part I of this table, Federal Funds Supporting Education in Educational Institutions, includes those programs more frequently considered in the general category of Federal aid to education. Part I is presented in two parts, grants and loans, because of the obvious difference which requires repayments of loans but not grants. Part II includes data for other programs which may also be considered in determining Federal funds for education

In contrast with table 141 which shows program amounts, table 142 shows where the money comes from-the Federal agencies which make the funds available for the various education programs. This table reveals that the Federal role in education and related activities involves many Federal agencies and varies from relatively insignificant amounts to more than \$6 billion for the Department of Health, Education, and Welfare for the 1972 fiscal year. Nine agencies report education amounts in excess of \$100 million, exclusive of outlays for research and development. The support provided various levels of education-elementary-secondary, higher, and vocational-technical and continuing education-and "other" programs is also shown.

A somewhat different view of the Federal educational involvement is brought into focus in table 143, from the National Science Foundation publication Federal Funds for Research, Development, and Other Scientific Activities, XIX. For example, to the extent that federally supported research may be considered to have largely education-related aspects, this table shows federally supported educational activity taking

place in many institutions other than those formally described as educational, including industrial establishments, federally operated facilities, and various nonprofit establishments. Figures from the National Science Foundation were also used to obtain the research and development amounts reported in tables 141 and 142 for colleges and universities and for Federal obligations to universities and colleges reported in table 147.

Table 144 gives additional information about the programs for training grants, fellowships, and traineeships included in table 141. Figures for this tabulation, like those in tables 141 and 142, were obtained from information provided the Bureau of the Budget for "Special Analysis I," a chapter in its publication, Special Analyses, Budget of the United States, Fiscal Year 1972.

A summary of Office of Education disbursements for the years from 1960 to 1972 for the several programs authorized under various legislative enactments is presented in table 145. This table reveals the Federal support pattern for the Office of Education by showing changes in levels of support for different educational activities and by noting the appearance of new activities. Funds transferred to the Office of Education from other Federal agencies for various education services are presented at the end of table 145.

State-by-State data on Federal educational assistance from various Federal agencies are displayed in tables 146, 147, and 148. Table 147 includes amounts for higher education institutions only and is based on Federal obligations during the 1969 fiscal year regardless of when funds were spent by a recipient institution. Higher education loans to students and institutions, Federal expenditures for Federal employee training, and veterans' education benefits are not included in these higher education figures.

In contrast with table 147, amounts reported in tables 146 and 148 are actual outlays (expenditures) for the fiscal year and are limited to payments to State and local governments plus school lunch program amounts distributed directly to nonpublic schools. Table 148 lists Office of Education payments to State and local governments for fiscal year 1970, while table 149 shows Office of Education funds obligated for instructional materials and equipment.



Table 141.—Federal funds for education and related activities: Obligations for fiscal years 1962 to 1967, and outley for fiscal years 1968 to 1972

#### (In thousands of dollars)

	_		Atau oblica	itional autho	ala			_	Outley		
Type of support, level, and	<del></del>									1971	1972
program erea	1982	1963	1984	1965	1988	1967	1968	1989	1970	(estimeted)	(estimated)
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
		-	PART	i. Federal (	Funds Supp	orting Educa	tion in Educa	ational Instit	utions		
Total grants and loans,,,,	<b>\$2,</b> 17 <b>3,000</b>	\$2,507,600	\$2,749,300	\$3,908,700	\$8,779,578	\$8,352,866	87,804,454	88,055,396	89,237,410	\$10,70 <b>9</b> ,124	811,720,848
Grants, total , . , . , . , . ,	1,853,200	2,1 11,700	2,360,600	3,379,000	8,187,878	7,011,283	7,201,173	7,523,169	8,631,114	10,117,151	11,417,966
Elementary-secondary education	555,100	600,400	666,300	942,900	2,480,078	3,037,637	2,967,004	2,838,439	3,212,418	3,604,504	4,083,48
School assistance in federally							1	1			
offected areas	304,900	330,300	323,100	407,600	433,900	469,137	508,372	397,581	656,372	511,688	486,58
Economic opportunity program <sup>1</sup>	53,000		67,000			1			534,482		627,160
National Defense Education Act-	00,000	00,000	0.,500	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	,	,			1	1
	59,300	58,700	92,900	90,900	104,400	109,200	109,009	74,316	58,547	46,768	41,000
equipment, guidence <sup>3</sup> ,			5,200		173,100		1 .	290,107	237,532		255,180
Supporting services	4,300	4,700	5,200	0,500	1/3,100	2/3,001	200,461	280,107	237,032	201,077	1
Assistance for educationally	'			1	Í		4 050 000		4 207 004	1 450 507	1,528,90
deprived children <sup>4</sup>	• • •	• • • •			959,000					1,458,507	1
Teacher Corps,	4,000		5,100		6,500			19,358		26,635	
Vocational aducation	26,400		24,900					152,441	181,379	235,993	
Dependents' schools abroad	40,500	45,300	61,500	80,500	86,100	87,533		108,589			
Public lends revenue for schools	43,500	44,600	48,600	51,500	54,100	50,173	52,294	66,112	82,376		87,719
Assistance in special areas	14,800	17,700	32,600	50,200	68,800	58,969	58,286	71,118	78,992	170,532	187,65
Veterens' education						1,294	3,200	4,924	6,233	10,698	11,929
Emergency school assistence					ì			٠	) ·	99,853	300,000
Revenue sharing				١	l			l			92,000
Other <sup>8</sup>	4,400	5,100	5,400		5,200	5,108		5,353	13,282	ţ	13,318
Other:	4,400	3,100	3,400	7,000							
Higher education	1,210,300	1,397,800	1,480,400	2,052,500	2,830,460	3,634,494	3,262,988	3,318,177	3,829,603	4,367,036	4,804,840
Basic research in U.S. educational		{	1	}	<b>\</b>	ĭ	\	1	1	ì	1
institutions proper	602,900	691,600	698,600	784,900	940,300	1,032,823	1,081,818	1,020,905	990,726	1,032,997	1,107,000
Research facilities	121,800				194,000				1		
	198,000										
Treining grants							1				
Fellowships and trainerships	103,900									, .	
Facilities and equipment	37,100		1	1 -	688,900						
Other institutional support	33,000			,							
Other student assistance	103,900			1							
Other higher education assistance	11,700	16,400	17,400	18,800	18,800	54,619	2.059	9,975	12,546	10,935	10,15
			ī -		I	T	1			[	[
Vocational-technical and continuing		1	1	]	]	1	1	1		1	1
education (not classifiable by			1	1	1	i .	1	1	i	1	1
level)	87,800	113,500	203,800	384,100	857,400	939,152	971,181	1,366,553	1,589,093	2,145,611	2.529,62
Vocational, technical, and work		ļ			}			}	1		
training*	34,600	82,700	171,000	364,300	817,900	827,303	851,683	1,163,444	1,269,254	1,685,123	2,014,002
Veterens' education	49,900	29,000	25,100	10,300	6,300	54,000	79,645	123,970	244,634	401,298	461,799
General continuing education1	400	400	1,900		19,200			60,364			
Training State and local personnel	2,900		5,800								
					1 ====		T	T	i	T	† <del>=</del>
Loans, total (higher education)	320,500	395,900	386,800	529,100	611,700	741,583	603,281	532,227	606,296	590,973	302,892
Student loan program, National		ļ	1	İ	1	}	1	}			
	74,600	90,700	111,300	160,100		237,954	226,303	050.044	295,173	381,718	223,009
Defense Education Act <sup>1,1</sup> College facilities loans <sup>1,2</sup>	/4,000	90,700	111,300	100,100	235,900	237,904	220,303	259,641	290,1/3	381,/10	223,000



## Table 141.—Federal funds for education and related activities: Obligations for fiscal years 1962 to 1967, and outlay for fiscal years 1968 to 1972—Continued

[in thousands of dollars]

Type of support, level, and	L		New obliga	tional autho	rity				Outlay		_
program area	1962	1963	1964	1965	1966	1967	1968	1989	1970	1971 (estimated)	1972 (estimated)
1	2	3	4	Б	6	7	9	9	10	11	12
			P/	ART II. Oth	or Federal F	unds for Edu	ucation and R	talated Activ	ities		
Total	\$2,777,384	\$2,935,341	\$3,239,651	\$3,717,232	83,903,859	\$3,930,053	\$3,605,629	\$3,339,667	\$3,426,074	\$4,035,992	\$4,126,291
Applied research and devalopment?	754,700	805,700	906,300	952,300	1,026,600	1,088,150	1,142,350	1,237,499	1,234,099	1,347,336	1,444,000
School lunch and milk programs	366,900	379,300	411,700	507,500	421,900	448,005	543,845	597,700	676,196	965,479	927,547
Training of Federal personnel	1,177,500		1 .	, , , ,		1				737,449	727,116
U.S. academies	59,416	59.099	119,796	130,971	154.593	133,002	141,599	170,468	184,262	220,761	221,496
Professional training, military	1.086,584	,	1,202,604		,			,			490,529
Civilian education and training in	1,000,000	,,,,,,,,,,,,,	.,,	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		)	102,210	002,000	]
non-Federal facilities	31,500	31,900	46,000	73,700	81,677	94,449	73,264	94,280	15,392	14,619	15,093
Library services	22,200	23,900	25,300	82,900	86,300	141,381	138,099	186,124	170,135	185,711	184,871
Grants to public libraries	6.900	7,400	7,500	54,900	55,000	76,000	62.017	62,794	50.235	48.136	32.493
National library services 1 8	15,300					65,381			,		152,378
	10,000	10,000	17,000	20,000	31,000	00,001	74,002	120,000	110,000	137,070	102,576
International education	109,100	116,100	130,000	178,7 <u>00</u>	232,658	326,742	272,008	278,135	193,464	243,616	246,872
Educational exchange program	26,100	35,600	38,000	37,400	53,500	44,712	41,670	38,172	30,850	34,200	39,335
Agency for International Develop-			Į				į į				
ment projects		80,500	84,600			203,270		,	,	170,250	171,936
Peace Corps	• • • •	• • • •	•••	44,300	57,175	41,944	43,641	44,095	28,150	23,064	19,720
Other international education and training <sup>1,4</sup>			7,400	9,200	10,163	38,816	48.697	25,868	23,139	16.102	15,881
											- 10,25
Other	346,964	330,741	396,151	417,932	429,701	388,376	372,994	400,356	460,486	556,401	597,883
Agricultural extension service	59,300	63,000	79,400	65,400	90,700	92,824	90.030	97,273	124,526	160,050	170,800
Educational talevision facilities			5,200	5,100	4.4.	3,304		8,756		29,001	42,348
Education in Federal correctional	l						1 1			,	,
institutions	2,100	2,500	2,900	3,500	3,600	6,341	3,662	3,816	5,007	6,469	6,712
Value of surplus property transferred:							}	,			
Acquisition cost of personal											
property		223,800	268,700	,	256,400	215,509		223,503	246,330	279,200	287,200
Fair value of real property		21,100	15,100	17,900	15,100	16,684			12,468	14,000	15,500
Other <sup>L 8</sup>	19,664	20,341	24,851	28,732	38,701	53,714	46,906	53,754	52,992	68,681	73,323

<sup>1</sup> Includes Office of Economic Opportunity and Indian education programs.

<sup>2</sup> Includes small amounts for National Defanse Education Act loans to private elementary-secondary schools.

Includes supplamentary canters, school library materials, strengthening State education agencies, captioned films for the deef, dissemination of information, school counseling and testing, American Printing House for the Bind, planning end evaluation, and National Aeronautics and Space Administration alementary-secondary schools program,

<sup>4</sup> Includes Elementary and Secondary Education Act title 1, handicapped children, dropout prevention, bilingual education, and Kandall School for the Deaf.

Standard District of Columbia, Canal Zone, territories and dependencies, Cuben refuges, and payments in liau of taxes by the Atomic Energy Commission and the Tennessee Valley Authority.

finclude: model secondary school, educational exchange, National Science Foundation science education, National Foundation on the Arts and the Humanities, and Junior ROTC.

<sup>7</sup> Date are from Federal Funds for Research, Development, and Other Scientific Activities, annual publication, National Science Foundation, Includes university-operated research cents.

\* 1972 amounts are estimated by the Office of Education.

Includes edult vocational education, Manpower Development and Training Act, programs for vocational-technical and continuing education, work-incentive activities, Cuban refuges assistance, development facilities in redevelopment areas, Indian adult education, and edult education and manpower programs of the Health Services and Mental Health Administration, Gallaudet College, Foundation for the Arts and the Humanities, and the Small Business Administration.

1.6 Includes Office of Education and Department of the Interior (except Indians) adult basic aducation.

11 Includes National Defense Education Act and insured student loans.

13 Includes Department of Housing and Urban Development college housing loans and Office of Education college facilities loans.

<sup>18</sup> Includes Library of Congress, Smithsonian Institution, Ganeral Services Administration, National Archives and Records Service, National Agricultural Library, and Government Printing Office depository library and catalog and index activities.

<sup>14</sup> Includes special foraign currency education research and training, U.S. Information Agency education assistance, National Science Foundation international education activities, and National Aeronautics and Space Administration international education activities.

fincludes Office of Education and education programs and administration permittures not included alsowhere.

NOTE.~Because of the axclusion of some programs and because data are based on Faderal disbursements rather than the authority to spend, the figures since 1968 are not strictly comparable with those for earlier years.

SOURCE: Compiled by the National Center for Educational Statistics, Office of Education, U.S. Department of Health, Education, and Welfare, from information collected by the Office of Management and Budget for its report, Special Analyses, Budget of the United States, Fiscal Year 1972, Research data are from Federal Funds for Research, Development, and Other Scientific Activities, XIX, National Science Foundation.





Table 142.—Federal funds for education and related activities, by agency: Estimated outlay, fixed years 1970 to 1972

[in thousands of dollars]

					[In thous	In thousands of dollars	<b>-</b>	į	;						
		Total		Elementary	Elementary-secondary education	ducation	Ē	Higher education <sup>1</sup>	-	Vocati	Vocational-technical and continuing education	st and ion		Other³	
Agency	1970 actual	1971 estimate	1972 estimate	13/0 actual	1971 estimate	1972 estimate	1970 actual	1971 estimete	1972 estimate	1970 actual	1971 estimate	1972 estimate	1970 actual	1971 estumate	1972 estimate
1	7	3	4	22	9	7	80	6	9	=	12	13	7	15	16
Total	\$12,663,484	\$12,663,484 \$14,744,116 \$	15,849,139	\$3,212,418	\$3,604,504	\$4,083,459	\$4,435,899 \$	\$4,968,009	\$5,107,732	61,569,083	12.145,611	12,529,627	\$3,426,074	\$4,035,992 \$4,128,291	128,291
							_								
Department of health, Education, and Welfare.	6,130,305	5,638,278	6,204,726	2,379,237	2,629,892	3,136,307	2,172,193	2,293,489	2,286,856	191,981	269,421	330,497	386,894	•	452,066
Public Health Service	(628.251)	(654.994)		12,000,104 	1000/100/2	100/1406/7		_	(728 5001	(S) (S)	(ACA C)	182,659	1988 LLU	\$10'8ZU	(13,081)
	(173,148)	(235,907)	(293,078)	(17,339)	(17,407)	(17,400)	(33,809)	(32,500)	(31678)	122,000	1186 0001	1244 0001	1102	701	(GIF)
Other	(317,916)	(384,003)	(545,465)	(3,144)	(4,499)	(133,152)	(39,878)	(62,103)	(73,343)		(46)	400	(274.894)	(317.355)	(338.870)
Department of Agriculture	844,287	1,167,408	1,144,397	39,287	36,519	41,324	:	-	:	:	360	88	805,000	1,130,529	1,102,713
Department of Commerce	7,759	10,368	9,200	-	:	:	3,475	5,468	4,530	:		:	4,284	900	4,670
Department of Defense	833,689	877,805	886,852	145,363	153,948	175,572	620	<b>8</b>	707	-		:	687,706	723,173	710,573
Department of Mousing and Urban Development	215,871	234,402	166,234	15,993	90,18	106,150	197,433	140,218	56,074	2,445	4,000	3,010			
Caparitiant of the Interior	228,230	289,546	307,995	189,168	221,036	250,495	5,948	6000	18,369	33,060	39,051	39,065	Z.	9	9/
Department of Justice	25,816	32,74	41,292		: 6	: 5	17,722	22,252	000 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80	3,087	3,423	3,580	5,007	6,469	8,712
Department of State	37.640	308,814,1	2005	; <u>\$</u>	2000	3,27	;	:	:	1,065,000	1,366,100	1,610,900	:	:	1:
Department of Transportation	11.03	12,330	47.00	26/	8	3	:	:	:	:	;	:	36,856	40,697	46,207
Department of the Treesury	1890	000	1 746			: :	000		1 746	:	:	;	150,11	12,320	141,132
Agency for International Development	111,326	170,250	171 936				3	3	į	:	:	:			
Appelachien Regional Development Commission	23,167	36,500	38,500	15,429	27,180	29,660	6,901	7,200	7.650	:	:		837	1 120	8
Atomic Energy Commission	15,769	13,548	9,223	6,122	5,485	2,089	9,350	7,733	6,792	35	110	112	203	220	230
District of Columbia (Office of Education															
Estimate	31,637	40,950	45,866	27,072	36,569	36,935	4,565	4,381	5,931	:	:		-	:	:
	200,0	0,75	0,0/8	:	;	:	95.6	454,5	9,995	:	:	240	342	343	343
Government Services Administration	6.770	7.996	8.464		: ;	: :	: :	: :	: :			:	2,305	2,258	2,582
Library of Congress	49,805	61,008	71,882	:	;	:	;	-	:				40.006	61 008	7 682
National Aeronautics and Space	:	_		_	_	_		_	_						
National Foundation on the Arra and the	12,487	8,927	6,376	8	120	120	11,407	7,852	5,301	;	;	:	1,000	955	955
Humanities	15 527	24 F.30	019.33	91	207	426		707	2000	0000		1			
National Science Foundation	106,865	110.145	82.457	190	1 925	5 5	2,302,	107.520	13,002	RMC 7	66/3	47,322			:
Office of Economic Opportunity	420,786	372,300	253,100	385.457	335,800	216 000	<u>.</u>	270	200,30	32.30	26.50	37 100	8	3	;
Peace Corps	28,384	23,356	20,205	202	263	468	:	:		636,00	36.0	3.75	721 90	23 003	10.101
Smell Business Administration	514	283	652	:	:	:		:	:	514	695	655		55,000	19.73
Smithsonian Institution	51,486	55,408	66,348	:	:	;	8	88	28	; ;	;	3	200	P1 8 19	65.550
U.S. Information Agency	2,203	2,270	2,293	:	:	:	:	:	:	;	;		2000	2270	2000
Persons Administration	915,373	1,513,419	1,733,297	6,233	10,638	11,929	909,199	1,101,423	1,259,569	244,634	401,298	461,799	1	:	
institutions)—all Federal agencies	2 460 284	2 578 197	2 763 000	-			1000								
			2000					100'057	mm'sis'i		:		1,234,099	1,347,336 1,444,000	1,444,000

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Includes amounts for loan programs.

SOURCE: Compiled by the National Center for Educational Statistics, Office of Education, U.S. Department of Health, Educati , and Welfare, from information collected by the Office of Managament and Budget for its report Special Analyses, Budget of the United ...arra, Fiscal Year 1972. Research data are from Federal Funds for Research, Development, and Other Scientific Activities, XIX, National Science Foundation, with amounts for 1972 R&D estimated by the Office of Education.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Includes amounts shown in part II of the preceding table.

Table 143.—Summery of Federal funds for research, development, and R&D plant: Fiscal years 1969, 1970, and 1971 (in millions of dollars)

item	Actual	<u> </u>	nates	item	Actual .	Estin	
, ver/1	1969	1970	1971		1969	1970	1971
1	2	3	4	1	2	3	4
Total expenditures for research,		1		Basic research—Continued			
development, and R&D Plant	\$16,347.6	\$16,154.0	\$16,160.6	Field of science:			
esearch and development	15,690,6	15,461.4	15,441.3	Life sciences	\$ 589.1	\$ 585.7	\$ 577.
&D plant	657.0	672.6	719. <u>5</u>	Psychology	54.7	54.8	60.
ab plant			7,5,5	Physical sciences	819.3	797.0	829.
Total obligations for research,		J		Environmental sciences	-318.9	405.0	404.
development, and R&D plant	16,306.2	18,302.4	18,198.4	Methematics	57.4	61.2	55. 201.
esearch and development	15,637.2	15,699.6	15,637.8	Engineering	191.4 72.2	210.6 74.3	90.
otal research	5,238.8	5,484.4	5,969.6	Other sciences	10.8	4,3	6.
Besic research	2,093.8	2,172.8	2,226.6	Applied research			
Applied research	3,145.0	3,311.7	3,743.0	Performers:			
Development . , , , , ,	10,398.4	10,215.2	9,668.3	Federal intramural	1,195.5 807.6	1,302.4 885.4	1,403. 1,004.
&D plent ,,	689.0	692.7	560,5	Research and development centers			,
esserch and development:				administered by industrial firms , , , .	40.0	40.1	39.
Performers: , ,	15,637.2	15,699.6	15,637,8	Universities and colleges	643.0	651.6	750
Federal intramurel	3,498.4	3,659.5	3,738.5	Research and development centers		,	
Industrial firms <sup>2</sup>	8,697.5	8,656.7	8,231.6	administered by universities and			
Research and development centers	.,			colleges	138.7	136.7	140.
administered by Industrial firms	427.1	424.3	432.2	Nonprofit institutions	190.6	167.0	217.
Universities and colleges <sup>2</sup>	1,536.0	1,500.3	1,648.8	Research and development centers			1
Research and development centers ad-		1	ľ	administered by nonprofit institutions	44.9	46.3	43.
ministered by universities and		1	Ì	Other domestic performers	62.9	65.5	102
colleges	722.4	724.6	730.5	Foreign	31.8	16.7	41.
Nonprofit institutions	367.4	351.4	423.3			10,,	
Research and development centers ad-	}		i	Field of science:			
ministered by nonprofit institu-				Life sciences	932.2	945.2	1,088
tions	241.5	244.7	239.3	Psychology	48.7	55.9	79.
Other domestic performers	95.8	98.7	131.4	Physical sciences	349.9	363.7	370
Foreign	51.3	39.6	64.2	Environmental sciences	231.8	238.2	292.
Research	}		]	Methemetics	58.5	62.3	76.
Performers:			ł	Engineering	1,307.4	1,407.0	1,526.
Federal intramural <sup>1</sup>	1,772.1	1,924.2	2,053.5	Sociel sciences	147.6	160.2	218.
Industrial firms	1,176.3	1,319.9	1,425.4	Other sciences	<b>68.9</b>	79.3	91.
Research and development centers				Suntana.			
edministered by industrial firms	69.9	70.5	69.0	Development			
Universities and colleges	1,408.6	1,374.7	1,502.9	Performers: Federal intramurat	1,726.4	1,735.3	1,683.
Research and development centers administered by universities and	ļ .	1	}	Industrial firms	7,521,2	7,336.8	6,806
colleges	394.0	404.3	420.0	Research and development centers	7,021.2	7,000.6	0,500
Nonprofit institutions	250.4	236.4	286.0	administered by industrial firms	367.2	353.8	363
Research and development centers	100.7	200.14		Universities and colleges	127.4	125.5	145
administered by nonprofit institu-		1	}	Research and development centers	1		1
tions	48.2	49.3	47.1	administered by universities and			
Other domestic performers	76.0	ł	114.5	colleges	328.4	320.2	310.
Foreign		26.5	51.2	Nonprofit institutions	116.9	114.9	137
•		1		Research and development centers			
Field of science:	1,501.3	1,510.9	1,685.8	administered by nonprofit			l
Psychology	103.4		140.7	institutions	193.3	195.5	192.
Physical sciences	1,169.2		1,200.0	Other domestic performers	19.6	20.2	16
Environmental sciences	550.7		896.4	Foreign	8.0	13.0	13
Mathematics	115.9	1	131,9				
Engineering	1,498.8		1.727.4	R&D Plent:			
Social sciences	219.8		309.7	Performers supported:			
Other sciences	79.8	1	97.8	Federal intramural	280.4	250.4	232
B1			<del></del>	Industrial firms	53,8	61.5	56.
Besic research Performers:	ĺ			Research and development centers administered by industrial firms	87.9	74.3	54
Faderal intramural <sup>1</sup>	576.6	621.9	650.4	Universities and colleges	61.9	54.1	44
Industrial firms	368.7		420.9	Research and development centers	61.9	54.1	
Research and development centers		J		administered by universities and			1
administered by industrial firms	29.8	30.4	29.8	colleges	176.6	181.4	153
Universities and colleges	765.6		752.0	Nonprofit institutions	4.6	3.6	1
Research and development centers	1		1	Research and development centers			1
administered by universities and		1	1	administered by nonprofit	•		1
colleges	255.4	267.6	290.0	institutions	21.2	66.9	17
Nonprofit institutions	69.6	69,4	68.1	Other domestic performers	1.6	.4	Ì
Research and development centers		1	1	Foreign	.9	.2	<u> </u>
administered by nonprofit institu-	}	1	i	1			
tions	3.3						
Other domestic performers	13.1	13.0					1
Foreign	11.6	9.8	9.8				

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Intramural activities cover costs associated with the administration of intramural and axtramural programs by Federal personnel as well as actual intramural performance.
<sup>2</sup> Research and development funds to universities and colleges are overstated and

research and development to industrial firms are understated by \$10.2 million in 1,000,00.9 million in 1970, and \$10.4 million in 1971 for DOD (Defense agencies).

SOURCE: Netional Science Foundation, Faderal Funds for Research, Development, and Other Scientific Activities, XIX.



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Table 144.—Fellowship, traineeship, and training grant programs of Federal agencies:

Expenditures and number of Participants, fiscal year 1970

[Amounts in thousands of dollars]

Agency and program	Amount expended	Number of pertici- pants	Agency end program	Amount expended	Number of pertici- pants
1	2	3	1	2	3
Department of Haelth, Education, and Welfare			Atomic Energy Commission		
Office of Education:			Faculty Institutes for college teachers	\$ 485	\$ 293
Adult education training	\$ 1,019	1,727	Faculty institutes for high school		
Civil rights education training,	8,832	55,366	teachers	36	40
College parsonnel training program	528	• • •	Graduate fellowships and traineeships	6,278	2,771
College teacher fellowships	9,766	8,603	Postdoctoral fellowships	214	22
Early childhood training		4,500			
Handicapped children teacher aducation		)	Environmental Protection Agency		
and recruitment	31,219	18,022			
Hendicapped State-grant training	3,107	31,000	Manpower development training	6,829	2,067
Improving education for low-Income	·			-,	•
children	21,500	8,000	National Aeronautics and Space		
Improving preparation of education	,		Administration		
personnel	13,026	6,288			•
Language training and area studies	16,313	•••	Graduate training grants	9,192	481
Librarian treining	7,005	1,737	Internetional fellowships	252	50
Meeting special needs of education	.,,,,,,		Summer feculty fellowships	1,807	360
personnel	7.075	1,748	Undergraduate fellowships	156	37
Netional Defense Education Act	.,,,,,	.,			•
fellowships and institutes	57,30 <del>9</del>	٠	National Foundation on the Arts and the	1	
Recruitment and training of education	5.,555		Humanities		
personnel	49,276	45,632	112		l
Research and development training	6,736	2,617	Elementary-secondary educational personnel		*
Strengthening developing institutions	27,731		treining	19	50
Teacher institutes and guidance	9,719		Junior college feculty fellowships	47	
National institutes of Health:	3,	1	Postdoctoral fellowships	711	246
Graduate fellowships	5,737	1,085		• • • •	140
Fogerty Center postdoctorel	, ,,,,,	,,,,,	National Science Foundation	}	
fellowships	740	142			
Fogerty Center scholerships	48	8	Advance science education	2,189	3.000
Heelth manpower support	307,145	90,000	Cooperative college-school sciances	4.785	6,000
Postdoctorel fellowships	44,409	2,466	Graduate fellowships and trainerships	34,381	8.000
Training grents	131,289	12,500	institutional and research participation	4.035	3,000
Heelth Services and Mental Heelth	.01,200	, ,,,,,,,,,	Postdoctorel fellowships	1,631	90
Administration:			Precollege institutes	30,453	45,000
Health manpower	134,597	4,856	Science faculty fallowships	3,014	210
Social and Rehabilitation Service:	104,007	4,000	Science recuity randwarips	3,014	210
Social and Rehabilitation Service	Į.		Contain and an impairmalan	i	
training	33,809	15,000	Smithsonian Institution		
training , ,	33,509	10,000	Woodrow Wilson Center fellowships	90	
Department of Housing and Urban Development			WOODTOW WILSON CENTER RELICOMSTITUS	30	
Urban studies fellowships	509	101			

SOURCE: Compiled by the National Center for Educational Statistics, Office of Education, U.S. Department of Heelth, Education, and Welfere, from information

obtained from the Office of Management and Budget for Special Analyses, Budget of the United States, Fiscal Year 1972.





Table 145.-Office of Education expenditures, by legislative program: Fiscal years 1960 to 1972

	:				(In thousands of dollars	of dollars]							
Legislative program	1960	1961	1962	1963	1964	1965	1966	1967	1968	1969	1970	1971,	1972'
	2	3	•	S	؈	7	80	6	5	=	12	13	41
Total	\$459,965	\$527,626	\$547,408	\$635,210	\$673,006	\$572,021	\$2,024,428	\$3,075,349	\$3,613,476	\$3,472,783	\$4,111,596	\$4,483,321	\$4,737,700
Elementary and Secondary Education Act	811	1,095	1,247	1,521	1,648	1,712	816,982	1,252,208	1,327,723	1,359,843	1,412,949	1,651,586	1,744,430
Title I. Educationally deprived children Title II. Library resources Title III. Supplementary education centers	:::	: : :	:::	:::	:::	:::	746,904 47,871 10,938	1,056,621 92,505 74,961	1,049,116 91,054 161,756	1,073,033	\$1,170,365 44,670	31,405,250 51,472	1,463,169
Title V. Strengthening State departments of selection* Title VIII. Billingual education Title VIII. Dropout prevention	118	1,095	1,247	1,521	1,648	1,712	11,269	28,121	26,297	27,463	29,247 6,192 3,704	28,336	33,475 23,151 8,845
School assistance in faderally affected areas	258,198	278,782	282,909	343,111	334,289	349,671	409,593	447,074	506,372	397,581	656,372	511,688	486,569
Maintenance and operation	174,850 83,348	207,749 71,033	226,419 56,490	276,869	283,688 50,601	311,413	353,851 55,742	399,858 47,216	470,887	374,589	620,463	479,273	460,654
Higher Education Act			:	:	÷	22,569	36,232	238,498	365,884	315,480	531,090	594,492	929,750
Title 1. University community services	:	;	;	:	:	:	3,926	14,774	9,897	8,186	10,669	603	9,475
College library resources Library resources Aconitistion and caraloging of 1 library of	::	;;	::	::	::	; ;	::	8,380 789	1381	3,005	34,063	10,010	5,723
F	: 	:	:	:	:	;	98	3,478	5.478	5,500	5,721	6,944	;
Institutions	:	:	:	:	:	i	:	4,919	22,428	26,944	151,731	33,097	34,105
Equal opportunity grants	:	:	:	:	:	;	:	50,916	103,104	91,184	314 652	323 440	575,000
education	: :	: :	:	;	;	22,669	30,634	106,263	111,812	95,058			
Student loans insurance fund	::	: :	: :		: ;	: :	: :	15 E	<b>1</b> :	49,118	2,323	133,983	211,363 6,642
Title V. Undergraduate instructional	:	:	:	:	:	:	83	12,521	16,019	19,358	18,191	26,636	29,289
Television and other equipment	:	:	:	:	;	:	;	20,523	5,415	14,553	# 368	3,120	5,303
Talent search and remedial assistance	;	:	;	:	;	;	ō	-	2,497	1097			
Upward Bound			:	:	:	:			٠	2,828	1,437	47,966	49,260
Higher Education Facilities Act	:	:	:		:	2,988	105,526	276,762	461,965	414,967	437,387	374,780	201,396
Title 1. Public community colleges and technical institutes.	;	:			-		7	00	8	1000			
Other undergraduate facilities	:	:	: ;	: :	: :	; ;	34.542	121,475	236.861	190 337	317,227	296,098	161,594
State administration and planning	:	:	;	:	:	1,288	1,675	2,115	5,066	4,885	5,961	6,145	5,499
Title II. Graduate facilities	::	: :	; ;	: :	::	: :	4220	13.978	37 970	786	: :	: :	: :
Title III. College construction loans	: :	: :	: :	:	;	1,700	50,892	81,042	91,7101	94,233	114,119	71,037	21,675
									:	:		80,	12,628

	Vocational education <sup>6</sup>	45,179	47,769	51,762	55,176	54,503	131,054	128,468	226,163	255,224	256,595	285,568	381,636	436,253
	Vocational Education Act of 1963	45,179	47,769	51,762	55,176	54,503	128,327	118,396	215,066	250,197	237,539	282.172	320,606	367,268
	<u>×</u>	;	:	:	;	•	12,727	10,072	11,097	5,027	4,099	5,322	21,144	17,411
	Innovative programs in vocational education and research	: ;	::	::		; ;	::	::	;;	::	1,357	1,593	19,039	38,441
	Transfer to Department of Labor for manpower projections and studies	•	:	:	;	:	:	:	;	:	;	:	;	;
	State advisory councils	: :	; ;	: :	: :	: :	; ;	: :	: :	: :	13,600	2,218 5,059	2,380 18,208	2,380
	Education professions development	8,683	12,750	13,893	14,237	13,969	36,679	42,147	56,407	60,217	49,655	104,671	116,219	117,528
	Preschool, elementary, and secondary teacher training programs?	8,683	12,750	13,893	14,237	13,969	36,679	42,147	55,417	58,387	42,078	72,924	76,483	71,514
	Trescinool, elementary, and s.condary training grants to States Higher education training programs	: :	: :	: :	: :	: :	: :	: :		1,884	2,085 5,492	21,500	24,219 15,517	33,957 12,057
	Public Library Services and Construction Act	6,056	6,153	6,932	7,345	7,443	26,111	40,915	57,407	62,017	62,794	52,687	50,538	34,721
1	Public library services Construction Interlibrary cooperation State institutional library service	6,056	6,153	6,932	7,345	7,443	22,376 3,735	25,000 15,915	32,563 23,923 362 345	32,391 26,615 1,096 1,175	30,722 26,897 2,131 1,959	30,146 17,527 1,671 1,951	33,281 11,724 1,951 2,182	18,520 10,700 2,007 2,127
17	Library services to physically handicapped		:		:	:	:		234	740	1,085	1,392	1,400	1,367
	Educational improvement for the handicapped	380	997	1,191	2,587	4,982	15,327	15,366	26,940	40,955	56,228	79,065	38,886	102,149
<b>6.</b> .	Education for the handicapped Teacher education and recruitment Research and innovation Captioned filters and media services Early childhood education	308	814	943	2,337	2,466 1,016 1,500	12,823 1,004 1,500	10,448	3 21,968 4,185 784	7,867 24,162 8,277 649	22,068 21,680 9,737 2,640 83	31,073 31,219 12,515 4,258	33,009 30,737 16,889 4,851 3,400	34,393 33,430 21,855 5,781 6,690
	National Defense Education Act	117,965	153,608	158,801	175,154	216,338	232,287	320,172	338,015	370,034	353,869	332,898	371,080	199,86
	Title 11. Student loans and cancellations	40,326	57,491	74,532	91,841	111,729	135,538	177,384	181,000	182,825	196,621	194,520	243,006	5,000
	Grants and loans Trie IV. College teacher fellowahips Trie V. Guidence, counseling, and testing Trie V. I annues deadnormore?	49,848 4,620 12,870	56,218 11,451 15,686	39,510 17,313 14,064	34,010 19,604 15,162	56,131 ,9,680 13,710	50,615 20,695 17,322	76,175 31,974 22,017	69,438 52,591 22,739	85,916 60,650 25,793	52,328 70,337 21,988	58,547	46,768	41,000
	Language and area centers, fellowships, and research	10,301	12,762	13,382	14,537	15,088	8,117	12,612	12,207	17,550	12,595	16,313	15,303	11,055
	Research and development	6,004	7,878	7,461	9,910	12,712	18,264	31,245	73,227	79,955	84,714	87,823	94,204	113,692
	Training and research	::	::	;;	::	::	;;	::	6,548 1,171	EEE ZEB**	4,470	6,736 1,917	526,8	3,947
1	Research and development and educational media research and dissemination!	6,004	7,878	7,461	9,910	12,712	18,264	31,245	65,508	74,790	79,954	071,67	78,659	96,857

Table 145.—Office of Education expenditures, by legislative program: Fiscal years 1960 to 1972—Continued

					[In thousands of dollars]	s of dollars]							
Legislative program	1960	1961	1962	1963	1964	1965	1966	1961	1968	1969	1970	1971	19721
•	7	ო	*	2	9	1	80	6	5	=	12	13	7.
Adult basic aducation	::	:	:	:	•	\$ 3,146	\$33,616	\$28,336	\$28,701	\$37,527	\$43,464	\$50,239	\$55,615
Civil rights activities	:	•	;	;	:	1,292	5,291	8,798	7,437	8,239	10,608	20,193	12,798
Land-grant colleges	\$ 5,062	\$ 5,052	\$10,744	\$14,500	\$14,500	14,500	14,500	14,500	14,500	14,550	21,961	12,680	2,500
Special foreign currency program-training, research, and study (grants to American institr fore overses)	:	-	<b></b>	8	85	129	 05	1,189	867	¥	7.14	1,587	2,353
Educational broadcasting facilities 11	:	:	:	;	;	;	-			2 766	4 163	Š	1020
:	;	;	:	;	;	:	•			3	3		8
Emergency school assistance	;	:	;	;	:	;	,		: :	:	:	99.853	300,000
- National Foundation of Higher Education	:	:	:	;	:	;	:	:	1	:	:	:	30,000
and evaluation, and computer services.	11,608	13,588	12,664	12,041	14,25.1	17,732	75,901	38,514	906'04	457,44	41,714	82,158	60,037
Consolidered Working Fund-net advances and reimbursements	62+	-28	-202	.382	-1 768	-1,440	-1,026	8,699	9,325	+11,877	+2,404	•	1
Expanditures from funds transferred to the Office of Education by other Federal agencies: 13		·											
Manpower Development and Training Act <sup>13</sup>	:	;	:	30,925	64.777	93.715	75.5.0	69.497	99.451	103 691	121 451	•	į
Educational television facilities Mutual axchange activities (foreign	;	:	;	:	1,962	3,130	4,663	8,222	6,737	0	0	:	:
Currency)	•	:	;	:	;	1,778	1,592	1,596	1,434	1,303	930	:	;
Training Act <sup>1</sup>	:	:	;	;	;	;	:	1,856	21,753	22.383	27.128	:	:
Cuben Refugee Program	:	551	5,195	9,155	9,603	9,479	9,302	13,765	16,990	18,377	19,488	:	:
Office of Economic Opportunity	:	:	:	:	}	26,105	25,08	1,6,803	989	2,250	38,234	:	:
Consolidated Working Fund—gross outlay	62	83	3,068	1,959	2,250	2,615	10,515	694-91	2,386	14,763	6,13	;	:

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Estimated.

This VI for education of the handicapped is not included here but is included under "Educational improvement for the handicapped."

Includes some elementary-secondary achool arganditures from expired accounts.

Includes the X, National Defense Education Act (NDEA).

Amounts for college library introovement are included under research and development.

Amounts for college library introovement are included under research and development.

Humanities Act and NDEA.

Includes assistance under the National Foundation on the Arts and the Humanities Act.

Includes sesistance under the National Foundation on the Arts and the Humanities Act.

Includes amounts for college library improvement and vocational negarch in addition to other R&D funds.

I Amounts for this activity supported with transferred funds prior to 1969.

I Amounts listed below are not included in the Office of Education expenditure totals.

Includes amounts for Area Redevelopment Ag.t.

I Includes amounts for Area Redevelopment Ag.t.

Funds transferred prior to 1967 are included in the Consolidated Working Fund.

Some OEO transfers also included in the Consolidated Working Fund.

SOURCE: Compiled by the National Center for Educational Statistics and the Office of Administration, Office of Education, U.S. Department of Health, Education, and Welfere.

Table 143 -Federal grants to State and local governments for elementary and secondary schools, by agency and by State: Fiscal year 1969

(In thousands of dollars)

State or other area	Total	Office of Education, Department of Health,	Department of	Department of the
		Education, and Welfare <sup>1</sup>	Agriculture <sup>2</sup>	interior <sup>2</sup>
11	2	3	4	5
Total	\$2,558,318	\$1,948,052	8691,243	\$18,421
Alabama ,	72,961	54,454	18,507	
Alaska	18,596	15,194	722	2,680
Arizona	32,966 41,331	22,951 31,631	4,942 9,700	5,073
Arkenses	217,979	185,427	32,229	323
Coloredo ,	32,447	25,710	6,709	28
Connecticut	22,704	16,738	5,966	
Delaware	7,433	5,932	1,501	
District of Columbia	4,210	2,6*7	1,593	
Florida	77,076	55,501	21,519	56
Georgia	86,929	62,744	24,185	}
Hawaii	15,496	12,197	3,299	
Idaho	10,414	7,725	2,248	443
Illinois	90,390 41,755	66,736 27,713	21,856 14,042	}
			10,068	114
Kansas	38,427 30,047	28,245 22,639	7,380	48
Kentucky	61,539	47,228	14,311	
Louisiana	61,791	42,489	19,302	
Maine	11,571	8.637	2,934	•••••
Maryland	45,196	36,691	8,505	
Massachusetts	55.132	40,290	14,842	
Michigan	81,404	64,114	17,290	
Minnesota	48,221 64,211	34,335 151,598	13,073 12,598	813 15
		,	<b>\</b>	1
Missouri ,,	56,951	43,964	12,987 1,553	
Montana	12,452 17,529	10,243 12,730	4,517	656 282
Nevada	5,154	4,198	706	250
New Hampshire	6,476	4,675	1,601	
New Jersey	53,320	43,641	9,679	
New Mexico	28,963	20,715	4,684	3,564
New York	139,278	99,654	39,624	•••••
North Carolina	105,809	79,604	26,169	36
North Dekote	11,558	8,697	2,389	472
Ohia	90,794	66,204	24,590	
Oklahoma	44,939	34,878	8,941	1.120
Oregon	21,186	15,992	5,166 28,738	28
Pennsylvania	118,940 9,864	90,202 8,369	1,505	
South Carolina	56,367	42,342	14,025	
South Dakota	16,635	12,896	2,322	1,417
Tennessee	65,031	47,482	17,549	
Texas	162,582	131,815	30,767	
Uteh	16,498	11,383	4,930	185
Vermont	4,342	3,181	1,161	
Virginia	85,954	68,729	17,225	
Washington	36,592 29,594	28,472	7,479	641
West Virginia	39,212	22,377 27,231	7,217 11,981	1
Wyoming	5,021	4,073	922	26
Other	47,051	33,380	13,519	152

Includes Elementary and Secondary Education Act, National Defense Education Act, humanitias education, aid to federally affected areas, vocational education, educational improvement for the handicapped, Tascher Corps, and civil rights education.

Includes amounts for cash and commodity distributions for public and private school food services.

SOURCE: Data from the 1969 Report of the Secretary of the Treasury, supplemented by Department of Agriculture tabu-lations for food services.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> includes Indian education and welfare services (\$18,286,590) and resources management (\$2,134,665).

Table 147.—Federal obligations to universities and colleges, by agency and by State: Fiscal year 1969<sup>1</sup>

[In thousands of dollars]

					Departmen	t or agency				
State or other aree	Total	Agriculture	Atomic Energy Commission	Commerce	Defense	Health, Education, and Welfara	Interior	Nat iial Aaronautics end Space Administration	National Science Foundation	Other <sup>2</sup>
1	2	3	4	8	6	7	8	9	10	11
Total	84,370,212	\$165,932	9001,784	84,003	8422,103	\$2,317,036	\$24,324	\$287,844	\$395,383	801,803
Alabame ,	45,023	4,842	103		1,105	34,530	324	1,106	1,349	1,664
Aleska	9,415	781	271	67	3,678	1,581	163	712	1,824	338
Arizona	28,992	1,538	583	}	3,278	13,364	334	1,452	6,845	1,600
Arkanses	20,582	3,988	177	75	27	14,745	130	165	654	621
California	372,6 <b>99</b>	5,060	17,061	58	34,121	223,832	2,005	24,693	56,296	9,583
Coloredo	53,427	1,956	1,271	746	3,766	33,123	1,130	3,172	6,868	1,593
Connecticut	57,316	899	3,908		2,591	39,841	207	814	6,972	2,064
Delawere	6,934	791	65		948	4,181	133	28	723	65
District of Columbia	70,276	111	297	78	4,757	60,130	66	1,225	2,667	945
Floride	72,937	2,361	1,649	205	6,960	46,497	1,030	1,176	11.485	1,354
Georgia	55,653	5,192	1,151	215	2,213	39,008	621	1.287	4,030	1,936
Hawaii	17,721	928	517	70	2,356	10,544	128	1,009	1,849	320
Idaho	6,770	1,445	40	17	178	4,164	139		616	171
lilinois	170,250	4,636	10,733	152	20,442	104,152	838	3,786	21,973	3,538
Indiana	77,141	4,374	3,823	10	4,791	50,593	347	1,189	11.226	788
lows	49,260	4,303	280		2,811	34,789	249	1.818	4.187	832
Kansas	40,331	2,800	1,077		1,047	29,464	184	560	4.180	1,019
Kentucky	37,546	5,598	257	145	2,138	26,072	140	245	1,434	1,517
Louisiana	45,790	3,417	332	78	1,058	35,521	268	568	3.669	957
meine	6,961	1,360	· •	/°	62	4,066	125		770	498
Meryland	77,701	1,861	4,768	103	5,643	55,895	321	2,774	5,899	637
Massachusetts	273,401	1,651	13,451	216	55,629	131,047	991	39,531	24,178	6,707
Michigan	142,358	4,612	5,588	173	12,673	96,893	1,174	3,335	14,512	4,498
Minnesota	65,190	3,964	1,849	45	2,916	47,036	334	2,367	5.458	1,201
Mississippi	29,982	4,972	38	123	507	21,772	133	381	1,363	693
Missouri	78,551	4,498	718		3,860	59,561	144	615	7,531	1,624
Montana	10,154	1,545	96	65	178	6,520	500	23	737	490
Nebraska	22,113	2,601	\$5		70	17,038	77		1,746	498
Nevada	4,497	762	244	. 22	239	1,809	717	135	404	165
New Hampshire	12,701	917	52	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	461	7,924	141	1,687	1,417	102
New Jersey	93,500	1,664	3,718	50	4,875	66,338	325	4,471	10,530	1,529
New Mexico	25,282	1,402	122	54	6,307	11,627	547	2,383	1,887	953
New York	362,214	4,645	17,271	200	24,297	262,261	1,633	5.712	40,276	5,919
North Carolina	101,639 9,995	7,049 1,806	2,63 <b>8</b> 45	136	5,539	74,311 5,939	471	1,359	7,828	2,308
NOTH DEROES	0,550	1,800			1,185	0,939	103	13	726	178
Ohio	121,837	5,135	2,555		9,328	90,651	436	1,574	9,835	2.323
Oklahome	30,469	3,299	152	261	1,488	20,145	247	383	3,521	973
Oregon	45,153	2,084	1,132	15	2,166	31,068	952	220	6,190	1,326
Pennsylvania Rhode Island	171,567 15,721	5,297 775	6,030 591	28	12,478 3,284	115,966 6,049	641 158	3,855 181	23,169 3,820	4,103 863
	1		į.	[						1
South Carolina	21,482 9,263	3,557	151		737	14,918	164	60	1,562	333
South Dekota	64,477	1,732 4,752	55 2,1 <b>9</b> 1		113	4,719	864	18	1,271	491
Texas	133,486	7,788	2,980	111	2,256 11,187	50,020 90,699	122 951	640 5,552	3,310	1.197 2.588
Utah	35,397	1,398	1,173	30	5,203	22,164	718	382	11.650 2,997	1,312
						1	i		,	,,,,,,,,,
Vermont	13,675	1,071	75		462	11,394	71	144	458	
Virginia	42,184	4,212	533		2,108	27,927	231	1,279	5,018	877
Washington	73,069	2,472	2,948		2,964	53,604	1,170	629	8,432	870
Wisconsin	18,117 77,461	2,664 4,096	7 3,445	372	658	12,828	254	251	562	893
Wyoming	5,749	1,022	106	26	1,62 <b>8</b> 10	51,654 2,360	530 580	1,837 315	9,742 1,220	4,158 110
Other	19,902	4,232	2,448		61	12,226	63	115	296	461
	l	1	1	1	l	Ī	1		l	1
research & develop- ment centers	916,872		500,752	67	143,365	i	l		ł	

Dollars reflect actual obligations of 12 Federal agencies during the flacal year, regardless of when funds were spent by a recipient institution. Excludes repayable loans to students and institutions as well as amounts for Federal employee training.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Includes the Office of Economic Opportunity and the Departments of Housing and Urban Development, Labor, and Transportation.

SOURCE: National Science Foundation, Federal Support to Universities, Colleges, and Selected Nonprofit Institutions, Fiscal Year 1969.

Table 148.—Federal grants to State and local governments administered by the Office of Education, by program and by State: Fiscal year 1970 (In thousands of dollars)

			Elementary-sacor	dary aduca	iian programi	·	Manpower			
State or other erea	Total	Total	Elementary and Secondary and National Defense Edu- cation Acts!	Aid to federally affected areas	Vocational education	Other elementary secondary programs <sup>2</sup>	Development and Training Act	Higher education <sup>2</sup>	Librarias and commus ty services <sup>4</sup>	Other
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
							<del> </del>	<del> </del>		
Total	\$2,964,327	\$2,473,588	\$1,471,172	\$651,315	\$298,738	\$62,363	\$121,060	\$262,017	\$100,768	\$26,90
Alabama	82,980	69,986	48,977	11,533	8,418	1,058	3,342	4,618	2 390	2,64
Alaska	22,150	19,920 28,340	2,038	16,903	815	164	662	1,074	478	.!
	33,242		11,907	14,461	1,690	282	914	2,775	1,003	21
Arkansas	36,995 271,890	33,727	26,382	4,029	2,653	663	/32	1,127	1.373	33
zentornie	271,090	235,211	106,062	101,672	22,562	4,915	9,649	20,413	6,284	33
Calareda	37,777	29.742	13.030	187,د	1.023	502	3,142	3,938	925	3
Connecticut	28,135	21,510	12,775	4,518	3,346	871	765	3,812	1,380	66
Delaware	10,365	8,405	4,637	2,111	1,619	348	341	755	862	1
District of Columbia	77,628	30,300	20,338	8,645	712	606	8,709	37,131	1,261	22
Florida	97.903	84,742	48,129	23,720	10,622	2,271	3,135	6,536	3,307	18
							]		_,_,	
Georgia	84.033	75,100	45,135	20,489	8,297	1,179	863	4,209	2,648	1,21
Hawaii	22,877	20,983	3,525	15,631	1,595	232	332	762	733	6
daho	11,038	8,540	4,422	2,893	1,109	116	535	1,318	626	11
Ilinais	114,269	98 056	61,052	17,673	17,3:3	1,963	3,831	8,936	3,267	179
ndiene	53,849	41,228	22,379	3,946	13,885	1,018	3,123	374	2,489	30
	24.400	25.430	40.466	0.077	4.070					
ows	31,188	25,170	19,466	2,977	1,976	751	460	3,585	1,930	4
Censes	37,856	30,566	13.664	10,536	5,988	382	2,813	2,990	1,453	3
Kentucky	62,601 60,270	53,989 50,276	37,155	8,842	6,936	1,056	606	3,424	1,899	2,68
Maine	11,649	8,699	37,121 3,366	5,600 3,249	6,643 1,869	912 215	653 454	6,458 1,747	2,863 731	18
	1,	0,000	0,200	0,240			1	1,,,,,,	/3.	
Marylend	74,386	64,620	22,637	33,819	7,312	852	3,923	2,931	1,658	1,254
Massachusetts	59,750	46,043	22,555	15,959	6,254	1,275	4,272	6,973	1,984	478
flichigan	79,832	62,856	40,712	5,319	14,737	2,088	5,033	8,438	3,195	310
Minnesota	40,097	30,509	22,567	4,003	2,678	1,261	2,929	4,615	1,686	356
Mississippi	56,810	40,049	35,490	5,801	6,107	651	3,292	2,727	1,499	1,243
Aissouri	50,685	38,315	25,164	10,446	1,542	1,163	3.908		2 24 7	540
Montana	11,945	9,214	3,940	4,909	249	116	773	5,605 1,317	2,317	
Nabraska	13,269	9.653	3,241	6,151	74	187	227	2,701	596 688	48
Nevede	9,476	£,150	1,603	5,775	612	160	165	610	554	
New Hampshire	8,891	6,376	3,133	2,283	848	112	283	1,556	568	1
						i		ļ		1
New Jersey	68,593	55,370	32,243	10,768	11,078	1,281	4,413	5,974	2,783	53
New Mexico	32,852	29,623	11,614	14,318	2,663	1,028	358	1,782	1,066	23
lew York	255,691	221,307	178,616	22,974	15,941	3,776	9,258	16,320	7,528	1,278
North Carolina	99,099	85,443	59,936	13,728	10,334	1,445	2,963	6,187	2,905	1,601
North Dakota	12,688	11,065	6,185	4,605	93	182	61	826	718	18
Ohia	103,812	81,220	53,730	12,377	12,806	2,307	6,853	11,038	3,692	1,009
Oktahoma	46,276	37,226	19,472	13,734	3,116	904	2,815	4,526	1,662	47
Oragon	21,725	17,091	10,291	3,287	2,874	639	396	3,264	853	121
Pennsylvania	117,990	99,025	68,713	10,643	16,967	2,702	5,716	7,439	4,566	1,244
Rhode Island	13,200	10,920	4,859	4,646	1,265	150	88	1,368	786	36
					,,			,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		1
outh Carolina	56,900	62,165	33,261	10,520	7,694	690	580	1,074	1,904	1,177
South Dakota	14,436	12,511	6,625	4,411	1,244	231	185	655	1,067	18
ennessee	68,144	68,624	38,699	8,749	9,588	1,588	2,£39	3,062	2,376	1,153
Texas	170,348	148,788	94,910	40,378	10,446	3,054	651	14,181	6,653	75
Jieh	19,215	15,653	3,852	10,484	1,157	160	366	2,589	612	16
/ermont	5,755	3,890	3,048	221	578	43	247	1,089	509	20
/irginia	103,637	91,023	34,468	45,403	9,623	1,529	3,555	4,141	2,151	2,767
Vashington	46,781	37,907	17,005	14,224	5,594	1,084	3,695	3,929	1,237	13
Vest Virginia	29,831	23,013	19,050	610	2,720	633	825	2,556	1,190	2,247
Visconsin	42,273	31,508	21,828	2,324	6.600	756	3,774	5,343	1,618	30
Vyaming	6,748	5,216	2,303	2,158	650	105	192	713	640	13
Outlying arees	39,160	35,478	23,978	7,919	3,177	404	926	1,355	1,401	
		,			}		}	1		j
diustments or undistributed	15,345	11,248	3,882	3,757	2,995	614	326	2,485	206	1,080



Includes alamentary-secondary school assistance under the Elamentary and Secondary Education, National Defense Education, and Arts and Humanities Acts.
 Includes Teacher Corps (\$18,191,272), educational improvement for the handicapped (\$31,072,029), and civil rights education (\$3,099,324).
 Includes education professions development (\$67,701,219), land-grant collage assistance (\$2,600,000), and higher education ficilities assistance (\$191,716,060).
 Includes public library and community services, adult basic education, educational T.V. and redio facilities, and public library construction.

Includes civil defense education (\$3,662,807), public works and aconomic development (\$2,960,408), and Appelachia (\$20,279,455).

NOTE.-Bacsuse of rounding, detail may not add to totals.

SOURCE: Compiled by the National Center for Educational Statistics, Office of Education, U.S. Department of Health, Education, and Walfare.

## Table 149.—Office of Education funds obligated for instructional materials and equipment, by program: Fiscal year 1970

#### [In thousands of dollars]

		I	nstructional materi	els		ctional ement
Program	Total		and pub- naterials	Audio-	Audio	Other
		Books	Other	materials	visual	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Total	\$280,\$56	\$48,870	\$91,144	831,704	\$30,393	\$68,945
Elementary and secondary education activities: Assistance for educationally deprived children (Elementary and Secondary Education Act						
title I)	118,000	8,000	68,000	10,000	12,000	20,000
Secondary Education Act title II)	35,390	23,590	1,180	10,620		
title (1)) Instructional assistance (National Defense	8.253	(1)	2,390	1.957	3,906	
Education Act title (III)	31,456	(')	5,136	3,850	22,470	(2)
Expension and improvement of vocational education ,	62,575	5,630	8,900	128	117	47,800
Library and community services:	1					
Public library services	7.518	5.600	233	833	285	565
Adult basic aducation	4,820	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	4,245	8	17	550
programs (Higher Education Act title I)	9,900	6,732	300 495	100 2.673		.10
Educational improvement for the handicapped:		1	1			1
Teacher education	295	80	60	90	56	10
Research and demonstration	153	8	75	20	40	10
media services , , , , , , , , , , ,	2.079	24	130	1,425	500	

Funds for books cannot be distinguished and are included in column 4.

SOURCE: Special tabulation by the Office of Management Information, Office of Education, U.S. Department of Health, Education, and Welfara.



Funds for other equipment cannot be distinguished and are included with audiovisual aquipment.

# Chapter V

### Selected Statistics Related to Education in the United States

This chapter consists of a collection of miscellaneous tables which do not fit readily into one of the other chapters. They were selected because they are closely related to education in the United States and are of general interest. They are arranged in five major categories: (1) Employment status and job opportunities of persons completing educational programs and of school dropouts, (2) international education, (3) library statistics, (4) research and development, and (5) equal educational opportunity,

Included in the first group of tables are data from the Bureau of Labor Statistics on the labor force status and employment of recent high school graduates and dropouts. Other tables provide information from the College Placement Council on the salaries offered candidates for bachelor's, master's, and doctor's degrees.

The section on international education contains data from the Institute of International Education on American college students and college faculty abroad and on foreign students enrolled in American institutions of higher education. Also included is a table showing Office of Education data on the enrollment of foreign students in each State in the fall of 1968. Two other tables provide statistics from the United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization (UNESCO) on population and school enrollment for the world, the continents, and selected countries. The figures in these latter tables show general magnitudes only, but they are suitable for making rough comparisons among countries. The

enrollment estimates were prepared in a variety of ways and for different years, and the enrollment groupings by level are not strictly comparable from one country to another.

The third group of tables contains Office of Education statistics on public libraries, college and university libraries, and special libraries serving the Federal Government. There is a table from the American Medical Association on health sciences libraries. Also included in this section are data from *Publisher's Weekly* and the *Library Journal* on trends in the prices of books and periodicals.

The fourth group of tables relates to the general area of research and development. Included is a table showing the number and median salary of scientists on the National Register of Scientific and Technical Personnel by field and by type of employer. Another table contains Office of Education estimates of expenditures for educational research. Other tables, utilizing data obtained from the National Science Foundation, show the amounts and sources of funds used for research and development. Statistics on Federal funds for research and development are not included in this section but may be found in chapter IV.

The final group of tables was derived from the Commissioner's report on *Equality of Educational Opportunity*, released by the Office of Education in 1966, and from a recent press release distributed by the Office of the Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare.





Table 150.—College enrollment and labor force status of 1970 high school graduates, by sex, color, and marital status of women: United States, October 1970

[Numbers in thousands]

					Civilian labor	force		
ltem	Civilla institu popu	itional		As percent		L	Jnemplayed	Not in
	Number	Percent	Number	of population	Employed	Number	As percent of civilian lubor force	force
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Both sexes								
Total	2,757	100.0	1,538	55.7	1,268	268	17.4_	1,221
White	2,461 296	89.3 10.7	1,384 152	56.2 51.4	1,165 103	219 49	15.8 32.2	1,077 144
Enrolled in college	1,427 1,351 76	51.8 49.0 2.8	509 452 57	35.7 33.5 75.0	427 376 51	82 76 6	16.1 16.8 (¹)	918 899 19
Not enrolled in college	1,330	48.2	1,027	77.2	841	186	18.1	303
Man								
Total	1,343	100.0	787	5P.6	676	111	14.1	556
Enralfed in callege	741 602	55.2 44.8	261 526	35.2 87.4	218 458	43 68	16.5 12.9	480 76
Women			l	ļ.				}
Total	1,414	100.0	749	53.0_	592	157	21.0	665
Enrolled in college	686 728	48.5 51.5	248 501	36.2 68.8	209 383	39 118	15.7 23.6	438 227
Single	582 146	41.2 10.3	441 60	75.8 41.1	334 49	107 11	24.3 (¹)	141 86

<sup>1</sup> Percent not shown where base is less than 75,000. <sup>2</sup> Includes widowed, divorced, and separated women.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, Monthly Labor Review, May 1971.

NOTE.-Data are for the civilian noninstitutional population 16 to 24 years of age. Because of rounding, detail may not add to totals.

Table 151.—Employment status of 1970 high school graduates not enrolled in college and of 1969-70 school dropouts, by sex, color, and marital status of women: United Strites, October 1970

#### [Numbers in thousands]

				ibers in thousar					
	stitut	nonin- tional lation			Civilian (abo			Not in	lebor force
Item			_	]		L	Inemplayed		
	Number	Percent	Number	as percent of population	Employed	Number	As percent of civilian labor force	Total	In special schools
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
1970 high school graduates not enrolled in college									
Total	1,330	100.0	1,027	77.2	841	186	18.1	303	99
Men	602	45.3	526	87.A	458	68	12.9	76	26
Women	728	54.7	501	68.8	383	118	23.6	227	73
Single	582	43.8	441	75.8	334	107	24.3	141	(4)
Married and other marital status <sup>2</sup>	146	11.0	60	41.1	49	11	(°)	86	(+)
Whire	1.177	88.5	922	78.3	772	150	16.3	255	86
Negi- and other races	153	11.5	105	68,6	69	36	34.3	48	13
1969-70 school dropouts <sup>4</sup>									
Total*	712	100.0	427	60.0	318	109	25.5	285	24
Men	370	52.0	292	78.9	209	83	28.4	78	13
Wamen	342	48.0	135	39.5	109	26	19.3	207	111
Single	222	31.2	109	49.1	89	20	18.3	113	11
Married and other marital status <sup>2</sup>	120	16.9	26	21.7	20	6	(2)	94	
White	545	76.5	339	62.2	264	75	22.1	206	20
Negro and other reces	167	23.5	88	52.7	54	24	38.6	79	-4

NOTE,-Oata are for the civilian noninstitutional population 16 to 24 years of

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, Monthly Labor Review, May 1971.



<sup>Date not available.
Includes widowed, divorced, and separated women.
Percent not shown where base is less than 75,000.
Includes persons who drapped out of school between October 1969 and October 1969.</sup> 1970.

fin addition, 94,000 persons 14 and 15 years old dropped out of school.

Table 152.—Major occupation groups of employed high school graduates not enrolled in college, by year of high school graduation, and of school dropouts, by year last attended school, by sex: United States, October 1970

(Percentage distribution of persons 16 to 24 years of age)

Major occupation group and sex		Graduates of-		Ore	opouts last attend school—	ded
	1968	1969	1970	1968	1969	1970
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Men						
All occupation groups: Number (thousands)	483	460	458	206	176	99
Percent	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Professional, technical, and kindred workers	7.7	2.6	2.8	1.9	1.7	1.0
Managers, officials, and proprietors, except farm	4.4	3.0	1.5	1.4	3.4	1.0
Clerical and kindred workers	10.8	9.8	9.4	2.9	6.2	6.1
Sales workers	6.0	5.9	4.6		2.8	5.1
Craftsmen, foremen, and kindred workers	15.0	16.7	12.5	15.5	11.9	11.2
Operatives and kindred workers	33.3	40.9	31.7	33.8	42.4	27.6
Laborers, except farmand mine	12.7	13.7	25.2	26.6	15.8	24.5
Private household workers	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	• • •	• • • •			
Service workers, except private household	6.0	2.2	5.7	8.2	9.6	11,2
Farmers and farm managers	.8	.4	.2		.6	
Farm laborers and foremen	3.3	4.8	6.3	9.7	5.6	12.2
Women						
All occupation groups: Number (thousands)	709	513	383	90		69
Percent	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	(¹)
Professional, technical, and kindred workers	5.8	2.7	2.9	4.5	••-	
Managers, officials, and proprietors, except farm	2.0	1.8	.3	- • •	• • • •	• • • •
Clerical and kindred workers	59.4	56.5	48.8	21.3	20.0	
Sales workers	6.8	5.3	9.4	5.6	11.1	
Craftsmen, foremen, and kindred workers	.4	• - •	.8		3.3	
Operatives and kindred workers	8.3	10.7	16.5	25.8	30.0	
Leborers, except farm and mine	.3	1.8	.3	1.1	1,1	
Private household workers	2.4	4.3	5.5	4.5	10.0	
Service workers, except private household	14.6	16.4	15.0	28.1	21.1	• • • •
Farmers and farm managers		• • •	•••			• • • •
Farm laborers and foremen		.6	.5	9.0	3.3	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Percent not shown where base is less than 75,000.

NOTE.-Because of rounding, detail may not add to totals.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Labor, 8ureau of Labor Statistics, "Special Labor Force Report No. 131."

Table 153.--Average monthly salary offers to male candidates for the bachelor's degree, by field of study: United States, 1960-61 to 1970-71

	İ						Percentag	e increase
Field of study	1960-61	1962-63	1964-65	1966-67	1968-69	1970-71	1960-61 to 1970-71	1968-69 to 1970-71
11	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Business and commerce:					_			
Accounting	\$475	\$527	\$553	\$637	\$761	\$846	78.1	11.2
Business-general (including management)	444	483	530	613	687	716	61.3	4.2
Aeroneuticel	556	606	845	724	811	860	54.7	6.0
Chemical	541	588	842	733	849	920	70.1	8.4
Civil	514	569	618	706	797	850	65.4	6.6
Electrical	556	607	641	728	826	877	57.7	6.2
Industrial	523	577	625	707	802	866	65.6	8.0
Machanical	542	592	635	720	820	881	62.5	7.4
Matellurgical	(1)	(4)	630	710	811	888	(1)	9.5
Humanities and social sciences	<sup>1</sup> 440	479	512	589	667	699	58.9	4.8
Marketing and distribution	431	465	516	588	669	693	60.8	3.6
Sciences:						""		0.0
Agricultural sciences	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	686	700	(1)	2.0
Chemistry, mathematics, and physics	537	573	609	691	784	794	47.9	1.3
Chemistry	(')	559	605	689	775	795	(2)	2.6
Mathematics	(1)	565	596	684	779	787	įιj	1.0
Physics	(1)	595	636	712	803	826	(i)	2.9

NOTE.—Data are based on information supplied by more than 100 participating colleges and universities throughout the country.

SOURCE: College Placement Council Salary Survey. A Study of 1966-67 Beginning Offers, and A Study of 1970-71 Beginning Offers by Business and Industry. (Copyright 1967 and 1971, respectively, by the College Placement Council, Inc., Bethlehem, Pa. All rights reserved.)



Data not available.
 Includes biological sciences.

Table 154.—Average monthly salary offers to male candidates for master's and doctor's degrees, by field of study:
United States, 1968-69 to 1970-71

		100 012101, 1	000-00 10 1	<i>51</i> <b>0</b> -7 1				
		Master	s degree <sup>1</sup>			Docto	r's degree	
Field of study	1968-69	1969-70	1970-71	Percentage change, 1968-69 to 1970-71	1968-69	1969-70	1970-71	Percentage change, 1968-69 to 1970-71
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Business administration, industrial management, or commerce: After nontechnical undergraduate degree	\$962 1,027	\$1,044 1,112	\$1,044 1,111	8.5 8.2	(² ) (² )	(²) (²)	( <sup>2</sup> )	( <sup>2</sup> )
Engineering: Chemical Civil Electrical Industrial Mechanical	977 901 967 946 954	1,036 960 1,015 1,014 1,008	1,054 978 1,018 1,004 1,019	7.9 8.5 5.3 6.1 6.8	\$1,319 1,234 1,379 ( <sup>1</sup> ) 1,309	\$1,375 1,236 1,429 ( <sup>2</sup> ) 1,370	\$1,395 1,102 1,388 ( <sup>3</sup> ) 1,278	5.8 -10.7 .7 ( <sup>1</sup> )
Sciences: Agricultural sciences Chemistry Mathematics Physics	836 922 930 933	872 978 959 985	877 949 937 929	4.9 2.9 .8	(1) 1,242 1,278 1,285	( <sup>1</sup> ) 1,278 1,421 1,309	( <sup>2</sup> ) 1,259 1,448 1,315	( <sup>2</sup> ) 1.4 13.3 2.3

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Data are for men with 1 year or less of full-time, nonmilitary employment. <sup>2</sup> Data not available.

NOTE.—Data are based on information supplied by more than 100 participating colleges and universities throughout the country.

SOURCE: College Placement Council Salary Survey, A Study of 1970-71 Beginning Offers by Business and Industry. (Copyright 1971 by the College Placement Council, Inc., Bethlehem, Pa. All rights reserved.)

Table 155.--United States college faculty abroad, by country and by field of interest: 1969-70

Country and field of interest	College abro	
	Number	Percent
1	2	3
Total	5,310	100.0
Country:		
United Kingdom	726	13.7
France	308	5.8
Germany, Federal Republic of	302	5.7
India	276	5.2
Italy	229	4.3
Mexico	126	2.4
Spain	118	2.2
Japan	116	2.2
Israel	114	2.1
Brazil	100	1.9
Switzerland	97	1,8
Colombia	92	1.7
Austria	83	1.6
Australia	76	1.4
Canada	70	1.3
Other countries	2,477	46.6
field of interest:		
.Humanities	1,536	28.9
Social sciences	1,216	22.9
Physical and life sciences	997	18.8
Education	394	7.4
Engineering	325	6.1
Agriculture	324	6.1
Medical sciences	279	5.3
Business administration	124	2.3
Other or field unknown	115	2.2

NOTE.—Because of rounding, percentages may not add to 100.0.

SOURCE: Institute of International Education, New York, Open Doors 1970.

Table 156.—United States college students abroad, by country and by field of study: 1968-69

Country and field of study	College students abroed			
	Number	Percent		
1	2	3		
Total	25,117	100.0		
Country:				
Canada	4,912	19.6		
Mexico	2,975	11.8		
United Kingdom	2,542	10.1		
Germany, Federal Republic of	2,161	8.6		
France	2,064	8.2		
Spain ,	1,565	6.2		
Italy	1,568	6.2		
Philippines	1,185	4.7		
Japan ,	909	3.6		
Israel	891	3.5		
Belgium	659	2.6		
Switzerland	523	2.1		
Colombia	478	1.9		
Vatican City State	471	1.9		
Sweden	396	1.6		
Other countries	1,828	7.3		
Field of study:				
Humanities	9,297	37.0		
Social sciences , , ,	3,609	14.4		
Medical sciences,	3,511	14.0		
Physical and life sciences	1,341	5.3		
Business administration,,,	650	2.6		
Engineering	464	1.8		
Education	366	1.5		
Agriculture	104	4		
Other fields , , ,	5,775	23.0		

NOTE.—Because of rounding, percentages may not add to 100.0.

SOURCE: Institute of International Education, New York, Open Doors 1970.

Table 157.—Enrollment of foreign students in institutions of higher education, by level and by State: Fall 1968

State	All foreign students annolled	Undergradueta students			First-professional students			Graduate students		
<del></del>	anioned	Total	Men	Women	Total	Men	Women	Totel	Men	Women
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
United States	100,159	58,376	41,271	17,106	3,373	2,984	389	48,410	37,564	8,845
Alabama	473	264	179	75	33	33		186	153	33
Allecka	54	50	34	16				14	14	
Arizona	1,103	787	581	206	!	1 1		315	276	39
Arkansas	299 16,404	226 10,290	160 7,223	3,067	312	270	42	72 5,802	61 4,757	1,045
Colorado	4.540			1		[	( •	•	1	
Colorado	1,549 1,215	1,019 417	735 292	284 125	15	13	2	515	416	99
Delaware	278	111	78	33	75	67	8	723 167	588 136	135
District of Columbia	3.406	1,993	1,364	639	168	144	24	1,245	904	341
Florida	1,820	1,314	976	338	3	3		503	414	89
Georgia	786	388	293	95	200	21	_		200	١
Hawaii	1,251	717	462	255	26	21	5.	372 534	338	34
Idaho	464	379	248	131	''i		:::	84	387 75	147
Illinois	6,073	2.401	1.754	647	566	489	67	3,116	2,573	9 543
Indiana	3,475	1,494	951	643	94	79	15	1,887	1,428	459
lowa	1,557	695	460	235	59	56	3	803	F40	400
Kansas	1,717	906	544	261	4	D0		808	640 656	163
Kentucky	753	442	281	161	43	39	1 4	268	202	152 66
Louisiana	1,345	823	638	185	168	132	26	364	286	78
Meine	233	190	139	51	1	1		42	37	5
Maryland	1,694	978	661	317	20	19	, ,	696	566	130
Massachusetts	6,106	2.443	1,475	968	570	528	42	3,093	2,422	671
Michigan,	5,985	3.478	2,744	734	169	141	28	2,338	1,879	459
Minnesota	2,051	915	598	317	35	31	4	1,101	864	237
Mississippi	462	217	171	46	1		1 1	244	213	31
Missouri	2,576	1.293	896	397	57	53	4	1,226	967	259
Montana	421	288	245	43	3	3		130	100	30
Nebraska	463	319	203	116	5	5		139	113	26
Nevada	102 399	62 250	51 196	11 54	38	38		40 111	34 100	6
		250			36	J. 30		,,,,	100	11
New Jersey	1.662	715	509	. 206	32	26	6	915	855	60
New Mexico	533	307	267	40			} ···	226	200	26
New York	11,821	5,524	3,764	1,770	241	229	12	6,068	4,807	1,249
North Carolina	1,687 687	726 451	518 364	208	20	16	4	841	698	143
	۰ ۵۰,	401	304	87	•	1 4	• • • •	232	205	27
Dhio	3,538	2,063	1,427	636	179	138	43	1,296	1,058	238
Dklahoma	1,580	1,044	885	159	37	35	2	499	437	62
Oregon	1,802	1,171	825	346	23	22	1 1	608	485	123
Pennsylvania	4.301 498	1,857 201	1,257 139	600 62	177	158	19	2,267 297	1,829 249	438 48
				i			] ''' ]		440	ŀ
South Carolina	361	188	144	44	7	7		186	141	25
South Dakota	250	140	110	30	11	11		99	89	10
Tennasies	1,375	768	619	149	35	28	( <u>?</u> (	572	457	115
Texas	4,676 1,797	2,942 1,192	2,208 772	736 420	79 	71	8	1,655 605	1,373 509	282 96
	, , ,	•	ł	1			ĺ			1
Varmont	279	203	119	84	•••		:	76	50	17
Virginia	705 2,615	419 1,656	255 1,116	164 540	31	28	3	255	225	30
Washington	2,015 413	1,056	1,116	540 51	12 5	11	!!	947	742	205
Visconsin	2.769	1,243	905	338	27	24	1 1	173 1,499	150 1,215	23 284
My oming	247	143	124	19	5	2	3	99	93	284
U.S. Service Schools	139	50	50					89	89	
		1,594		1						

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Health, Education, and Welfers, Office of Education, Residence and Migration of College Students, Fall 1968.



### Foreign Students Enrolled In American Institutions Of Higher Education

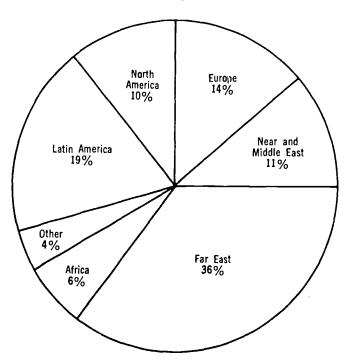
Nearly 135,000 foreign students were enrolled in American institutions of higher education in 1969-70, according to *Open Doors* 1970, a publication of the Institute of International Education. This is a gain of 11 percent over 1968-69 and an all-time high. Fifteen years ago, the institute in its first edition of *Open Doors* reported only 34,000 foreign students in this country.

In 1969-70, the 134,959 foreign students represented 176 countries. More than 5,000 students came from each of the following countries: Canada, India, Republic of China, Hong Kong, and Iran. The accompanying chart shows the percentage distribution of the foreign students by area of origin. As in previous years, the largest proportion of the foreign students were from the Far East.

The foreign students attended 1,734 institutions of higher education located in all 50 States, the District of Columbia, Guam, Puerto Rico, and the Virgin Islands. Fifty percent of the students were enrolled in institutions in six States: California, New York, Illinois, Florida, Michigan, and Massachusetts.

The fields of study selected by the foreign students were engineering, which was the choice of 22 percent;

Figure 11. Percentage distribution of foreign students enrolled in American institutions of higher education, by area of origin: 1969-70



Source: Institute of International Education, 809 United Nations Plaza, New York, N.Y., Open Doors 1970.

humanities, 20 percent; physical and life sciences, 16 percent; social sciences, 13 percent; business administration, 12 percent; education, six percent; medical sciences, four percent; agriculture, three percent; and other or not specified, four percent.

Undergraduates outnumbered graduates by a small margin in the for-

eign student population. Forty-seven percent of the students were undergraduates; 44 percent were graduates. Six percent were classified as special students, and the academic level of the remaining three percent is unknown.

—NEVA A. CARLSON, specialist in educational statistics



Table 158.-Number of foreign students enrolled in American institutions of higher education, by area of origin: 1948-49 to 1969-70

1949-50 1950-51 1951-52 1952-53 1952-53 1953-54 1954-55 1956-56 1956-57 1957-58 1958-59 1959-60	2 25,464 26,433 29,813 30,462 33,675 33,833 34,232 36,494 40,666 43,391	3 11,070 10,444 10,962 11,034 12,258 13,297 13,160 13,516 14,554	4 14,065 15,574 17,157 17,220 7,856 6,171 5,196 5,502 5,996	5 888 904 1,027 1,072 1,081 1,163 1,234 1,231 1,424	8,218 8,313 9,411 9,737 211,547 212,766 214,254 215,884	7 <sup>2</sup> 845 <sup>2</sup> 938 <sup>2</sup> 1,110 <sup>2</sup> 1,215 316 354 337 353	8 260 146 184 1617
1949-50 1950-51 1951-52 1952-53 1952-53 1953-54 1954-55 1956-56 1956-57 1957-58 1958-59 1959-60	26,433 29,813 30,462 33,675 33,833 34,232 36,494 40,666	10,444 10,962 11.034 12,258 13,297 13,160 13,516 14,554	6,171 5,596 6,171 5,196 5,502 5,996	904 1,027 1,072 1,081 1,163 1,234 1,231	8,313 9,411 9,737 211,547 212,766 214,254 215,884	<sup>2</sup> 938 <sup>2</sup> 1,110 <sup>2</sup> 1,215 316 354 337 353	260 146 184 1617 182 151 128
1949-50 1950-51 1951-52 1952-53 1952-53 1953-54 1954-55 1956-56 1956-57 1957-58 1958-59 1959-60	26,433 29,813 30,462 33,675 33,833 34,232 36,494 40,666	10,444 10,962 11.034 12,258 13,297 13,160 13,516 14,554	6,171 5,596 6,171 5,196 5,502 5,996	904 1,027 1,072 1,081 1,163 1,234 1,231	8,313 9,411 9,737 211,547 212,766 214,254 215,884	<sup>2</sup> 938 <sup>2</sup> 1,110 <sup>2</sup> 1,215 316 354 337 353	260 146 184 1617 182 151 128
1950-51 1951-52 1952-53 1953-54 1954-55 1956-56 1956-57 1957-58 1958-59 1959-60 1959-60 1960-61	29,813 30,462 33,675 33,833 34,232 36,494 40,666	10,962 11.034 12,258 13,297 13,160 13,516 14,554	7,157 17,220 7,856 6,171 5,196 5,502 5,996	1,027 1,072 1,081 1,163 1,234 1,231	9,411 9,737 211,547 212,766 214,254 215,864	<sup>2</sup> 1,110 <sup>2</sup> 1,215 316 354 337 353	146 184 1617 182 151
1951-52 1952-53 1953-54 1953-55 1956-56 1956-57 1957-58 1958-59 1959-60 1960-61 1961-62	30,462 33,675 33,833 34,232 36,494 40,666	11.034 12,258 13,297 13,160 13,516 14,554	17,220 7,856 6,171 5,196 5,502 , 5,996	1,072 1,081 1,163 1,234 1,231	211,547 212,766 214,254 215,864	21,215 316 354 337 353	1617 182 151 128
1952-53 1953-54 1954-55 1956-56 1956-57 1957-58 1958-59 1959-60 1960-61 1960-61	33,675 33,833 34,232 36,494 40,666	13,297 13,160 13,516 14,554	6,171 5,196 5,502 5,996	1,163 1,234 1,231	211,547 212,766 214,254 215,864	316 354 337 353	182 151
1954-55 1956-56 1956-57 1957-58 1958-59 1959-60 1960-61 1960-62	34,232 36,494 40,666	13,160 13,516 14,554	5,196 5,502 5,996	1,234	2 14,254 2 15,864	337 353	151
1956-56 1956-57 1957-58 1958-59 1958-60 1960-61 1960-61	36,494 40,666	13,516 14,554	5,502 5,996	1,231	2 15,864	353	128
1956-57 1957-58 1958-59 1959-60 1960-61 1961-62	40,666	14,554	5,996				28
1957-58 1958-59 1959-60 1960-61 1961-62				1 474	240 400		
1957-58					18,192	424	76
1959-60 1960-61 1961-62	,	14,566	6,816	1,515	<sup>2</sup> 19,901	495	198
1959-60 1960-61 1961-62	47,245	15,761	8.601	1,735	222.442	612	194
1961-62	48,486	15,189	6,382	1,959	<sup>2</sup> 24,285	568	1123
1961-62	53.107	15,754	6.888	2.831	227,084	658	194
	58,086	16.554	6,633	3,930	229,845	796	1128
	64,705	18,110	7,888	4,996	<sup>2</sup> 32,615	948	1 148
1963-64	74.814	21,430	19,348	6.144	236,662	1,080	150
	82.045	22,995	110,108	6,855	240,617	1.265	205
	82,709	23,849	110,226	6,896	<sup>2</sup> 40.266	1,325	147
	00.262	30.412	114,207	7.170	<sup>2</sup> 46,400	1,635	438
	10,315	34,144	1 15,556	6,901	<sup>2</sup> 50,575	1,683	1,456
1968-69 1	21.382	36.386	16.453	6.979	3 56.550	1,869	3,125
	34,959	38,406	118,524	7,607	<sup>2</sup> 64,311	2,077	4.034

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Includes students from U.S.S.R. <sup>2</sup> Includes students from the Philippines.

SDURCE: Institute of International Education, New York, *Education for One World*, 1948-49 to 1953-54; and *Open Doors*, 1954-55 to 1970.

Table 159.—Students from abroad enrolled in institutions of higher education in the United States, by area of origin and by major field of interest: 1964-65 and 1969-70

Major field of interest and year	Area of origin								Stateless	
	World total	Far East	Near and Middle East	Europe	Letin America <sup>1</sup>	North America <sup>2</sup>	Africa	Oceania	U.S.S.R.	or country unknown
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
Total: 1964-65	62,045 134,959	29,400 49,189	11,217 16,122	10,073 16,473	13,657 24,991	9,338 13,416	8,855 7,607	1,265 2,077	36 51	206 4,034
Agriculture:				Ī						
1964-35	3,211 3,667	935 1,256	433 378	268 295	649 945	293 314	568 360	64 71		1 48
Business administration:	7.116	2,528	778	806	1,350	966	556	121	1	10
1969-70	15,587	5,528	1,371	2.245	3,152	1,535	893	214	1 ;	649
Education:	10,00	5,52.	',57 '	1,540	0,,,01	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	-	1		,
1964-65	3,999	1,230	451	316	464	1,029	384	121		4
1969-70	7,779	2,100	503	817	1,056	2,083	476	345	2	397
Engineering:		Į.	l .	1			1		1	
1964-65	18,084	7,167	4,117	1,705	2,8.74	1,069	1,045	104	4	49
1969-70	29,731	13,892	6,550	2,933	4,350	1,104	1,220	157	7	518
Humanities:	40.000		4.400	3,047	3.284	2,435	820	277	15	74
1964-65	16,083 26,508	4,701 6,255	1,430	5,425	6,833	3,321	1.009	392	17	1,253
Medical sciences:	20,506	0,255	2.003	5,425	0,833	3,321	1,000	352	1 ''	1,233
1964-65	4,918	1,734	549	428	907	659	501	132		8
1969-70	5,969	1,954	522	627	1.450	621	483	111	1	200
hysical and natural sciences:	0,505	.,,55	1		.,			į.	l	
1964-65	14,401	6,761	1,787	1,521	1,663	1,240	1,176	223	7	23
1969-70	21,406	11,153	2,094	2,308	2,670	1,512	1,192	306	9	162
Social sciances:		ł	i	i					ļ	
1964-65	12,609	4,012	1,543	1,610	1,987	1,494	1,732	202	2	27
1969-70	17,272	5,147	1,911	2,694	3,088	2,302	1,585	355	2	168
All other fields:			1	1			۱			
1964-65	607	154	45	36	281	54 37	24	12 22		129
1969-70	597	135	88	32	145	3/	j	44	l	'29'
No information:	1.017	178	84	336	248	99	49	9	6	8
1964-65	6.443	1,776	702	1.097	1,302	586	380	104	6	490

Includes South America, Central America, Mexico, and Caribbean areas.
 Includes Canada and Bermude.

SDURCE: Institute of International Education, Open Doors, 1965 and 1970.





Table 160.—Estimated total population and enrollment by level in selected countries of the world: 1967

Country	Population	Enrollment							
	(in thousands)	All levels	First lavel of education <sup>1</sup>	Second level of education <sup>3</sup>	Third level of education				
1	2	3	4	5	6				
Africa									
thiopia	23,457	536,091	452,457	79,534	4,10				
ligeria	61,450	43,294,360	13,025,981	1257,403	110,9				
outh Africa ,	18,733 30,907	3,154,878 4,876,304	\$ 2,546,824 3,506,429	*540,691 1,195,261	67,36 174,61				
	00,00.	1,5,0,55	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,					
Asia			100 000 000	10 000 000					
hina (mainland) , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	720,000 511,115	100,810,000 1°58,143,159	790,000,000 1 0 49,639,000	9,990,000 1 ° 7,410,505	820,00 1,093,6				
dia	110,000	14 346 551	12.574.823	1.579.312	192,4				
rael	2,669	14,346,551 608,024	4450,359	118,539	139,1				
Pan	99,920	20,889,234	9 452 071	10.040.386	1,396,7				
orea, North	12,700	2,065,000	1 2,000,000	11 65,000					
orea. Republic of	29,784	6,928,460	5.382.500	1,375,019	170,9				
kistan	107,258	110,341,764	17,298,321	12,751,489	1291,9				
nilippines , , , , ,	34,656 6,990	1 ° 7,518,634 366,901	1 0 5,816,106	1° 1,183,307 435,811	1°519,2 11,8				
audi Arabia	32,680	5,453,031	329,197 4,983,113	436,506	33.4				
urkey	32,710	5,594,774	4,509,433	959,694	125,6				
etnam. North	20,100	1,115,996	1,081,847	30,149	114.0				
ietnam, North	16,973	2,571,232	2,023,893	513,410	33,9				
Europe	1				ļ				
ustria , ,	7,323	1,257,446	836,670	367.039	53,7				
algium	9,581	1,399,683	1,015,563	324,948	59,1				
rechoslovakia	14,305	2,620,959	2,109,183	374,289	137,4				
rance	49,890	9,415,623	5,336,042	3,465,677	613,9				
ermany:		40.000.000	5 -04 407	4 000 040	440.0				
Federal Republic , , , , , . , . , . , , , , ,	57,699	10,250,783	5,734,487	4,099,912 103,124	416,3 432,4				
West Berlin	2,173 17,082	*258,523 3,038,325	*122,911 2,339,204	624,416	74,7				
aly	52,334	8,298,089	4,594,033	3,329,570	374.4				
etherlands	12,597	2,735,561	1,427,966	1.124.551	183.0				
oland	31,944	7,189,375	5,706,270	1,194,317	288.7				
omania	19,287	3,565,622	2,879,881	544,152	141,5				
pain	32,140	5,039,921	3,552,393 5,732,425	1,329,675	157,8				
nited Kingdom	55,068	9,914,453	5,732,425	3,770,516	411,5				
ugoslavia	19,958	3,744,527	2,893,624	639,993	210,9				
North America									
inada	20,441	5,611,105	3,836,476	1,324,727	449,9				
ana) Zone	56	15,950	8,969	5,697	1,20				
uba	8,033 45,671	1,561,198 9,048,291	1,273,581 7,772,257	250,291	37,3 154,2				
uerto Rico	2.697	766,387	476.048	1,121,745 242,614	47.7				
nited States	199,118	57,098,748	32,181,000	18,006,000	6,911,7				
nited Statesirgin Islands (U.S.A.)	56	15,878	10,086	4,459	1,3				
Oceania	1			1					
merican Samoa	29	9,549	7,215	2,284	10				
ustralia	11,751	2,894,939	1,740,521	1,001,418	153,0				
uam	94	25,281	14,912	8,772	1,59				
ew Zealand	2,726	716,948	<b>500,898</b>	168,534	47,51				
South America									
rgentina , , ,	23,031	3,915,334	3,206,625	444,661	264,0				
razil	85,655	12,809,650	11,182,746	1,411,582	215,3				
hile	8,935	2,025,105	1,854,604	113,355	57,1				
olombia	19,191	12,647,723	42,408,489	4 189,304 511,172	449,9				
eru	12,385 9,352	2,831,075 1,966,067	2,236,393 1,550,190	511,173 357,070	83,50 58,80				
	5,352	1,500,007	1,550,150	357,070	30,00				
l.S.S.R	235,543	52,624,500	39,746,000	8,567,600	4,310,9				

SOURCE: United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization, Paris, Statistical Yearbook, 1969.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> First level includes elementary school enrollment the main function of which is to provide besic instruction in the tools of learning. Preschool, kindergarten, and special education enrollments are excluded.

<sup>2</sup> Second level includes general, vocational, and tcucher-training enrollments at the secondary school level. Entrance to secondary schools requires at least 4 years previous instruction at the first level. Special and adult education enrollments are excluded.

previous instruction at the first level. Special and adult education enrollments are excluded.

Third level includes colleges and universities that require the successful completion of education at the second level as a minimum entrance requirement. Adult education enrollments are excluded.

Date for 1966.

Date for 1963.
Date for 1964.
Date for 1959.
Date for 1958.
Date for 1962.
Date for 1965.
Date for 1965.
Date for 1965.
Date for 1965 developed the second level is included with the first level of education,

Tabla 161.—Estimated population and enrollment by level in major areas of the world: 1967

## (In thousends)

	Pop	ulation	Enrollment <sup>1</sup>					
Major area	All ages	5 to 24 years of age <sup>2</sup>	All levels	First level of education <sup>2</sup>	Second level of education <sup>4</sup>	Third level of education <sup>a</sup>		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7		
World total	3,420,000	1,297,937	443,619	320,814	101,268 1	21,538		
Africa	328,000	138,901	32,758	28,028	4,373	358		
Asia (excluding U.S.S.R.)	1,907,000	749,735	184,194	126,880	32,724	4,590		
Europe (excluding U.S.S.R.)	452,00-)	139,027	81,775	51,729	26,450	3,596		
Oceania	18,100	5,991	4,240	2,783	1,241	216		
U.S.S.R	236,000	79,382	52,625	39,746	8,568	4,311		
Western Hamisphare:			1					
North America	220,000	77,365	60.269	33,360	19,547	7,362		
Middle America?	61,000	25,412	11,471	9,826	1,449	196		
South America	174,000	72,229	31,651	24,759	6,086	806		
Caribbean	24,000	9,895	4,636	3,703	830	103		

<sup>\*</sup> Does not include data for the mainland of China, North Korea, and North

NOTE.-Because of rounding, detail may not add to totals.

SOURCE: United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization, Paris, Statistical Yearbook, 1969.

Tabla 162.—General statistics of public libraries serving areas of 25,000 or mora population: United States and outlying areas, fiscal year 1968

İ			Population	size group		
item	Total, 25,000 or more	25,000- 34,999	35,000- 49,999	50,000 99,999	100,000- 499,999	500,000 or more
1	2	3	4	_5	6	7
Number of libraries  Number of libraries reporting  Population served (thousands)	1,135 1,057 117,235	285 258 7,578	271 250 10.321	335 318 21,986	206 196 38,157	38 31 39,164
Collections (thousands)						
Number of volumes <sup>3</sup> held at end of year	191,079 16,648 560,214	14,995 1,317 48,041	18,617 1,359 53,629	34,276 3,020 106,965	61,282 5,803 195,159	61,910 5,149 156,42
Staff (full-time equivalent)			ľ		)	
Filled positions	49,887	3,356	3,903	8,229	16,602	17,79
Library staff	45,635 4,252	3,105 251	3,604 299	7,673 556	15,457 1,145	15,790 2,00
Operating expenditures (thousands of dollars)						
Total operating expenditures	\$421,236	\$26,716	\$31,170	\$65,597	\$137,881	\$159,87
Wages and salaries	271,000	15,961	19,050	41,304	88,559	106,12
Library staff	251,043 19,956	14,668 1,093	17,757 1,293	38,662 2,641	83,098 5,461	96,65 9,48
Purchase of library materials	72,491	5,417	6,199	12,135	24,202	24,53
Book stock Serials Other printed materials Audiovisual materials	64,062 4,820 663 2,945	4,837 328 58 194	5,460 418 58 263	10,755 761 98 521	21,310 1,553 259 1,081	21,70 1,76 18 88
All other operating expenditures	77,746	5,337	5,920	12,158	25,119	29.21

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Problems of definitions and reporting did not permit the data for one avarage-sized State to be included in the survey.



Vietnam.

Data for 1965. Does not include North Kores, Ryukyu Islands, Isree. Cyprus, Polynesia, and Micronesia. The total population of these areas in 12/95 is estimated at 16,084,000.

First level includes elemantary school enrollment the main function of which is

Prist level includes elementary school enfollment the main function of which is to provide basic instruction in the tools of learning. Preschool, kindergarten, and special education annollments are excluded.

Second lavel includes general, vocational, and teacher-training annollments at the secondary school level. Entrance to secondary schools requires at least 4 years' previous instruction at the first lavel. Special and adult education enrollments at the secondary schools requires at least 4 years'

Third level includes colleges and universities that require the successful completion of education at the second level es a minimum antrance requirement.

Adult education enrollments are excluded.
Includes United States, Canada, Bermuda, Greenland, and St. Pierre and

Miqueton.

7 Includes Mexico, British Hondures, Canel Zone, and the Central American

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>The data shown below are for reporting libraries only. <sup>3</sup>Includes volumes of book stock and bibliographic volumes of serials only.

NOTE.—Because of rounding, detail may not add to totals.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Health, Education, and Welfers, Office of Education, Statistics of Public Libraries Serving Areas with At Least 25,000 Inhabitants, 1968.

Table 163.-Number of health sciences libraries, by control and by sponsoring institution: United States and outlying areas, 1969

						_
_			Control	of library		
Sponsoring institution	Total	Private	State	Foderal	Local	_
1	2	3	4	5	6	
All sponsors	3,155	1,913	573	331	300	_
Hospitals	2,002	1,304	252	273	172	
4-year colleges and universities	471	213	236	3	17	
Research and industrial organizations	249	182	9	45	5	
Societies, foundations, and professional organizations	154	139	5		5	
2-year colleges	138	21	25	3	84	
Health care institutions other then hospitels	111	42	44	2	9	
Libraries and information centers	30	12	_ 2	5	8	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Includes 38 librarias not reported by control.

SOURCE: American Medical Association, Medical Library Association, Directory of Health Sciences Libraries in the United States, 1969.

Table 164.—General statistics of national and other special libraries serving the Federal Government: United States, 1965

ltom	Total	Nétional libraries 1	Other Federal libraries <sup>2</sup>
1	2	3	4
Number of libraries reporting	358	3	355
Resources (thousands of units)			
Volumes, including Government documents and technical reports	48,054 313 4,735	21,053 140 602	27,002 173 4,133
Operating expenditures (thousands of dollars)			
Total expenditures Salaries Library materials Binding and rebinding Other operating expenditures	\$58,186 39,397 9,050 1,026 8,701	\$33,504 23,522 2,840 541 6,601	\$24,683 15,875 6,210 485 2,100

Table 165.—Selected statistics on the collections, staff, and operating expenditures of the 30 largest university libraries: 1969-70

		Number	Gross	Number of		Staff	_	Operating a	xpenditures	
Institution	Rank order <sup>1</sup>	of volumes	number of volumes	microform units at		ull-time- quivalent		Books	Sateries	Other
		at end of year	added during year	end of year	Total	Professional	Total	and binding	and wages	Other
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
Harvard University	1	8,278,000	239,000	730,000	773	. 233		\$2,099,000		
Yale University	2	<sup>1</sup> 5,646,000	198,000	628,000	525	181	7,593,000	2,800,000		1,261,000
University of Illinois	3	4,611,000	195,000	389,000	406	181	5,278,000	1,883,000	3,138,000	256,000
University of Michigan <sup>4</sup>	4	4,176,000	184,000	699,000	504	182	5,989,000	1,579,000	4,040,000	369,000
Columbia University	5	4,092,000	131,000	660,000	475	165	5,959,000	1,649,000	4,006,000	304,000
University of Califo nia at Berkeley	6	3,845,000	177.000	607.000	423	173	6,451,000	1,790,000	4,370,000	291,000
Cornell University	7	3,606,000	177,000	861,000	448	143	5,490,000	1.750,000	3,311,000	429,000
Stanford University	8	3,447,000	254,000	610,000	408	159	5,973,000	1.708.000	3,545,000	720,000
University of Chicago	9	2,978,000	151,000	(*)	266	81	3,668,000	1,253,000	2,173,000	242,000
University of Minnesota, all campuses	10	2,945,000	146,000	493,000	298	143	4,578,000	1,522,000	2,898,000	159,000
University of California at Los Angeles	11	2.917.000	166,990	757,000	449	159	6.815.000	1,861,000	4,172,000	783,000
Indiana University	12	2,753,000	295.000	436,000	357	158	5,150,000		2,960,000	227,000
Ohio State University <sup>7</sup>	13	2,397,000	155,000	678,000	290	98	3,691,000		2,181,000	292,000
University of Wisconsin at Madison	14	2,303,000	143,000	694,000	291	91	3,983,000		2,327,000	208,000
Northwestern University	15	2,290,000	80,000	361,000	221	88	2,710,000		1,693,000	126,000
New York University	16	2.270.000	97.000	790,000	339	86	3,088,000	999,000	1,931,000	159,000
University of Texas	16	2,270,000	106,000	542,000	245	100	5.407.000		1,821,000	
University of Pennsylvania	18	2.267.000	98.000	574,000	288	90	3,401,000		2,123,000	200,000
Princeton University	19	2,194,000	96,000	373,000	258	81	3,215,000		1,860,000	181,000
Duke University	20	2,129,000		168,000	221	81	2,791,000		1,636,000	161,000
· ·			1	1		50		1	1,131,000	228,000
Johns Hopkins University	21	1,985,000	115,000	505,000	171		1,875,000		1,786,000	147,000
Rutgers University	22	1,792,000	146,000	270,000	184	81	3,514,000			153,000
University of Washington <sup>10</sup>	23	1,786,000	89,000	747,000	317	117	3,754,000		2,500,000	
University of North Carolina, Chapel Hill	24	1,723,000	102,000	387,000	210	70	2,818,000		1,825,000	
Southern Illinois University <sup>1 2</sup>	25	1,689,000	222,000	377,000	201	91	4,030,000	1,928,000	1,896,000	206,000
Michigan State University	26	1,638,000	130,000	376,000	193	74	3,145,000		1,734,000	
University of Virginia	27	1,618,000	91,000	777,000	205	59	2,174,000		1,181,000	123,000
University of Missouri	23	1,541,000	78,000	893,000	945	45	2,115,000		939,000	
University of Kansas <sup>11</sup>	29	1,500,000	69,000	286,000	169	60	2,211,000		1,277,000	
University of lows	30	1,492,000	75,000	495,000	176	74	2,438,000	962,000	1,359,000	117,000

<sup>1</sup> Institutions are ranked by the number of volumes at the end of the year (column 3). Although this is a convenient measure of size, the measures in columns 4-11 warrant equal attention for comperative purposes.

Excludes building and maintenance charges.

Includes the law library.



The national libraries are the Library of Congress, the National Library of Medicine, and the National Agricultural Library.

The reporting libraries included 136 Defense Department libraries, 96 Veterans Administration field station libraries, 71 Executive Departmental libraries, and 52 other Federal libraries. Of 175 VA libraries, 79 did not report and their resources and expenditures are not included here.

NOTE.—Because of rounding, detail may not add to totals.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Health, Education, and Welfare, Office of Education, Survey of Special Libraries Serving the Federal Government.

Includes the law library.

Includes Dearbom branch library. Excludes Flint College library, business administration library, and law library.

Includes all branches and medical library in New York City and library at Geneva Experiment Station.

<sup>\*</sup> Included in column 3.

<sup>7</sup> Include: \( \text{ four regional campus libraries serving 2-year institutions.} \)
8 Includes Chicago campus.
9 Includes main, law, and \( \text{L.8.J. School of Public Affairs libraries.} \)
10 Includes law and health sciences library.

<sup>11</sup> Includes Edwardsville campus. 13 includes medical center library

SOURCE: Association of Research Libraries, Academic Library Statistics.

Table 166.-General statistics of college and university libraries: United States and outlying areas, 1959-60, 1963-64, and 1968-69

Item	1959-80	1963-64	1968-69	Item	1959-60	1963-64	1988-89
1	2	3	4		2	3	4
Number of libraries	1,951	2,140	2,431	Library operating expenditures (excluding capital outley) in thousands of dollars			
(thousands) <sup>1</sup>	3,597	4,800	7,572	Operating expanditures, total	\$137,200	\$246.000	\$584,800
degrees	3,402	4,529	6,983	Selaries	72,500	126,000 19,000	273,200 44,300
programs	196	272	589	Sinding and rebinding	4,900	9,000 79,000	
Collections (thousands of units)		}		Other library operating expenditures Operating expenditures in percents, total	7,500 100	13,000 100	36,900 100
Number of volumes at and of year	177,000 8,400	227,000 13,600	328,600 25,800	Seleries	53	51	47
Number of periodical titles received	1,270	1,760	2,632	Hourly wages	4	4	3
Library staff in terms of full-time equivalents				Books and other library materials Other library operating expenditures		32 5	36 6
Total steff in regular positions <sup>2</sup>	18,000 9,000	25,200 11,900	45,200 17,700	Library operating expanditures as percent			Ì
Professional librariens	9,000	13,300	27,500	of total institutional expenditures for educational and general purposes	3.0	3.3	4.2
Hours of student and other assistance (thousands)	12,100	16,400	34,400	1			

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Haelth, Education, and Welfare, Office of Education, Library Statistics of Colleges and Universities, Fall 1969: Analytic Report. Opening fell enrollment for the specified yeer.
Date on steff are for the fell term of the succeeding year.
Includes nonprofessional steff and professional steff other than librariens.

NOTE.—Because of rounding, detail may not add to totals.

Table 167.—Index of prices for hardcover books, by category: United States, 1967-69 and 1970

	196	7-89			1970	
Category	Average price	Index	Average price	Index	Number of books	Total price
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Total ,	\$9.77	100.00	\$11.66	132.9	27,262	\$317,932.60
Agricultura	9.71	100.0	10.42	107.3	218	2,270.55
\rt	12.44	100.0	16.18	129.9	916	14,798.60
liography	9.71	100.0	11,49	118.3	1,367	15,598.60
Business	10.41	100.0	12,45	119.6	596	7,421.5
ducation	6.68	100.0	10.75	163,4	763	8,418.19
Fiction	4.96	100,0	5.51	111,1	1,390	7,601.8
Senarel works	15.28	100.0	24.96	163.3	698	17,419.7
listory	9,95	100.0	14.75	148.2	1,593	25,491.10
forme economics	6.55	100.0	7,30	111.4	197	1,437.6
luveniles	3.53	100.0	4.05	114.7	3,088	12.513.4
Lenguage	10.13	100.0	19.56	193.1	261	5,104.9
Law	13.22	100.0	16,41	124.1	454	7,448.7
.iterature	8.04	100.0	11,05	137.4	2,412	26,644.7
Wedicine	13,41	100.0	18,05	134.6	1,202	21,690.6
Music	9.08	100.0	11.44	126.0	290	3,317,9
Philosophy, psychology	8.41	100.0	10.72	127.5	854	9,150.9
oetry, drame	6.69	100.0	9.35	139,8	1,071	10,016.7
Religion	6.29	100.0	8.51	135.3	1,184	10,072.9
icience	12.67	100.0	14.95	118.0	1,841	27,531.8
Sociology, economics	9.35	100.0	12.38	132,4	4,371	54,129.5
Sports, recreation	7.91	100.0	9,96	125.9	124	5,220.9
Fechnology	13.03	100.0	14.91	114.4	377	12,999.6
Fravel	9.34	100.0	12.39	132.8	1,100	13,631,4

SOURCE: Publishers' Weekly.



Table 168.—Avarage price and price index for books, periodicals, and serial services: United States, 1957-59 to 1970

Item	1957-59	1962	1965	1966	1967	1968	1969	1970
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
	Average price							
Herdcover books*  Mass market paperback books  Trade or higher priced paperbacks  Periodicals  Serial services*	\$5.29 (²) (²) 4.92 39.80	\$5.90 .53 2.12 5.92 46.18	\$7.65 .63 2.50 6.95 68.78	\$7.94 .64 2.95 7,44 63.64	\$7.99 .69 3.09 8.02 66.98	\$8,47 .78 3.05 8.65 70.87	\$9.37 .91 3.58 9.31 78.79	\$11,66 ,95 4,81 10,41 85,44
				Price index (11	67-50 = 100.0	)		
Herdcover books*  Periodicals	100.0 100.0 100.0	111.5 120.3 116.0	144,5 141,3 147,7	150,0 151,2 159,9	151.0 163.0 166.3	160.1 175.8 178.1	177.1 189.2 198.0	220.4 211.6 214.7

Excludes texts, U.S. documents, and encyclopedias.
 Date not available.

SOURCES: Publishers' Weekly and Library Journal.

Table 169,—Number and median annual salaries of scientists, by type of amployer and by field: United States, 1970

<del></del>	T				T	ype of emp	ployer				Not	Type of
Scientific end technical field	Total	Educa		Faderal Govern- ment	Other govern- ments	Militery	Nonprofit organi- zations	Industry and business	Self- em- ployed	Other	ployed em-	employer not reported
1	2	:	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
		Nur				Number						
All fiel: 1	. , 312,644	130	300	31,119	11,741	7,285	10,911	97,542	6,314	2,116	12,908	2,320
Chemistry	86,980	19	.844	5,029	1,493	1,399	2,151	50,890	1,012	879	3,541	742
Earth and marine sciences			.535	3,046	1,149	289	249	9,973	1,404	119	889	123
Atmospheric and space sciences	6,637	1	017	2,063	118	2,131	96	768	45	16	341	52
Physics	. 36,336	18	,085	3,912	101	763	902	9,819	285	60	2,116	293
Methematics			,020	1,243	249	574	488	6,364	192	137	1,041	92
Computer sciences			,603	882	160	283	401	7,482	134	63	326	10
Agricultural sciences , , ,	15,730		,5C3	5,725	2,633	199	212	2,581	354	75	311	77
Biological sciences			,778	4,912	1,917	1,075	2,956	4,836	891	337	1,425	366
Psychology			,865	1,549	2,550	246	2,072	1,943	1,637	166	1,059	184
Statistics			,075	599	139	47	125	773	34	12	127	22
Economics			,845	1,513	684	124	530	1,822	214	47	543	64 211
Sociology			,674	224	300	49 93	346	129 117	57 29	56 53	612 343	66
Political science			,998	349	227 14	2	219 37	1 '11	16	72	67	7
Anthropology			,070 , <b>4</b> 17	29 53	7	11	127	54	10	24	187	12
Linguistics . , ,	1,802	<u>'</u>	,417		<b>_</b> _						107	
	<b> </b>	_				Me	dian Sciery		,	- —	_	
		Ace-	Calen-	{		ļ	1		l l	{	<b>!</b>	
	ı	demic	der						ì	1		
	Į.	year	yeer	<u>.</u>		,	ļ		ļ	<b>!</b>		1
All fields	\$15,000	\$12,500	\$ 15,500	\$16,100	\$13,000	<u> </u>	\$16,400	\$16,700	\$20,000	\$14,000		\$15,000
Chemistry	. 15,300	12.000	12.000	16.300	12,300		15.000	16,200	20,000	14,400		15,000
Earth and marine sciences		12,000	14,100	16,000	12,600		14,000	15,700	18,000	12,700		15,500
/.tmospheric and space sciences		13,500	14,500	15,600	13,200		15,800	15,000	17,500			
Physics	15,900	12,500	13,500	17,400	12,100		18,000	18,000	20,000	8,200		
Mathematics		11,900	13,700	17,900	15,000		19,500	19,000	22,000	14,600		
Computer sciences	16,500	13,500	14,300	16,800	14,400		17,500	16,800	20,000	15,600	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	•••••
Agricultural sciences		12,000	15,000	13,100	10,500		14,000	12,200	12,000	11,800	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	12,000
Biological sciences		12,200	17,000	16,300	13,200		17,000	17,000	25,000	13,000		14,000
Psychology		13,000	16,000	18,700	14,500		16,000	19,600	25,000	18,000		17,000
Statistica		13,500	16,500	19,000	15,100		16,500	17,400	20.000			
Economics		13,800	18,000	20,000	17,800		20,000	20,000	20,000	17,000		
Sociology		12,200	15,000	18,400	12,100		14,700	16,200	1	15,000	1	} :::::
Political science		12,000	15,300	18,500	15,400		18,000	17,700	:::::	13,000		
Anthropology			15,500	19,800	1	] :::::	17,000	18,000	:::::	15,000	:::::	:::::

NOTE,—Mediens were not computed for groups with fewer than 25 registrants reporting solary. All data relate to those persons reporting to the National Register of Scientific and Technical Personnal.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Includes business, lew, science and technology, U.S. documents, Soviet trenslations, and miscellaneous areas.

Table 170,—Financial support for educational research and development, by sponsoring agency: United States, fiscal year 1968

Agency	Amount of suppo		
1	2		
Total	\$192,290,000		
Office of Education	101,967,000		
National Science Foundation	23,326,000		
National Inttitute of Mental Health	11,860,000		
National Institute of Child Health and			
Human Development	8,377,000		
Office of Economic Opportunity,	12,800,000		
Department of Defense	6,046,000		
Other Federal agencies (Lebor, Commerce, Children's Bureau, Agriculture, Social Rehabilitation Service, Food and Drug Administration, Interior, National Endowment for the Arts, and National Endowment			
for the Humanities)	6,725,000		
Private foundations	7,344,000		
All other (State agencies, higher education institutions, professional and academic			
essocietions, etc.)	113,845,000		

Includes estimates for State and local government agencies.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Health, Education, and Welfare, Office of Education, Bureau of Research, Educational Research and Development in the United States, July 1969.

Table 171.—Research and development funds related to the gross national product: United States, 1953 to 1970

[Amounts in millions of dollars]

	Gross		nd development funds		
Year	netionel product	Total	As percentage of gross national product		
1	2	3	4		
1953	\$364,593	\$5,207	1.43		
1954	364,841	5,738	1.57		
1965	397,960	6,279	1.58		
1956	419,238	8,483	2.02		
1967	441,134	9,912	2.25		
1958	447,334	10,870	2.43		
1959	483,650	12,540	2.59		
1960	503,756	13,730	2.73		
1961	520,109	190	2.80		
1962	560,325	15,665	2.80		
1963	590,503	17,371	2.94		
1964	632,410	19,215	3.04		
1965	684,884	20,449	2.99		
1966	747,568	22,285	2.98		
1967	793,544	23,580	2.98		
1988	865,701	125,330	2.93		
1989	931,403	26,250	2.82		
1970	976,500	127,250	2.79		

SOURCES: Netional Science Foundation, National Patterns of R&D "Resources," Funds and Manpower in the United States, 1953-70 NSF 69-30; and U.S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics, Survey of Current Business, August 1965, July 1970, end April 1971.

Table 172.—Sources of funds used for research and development: United States, 1953 to 1970

[In miltions of dollars]

Year	Total	Federal Govern- ment	Industry	end uni- versities	Other nonprofit institutions
1	2	3	4	5	6
1953	. \$5,207	\$2,759	\$2,239	\$151	\$58
1954		3,138	2,367	167	66
1955		3,509	2,513	185	72
1958		4,859	3,336	204	84
1957		6,119	3,460	230	103
1958	. 10,870	6.791	3,700	257	122
1959		8.059	4.057	290	134
1960		8,752	4.508	328	142
1961		9,264	4.749	371	166
1962		9,926	5,114	424	201
1963	17,371	11,219	5,449	485	218
1964	19,215	12,543	5,884	555	233
1965		13.025	6,541	615	266
1966		13,966	7,318	673	308
1967		14,451	8,145	753	331
1968 <sup>1</sup>	25,330	15,005	9,125	840	360
1969 I		14,855	10,130	885	380
19701	1	15,000	10,895	950	405

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Preliminary astimate.

SOURCE: National Science Foundation, National Patterns of R&D Resources, Funds and Manpower in the United States, 1953-70, NSF 69-30.

Table 173.—Sources of funds used for basic research: United States, 1953 to 1970

(In millions of dollars)

Xvg Year	Totel	Federal Govern- ment	industry	Colleges and uni- versities	Other nonprofit institutions
1	2	3	4	5	6
1953	\$489	\$234	\$148	\$73	\$34
1954	548	265	161	85	37
1955		286	183	99	40
1956		345	.'39	116	47
1957	857	408	:56	136	57
1958	. 973	460	282	159	72
1959		609	280	185	81
1960	1	693	331	215	87
1961	1	841	350	250	102
1962	1 4	1,091	382	293	120
1963	. 2,196	1,310	414	343	129
1964		1,593	425	402	140
19€5		1,815	449	445	149
1966		1,988	496	494	157
1267	0,000	2,196	503	551	172
1968 <sup>1</sup>	3,730	2.405	525	615	185
1968				645	195
40701	3,730	2,345	545	700	205
1970	3,935	2.445	585		

SOURCE: National Science Foundation, National Petterns of R&D "Resources," Funds and Manpower in the United States, 1953-70, NSF 69-30.





Table 174.—Funds used in the purformance of basic research, applied research, and development: United States, 1970

## [In millions of dollars]

Sector	Total	Basic research	Applied research	Oevelop- ment
1	2	3	4	6
Total	\$27,250	\$3,\$36	\$5,915	\$17,400
Federal Government Industry Colleges and universities Other nonprofit institutions	3,650 19,250 3,400 950	555 750 2,350 280	1,275 3,550 720 370	1,820 14,950 330 300

NOTE.-Oeta are preliminary estimates.

SOURCE: National Science Foundation, National Patterns of R&D "Resources," Funds and Manpower in the United States, 1953-70, NSF 69-30.

Table 175.—Estimated percentages of white and Negro attendance in elementary and secondary schools, by age of main building: United States, fall 1965

	Ete	mentary s	chools	Secondary school			
Ite n	All	Negro	White	All	Negro	White	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	
Percent of attendence in buildings aged: Less then 20 years 20 to 40 years At lest 40 years	61 20 18	63 17 18	60 20 18	54 29 17	60 26 12	53 29 18	

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Health, Education, and Welfare, Office of Education, Commissioner's report on Equality of Educational Opportunity, July 2, 1963

Table 176.—Number end percent of Negroes attending public elementary and secondary schools, by geographic area and by level of isolation:

		Fall	1966 and fell	1970				
Lavel of isolation	Conti Un ted	nental States <sup>1</sup>	32 nort western	hern and States <sup>3</sup>	6 borde and l	or States D.C. <sup>3</sup>	11 so	uthern tes <sup>4</sup>
	1968	1970	1968	1970	1968	1970	1968	1970
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Total anrollment	43,353,568	44,877,547	28,579,766	29,451,976	3,730,317	3,855,221	11,043,485	11,570,351
Number	6,282,173 14.5	6,707,411 14.9	2,703,066 9.5	2,8 <b>89</b> ,858 9,8	636,157 17.1	667,332 17.3	2,942,960 26.6	3,150,193 27.3
egrams by level of isolation:								
Attending 0 - 2.9% minority schools:					ĺ	l	i	
Number	1,467,291	2,223,508	746,030	793,979	180,569	198,659	540,892	1,230,86
Percent	23.4	33.1	27.6	27.5	28.4	29.8	18.4	39.
Attending 60-100% minority schools:	}	}		<b>}</b>	1	1	ì	
Number	4,814,881	4,483,905	1,967,025	2,095,879	455,588	468,703	2,402,268	1,919,32
Percent	76.6	66.9	72.4	72.5	71.6	70.2	81.6	60.
Attending 80-100% minority schools:								<b></b>
Number	4,274,461	3,311,372	1,550,440	1,665,926	406,171	404,396	2,317,850	1,241,05
Percent	66.0	49.4	67.4	67.6	63.8	60.6	78.8	<b>39</b> .
Attending 90-100% minority schools:	4,041,593	2.907.084	1,369,965	1,475,689	383,069	380,185	2 200 570	1.051.21
Percei.*	64.3	43.3	50.7	51.1	60.2	57.0	2,288,570 77,8	33.
Attending 95-100% minority schools:	04.3	73.3	50.7	1.19	60.2	87.0	′′.0	<b>.</b>
Number	3,832,643	2,563,327	1,198,062	1.288.221	368,149	365.512	2,266,642	919.59
Percent	61.0	38.2	44.3	44.6	67.9	53.3	77.0	29.
Attending 99-100% minority schools:	0	50.2	7.5	1.5	0,,,	33.3	77.0	
Number	3,331,404	1,876,767	834,898	878,367	294,844	294,104	2,201,662	704,30
Parcent	53.0	28.0	30,9	30,4	46.3	44.1	74.8	22.
Attending 100% minority schools:				, ,				
Number	2,493,398	941,111	332,408	343,629	160,504	154,409	2,000,486	443,07
Percent	39.7	14.0	12.3	11.9	25.2	23.1	68.0	14.

Includes 49 States and the District of Columbia. Excludes Hawaii.





Includes 49 States and the Oistrict of Columbia. Excludes Hawaii.
 Includes Aleska, Arizona, California, Colorado, Connacticut, Ideho, Illinols, Indiana, Iowa, Kaness, Maina, Messachusetts, Michigan, Minnesota, Montana, Nebraska, Navada, New Hampshire. New Jersey, New Mexico. New York. North Dakota. Ohio, Oregon, Pannsylvania, Rhode Island, South Oakota, Utah, Vermont, Washington, Wisconsin, and Wyoming.
 Includes Delaware, Oistrict of Columbia, Kentucky, Meryland, Missouri, Oklahoma, and West Virginia.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Includes Atebeme, Arkenses, Floride, Georgia, Louisiane, Mississippi, North Caroline, South Caroline, Tennessee, Taxes, and Virginia.

NOTE.—Data are based on surveys of all school districts enrolling 3,000 or more students and a sample of smeller districts. Because of computer rounding, detail may not add to totals.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Health, Education, and Welfara, Office of the Secretary, press release dated June 18, 1971.

Table 177.—Number and percent of minority students attending public elementary and secondary schools, by geographic area and by level of isolation: Fall 1968 and fall 1970

Lt vel of isolation	Conti United	nental States <sup>2</sup>	32 norti western	nern and States <sup>3</sup>	6 borde and (	or States D.C. <sup>4</sup>	11 sou Stat	uthern tes <sup>8</sup>
	1968	1970	1968	1970	1968	1970	1968	1970
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	В	9
Total enrollment	43,353,568	44,877,547	28,579,768	29,451,976	3,730,317	3,855,221	11,043,485	11,570,351
Number	8,656,434 20.0	<b>9,38</b> 9,015 20.9	4,441,516 15,5	4,843,602 16,4	674,289 18,1	717,913 18.6	3,540,629 32.1	3,827,500 33.1
inorities by level of isolation:								
Attending 0-49,9% minority schools:				1				
Number	2,623,820	3.507,532	1,675,779	1.818.815	217,166	245,729	730.874	1,442,988
Percent	30,3	37.4	37.7	37.6	32.2	34.2	20.6	37.7
Attending 50-100% rainority schools:							20.0	•
Number	6,032,615	5,881.483	2,765,737	3,024,786	457,123	472,184	2.809.755	2.384.512
Percent	69.7	62.6	62.3	62.4	67.8	65.8	79.4	62.3
Attending 80-100% minority schools:				}	}	i		
Number	4,987,778	4,134,387	2,002,321	2,185,319	406,894	405,081	2,578,563	1,543,980
Percent	57.6	44.0	45.1	45.1	60.3	56.4	72.8	40.3
Attending 90-100% minority schools:						İ	i	
Number	4,561,768	3,472,583	1,686,488	1,828,757	383,603	380,697	2,491,587	1,263.128
Percent	52.7	37.0	38.0	37.8	56.9	53.0	70.4	33.0
Attending 95-100% minority schools:								
Number	4,202,903	2,957,098	1,410,141	1,525,188	368,671	355,839	2,424,090	1,076,071
Percent	48.6	31.5	31.7	31.5	54.7	49.6	68 5	28.1
Number	3,472,072	2.013.264	907.426	000 004	204.062	204.244	0.000.000	350 400
Percent	40.1	2,013,264		965,834 19 9	294,963	294,241	2,269,683	753,189
Attending 100% minority schools:	40.1	21,4	20.4	15 9	43.7	41.0	64.1	19.7
Number	2,542,805	984.885	348,320	369,276	160,552	154,485	2,033,933	463 400
Percent	29.4	10.5	7.8	7.6	23.8	21.5	2,033,933 57.4	461,123 12.0

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Includes American Indians, Negroes, Orientals, and students with Spanish

Includes 49 States and the District of Columbia, Excludes Hawaii.

<sup>5</sup> Includes Alabama, Arkansas, Florida, Georgia, Louisiana, Mississippi, North Carolina, South Carolina, Tennessee, Texas, and Virginia.

NOTE.-Data are based on surveys of all school districts enrolling 3,000 or more students and a sample of smaller districts. Because of computer rounding, detail may not add to totals.

SDURCE: U.S. Department of Health, Education, and Welfare, Office of the Secretary, press release dated June 18, 1971.

Table 178.-Estimated median achievement test scores for 1st- and 12th-grade pupils, by racial and ethnic group: United States, fall 1965

_	Racial or ethnic group						
Test	Puerto Rican	Indian American	Mexican American	Driental American	Negro	White	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	
1st Grade: Nonverbal Verbal	45.8 44.9	53.0 47.8	50.1 46.5	56.6 51.6	43.4 45.4	54.1 53.2	
12th Grade: Nonverbal Verbal Reading Mathematics General information	43.3 43.1 42.6 43.7 41.7	47.1 43.7 44.3 45.9 44'	45.0 43.8 44.2 45.5 43.3	51.6 49.6 48.8 51.3 49.0	40.9 40.9 42.2 41.8 40.6	52.0 52.1 51.9 51.8 52.2	
Average of the 5 tests	43.1	45.1	44.4	50.1	41.1	52.0	

NOTE.—This table presents the results of standard achievement tests of certain intellectual skills such as reading, writing, calculating, and problem solving. The tests were designed to measure the skills which are the most important in our society for getting a good job and moving up to a better one, and for full participation in an increasingly technical world.

The scores in each test were standardized so that the average over the national sample equaled 50 and the standard deviation equaled 10. This means that for all pupils in the Nation, about 16 percent would score below 40 and about 16 percent would score above 60.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Health, Education, and Welfare, Office of Education, Commissioner's report on Equality of Educational Opportunity, July 2, 1966.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>Includes Alaska, Arizona, California, Colorado, Connecticut, Idaho, Illinols, Indiana, Iowa, Kansas, Maine, Massachusetts, Michigan, Minnesota, Montana, Nebraska, Newada, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New Mexico, New York, North Dakota, Dhio, Oregon, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, South Dakota, Utah, Vermont, Washington, Wisconsin. and Wyoming.

\*Includes Delaware, District of Columbia, Kentucky, Maryland, Missouri, Okla-

homa, and West Virginia.

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